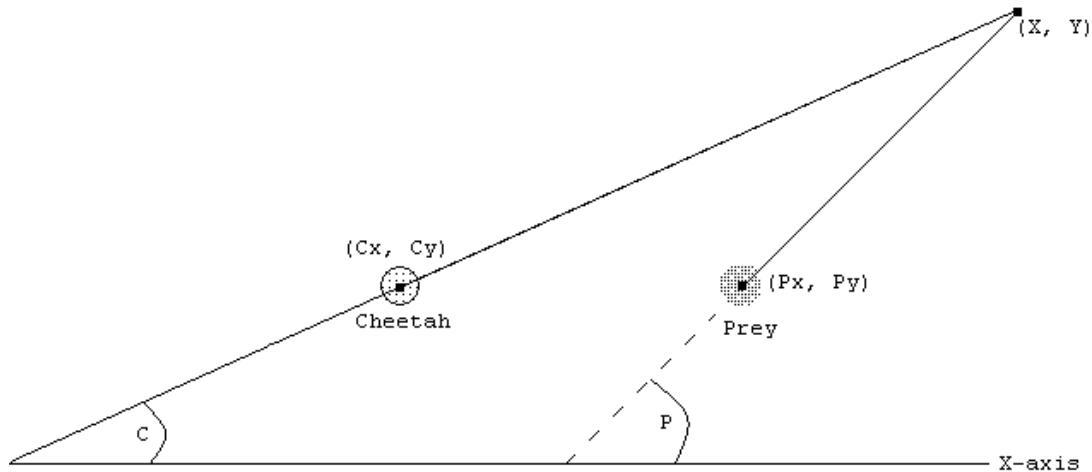


# Problem D

## Cheetah

**Input:** standard input  
**Output:** standard output  
**Time Limit:** 1 second



The cheetah is a beautiful hunting animal. Although it can gain incredible speed, it tires soon and so cannot maintain the speed for long. So in an attempt to catch a prey, the cheetah must choose a path of minimum length.

The cheetah quietly and discreetly closes in on the prey. When the cheetah is at position  $(C_x, C_y)$  and the prey at position  $(P_x, P_y)$ , the prey realizes that the cheetah is close by and starts running with the constant speed of  $U$  feet per second at an angle  $P$  with the positive direction of X-axis. The cheetah also starts running at a constant speed of  $V$  feet per second at an angle  $C$  to ensure that he can catch the prey with minimum effort. The cheetah, however, cannot maintain the speed for more than  $L$  seconds.

Provided the values of  $C_x, C_y, P_x, P_y, P, U, V, L$ , you have to find  $C, T, X, Y$ , where  $T$  is the time required for the cheetah to catch the prey and  $(X, Y)$  is the position at which the cheetah catches the prey.

The co-ordinates are in feet and range between  $[0, 10000]$ . The angles are in degrees and range between  $[0, 360]$ . The velocities range between  $[0, 500]$ .  $L$  ranges between  $[0, 10000]$ .

## Input

The first line gives the number of test cases.

Each of the test case consists of a line containing 8 integers giving the values of  $C_x, C_y, P_x, P_y, P, U, V, L$  in that order.

## Output

For each test case, if the cheetah can catch the prey, then print the values of **C, T, X, Y** in that order. Each value should have 2-digits after the decimal point. If the cheetah cannot catch the prey within **L** seconds, then print "sorry, buddy".

### Sample Input

```
2
0 0 6 0 135 1 1 10
0 0 6 0 135 1 1 3
```

### Output for Sample Input

```
45.00 4.24 3.00 3.00
sorry, buddy
```

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