Meperie 5

$$\Pi = \frac{cx^2}{2} - \frac{m\omega^2x^2}{2}$$

$$T = \frac{m\dot{x}^2}{2}$$

$$L = T - \Pi = \frac{m\dot{x}^2}{2} - \frac{c\dot{x}}{2} + \frac{m\omega^2x^2}{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} = m w^2 x - c x$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial k}{\partial \dot{x}} - \frac{\partial k}{\partial \dot{x}} = \frac{\partial k}{\partial \dot{x}} = \frac{\partial k}{\partial \dot{x}} - m\dot{x} - m\dot{x} + c\dot{x} = -\beta\dot{x} - r.k.$$
 euro kopuarus

$$D_{2} = \frac{f_{3}}{f_{1}} \left(\frac{e_{1}}{m} - w^{2} \right) > 0 \text{ upu} \left(\frac{e_{1}}{m} - w^{2} > 0 \right)$$

$$D_{17.4}$$

$$D_{$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{C_1 x_1}{2} + \frac{C_2 (x_2 - x_1)}{2} + \frac{C_3 (x_3 - x_2)^2 + C_4 x_3^2}{2} + \frac{C_4 x_3^2}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}$$

$$= \lambda = T - \Omega = \frac{1}{2} \left(m_1 \dot{x}_1^2 + m_2 \dot{x}_1^2 + m_3 \dot{x}_3^2 \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(c_1 \dot{x}_1^2 + c_2 \left(\dot{x}_2 - \dot{x}_1 \right)^2 + c_3 \left(\dot{x}_3 - \dot{x}_1 \right)^2 + c_4 \dot{x}_3^2 \right)$$

$$= \lambda - 2 \left(\frac{2}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{2} \left(\frac{2}{2} \right) + \frac{2}{2} \left(\frac{2}{2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial k}{\partial \dot{x}_{i}} - \frac{\partial k}{\partial x_{i}} = \widehat{Q}_{2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial k}{\partial \dot{x}_{i}} - \frac{\partial k}{\partial x_{i}} = \widehat{Q}_{2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2k}}{\sqrt[3]{2k}} - \frac{2k}{\sqrt[3]{2k}} = \widehat{Q}_3$$

$$\widehat{Q}_1 = \widehat{Q}_2 = 0$$

$$\widehat{Q}_3 = -\beta \dot{x}$$

9-4.
$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial x_{k}} = m_{k}\dot{x}_{k}$$
 $\frac{\partial h}{\partial x_{i}} = -cx_{i} - c_{2}(x_{2} - x_{i}) \frac{\partial h}{\partial x_{k}} = c_{2}(x_{2} - x_{i})^{-c_{3}}(x_{3} - x_{k})$

$$\frac{2k}{0x_{3}} = c_{3}(x_{3} - x_{2}) + c_{4}x_{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} \dot{x}_{1} + \frac{c_{1}+c_{2}}{m_{1}} \times_{1} - \frac{c_{2}}{m_{2}} \times_{2} = 0 \\
\dot{x}_{2} + \frac{b}{m_{2}} \dot{x}_{2} - \frac{c_{2}}{m_{2}} \times_{1} + \frac{c_{2}+c_{3}}{m_{3}} x_{2} - \frac{c_{4}}{m_{2}} x_{3} = 0 \\
\ddot{x}_{3} - \frac{c_{3}}{m_{3}} x_{2} + \frac{c_{2}+c_{4}}{m_{2}} x_{3} = 0 \\
\ddot{x}_{3} - \frac{c_{3}}{m_{3}} x_{2} + \frac{c_{2}+c_{4}}{m_{3}} x_{3} = 0 \\
\ddot{x}_{3} - \frac{c_{3}}{m_{3}} x_{2} + \frac{c_{2}+c_{4}}{m_{3}} x_{3} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{E}{c_{1}} = -\beta \dot{x}_{1} \dot{x}_{2} = -\beta \dot{x}_{2} \dot{x}_{3} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{E}{c_{1}} = -\beta \dot{x}_{1} \dot{x}_{2} = -\beta \dot{x}_{2} \dot{x}_{3} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{C}{c_{1}} + \frac{c_{1}+c_{2}}{c_{3}} x_{3} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{C}{c_{3}} + \frac{c_{3}+c_{4}}{c_{3}} x_{3} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int$$

Thumepur Typberga: $\Delta_1 = 1 + \beta > 0$ $D_2 = (\beta + 2)(\beta + 1) - 2\beta$ $D_3 = 16(\beta + 1)^2 (1 - 1) - 1$ The Municipal matter and the second and the se 13 = (n+1)2 (1-2) + 2 ((n+2)(n+1) - 2 p)= = 3+ p2+ 2+ 4p+2p2 = 3+ p2+2(1+ p3 > 0 => 03>0 => d=1 /3 +32+2(1+13)2 >0 - 1000 ×. yes. N17.20) = (aik gk + bikg k + Cikgk) = 0 i=1,n ye A = (aix) B=(bix) C=(Cix) - euw. news.oup. 1 A A2+ B A + el=0 Jorancere umo be roper saparo renormena unerom emprey, general reacons. = urent - peuvenue. => 1 A 2 + B 2 + Clue =0 | · UET A Cecepyes up roco uso Als, c-news, ays with the land of the contraction of the contracti => April De de de co. Epune puis Pypleusa: $\Gamma = \begin{bmatrix} b & c \\ a & a \end{bmatrix}$ $D_1 = b > 0$ => Yemoù receboux regréférences.