

appsettings.json file in ASP.NET CORE

What are the different Configuration Sources available in the ASP.NET Core application?

- ▶ If you have worked with the previous versions of the ASP.NET application, then you make know the importance of the web.config file.
- ▶ In previous versions of ASP.NET application, we generally used to store the application configuration settings such as database connection strings, any application scope global variables and many more within the web.config file.
- ▶ But in ASP.NET Core, the application configuration settings can come from different configurations sources such as
 - ▶ **Files** (appsettings.json, appsettings.{Environment}.json, where the {Environment} is the nothing but the applications current hosting environments such as Development, Staging or Production)
 - ▶ **User secrets**
 - ▶ **Environment variables**
 - ▶ **Command-line arguments**

What is ASP.NET Core appsettings.json File?

- ▶ When we create an asp.net core web application with an Empty project template, then the visual studio automatically creates the **appsettings.json** file for us as shown in the below image.



How to access the configuration information in the ASP.NET Core application?

- ▶ To access the configuration information within the Startup class, you need to use the **IConfiguration** service which is provided by the ASP.NET Core Framework.
- ▶ So what you need to do is just inject the **IConfiguration** service through the constructor of the Startup class. To do so modify the Startup class which is present in the **Startup.cs** file

How to access the value from appSetting.json file:-

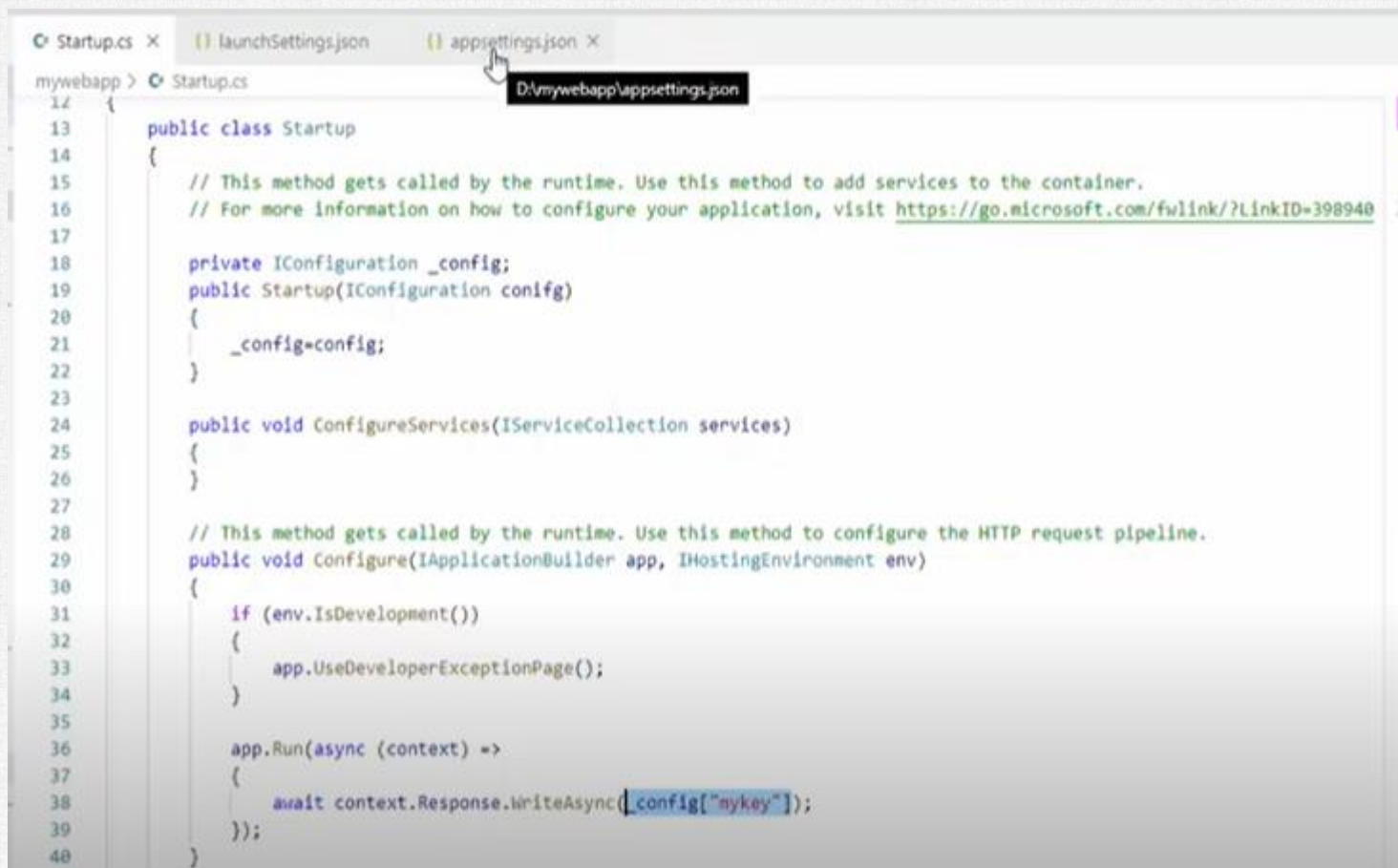
1) declare a mykey variable inside that and access in startup.cs file.

The screenshot displays the Visual Studio IDE with the 'Ex1_MainMethod' project open. The 'appsettings.json' file is selected in the Solution Explorer and is open in the main editor. The JSON content is as follows:

```
1 {
2   "Logging": {
3     "LogLevel": {
4       "Default": "Information",
5       "Microsoft": "Warning",
6       "Microsoft.Hosting.Lifetime": "Information"
7     }
8   },
9   "AllowedHosts": "*",
10  "mykey": "This value comes from appsetting.json file"
11 }
12
```

The 'mykey' property is highlighted with a light blue selection box. The Solution Explorer on the right shows the project structure, including 'launchSettings.json', 'appsettings.json', 'Program.cs', and 'Startup.cs'. The status bar at the bottom indicates '148 %' zoom, 'No issues found', and the cursor is at 'Ln: 10 Ch: 55 SPC CRLF'. The Windows taskbar at the very bottom shows the search bar and various application icons.

- First add a package inside startup.cs file
- using Microsoft.Extensions.Configuration;

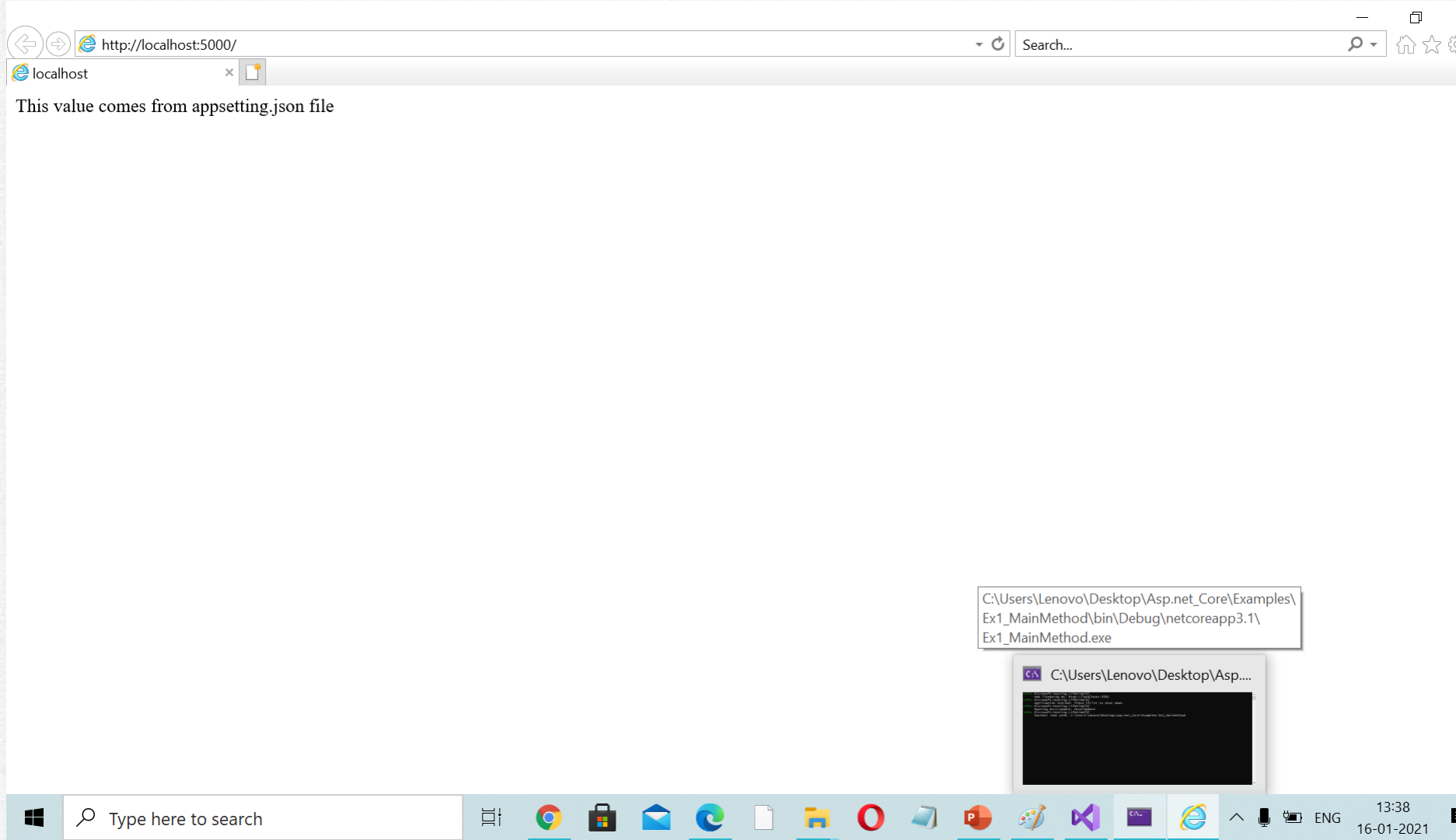


The screenshot shows the Visual Studio IDE with three tabs open: Startup.cs, launchSettings.json, and appsettings.json. The Startup.cs file is active, showing the following code:

```
12 {
13     public class Startup
14     {
15         // This method gets called by the runtime. Use this method to add services to the container.
16         // For more information on how to configure your application, visit https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkID=398940
17
18         private IConfiguration _config;
19         public Startup(IConfiguration config)
20         {
21             _config=config;
22         }
23
24         public void ConfigureServices(IServiceCollection services)
25         {
26         }
27
28         // This method gets called by the runtime. Use this method to configure the HTTP request pipeline.
29         public void Configure(IApplicationBuilder app, IHostingEnvironment env)
30         {
31             if (env.IsDevelopment())
32             {
33                 app.UseDeveloperExceptionPage();
34             }
35
36             app.Run(async (context) =>
37             {
38                 await context.Response.WriteAsync(_config["mykey"]);
39             });
40     }
```

A tooltip is visible over the appsettings.json tab, showing the file path: D:\mywebapp\appsettings.json.

Output:-



Dependency Injection

- ▶ In previous versions of ASP.NET applications, the Dependency Injection design pattern was optional. But if you want to configure it in your application, then you need to use some of the frameworks like Ninject, StructureMap, IUnity container, etc.
- ▶ But in ASP.NET Core application Dependency Injection is an integral part and the framework provides the inbuilt support for dependency injection. The Dependency Injection Design Pattern allows us to develop loosely coupled systems that are extensible and also easy to testable.



What is the Configuration Execution Order in ASP.NET Core Application?

- ▶ Before understanding the execution order, let's have a look at the appsettings.Development.json file. You can find this file within the appsettings.json file as shown below



Same key tag is define in appSettings.Development.json file this file data access first in straturp.cs file

The screenshot displays the Visual Studio IDE with the `appSettings.Development.json` file open. The file contains the following JSON configuration:

```
1 {  
2   "Logging": {  
3     "LogLevel": {  
4       "Default": "Information",  
5       "Microsoft": "Warning",  
6       "Microsoft.Hosting.Lifetime": "Information"  
7     }  
8   },  
9   "mykey": "This value comes from appsetting.Development.json file"  
10 }  
11
```

The `mykey` property is highlighted with a red box. The `Output` window on the right shows the following build output:

```
\Ex1_MainMethod\bin\Debug\netcoreapp3.1\Ex1_MainMethod.dll  
=====  
Build: 1  
succeeded,  
0 failed,  
0 up-to-date, 0  
skipped  
=====
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates "Build succeeded".

What is the Default Orders of reading the configuration sources?

- ▶ The default orders in which the various configuration sources are read for the same key are as follows
 - ▶ appsettings.json,
 - ▶ appsettings.{Environment}.json here we use appsettings.development.json
 - ▶ User secrets
 - ▶ Environment variables
 - ▶ Command-line arguments

How to Pass Config value from Command Line in ASP.NET Core Application?

OUTPUT TERMINAL DEBUG CONSOLE PROBLEMS

1: powershell

Windows PowerShell

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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell <https://aka.ms/powershell>

PS D:\> cd mywebapp

PS D:\mywebapp> dotnet run mykey="This is command line argument"

Hosting environment: Development

PS D:\mywebapp> dotnet run mykey="This is command line argument"

Hosting environment: Development

Content root path: D:\mywebapp

Now listening on: https://localhost:5001

Now listening on: http://localhost:5000

Application started. Press Ctrl+C to shut down.

Info: Microsoft.AspNetCore.Hosting.Internal.WebHost[1]
Request starting HTTP/1.1 GET http://localhost:5000/

Info: Microsoft.AspNetCore.Hosting.Internal.WebHost[2]
Request finished in 33.3536ms 200

Info: Microsoft.AspNetCore.Hosting.Internal.WebHost[1]
Request starting HTTP/1.1 GET http://localhost:5000/favicon.ico

Info: Microsoft.AspNetCore.Hosting.Internal.WebHost[2]
Request finished in 0.3086ms 200

Application is shutting down...

PS D:\mywebapp> █

Visual Studio interface showing the `launchSettings.json` file in the `Ex1_MainMethod` project.

The `launchSettings.json` file content is as follows:

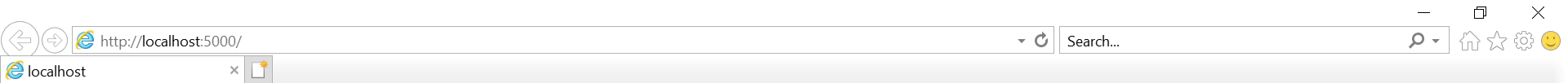
```
13 "launchBrowser": true,
14 "environmentVariables": {
15   "ASPNETCORE_ENVIRONMENT": "Development"
16 },
17 },
18 "Ex1_MainMethod": {
19   "commandName": "Project",
20   "launchBrowser": true,
21   "applicationUrl": "http://localhost:5000",
22   "environmentVariables": {
23     "ASPNETCORE_ENVIRONMENT": "Development",
24     "mykey": "This value comes from launchSettings.json file"
25   },
26 },
27 },
28 },
29 },
30 }
```

The `Output` window on the right shows the following messages:

```
.
The program '[0x50FC] iexplore.exe' has exited with code 0 (0x0).
The program '[0x5510] Ex1_MainMethod.exe' has exited with code -1 (0xffffffff).
```

The `Error List` window at the bottom is empty.

The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows the system clock as 15:03 on 16-01-2021.



This value comes from launchSettings.json file



Thanks