The multiple shortest path problem with path deconfliction

Kevin Marzio

Department of Engineering and Architecture
University of Trieste

April 27, 2023

Overview

- 1. Problem statement
- 2. Mathematical formulation
- 3. Implementation results
- 4. Conclusions

Paper

European Journal of Operational Research 292 (2021) 818-829



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

European Journal of Operational Research

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/ejor



Discrete Optimization

The multiple shortest path problem with path deconfliction

Michael S. Hughes a.*, Brian J. Lunday a, Jeffrey D. Weir a, Kenneth M. Hopkinson b

*Department of Operational Sciences. Air Force Institute of Technology. Wright-Pagerson AFB, OH 45433 USA

^b Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Air Force Institute of Technology, Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433 USA



Problem statement - Common scenario

- Problem:
 - Routing multiple agents over a network from sources to terminus nodes
- Solution:
 - Identify agents' respective shortest paths
- Multiple Shortest Path Problem (MSPP)

Problem statement – Less common scenario (I)

- Problem:
 - Routing multiple agents over a network from sources to terminus nodes in a contested environment
- Solution (?):
 - Identify agents' respective shortest paths

Question

Is the previous solution still valid?

Problem statement – Less common scenario (II)

Answer

NO

- Respective agents' path *conflict*
- Adversary can observe agents by observing a limited number of location
- Agents' paths deconfliction is important

Problem statement – Less common scenario (III)

- Problem:
 - Routing multiple agents over a network from sources to terminus nodes in a contested environment
- Balanced solution:
 - Agents' respective shortest paths
 - Spatial deconfliction of agents' paths
- Multiple Shortest Path Problem with Path Deconfliction (MSPP-PD)

Problem statement – Remarks on MSPP-PD (I)

- Balanced solution:
 - Agents' respective shortest paths
 - Spatial deconfliction of agents' paths

Questions

- 1. When a path conflict arise?
- 2. How to quantitatively measure it?

Problem statement – Remarks on MSPP-PD (II)

Answers

- 1. Arise when more than one agent traverse an arc and / or node
- 2. Alternative penalty metrics:
 - Binary
 - Linear
 - Quadratic

 $1 \ \text{MSPP-PD problem} \longleftrightarrow 6 \ \text{variants}$

Problem statement – Remarks on MSPP-PD (III)

- Balanced solution:
 - Agents' respective shortest paths
 - Spatial deconfliction of agents' paths

Question

How to obtain a balanced solution?

Problem statement – Remarks on MSPP-PD (IV)

Answer

Multi-objective optimization

- 2 objectives:
 - Minimize total distance traveled by agents
 - Minimize degree respective agents' path conflict
- Linear combination

Mathematical formulation – Definitions for MSPP-PD (I)

Sets

K: Agents to be routed, indexed by k, where K = |K|

 ${\it N}$: Nodes in the network, indexed by i or j, where ${\it N}=|{\it N}|$

 $S \subseteq N$: Source nodes. s^k source of agent k

 $T \subseteq N$: Terminus nodes. t^k terminus of agent k

A: Directed arcs in the network, indexed by (i,j). A = |A|

G(N, A): The directed network

Mathematical formulation – Definitions for MSPP-PD (II)

Parameters

 d_{ij} : Non-negative length of arc (i,j)

Decision variables

$$x_{ij}^{k}$$
:
$$\begin{cases} 1 & \text{if agent } k \text{ traverses arc } (i,j) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

p: Penalty for conflicts between agent paths. Computed via $g(\mathbf{x})$, different for each penalty metric

Mathematical formulation – MSPP-PD Formulation (I)

Formulation

$$\begin{aligned} & \min_{\mathbf{x},p} (f(\mathbf{x}), \, p) \\ & \text{s.t.} \quad f(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{(i,j) \in A} \sum_{k \in K} d_{ij} \, x_{ij}^k \\ & p = g(\mathbf{x}) \\ & \sum_{i:(i,j) \in A} x_{ij}^k - \sum_{j:(i,j) \in A} x_{ji}^k = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } i = s^k \\ -1 & \text{if } i = t^k \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \forall \, k \in K \\ & x_{ij}^k \in \{0,1\} \end{cases}$$

Mathematical formulation – MSPP-PD Formulation (II)

Parameters

 w_d weight of distance-related objective function

 w_p weight of penalty-related objective function

Formulation (linear combination)

$$\min_{\mathbf{x},p} (f(\mathbf{x}), p) = \min_{\mathbf{x},p} (w_d f(\mathbf{x}) + w_p p)$$
:

Mathematical formulation – MSPP-PD Formulation (III)

Examples (MSPP-PD(ABP) variant)

MSPP-PD formulation augmented with:

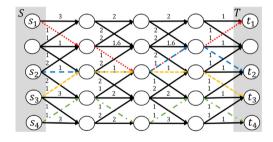
$$egin{aligned} g_{total}^{arc-b}(\mathbf{x}) &= \sum_{(i,j) \in A} \psi_{ij} \ && rac{1}{\mathcal{K}} \Bigg[\Bigg(\sum_{k \in \mathcal{K}} x_{ij}^k \Bigg) - 1 \Bigg] \leq \psi_{ij} && orall (i,j) \in A \ && \psi_{ij} \in \{0,1\} && orall (i,j) \in A \end{aligned}$$

Implementation results – Tools

- Programming language
 - Python 3.9
- Solver
 - Gurobi 10.0

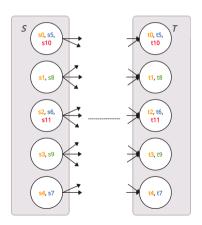
Implementation results – Network topology

- Provided by authors
- $m \times n$ grid network
- Directed acyclic graphs (DAGs)
- Weighted arcs (w_{ij})



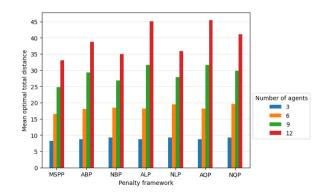
Implementation results – Agents' sources and termini

- Ordinally sorted from top-to-bottom among the respective sets S and T
- If K > m added alternatively to the even and odd rows



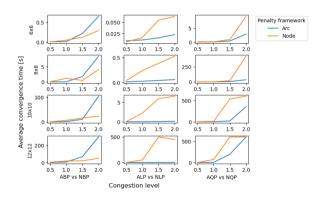
Implementation results – Effects of network congestion on optimal solutions

- congestion level = <u>number of agents</u> number of rows
- 150 instances, (m, n) = (6, 6), $w_{ij} = U[0, 2]$ and $(w_d, w_p) = (1, 1)$ for MSPP-PD
- Dynamic relationship
- Certain variants inadequately incentivize path deconfliction

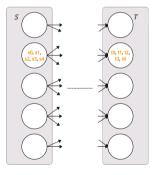


Implementation results – MSPP-PD variants practability

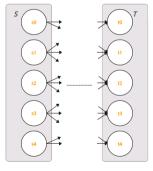
- 5 instances, m = n, m = 6, 8, 10, 12, $w_{ij} = U[0, 2]$ and Congestion level = 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2. $(w_d, w_p) = (1, 1)$
- Maximum run time of 10 min (600 s)
- Both network size and congestion level increase convergence time
- MSPP-PD(ALP) fastest model



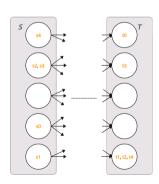
Implementation results – Impact of agents' symmetry (I)



(a) High symmetry



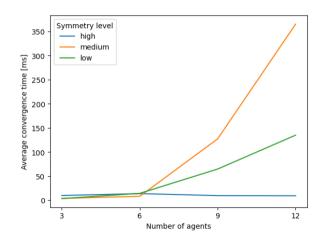
(b) Medium symmetry



(c) Low symmetry

Implementation results – Impact of agents' symmetry (II)

- 150 instances, (m, n) = (6, 6), $w_{ij} = U[0, 2]$ and $(w_d, w_p) = (1, 1)$ for MSPP-PD(ABP)
- Sophisticated patterns cause convergence time increase faster



Conclusions

- 1. If in doubt: MSPP-PD(ALP)
- 2. Choice of the parameters is crucial

References



Michael S. Hughes, Brian J. Lunday, Jeffrey D. Weir, Kenneth M. Hopkinson (2021) The multiple shortest path problem with path deconfliction European Journal of Operational Research, vol. 292, no. 3, pp. 818–829,



Kevin Marzio (2023)

Source code

https://github.com/kkevin98/Multiple_shortest_path_problem_with_path_deconfliction

Thanks for the attention