

# A. Anti Monotonicity Revisited

Time Limit: 6 sec

## Description

Given a permutation of  $(1, 2, 3, \dots, n)$ , find the length of the longest Anti-Monotonous subsequence of this permutation, i.e. a subsequence  $A[0] \dots A[k]$  that satisfies:

$$A[0] > A[1] < A[2] > A[3] < \dots A[k]$$

Also,

- 1) Output the number of ways of generating this length modula 10000007.
- 2) Output the mean value of the lengths of the longest Anti-Monotonous subsequence over all permutations of  $(1, 2, 3, \dots, n)$

## The Input

For each test case, the first line contains the number  $n$  ( $0 \leq n \leq 100000$ ) followed by  $n$  integers representing the permutation.

## The Output

For each test case, output a triple of integer followed by a new line --- the length of the longest subsequence, the number of the ways module 10000007, and the mean value of the lengths over all permutations rounded to integer.

| Sample Input                                 | Sample Output  |
|--|----------------|
| 10<br>1 9 2 3 4 10 5 7 8 6<br>5<br>2 4 1 3 5 | 6 9 7<br>3 5 4 |

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