

```
In [1]: ▶ import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
```

```
In [2]: ▶ train_df = pd.read_excel(r"C:\Users\user\Desktop\train.xls")
test_df = pd.read_excel(r"C:\Users\user\Desktop\test.xls")
```

```
In [3]: ▶ print(test_df)
```

	Roll no	test preparation	gender	parental level of education \
0	EXA32000	none	male	associate's degree
1	EXA32001	completed	male	some high school
2	EXA32002	none	male	some high school
3	EXA32003	completed	male	some high school
4	EXA32004	none	female	bachelor's degree
..	...	...	...	...
95	EXA32095	none	male	bachelor's degree
96	EXA32096	completed	male	associate's degree
97	EXA32097	none	male	some college
98	EXA32098	completed	male	associate's degree
99	EXA32099	none	male	high school

	lunch	Section	practical score	viva score
0	standard	Section C	74	89
1	standard	Section E	66	75
2	standard	Section C	52	55
3	standard	Section D	69	85
4	standard	Section E	46	62
..	...	...	...	...
95	standard	Section B	82	84
96	free/reduced	Section B	70	58
97	standard	Section C	76	67
98	standard	Section A	62	71
99	standard	Section B	58	67

[100 rows x 8 columns]

```
In [4]: ▶ print(train_df)
```

```
Roll no test preparation gender parental level of education \
0      EXA000001      none    male      some college
1      EXA000002      none    male      master's degree
2      EXA000003      none    male      master's degree
3      EXA000004      none   female    some college
4      EXA000005      none   female    high school
...      ...      ...      ...      ...
31994  EXA031995      none    male    some high school
31995  EXA031996      none   female    high school
31996  EXA031997      none    male    bachelor's degree
31997  EXA031998      none    male    associate's degree
31998  EXA031999      none    male    some high school

lunch Section practical score viva score exam score
0      standard Section A          70          73          70
1    free/reduced Section C          55          54          52
2    free/reduced Section E          56          46          43
3    free/reduced Section C          35          47          41
4      standard Section C          87          92          81
...      ...      ...      ...      ...
31994  free/reduced Section E          63          53          80
31995      standard Section B         100          80          68
31996  free/reduced Section B          62          61          74
31997      standard Section D          75          32          82
31998      standard Section C          51          92          82

[31999 rows x 9 columns]
```

```
In [5]: ▶ # Separate features and target variable
X = train_df.drop(columns=['exam score'])
y = train_df['exam score']
```

```
In [6]: ▶ # Split data into training and validation sets
X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

```
In [7]: ▶ import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import sklearn
import warnings

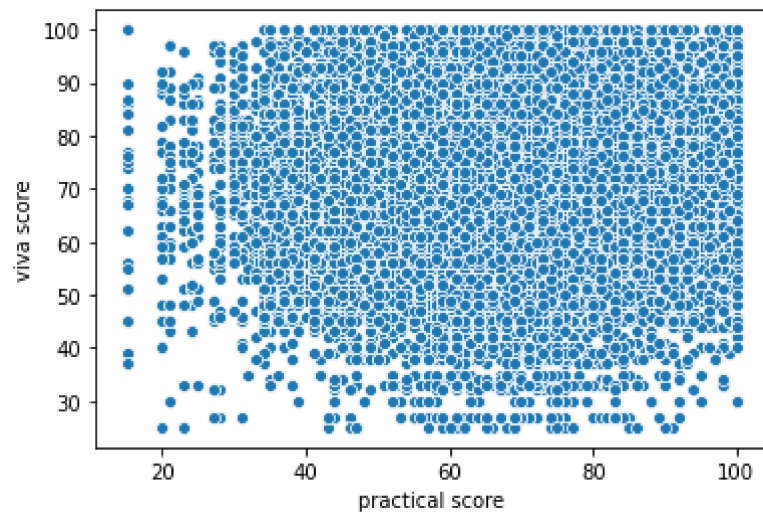
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.impute import KNNImputer
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score

warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [8]: ▶ # Initialize and train model
model = RandomForestRegressor(random_state=42)
```

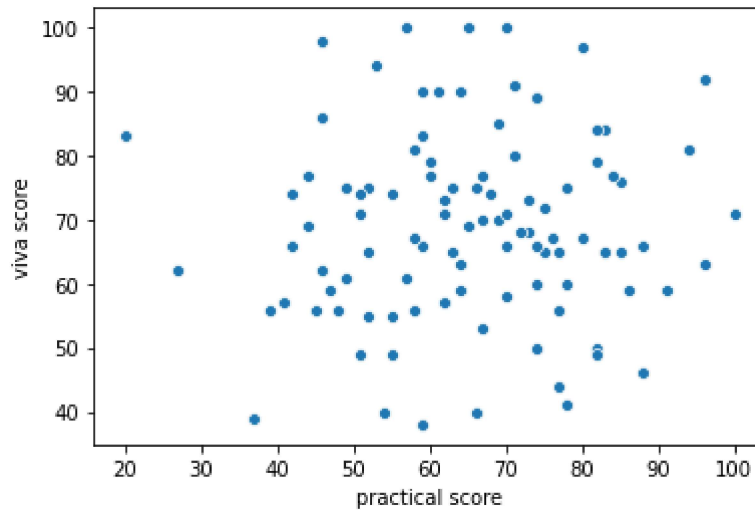
```
In [16]: ▶ # plotting a scatterplot
sns.scatterplot(x='practical score',
                y='viva score', data= train_df)
```

Out[16]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0xc57448>



```
In [17]: ▶ sns.scatterplot(x='practical score',  
                           y='viva score', data= test_df)
```

```
Out[17]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x10e8dc0>
```



```
In [23]: ▶ import numpy  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
#Extracting Independent and dependent Variable  
x= train_df.iloc[:, 1:2].values  
y= train_df.iloc[:, 2].values
```



```
In [25]: ► import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import make_classification
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.svm import SVC

# generate some sample data
X, y = make_classification(n_samples=1000,
n_features=10,
n_informative=6,
n_redundant = 2,
n_repeated = 2,
n_classes = 6,
n_clusters_per_class=1,
random_state = 42
)

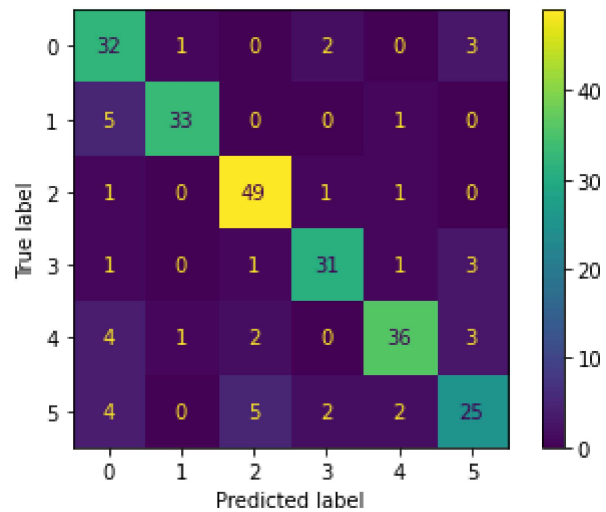
# split the data into train and test set
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, random_state=0)

# initialize and train a classifier
clf = SVC(random_state=0)
clf.fit(X_train, y_train)

# get the model's prediction for the test set
predictions = clf.predict(X_test)

# using the model's prediction and the true value,
# create a confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions, labels=clf.classes_)

# use the built-in visualization function to generate a plot
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm, display_labels=clf.classes_)
disp.plot()
plt.show()
```



```
In [29]: train_df.shape
```

```
Out[29]: (31999, 9)
```

```
In [30]: test_df.shape
```

```
Out[30]: (100, 8)
```

```
In [31]: train_df.dropna().shape
```

```
Out[31]: (31999, 9)
```



```
In [33]: ▶ test_df['viva score'].value_counts()
```

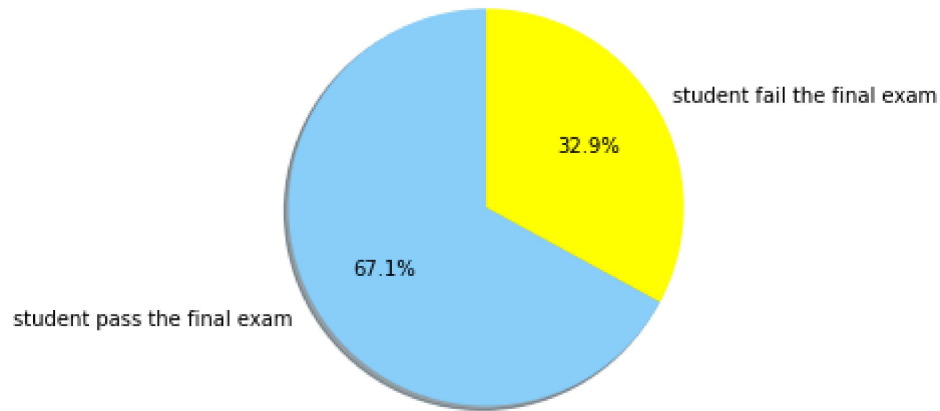
```
Out[33]: 65      6
          75      5
          66      5
          56      5
          71      4
          59      4
          74      4
          77      4
          67      3
          100     3
          90      3
          49      3
          60      2
          70      2
          62      2
          63      2
          57      2
          55      2
          50      2
          40      2
          68      2
          61      2
          69      2
          73      2
          79      2
          81      2
          83      2
          84      2
          89      2
          98      1
          92      1
          39      1
          97      1
          41      1
          44      1
          46      1
          94      1
          86      1
          53      1
          91      1
          72      1
          58      1
          85      1
```

```
80      1
76      1
38      1
Name: viva score, dtype: int64
```

```
In [34]: ▶ train_df['viva score'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[34]: 72      1164
        77      1139
        66      1061
        68      1045
        69       974
        ...
        32        33
        34        33
        25        33
        41        32
        37        32
Name: viva score, Length: 71, dtype: int64
```

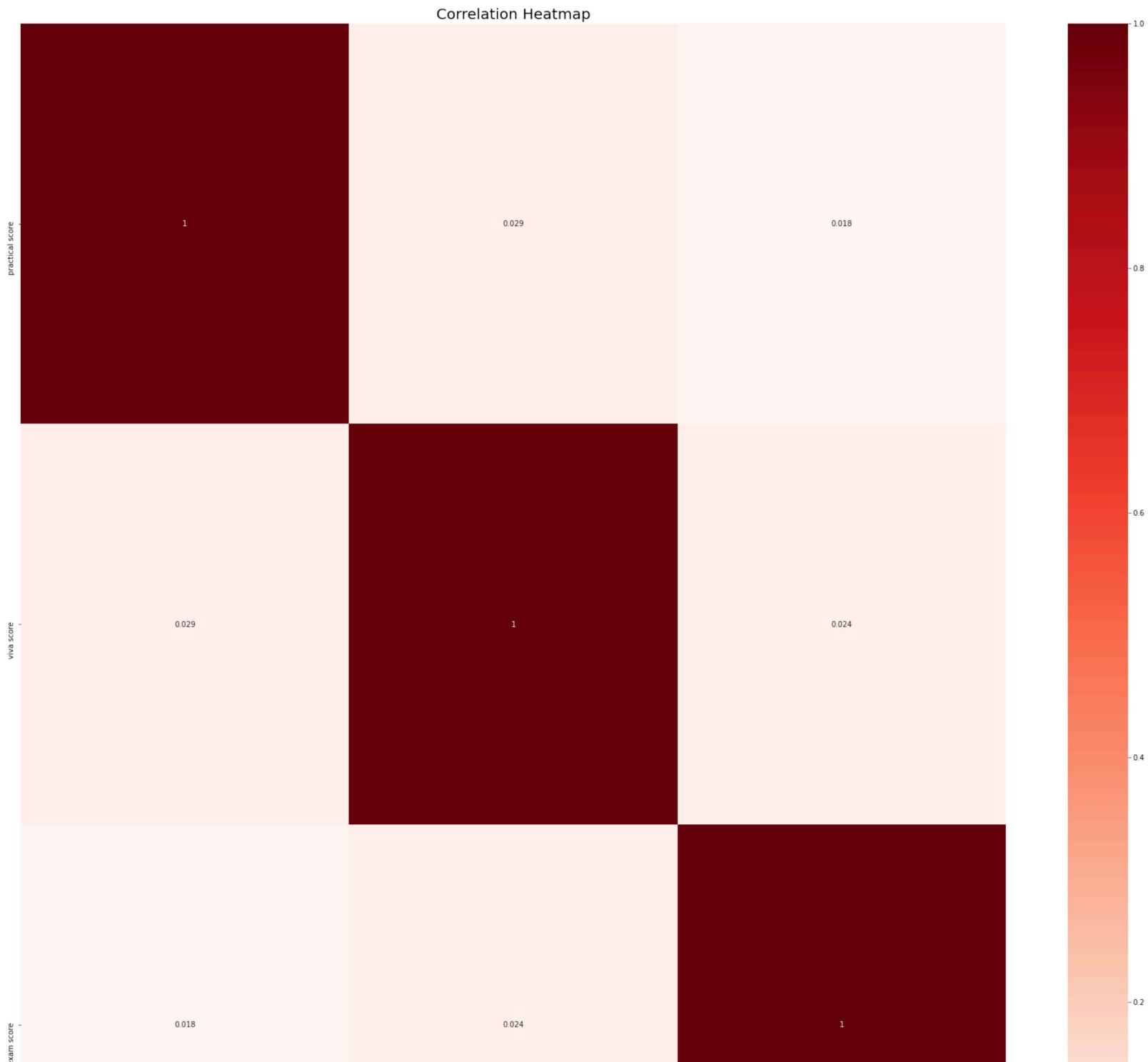
```
In [35]: ▶ labels = 'student pass the final exam ', 'student fail the final exam'
        sizes = [265, 130]
        colors=['lightskyblue','yellow']
        fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()
        ax1.pie(sizes, labels=labels, autopct='%1.1f%%', colors=colors,
                shadow=True, startangle=90)
        ax1.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures that pie is drawn as a circle.
        plt.show()
```



```
In [36]: ▶ corr = train_df.corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(30,30))
sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True, cmap="Reds")
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap', fontsize=20)
```

```
Out[36]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Correlation Heatmap')
```







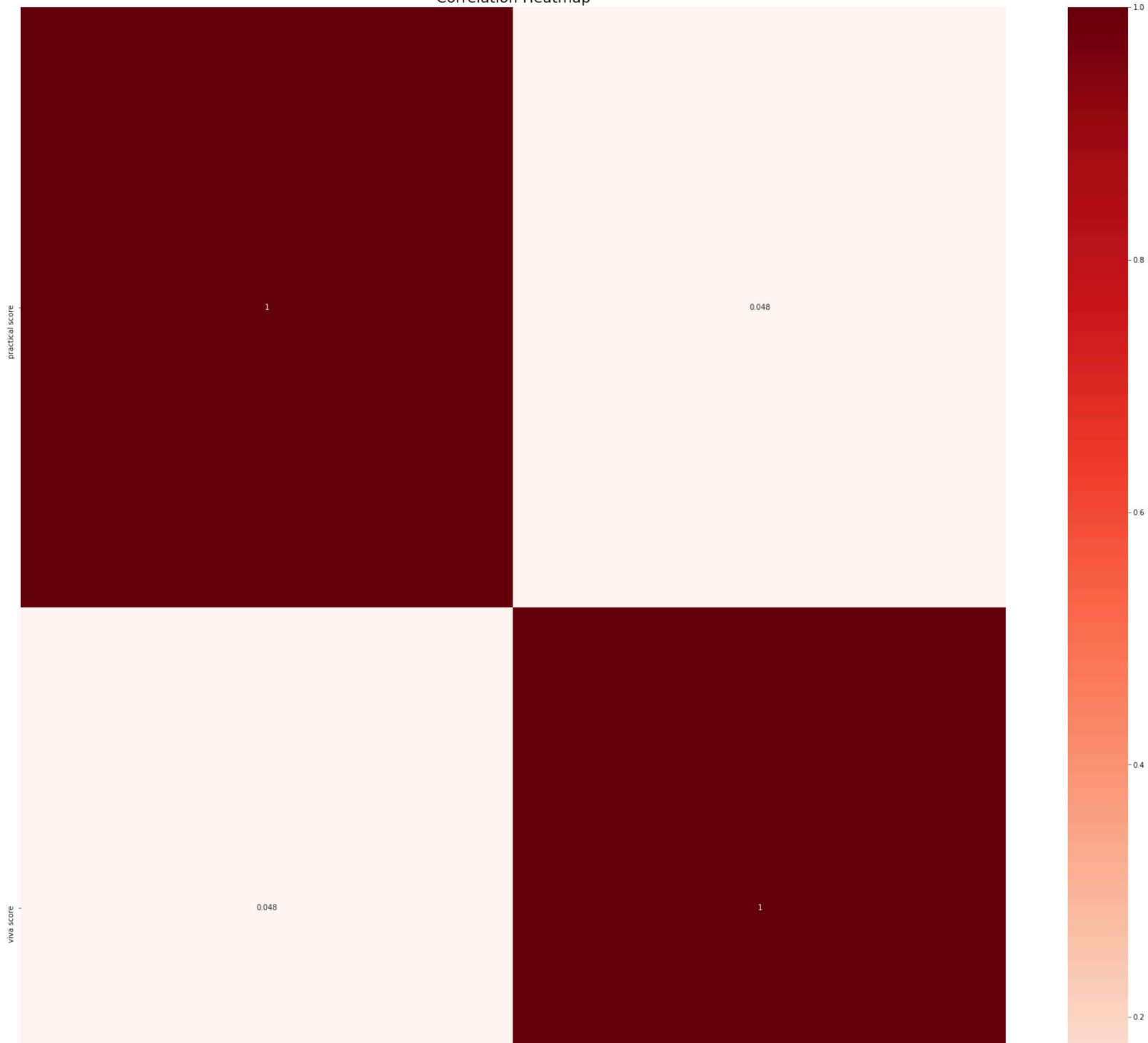


```
In [37]: ▶ corr = test_df.corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(30,30))
sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True, cmap="Reds")
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap', fontsize=20)
```

```
Out[37]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Correlation Heatmap')
```



Correlation Heatmap





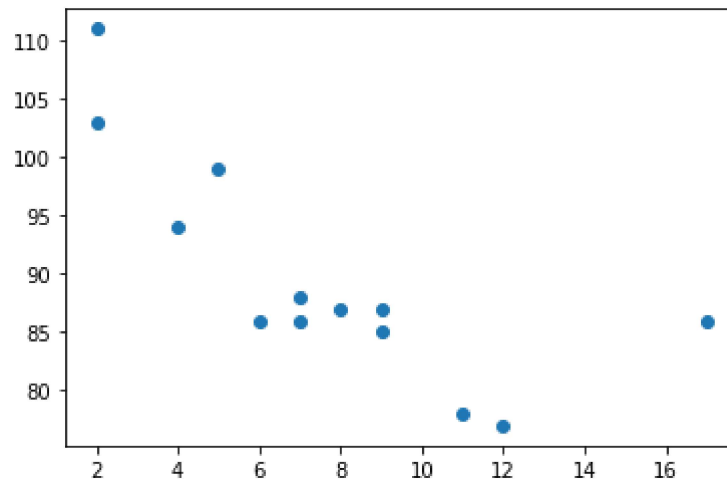
```
In [39]: ▶ train_df["exam score"].unique()
```

```
Out[39]: array([ 70,  52,  43,  41,  81,  85,  74,  62,  76,  71,  86,  88,  72,
                51,  59,  79,  75,  37,  82,  54,  87,  78,  48,  77,  67,  65,
                90,  68,  56,  80,  84,  63,  61,  93,  66,  73,  36,  57,  33,
                46,  89,  95,  42,  91,  60,  58,  38,  83,  97,  64,  53, 100,
                55,  47,  50,  69,  94,  44,  99,  92,  49,  15,  40,  98,  19,
                96,  35,  32,  26,  28,  45,  27,  30,  23], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [49]: ▶ import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

x = np.array([5,7,8,7,2,17,2,9,4,11,12,9,6])
y = np.array([99,86,87,88,111,86,103,87,94,78,77,85,86])

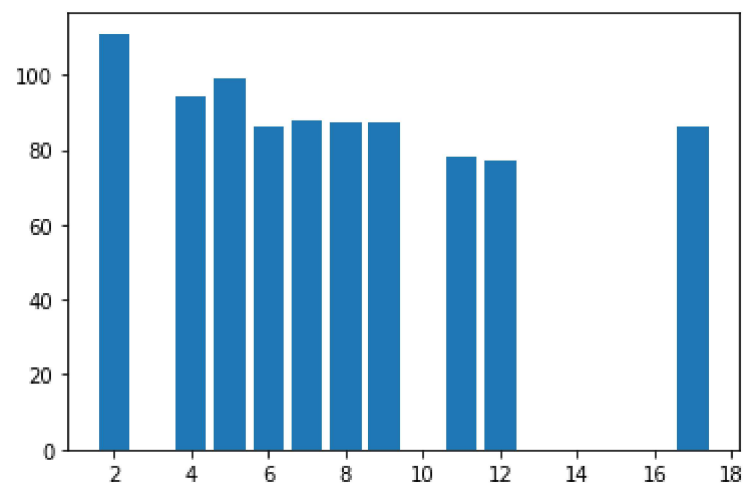
plt.scatter(x, y)
plt.show()
```



In [50]:



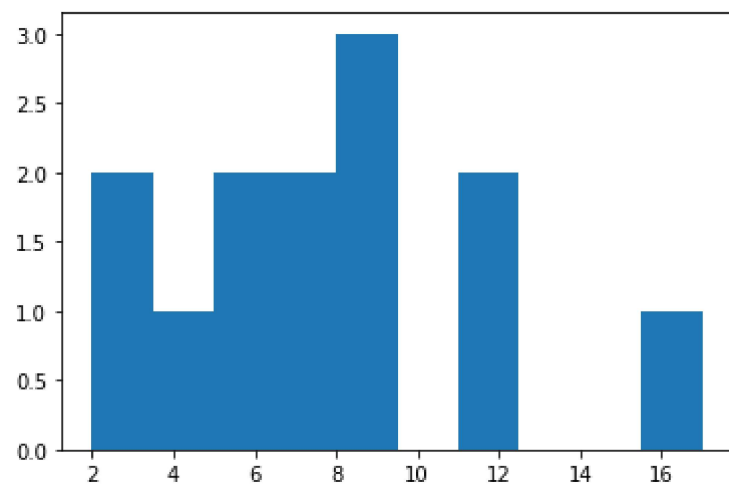
```
plt.bar(x,y)  
plt.show()
```



In [51]:



```
plt.hist(x)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [53]: ▶ y = np.array([35, 25, 25, 15])  
mylabels = ["Apples", "Bananas", "Cherries", "Dates"]  
  
plt.pie(y, labels = mylabels)  
plt.show()
```

