

Project 4: Inter-Process Communication

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UiT

Spring 2024

Project 4

Project Overview

Project Tasks

Administrative Details

Project 4: Administrative Info (mostly like the others)

- Mandatory assignment
- Groups of two
- Design review
- ► Hand-in
 - Hand-in via Canvas
 - Code: whole repository (working tree + .git/ dir)
 - Report: place in a report/ directory in your repo
 - Zip up and upload to Canvas
 - ▶ **New!** Also upload the report PDF separately



Project 4: Inter-Process Communication (IPC)

- ► In Project 3:
 - We had separation between processes and kernel
 - ▶ But we didn't enforce it
- ► In Project 4:
 - ► We will enforce the separation
 - But we will build an Inter-Process Communication system
- ➤ You will:
 - ► Implement IPC message passing
 - Complete a keyboard driver
 - Reimplement sync abstractions to reduce interrupt disable time
 - ► Load processes dynamically



Project 4: Environment / Precode

Precode includes our solution to Project 3, plus many additions to support Project 4.

Project 3	Project 4
All kernel priv (0)	Priv enforced: Kernel (0) vs Process (3)
One address space	Each process has own address space
Atomic via disabling interrupts	Atomic via C <atomic.h></atomic.h>
No interaction	Keyboard input + interactive shell
No disk I/O after boot	USB storage drivers
Flat disk image	Image has simple directory of processes

Be warned: Later projects have received less attention

- ► You will encounter more old, un-refactored code
- ► There will be bugs



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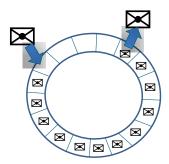
Tasks Overview

You will:

- Implement IPC message passing
- Complete keyboard driver
- ► Reduce interrupt disable time (by reimplementing sync abstractions)
- Load processes dynamically



Task: Implement IPC Message Passing



A ring-buffer as a mailbox

Ring buffer

- ► Fixed-size: bounded buffer
- Variable-sized messages
- ► First In, First Out (FIFO)

Producer-consumer problem

- Multiple producers
- Multiple consumers
- ▶ Blocking operations

Implementation

- ▶ mbox.[ch]
- Struct already defined
- Locks + condition variables
- You will write the API functions

Project 4

Mailbox API

► API functions

```
void mbox_init(void);
int mbox_open(int key);
int mbox_close(int q);
int mbox_stat(int q, int *count, int *space);
int mbox_recv(int q, msg_t *m);
int mbox_send(int q, msg_t *m);
```

- Mailboxes identified by integer id (like file descriptors)
- No other addressing
- Any process can put a message in a box
- Any process can remove a message from a box

Task: Complete Keyboard Driver

Chain

Hardware

- ► Hardware IRQ 1
- ► Read *scan code* from port 0x60

Partial driver

- keyboard_interrupt: look up scan code in table
- table has pointers to handler fns
- handler fns:
 - test for CTRL / SHIFT / ALT
 - map scan code to ASCII
 - call putchar



Keyboard Interface with OS: putchar

Precode

- Maps keyboard scan code to ASCII
- ► NB: US keyboard layout

putchar

- Put character into mailbox
- ► How exactly? Up to you

Classic producer/consumer problem

- Single producer. Or is it multiple?
- One source of input: keyboard
- But interrupt occurs in context of different threads/processes
- Multiple consumers. Or is it single?
- Any process can pull ASCII messages off of the mailbox
- But in practice it will usually just be the shell

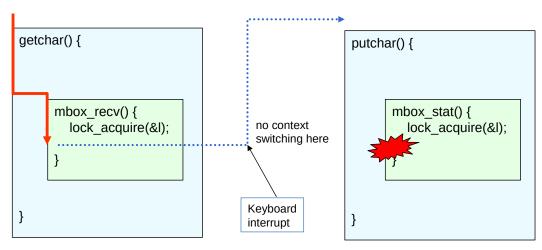


Keyboard: Subtle Points

- Producer must not block
 - ► This is important for a keyboard handler
 - Why is this?
 - Solution: drop key if buffer is full
 - Check before send: mbox_stat before mbox_send
 - Need check + send to be atomic. Why?
- ▶ What if getchar is interrupted by a keyboard interrupt?
 - Why is this a problem?
 - Solution: disable interrupt. But where?
- → ↑ Design review questions ↑



Keyboard: Deadlock Danger



getchar interrupted by keyboard interrupt

Task: Reduce Interrupt Disable Time

- ▶ Interrupts should be disabled as little as possible
 - Potential to lose hardware events
 - ► Interrupt controller will wait for CPU, but...
 - What if another key comes in before you handle the first?
 - ▶ What if another timer event fires before you handle the last?
- Where can we reduce?
 - Scheduler? Too difficult to rewrite this time
 - Sync abstractions? ...



Rewriting Sync Abstractions

- ▶ In Project 3, we achieved atomicity by disabling interrupts
- Alternative: atomic test-and-set
 - C standard <atomic.h> provides atomic_flag type
 - atomic_flag_test_and_set()
 - atomic_flag_clear()
 - Compile atomic CPU instructions
- Use atomic-test-and-set to build a spinlock

```
spinlock_acquire(atomic_flag *flag) {
    while(atomic_test_and_set(flag)) yield();
}
spinlock_release(atomic_flag *flag) {
    atomic_flag_clear(flag);
}
```

Use spinlocks to implement locks, condvars, etc.

Using Spinlocks: An Example

Via interrupt disable

```
static void lock_acquire(lock_t *1)
{
    nointerrupt_enter();
    while (l->locked) {
        block(&l->wait_queue);
    }
    l->locked = true;
    nointerrupt_leave();
}
```

Via spinlock

```
static void lock_acquire(lock_t *1)
{
    spinlock_acquire(&l->spinlock);
    while (1->locked) {
        block(&l->wait_queue, &l->spinlock);
    }
    l->locked = true;
    spinlock_release(&l->spinlock);
}
```

- block takes lock param
 - Releases before blocking
 - ► Re-aquires before returning
- This is no longer in the precode
- ► Should it be? Possible regression?

Task: Load Processes Dynamically

- ▶ In Project 3, all programs loaded at startup
- In Project 4, we will load them dynamically
- For dynamic loading, we need:
 - 1. Separate address space for each process
 - 2. Memory manager
 - 3. Disk format that lists processes
 - These are provided in precode

You will implement...

readdir()

- 1. Load process-directory sector
- 2. Return data to shell for parsing

loadproc()

- 1. Allocate physical memory
- 2. Read code/data from disk
- Pass mem info to create_process()



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Loading Need 1: Separate Address Spaces

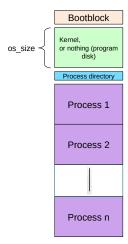
- Privilege enforcement via Global Descriptor Table
 - Descriptors for kernel-level code/data (ring 0)
 - Descriptors for user-level code/data (ring 3)
 - Precode pcb struct now has CS/DS fields
 - ► In-kernel threads: CS/DS point to kernel-level descriptors
 - User processes: CS/DS point to user-level descriptors
- Separate address spaces for user processes
 - Process loaded to virtual address 0x100 0000
 - GDT Task State Segment to help with task switching
 - Precode will handle the details
 - You just need to implement physical page allocation
 - ▶ In Project 5 you will get into the details



Loading Need 2: Memory Manager

- Pool of physical pages
 - ▶ 4 KiB per page
 - ► 1 MiB pool
- You implement: alloc_memory()
 - Get pages from the pool
- Extra challenge: implement free_memory()

Loading Need 3: Disk Format that Lists Processes



Updated disk format with process directory

- Add a process directory after the kernel
- Very simple process directory format:
 - List of (location, size) pairs, both int
 - No names. Processes identified by index
 - Process 0: shell
 - Process 1: process1 (plane)
 - **.**..
- Kernel will load processes dynamically
 - Initiated by shell
 - ▶ load 1: load process1 (plane)
 - ▶ load 2: load process2 (math)
 - **...**
- ► In diagram: "Program disk"?
 - Old feature to hot-swap floppies
 - No longer working



Implementing Loading

USB storage support (precode)

- Precode provides a basic USB storage driver (kernel/usb/**)
- ► Key header for you: scsi.h
 - scsi_read(): reads one 512-byte sector
 - scsi_write(): writes one 512-byte sector
- For now, only reading

Loading a program: loadproc() (you)

- Read process directory: readdir() (you)
- Allocate pages for code + data: alloc_memory() (you)
- Also allocate pages for stack
- Read process sectors: scsi_read() (precode)
- Initialize a pcb struct: create_process() (precode)



Implementation Help: "Given" Files

- This project has many pieces that lean on each other
 - Hard to develop and test one without the others
- "Given" files: Compiled binaries of working implementations:
 - ▶ mbox.given.o: IPC mailboxes
 - keyboard.given.o: keyboard driver
 - sync.given.o: sync abstractions
 - pcb.given.o: dynamic loading
- Lines in Makefile.common: Uncomment to use given files

```
#KERNEL_OBJS := $(KERNEL_OBJS:kernel/mbox.o=kernel/mbox.given.o)
#KERNEL_OBJS := $(KERNEL_OBJS:kernel/keyboard.o=kernel/keyboard.given.o)
#KERNEL_OBJS := $(KERNEL_OBJS:kernel/sync.o=kernel/sync.given.o)
#KERNEL_OBJS := $(KERNEL_OBJS:kernel/pcb.o=kernel/pcb.given.o)
```

► Careful with headers: Some changes may break given files



Extra Challenges

- Free memory when a process exits
- Use a more interesting allocation algorithm
 - ► Make it more like a proper malloc
- ▶ Implement new commands in the shell:
 - ps: list running processes
 - kill: stop a running process
 - Suspend / resume a process
- To really go above and beyond, get creative:
 - You have input now. You could write a simple game
 - Try switching to VGA graphics mode
 - Write a better shell



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Project 4

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Administrative Details

Procedure is (Mostly) the Same as Other Projects

- Design reviews start on Monday (!!)
- Code
- Report
- Hand in via Canvas: zip up entire repository plus report
- ▶ **New!** Also upload the report PDF separately



Report

- Structure: scientific paper
- ► Length: around 4 pages
- Citations: required
 - You must cite sources you use
 - At the very least, you should have the textbook as a source
- File format: PDF
- Al tools: discouraged but not banned. Use must be declared
- ▶ **New!** See Howto doc and template in repository
 - doc/how-to-write-a-report.md: gives more guidelines and advice
 - ▶ report/latex-src/template.tex: LaTeX tutorial / template
 - ▶ If you use the template, be sure to remove all existing content



Hand In via Canvas

- ▶ Put your report in your repository, under a report/ dir
 - Report shoud be a PDF format
 - ▶ If you write in Word or other WYSIWYG word processor, export to PDF
- Zip up your entire repository (code tree + report + .git/ dir)
- Submit via Canvas
 - Upload zip
 - ► New! Also upload report PDF
 - Having both makes it easier for us to grade

