

Homework 2 - Applied Stochastic Processes

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1. Discrete Random Variables and Real Life Applications (16 Points)

(a) A factory produces electronic components, with each component either passing a quality check or being rejected. Let X represent the number of components that pass out of 5 tested components in a day, where the probability of each component passing the quality check is $p = 0.8$.

i. (a) (2 points): Define the probability mass function (PMF) for X as a binomial distribution. Show that the total probability is 1 by summing the PMF over all possible values of X . PMF for X as a binomial distribution is given by:

$$P(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1 - p)^{n-k}$$

where $n = 5$ and $p = 0.8$. The total probability is 1:

$$\sum_{k=0}^5 P(X = k) = \sum_{k=0}^5 \binom{5}{k} 0.8^k (1 - 0.8)^{5-k} = 1$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^5 P(X = k) = 1$$

$$\binom{5}{0} 0.8^0 (1 - 0.8)^5 + \binom{5}{1} 0.8^1 (1 - 0.8)^4 + \binom{5}{2} 0.8^2 (1 - 0.8)^3 + \binom{5}{3} 0.8^3 (1 - 0.8)^2 + \binom{5}{4} 0.8^4 (1 - 0.8)^1 + \binom{5}{5} 0.8^5 (1 - 0.8)^0 = 1$$

ii. (3 points): Suppose the factory wants to predict the likelihood of a specific number of components passing the quality check. Find the expected value and variance of X , and explain how the factory can use this information to estimate daily production quality. The expected value of X is given by:

$$E(x) = np = \text{number of trials} \times \text{probability of success}$$

$$E(X) = np = 5 \times 0.8 = 4$$

The variance of X is given by:

$$Var(X) = np(1 - p) = \text{number of trials} \times \text{probability of success} \times \text{probability of failure}$$

$$Var(X) = np(1 - p) = 5 \times 0.8 \times 0.2 = 0.8$$