

# Week 4: Deployment on Flask

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### Introduction:

I would like to remind you that during the second and third weeks of the "G2M insight for Cab Investment firm" project, I conducted an in-depth Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) of the data, tested hypotheses, developed recommendations on choosing a company to invest in, and then presented the results.

This week, based on this data, I trained a Machine Learning model (XGBoost) to predict Profit per Trip, taking into account various features (like "City", "Payment Mode", "Gender", "KM Travelled", "Date", etc.), and then <u>locally deployed this model using the Flask framework</u>.

# **Modeling**

#### 1.1. Load the data

	<pre>df = pd.read df.head()</pre>	d_csv('a	lf.csv')													Python
	Transaction ID	Date of Travel	Company	City	KM Travelled	Price Charged	Cost of Trip	Customer ID	Payment_Mode	Gender	Age	Income (USD/Month)	Population	Users	Year	Month Da
0	10000011	2016- 01-07	Pink Cab	atlanta Ga	30.45	370.95	313.635	29290	Card	Male	28	10813	814885	24701	2016	1
1	10000012	2016- 01-05	Pink Cab	atlanta Ga	28.62	358.52	334.854	27703	Card	Male	27	9237	814885	24701	2016	1
2	10000013	2016- 01-01	Pink Cab	atlanta Ga	9.04	125.20	97.632	28712	Cash	Male	53	11242	814885	24701	2016	1
3	10000014	2016- 01-06	Pink Cab	atlanta Ga	33.17	377.40	351.602	28020	Cash	Male	23	23327	814885	24701	2016	1
4	10000015	2016- 01-02	Pink Cab	atlanta Ga	8.73	114.62	97.776	27182	Card	Male	33	8536	814885	24701	2016	1

#### 1.2. Data preprocessing

• Train and test split

```
# Divide the data into training and test subsets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_data, y_data, test_size=0.2, random_state=26)
```

• Scale and encode

```
# Create a preprocessor for columns
preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[
        ('num', StandardScaler(), numerical_features),
        ('cat', OneHotEncoder(drop='first'), categorical_features)
])
```

```
# Apply transformations to the train subset
X_train = preprocessor.fit_transform(X_train)
# Apply transformations to the test subset
X_test = preprocessor.transform(X_test)
```

#### 1.3. Train the models

• Linear Regression, Ridge, Lasso, Random Forest, XGBoost, XGBoost with GridSearchCV

#### 1.4. Choose the best model and save it together with the preprocessor using pickle

```
with open('best_xgb_model.pkl', 'wb') as file:
    pickle.dump(xgb_model, file)

print("Model saved successfully.")

Model saved successfully.
```

```
# Save the preprocessor
with open('preprocessor.pkl', 'wb') as f:
    pickle.dump(preprocessor, f)
```

# **Local Deployment on Flask**

### **2.1.** Create a directory structure for the project:

• Organize the project files into a directory structure that includes a Flask script, HTML template, static resources (CSS, images), a model, and a preprocessor.

#### 2.2. Create a Flask app:

• Write a Flask script ('app.py') that loads the model and the preprocessor, extracts data from the from, processes the input data from the web form, makes predictions and displays the results on the web page.

```
app = Flask(__name__)

# Load model u preprocessor
model = pickle.load(open('best_xgb_model.pkl', 'rb'))
preprocessor = pickle.load(open('preprocessor.pkl', 'rb'))
@app.route('/home')
def home():
    return render_template('index.html')
```

```
# Transform new data
  new_data_transformed = preprocessor.transform(new_data)

# Prediction
  prediction = model.predict(new_data_transformed)[0]

# Convert to float
  prediction = round(float(prediction), 2)

return render_template('index.html', prediction=prediction, data=data)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```

### 2.3. Create an HTML template:

• Create an template ('index.html') for a web form that allows users to enter data for prediction. You need to select an option from the list for the "City", "Payment Method", "Gender" and "Company". All other elements of the form should be entered manually. After submitting the form, the template displays the predicted result.

### 2.4. Create CSS styles:

 Add styles to enhance the appearance of the web page, including the design of the form and background, to create a more user-friendly and visually appealing interface.

```
body {
                                                          label {
   font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
                                                              display: block;
   margin: 40px;
                                                              margin-bottom: 5px;
   background-image: url('../images/background.jpg');
   background-size: cover;
   background-repeat: no-repeat;
                                                          input, select {
   background-attachment: fixed;
                                                              width: 100%;
   justify-content: center;
                                                              padding: 8px;
   align-items: center;
                                                              box-sizing: border-box;
   height: 100vh;
                                                          button {
                                                              padding: 10px 15px;
   background: ■rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.8);
                                                              background-color: ■#007BFF;
   padding: 20px;
                                                              color: □white;
   border-radius: 10px;
                                                              border: none;
   max-width: 600px;
                                                              cursor: pointer;
   margin: auto;
                                                              border-radius: 5px;
   width: 100%;
                                                          button:hover {
.form-group {
                                                              background-color: ■#0056b3;
   margin-bottom: 15px;
```

#### 2.5. Run app:

• Launch the Flask app and open it in a web browser on a local server <a href="http://127.0.0.1:5000">http://127.0.0.1:5000</a> to test the data entry and predictions, ensuring that all elements are working correctly.

```
* Serving Flask app 'app'

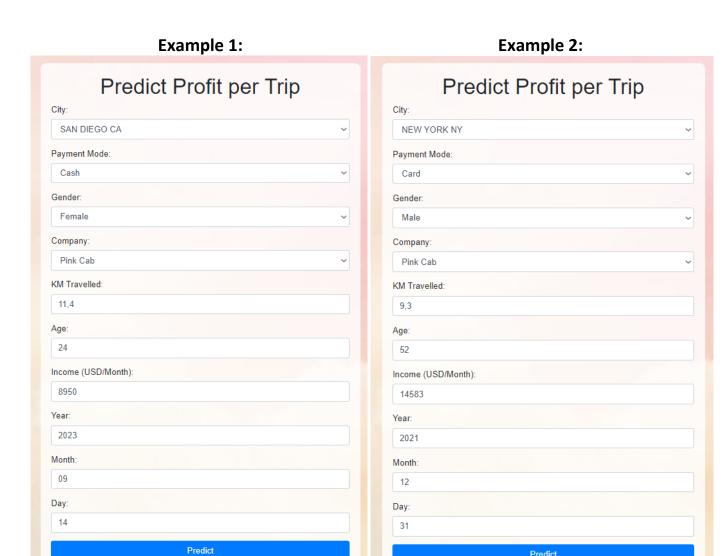
* Debug mode: on

WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.

* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000

Press CTRL+C to quit
```

## Below you can see 6 examples of using locally deployed Flask app:

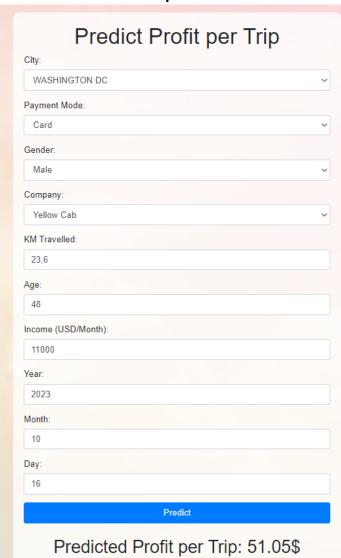


Predicted Profit per Trip: 9.39\$

Predict

Predicted Profit per Trip: 57.24\$

Example 3:

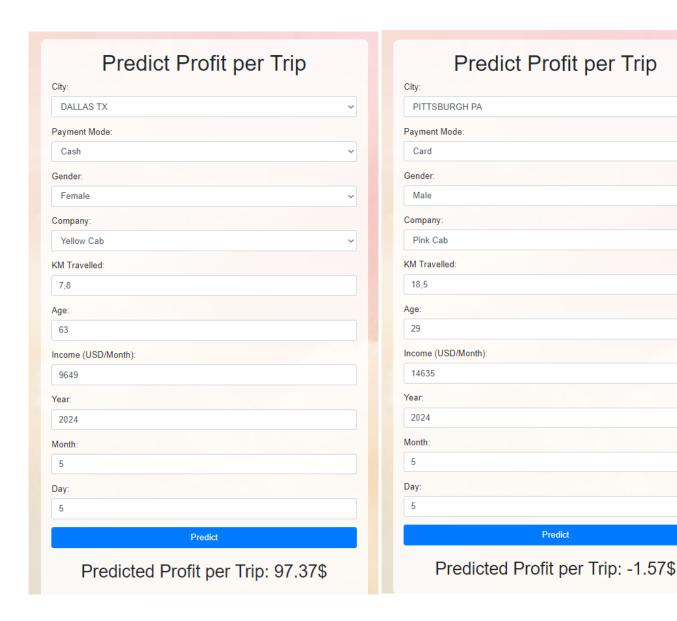


Example 4:

Predict Profit per Trip				
City:				
MIAMI FL ~				
Payment Mode:				
Card				
Gender:				
Female				
Company:				
Yellow Cab ~				
KM Travelled:				
4,1				
Age:				
33				
Income (USD/Month):				
12546				
Year:				
2022				
Month:				
4				
Day:				
01				
Predict				
Predicted Profit per Trip: 38.07\$				

### **Example 5:**

# **Example 6:**



The results are acceptable, as the actual Profit column in the training data ranges from -220.06 to +1463.96.

count	359392.000000
mean	137.253198
std	160.311840
min	-220.060000
25%	28.012000
50%	81.962000
75%	190.030000
max	1463.966000