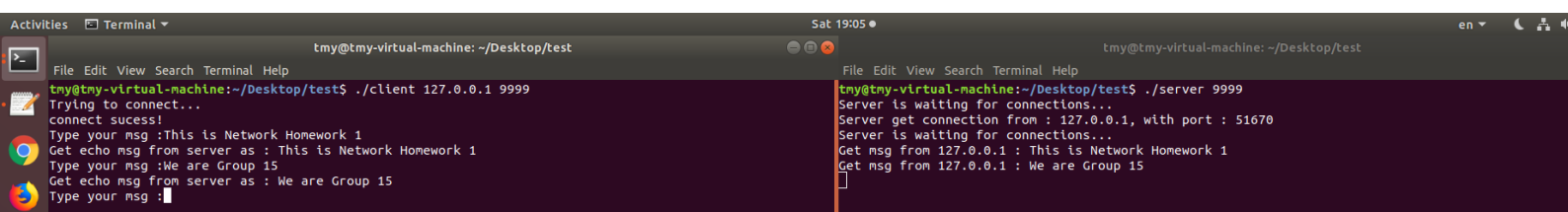


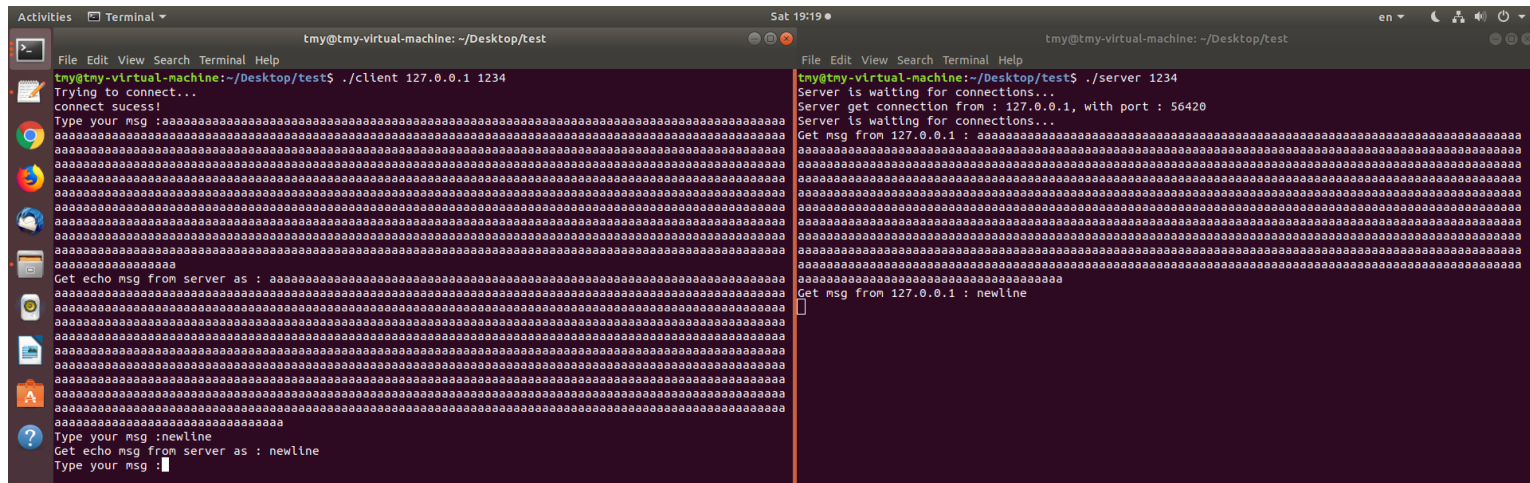
1. Test Cases:

(1) Line of text terminated by a newline.

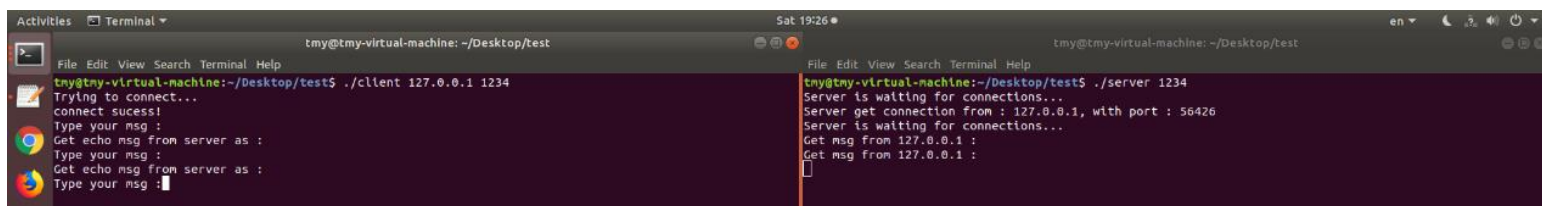


(2) Line of text the maximum line length without a newline.

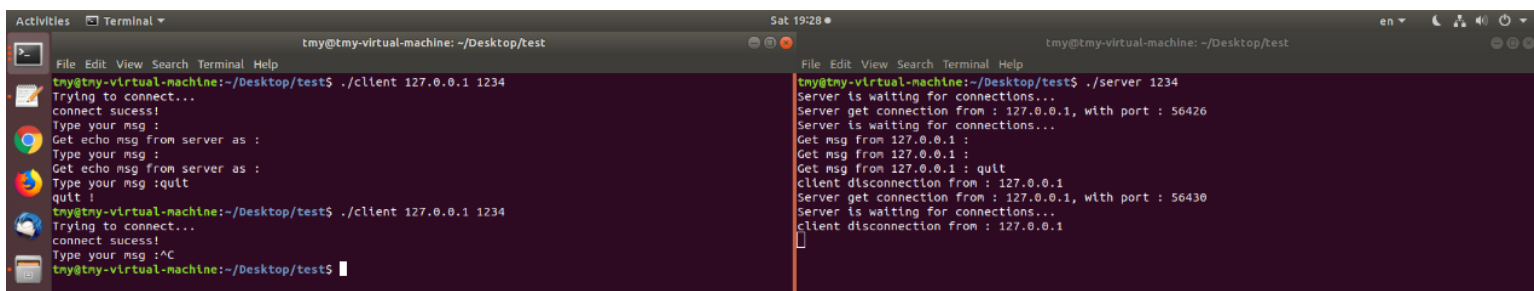
- We set our buffer as 1024 Bytes. After minus one bytes of the null termination, “/0”, then the maximum line length without a newline is $1024 - 1 = 1023$ Bytes. The result is show as figure below.



(3) Line with no characters and EOF.

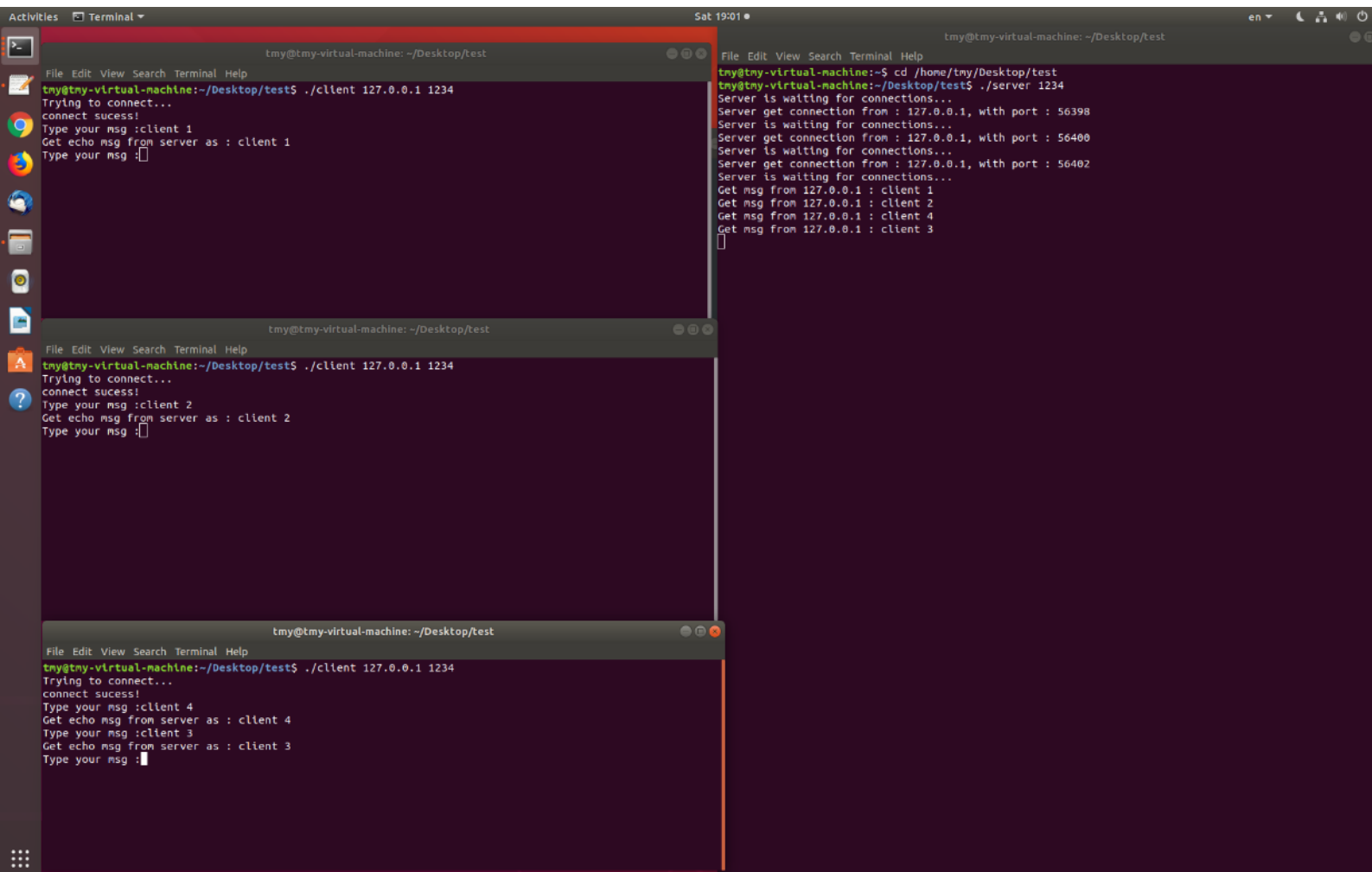


(4) Client terminated after entering text.



(5) Three clients connected to the server.

- For each client, we sent different messages to the server at the same connection, and the server could get the message from every client.



The screenshot shows a terminal window with three separate client sessions and one server session. The top-left client session shows a successful connection to the server at 127.0.0.1:1234, with the user sending a message 'client 1' and receiving an echo. The bottom-left client session shows a similar successful connection, with the user sending a message 'client 2' and receiving an echo. The bottom-right client session shows a successful connection, with the user sending a message 'client 3' and receiving an echo. The rightmost terminal window shows the server's perspective, where it is waiting for connections and then receives three separate connections from 127.0.0.1 on ports 56398, 56400, and 56402. The server then receives and echoes back the messages from each client.

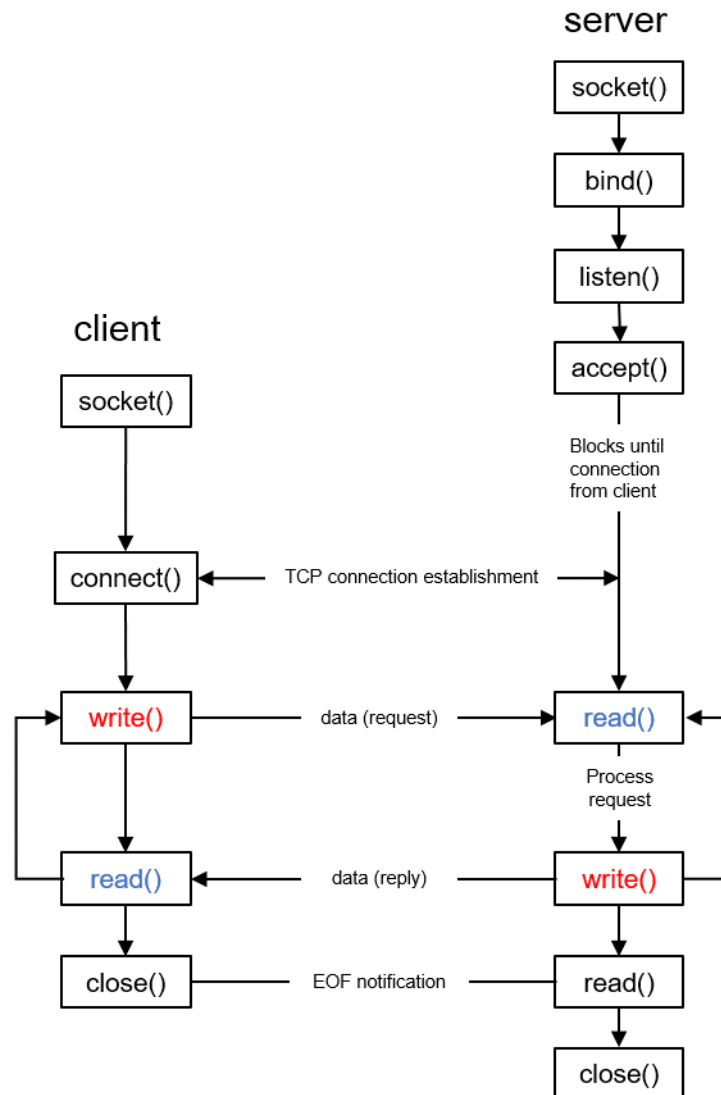
```
tmy@tmy-virtual-machine: ~/Desktop/test
tmy@tmy-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/test$ ./client 127.0.0.1 1234
Trying to connect...
connect success!
Type your msg :client 1
Get echo msg from server as : client 1
Type your msg :

tmy@tmy-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/test$ ./client 127.0.0.1 1234
Trying to connect...
connect success!
Type your msg :client 2
Get echo msg from server as : client 2
Type your msg :

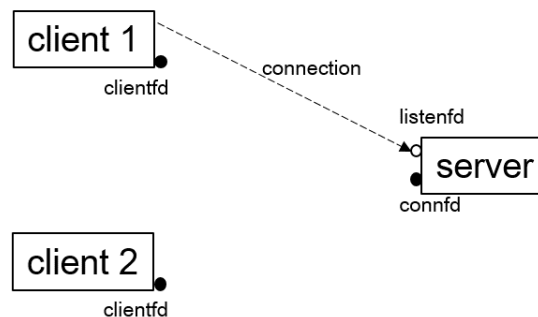
tmy@tmy-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/test$ ./client 127.0.0.1 1234
Trying to connect...
connect success!
Type your msg :client 4
Get echo msg from server as : client 4
Type your msg :client 3
Get echo msg from server as : client 3
Type your msg :

tmy@tmy-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/test$ cd /home/tmy/Desktop/test
tmy@tmy-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/test$ ./server 1234
Server is waiting for connections...
Server get connection from : 127.0.0.1, with port : 56398
Server is waiting for connections...
Server get connection from : 127.0.0.1, with port : 56400
Server is waiting for connections...
Server get connection from : 127.0.0.1, with port : 56402
Server is waiting for connections...
Get msg from 127.0.0.1 : client 1
Get msg from 127.0.0.1 : client 2
Get msg from 127.0.0.1 : client 4
Get msg from 127.0.0.1 : client 3
```

2. The architecture of our code:

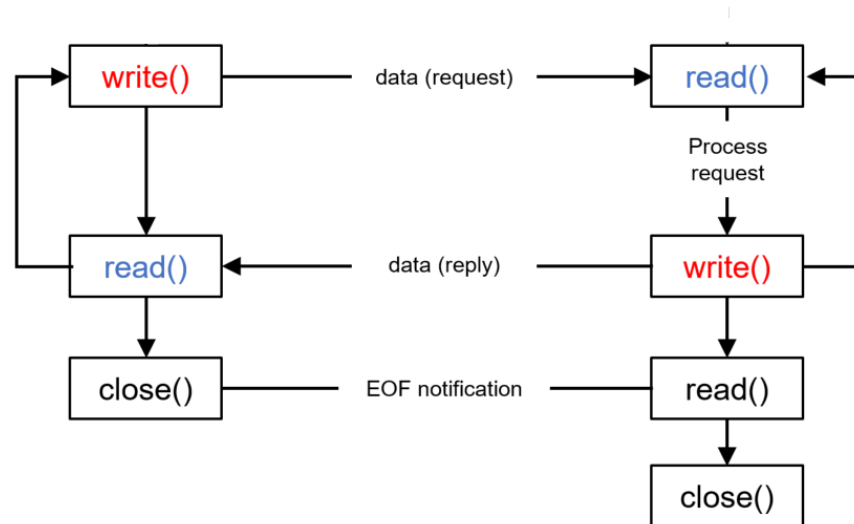


- The concept of supporting multiple simultaneous connections from clients by using `fork()`:
 - a) First step is building connection from the first client.

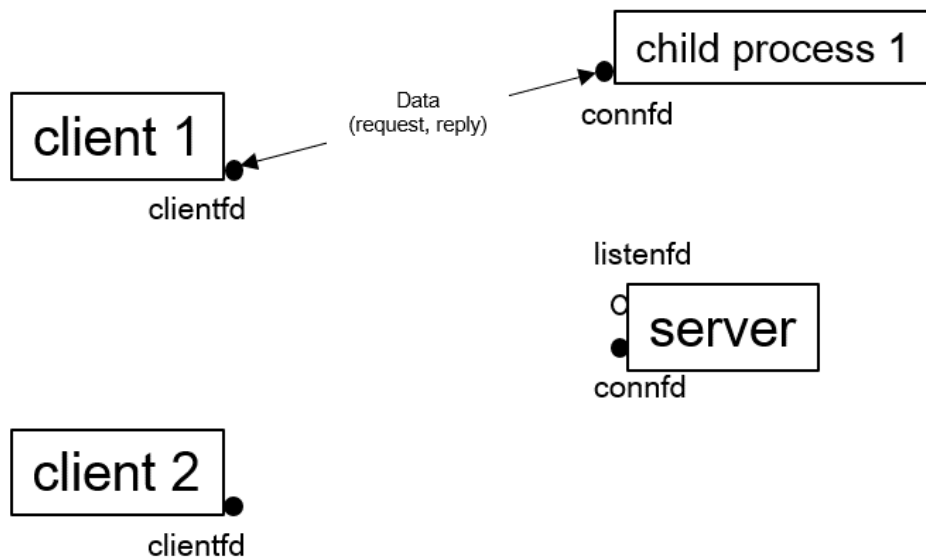


- b) Second step is using fork to duplicate the process of reading and writing from the server to become a child process.

Client 1 & child process:



Concept of fork():



Afterward, the client 2 would follow the same steps as a) and b) to finish the connection and data transmission with the server.

3. Usage:

- a) We have handled the **written()** and **readline()** at the client side.

```
if(fgets(buf, sizeof(buf), stdin)!=NULL){
    buf[strlen(buf)-1] = '\0';
    write(sock, buf, sizeof(buf));
}
else{
    isEOR = true ;
}

read(sock, buf, sizeof(buf));
printf("Get echo msg from server as : %s\n", buf);
```

- b) **fork()** was used at the server side.

```
pid_t id = fork();
if (id<0){
    err_sy("fork");
}
else if (id==0){
    close(sock);
    pid_t idd = fork();

    if(idd<0){
        printf("second fork");
    }
    else if(idd==0){
        while(1){
            char buf[_bufsize_];
            memset(buf, 0, sizeof(buf));
            bool isEOR = false ;
            if (read(client_addr, buf, sizeof(buf))){
                printf("Get msg from %s : %s\n",buf_ip, buf);
                write(client_addr, buf, strlen(buf)+1);
            }
            else{
                isEOR = true ;
            }
            if (strncasecmp(buf,"quit", 4) == 0 or isEOR)
            {
                printf("client disconnection from : %s \n",buf_ip);
                close(client_addr);
                break;
            }
        }
        exit(0);
    }
    else{
        exit(0);
    }
}
```

- c) To disconnect the client and the server, just type a “quit” or use Ctrl + D to stop the connection.

4. Error Handling:

- a) We set up some arguments for input from both server and client sides. While testing, if we did not enter enough arguments, then the system would show the error log to ask us to put the argument.

```
if (argc != 3)
{
    err_sy("Only two argument should be given(IP and Port)\n");
}
```

```
if (argc != 2)
{
    err_sy("Only one argument should be given(Port)\n");
}
```

- b) At the both server and client sides, we have constructed a socket error check. If the socket was failed to be created, then the error log would show "socket error."

```
int sock = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
if ( sock < 0 ){
    err_sy("socket error");
}
```

- c) At the server side, we have set bind error, listen error, client connection error, fork error.

```
// Attaching socket to the port
if ( bind(sock, (struct sockaddr *) &servaddr, sizeof(servaddr)) < 0){
    err_sy("bind error");
}
// Setting maximum acceptable clients
if ( listen(sock, 10) < 0){
    err_sy("listen error");
}
```

```
printf("server get connection from : %s\n", client_addr);
if ( client_addr < 0 ){
    err_sy("client error");
    close(sock);
}
```

```
if (id < 0){
    err_sy("fork");
}
```

d) At the client side, we have set inet_pton error, connection error.

```
// Implementing the ip of the server to the structure
int chi = inet_pton(AF_INET, ip , &server_sock.sin_addr);
if (chi < 0){
    err_sy("inet_pton error");
}
// Connect to the server
int ret = connect(sock, (struct sockaddr*)& server_sock, sizeof(server_sock));
printf("Trying to connect...\n");
if (ret < 0)
{
    err_sy("connect error");
}
printf("connect sucess!\n");
```