

CSIT110

Fundamental Programming with Python

If-else

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In this lecture

- Indentation
- If-else
- If-elif-else
- Logical operators

Indentation

In Python, all the continuous lines indented with same number of spaces form a **block**.

All statements within the block **must be indented the same amount**.

We usually use 2, 3 or 4 spaces for indentation.

Indentation

code

code

keyword_a statement_x:

····code # 1 level of indentation

····code # 1 level of indentation

····**keyword_b** statement_y:

······code # 2 levels of indentation

······code # 2 levels of indentation

······code # 2 levels of indentation

····code # 1 level of indentation

code # 0 level of indentation

Legend

· is a whitespace

Indentation

code

code

keyword_a statement_x:

· · code # 1 level of indentation

· · code # 1 level of indentation

· · **keyword_b** statement_y:

· · · · code # 2 levels of indentation

· · · · code # 2 levels of indentation

· · · · code # 2 levels of indentation

· · code # 1 level of indentation

code # 0 level of indentation

Legend

· is a whitespace

Indentation

code

code

keyword_a statement_x:

-code # 1 level of indentation

-code # 1 level of indentation

-**keyword_b** statement_y:

--code # 2 levels of indentation

--code # 2 levels of indentation

--code # 2 levels of indentation

-code # 1 level of indentation

code # 0 level of indentation

Legend

- is a Tab

if - else

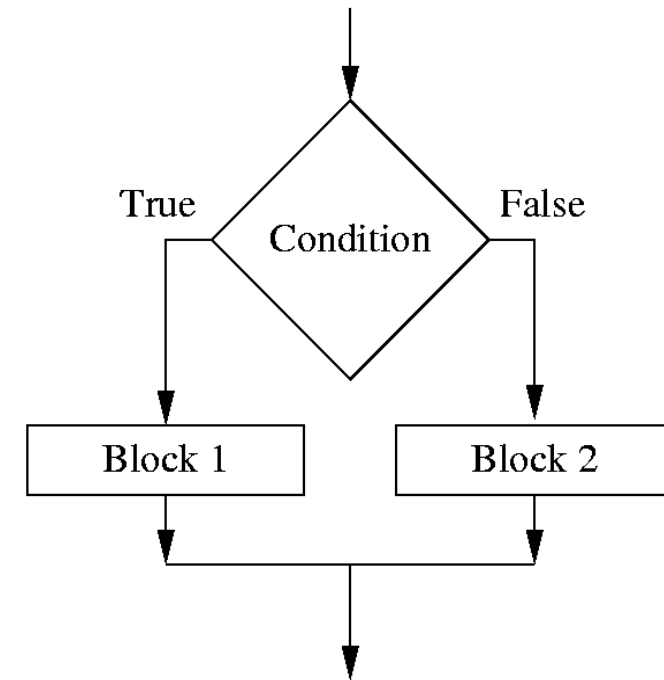
How does it look like?

```
if some condition:
```

```
→ # block statements if condition  
→ # is True  
→  
→
```

```
else:
```

```
→ # block statements if condition  
→ # is False  
→  
→
```



Syntax

if some condition:

- · this is
- · a block
- · of codes
- · that is indented
- · by the same amount
- · of spaces

else:

- · usually
- · we use 2, 3 or 4 spaces for
- · indentation

1. if
2. condition
3. colon :
4. indentation

Syntax

```
if some condition:  
    ··this is  
    ··a block  
    ··of codes  
    ··that is indented  
    ··by the same amount  
    ··of spaces  
else:  
    ··usually  
    ··we use 2, 3 or 4 spaces for  
    ··indentation
```

1. if
2. condition
3. colon :
4. indentation

In Python, all the continuous lines indented with same number of spaces form a **block**.

All statements within the block **must be indented the same amount**.

We usually use 2, 3 or 4 spaces for indentation.

Common Mistakes

Forget the colon :

```
if some condition:
```

- this is
- a block
- of codes
- that is indented
- by the same amount
- of spaces

```
else:
```

- usually
- we use 2, 3 or 4 spaces for
- indentation

What happens when there is no indent:

```
^  
IndentationError: expected an indented block  
> |
```

Wrong indentation,
mix-up between spaces and tabs
mix-up number of spaces

Make your choice of indentation and use it consistently!

If - else – Example 1

Number of items	Cost
1-50	\$3 per item Postage: \$10
More than 50	\$2 per item Postage: free

If - else – Example 1

Number of items	Cost
1-50	\$3 per item Postage: \$10
More than 50	\$2 per item Postage: free

If the user buys 10 items:

Item cost = $\$3 \times 10 = \30

Postage: \$10

Total cost: \$40

If - else – Example 1

Number of items	Cost
1-50	\$3 per item Postage: \$10
More than 50	\$2 per item Postage: free

If the user buys 100 items:

Item cost = $\$2 \times 100 = \200

Postage: free

Total cost: \$200

If - else – Example 1

```
# get the number of items from the user
```

```
# calculate the cost
```

If - else – Example 1

```
# get the number of items from the user

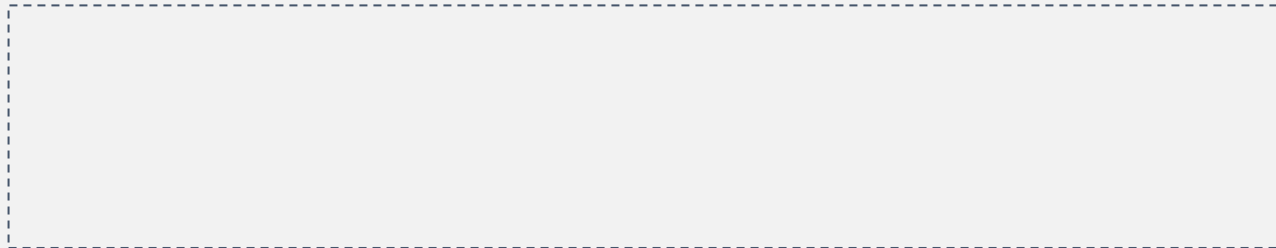
item_input = input("Enter the quantity: ")
item_count = int(item_input)
```

```
# calculate the cost
```

```
if item_count <= 50:
```



```
else:
```



If - else – Example 1

```
# get the number of items from the user

item_input = input("Enter the quantity: ")
item_count = int(item_input)

# calculate the cost

if item_count <= 50:
    unit_price = 3
    postage = 10
    total_cost = unit_price * item_count + postage
    print(f"Total cost: ${total_cost}")
```

```
else:
```

If - else – Example 1

```
# get the number of items from the user

item_input = input("Enter the quantity: ")
item_count = int(item_input)

# calculate the cost

if item_count <= 50:

    unit_price = 3
    postage = 10
    total_cost = unit_price * item_count + postage
    print(f"Total cost: ${total_cost}")

else:

    unit_price = 2
    total_cost = unit_price * item_count

    print(f"Total cost: ${total_cost}")
```

if - elif - elif - ... - else

if - elif - elif - ... - else

```
if condition1:
```

```
# condition1 is true  
statement  
statement  
...
```

```
elif condition2:
```

```
# condition1 is false and condition2 is true  
statement  
statement  
...
```

```
elif condition3:
```

```
# condition1 is false, condition2 is false, and condition3 is true  
statement  
statement  
...
```

```
else:
```

```
# all the conditions are false  
statement  
statement  
...
```

Example 2

Number of items	Cost
1-50	\$3 per item Postage: Standard post: \$10 Registered post: \$15 Express post: \$20
More than 50	\$2 per item Postage: Standard post: free Registered post: \$15 Express post: \$20

10 items + Registered Post

Item cost = $\$3 \times 10 = \30

Postage: \$15

Total cost: \$45

Example 2

Number of items	Cost
1-50	\$3 per item Postage: Standard post: \$10 Registered post: \$15 Express post: \$20
More than 50	\$2 per item Postage: Standard post: free Registered post: \$15 Express post: \$20

100 items + Registered Post

Item cost = $\$2 \times 100 = \200

Postage: \$15

Total cost: \$215

Example 2

Number of items	Cost
1-50	\$3 per item Postage: Standard post: \$10 Registered post: \$15 Express post: \$20
More than 50	\$2 per item Postage: Standard post: free Registered post: \$15 Express post: \$20

100 items + Standard Post

Item cost = $\$2 \times 100 = \200

Postage: free

Total cost: \$200

Example 2

```
# get the number of items from the user

# get the shipping method Standard/Registered/Express?

# calculate the cost
```


Example 2

```
# get the number of items from the user
item_input = input("Enter the quantity: ")
item_count = int(item_input)

# get the shipping method Standard/Registered/Express?
shipping = input("Shipping method (s/r/e): ")

# calculate the cost
```

Example 2

```
## calculate the cost
```

```
# determine the unit price
```

```
# determine the postage
```

```
# determine the total cost
```

Example 2

```
# determine the unit price
```

```
if item_count <= 50:
```

```
    unit_price = 3
```

```
else:
```

```
    unit_price = 2
```

Example 2

```
# determine the postage
```

```
if shipping == "s":
```

```
    # standard
```

```
elif shipping == "r":
```

```
    # registered post $15
```

```
    postage = 15
```

```
else:
```

```
    # express post $20
```

```
    postage = 20
```

Example 2

```
# determine the postage
if shipping == "s":
    # standard post $10 for 1-50 items, free for > 50 items
    if (item_count <= 50):
        postage = 10
    else:
        postage = 0
elif shipping == "r":
    # registered post $15
    postage = 15
else:
    # express post $20
    postage = 20
```

Example 2

```
# determine the postage
if shipping.lower() == "s":
    # standard post $10 for 1-50 items, free for > 50 items
    if (item_count <= 50):
        postage = 10
    else:
        postage = 0
elif shipping.lower() == "r":
    # registered post $15
    postage = 15
else:
    # express post $20
    postage = 20
```

Example 2

```
# determine the postage
if shipping.lower() == "s":
    # standard post $10 for 1-50 items, free for > 50 items
    if (item_count <= 50):
        postage = 10
    else:
        postage = 0
elif shipping.lower() == "r":
    # registered post $15
    postage = 15
else:
    # express post $20
    postage = 20
```

Example 2

```
# determine the total cost

total_cost = unit_price * item_count + postage

print(f"Total cost: ${total_cost}")
```


Example 2

all together

```
# Get number of items from user
item_input = input("Enter the quantity: ")
item_count = int(item_input)

# Get shipping method - Standard/Registered/Express?
shipping = input("Shipping method (s/r/e): ")

# Determine unit price
if (item_count <= 50):
    unit_price = 3
else:
    unit_price = 2

# Determine postage
if shipping.lower() == "s":
    # standard post $10 for 1-50 items, free for > 50 items
    if (item_count <= 50):
        postage = 10
    else:
        postage = 0
elif shipping.lower() == "r": # registered post $15
    postage = 15
else: # express post $20
    postage = 20

# calculate total cost
total_cost = unit_price * item_count + postage
print(f"Total cost: ${total_cost}")
```

Example 3

```
# grade A: 100-80, B: 79-60, C: 59-40, D: 39-0  
  
# ask user to enter the mark  
  
# determine the grade based on mark  
  
# display the mark and grade
```

Example 3

```
# grade A: 100-80, B: 79-60, C: 59-40, D: 39-0
```

```
# ask user to enter the mark
```

```
mark_input = input("Please enter mark: ")
```

```
mark = int(mark_input)
```

```
# determine the grade based on mark
```

```
# display the mark and grade
```

Example 3

```
# grade A: 100-80, B: 79-60, C: 59-40, D: 39-0

# determine the grade based on mark

if mark >= 80:
    grade = "A"
elif mark >= 60:
    grade = "B"
elif mark >= 40:
    grade = "C"
else:
    grade = "D"
```

Example 3

```
# display the mark and grade  
  
print(f"Mark {mark}, Grade {grade}")
```

Example 3

```
# grade A: 100-80, B: 79-60, C: 59-40, D: 39-0

mark_input = input("Please enter mark: ")
mark = int(mark_input)
if mark >= 80:           ← mark is greater than or equal to 80
    grade = "A"
elif mark >= 60:
    grade = "B"
elif mark >= 40:
    grade = "C"
else:
    grade = "D"
print(f"Mark {mark}, Grade {grade}")
```

```
Please enter mark: 90
Mark 90, Grade A
```

Example 3

```
# grade A: 100-80, B: 79-60, C: 59-40, D: 39-0
```

```
mark_input = input("Please enter mark: ")
```

```
mark = int(mark_input)
```

```
if mark >= 80:
```

```
    grade = "A"
```

```
elif mark >= 60:
```

```
    grade = "B"
```

```
elif mark >= 40:
```

```
    grade = "C"
```

```
else:
```

```
    grade = "D"
```

```
print(f"Mark {mark}, Grade {grade}")
```

← mark is less than 80 but greater than or equal to 60

```
Please enter mark: 62
```

```
Mark 62, Grade B
```

Example 3

```
# grade A: 100-80, B: 79-60, C: 59-40, D: 39-0
```

```
mark_input = input("Please enter mark: ")
```

```
mark = int(mark_input)
```

```
if mark >= 80:
```

```
    grade = "A"
```

```
elif mark >= 60:
```

```
    grade = "B"
```

```
elif mark >= 40:
```

```
    grade = "C"
```

```
else:
```

```
    grade = "D"
```

```
print(f"Mark {mark}, Grade {grade}")
```

← mark is less than 60 but greater than or equal to 40

```
Please enter mark: 45
```

```
Mark 45, Grade C
```


Example 3

```
# grade A: 100-80, B: 79-60, C: 59-40, D: 39-0
```

```
mark_input = input("Please enter mark: ")
```

```
mark = int(mark_input)
```

```
if mark >= 80:
```

```
    grade = "A"
```

```
elif mark >= 60:
```

```
    grade = "B"
```

```
elif mark >= 40:
```

```
    grade = "C"
```

```
else:
```

```
    grade = "D"
```

← mark is less than 40

```
print(f"Mark {mark}, Grade {grade}")
```

```
Please enter mark: 15
```

```
Mark 15, Grade D
```

if (alone)

```
if (some condition):  
    statements  
    ...
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 1st integer: ")
number1 = int(user_input)

user_input = input("Enter the 2nd integer: ")
number2 = int(user_input)

user_input = input("Enter the 3rd integer: ")
number3 = int(user_input)

number_max = number1

if (number2 > number_max):
    number_max = number2
if (number3 > number_max):
    number_max = number3

print(f"Max of {number1}, {number2}, {number3} is {number_max}")
```

What is this program trying to do?

```
user_input = input("Enter the 1st integer: ")
number1 = int(user_input)
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 2nd integer: ")
number2 = int(user_input)
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 3rd integer: ")
number3 = int(user_input)
```

```
number_max = number1
```

```
if (number2 > number_max):  
    number_max = number2  
if (number3 > number_max):  
    number_max = number3
```

```
print(f"Max of {number1}, {number2}, {number3} is {number_max}")
```

number1

12

number2

3

number3

5

number_max

12

scenario 1

```
Enter the 1st integer: 12
Enter the 2nd integer: 3
Enter the 3rd integer: 5
Max of 12, 3, 5 is 12
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 1st integer: ")
number1 = int(user_input)
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 2nd integer: ")
number2 = int(user_input)
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 3rd integer: ")
number3 = int(user_input)
```

```
number_max = number1
```

```
if (number2 > number_max):
    number_max = number2
```

```
if (number3 > number_max):
    number_max = number3
```

```
print(f"Max of {number1}, {number2}, {number3} is {number_max}")
```

number1

5

number2

12

number_max

5

number_max

12

number3

3

scenario 2

```
Enter the 1st integer: 5
Enter the 2nd integer: 12
Enter the 3rd integer: 3
Max of 5, 12, 3 is 12
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 1st integer: ")
number1 = int(user_input)
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 2nd integer: ")
number2 = int(user_input)
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 3rd integer: ")
number3 = int(user_input)
```

```
number_max = number1
```

```
if (number2 > number_max):
    number_max = number2
```

```
if (number3 > number_max):
    number_max = number3
```

```
print(f"Max of {number1}, {number2}, {number3} is {number_max}")
```

number1

5

number2

3

number3

12

number_max

5

X

number_max

12

✓

scenario 3

```
Enter the 1st integer: 5
Enter the 2nd integer: 3
Enter the 3rd integer: 12
Max of 5, 3, 12 is 12
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 1st integer: ")
number1 = int(user_input)
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 2nd integer: ")
number2 = int(user_input)
```

```
user_input = input("Enter the 3rd integer: ")
number3 = int(user_input)
```

```
number_max = number1
```

```
if (number2 > number_max):  
    number_max = number2
```

```
if (number3 > number_max):  
    number_max = number3
```

```
print(f"Max of {number1}, {number2}, {number3} is {number_max}")
```

number1

3

number2

5

number3

12

number_max

3

number_max

5

number_max

12

scenario 4

```
Enter the 1st integer: 3
Enter the 2nd integer: 5
Enter the 3rd integer: 12
Max of 3, 5, 12 is 12
```

if (alone)

Be very careful!

```
k = 3
if k==0:
    x = "'x' is a new variable"
print(x)
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
NameError: name 'x' is not defined
```


Operators for comparisons

Equality

Remember the double equal sign ==

```
if number1 == 5:  
    # number1 is equal to 5  
if number1 == number2:  
    # number1 is equal to number2  
if your_answer == "Y":  
    # your_answer is equal to "Y"  
if student_name == "John":  
    # student_name is equal to "John"
```

Inequality

```
if number1 != 5:  
    # number1 is not equal to 5  
if number1 != number2:  
    # number1 is not equal to number2  
if your_answer != "Y":  
    # your_answer is not equal to "Y"  
if student_name != "John":  
    # student_name is not equal to "John"
```

Comparison

```
if number1 < 5:  
    # number1 is less than 5  
if number1 <= 5:  
    # number1 is less than or equal to 5  
if number1 > 5:  
    # number1 is greater than 5  
if number1 >= 5:  
    # number1 is greater than or equal to 5
```

Logical AND

```
if number1 > 5 and number1 < 10:
```

```
    # number1 is greater than 5 AND less than 10
```

```
if ((age > 40) and (student_type == "Domestic")):
```

```
    # age is greater than 40 # AND student_type is equal  
    to "Domestic"
```

Logical OR

```
if (number1 < 1000) or (number1 > 5000):  
    # number1 is less than 1000 # OR greater than 5000  
if ((student_type == "Exchange"):  
    or (student_type == "Domestic")):  
    # student_type is equal to "Exchange" # OR is equal to "Domestic"
```

Logical Negation

```
if (not (number1 == 1000)):  
    # number1 is not equal to 1000
```

Operator (other languages)	Operator (Python)
&&	and
	or
!	not

Problem solving example

A shop sells a product item for \$10, but makes a discount that 3 items only cost \$20. Write a program to ask the user to enter the number of items they want to buy. Then the program displays the cost.

How much does it cost for 7 items?

How much does it cost for 12 items?

How much does it cost for 14 items?

Any questions?