# Project 4: Inter-Process Communication

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## **Project 4**

## **Project Overview**

## Project 4: Administrative Info (mostly like the others)

Mandatory assignment

- · Groups of two
- · Design review
- · Hand-in
  - Hand-in via Canvas
  - Code: whole repository (working tree + .git/ dir)
  - Report: place in a report/ directory in your repo
  - Zip up and upload to Canvas
  - New! Also upload the report PDF separately

#### **Project 4: Inter-Process Communication (IPC)**

- In Project 3:
  - We had separation between processes and kernel
  - But we didn't enforce it
- In Project 4:
  - We will enforce the separation
  - But we will build an Inter-Process Communication system
- · You will:
  - Implement IPC message passing
  - Complete a keyboard driver
  - Reimplement sync abstractions to reduce interrupt disable time
  - Load processes dynamically

#### **Project 4: Environment / Precode**

Precode includes our solution to Project 3, plus many additions to support Project 4.

Project 3	Project 4
All kernel priv (0)	Priv enforced: Kernel (0) vs Process (3)
One address space	Each process has own address space
Atomic via disabling interrupts	Atomic via C <atomic.h></atomic.h>
No interaction	Keyboard input + interactive shell
No disk I/O after boot	USB storage drivers
Flat disk image	Image has simple directory of processes

Be warned: Later projects have received less attention

- You will encounter more old, un-refactored code
- There will be bugs

## **Project Tasks**

#### **Tasks Overview**

#### You will:

- Implement IPC message passing
- Complete keyboard driver
- Reduce interrupt disable time (by reimplementing sync abstractions)
- Load processes dynamically

#### **Task: Implement IPC Message Passing**

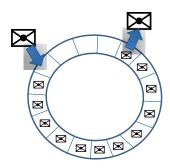


Figure 1: A ring-buffer as a mailbox

## Ring buffer

- Fixed-size: bounded buffer
- Variable-sized messages
- First In, First Out (FIFO)

#### **Producer-consumer problem**

- Multiple producers
- Multiple consumers
- Blocking operations

#### **Implementation**

- mbox.[ch]
- Struct already defined
- Locks + condition variables
- You will write the API functions

#### **Mailbox API**

API functions

```
void mbox_init(void);
int mbox_open(int key);
```

```
int mbox_close(int q);
int mbox_stat(int q, int *count, int *space);
int mbox_recv(int q, msg_t *m);
int mbox_send(int q, msg_t *m);
```

- Mailboxes identified by integer id (like file descriptors)
- No other addressing
- Any process can put a message in a box
- Any process can remove a message from a box

#### **Task: Complete Keyboard Driver**

#### Chain

#### Hardware

- Hardware IRQ 1
- Read scan code from port 0x60

#### **Partial driver**

- keyboard\_interrupt: look up scan code in table
- table has pointers to handler fns
- · handler fns:
  - test for CTRL / SHIFT / ALT
  - map scan code to ASCII
  - call putchar

#### Keyboard Interface with OS: putchar

#### Precode

- Maps keyboard scan code to ASCII
- NB: US keyboard layout

#### putchar

- Put character into mailbox
- · How exactly? Up to you

#### Classic producer/consumer problem

- Single producer. Or is it multiple?
- One source of input: keyboard
- But interrupt occurs in context of different threads/processes

- · Multiple consumers. Or is it single?
- Any process can pull ASCII messages off of the mailbox
- But in practice it will usually just be the shell

#### **Keyboard: Subtle Points**

- · Producer must not block
  - This is important for a keyboard handler
  - Why is this?
  - Solution: drop key if buffer is full
  - Check before send: mbox\_stat before mbox\_send
  - Need check + send to be atomic. Why?
- What if getchar is interrupted by a keyboard interrupt?
  - Why is this a problem?
  - Solution: disable interrupt. But where?
- ↑ Design review questions ↑

#### **Keyboard: Deadlock Danger**

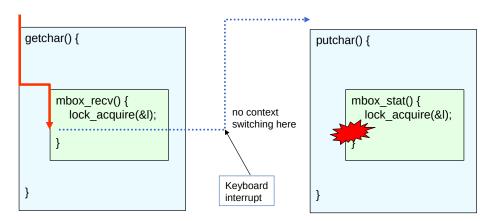


Figure 2: getchar interrupted by keyboard interrupt

#### **Task: Reduce Interrupt Disable Time**

- Interrupts should be disabled as little as possible
  - Potential to lose hardware events
  - Interrupt controller will wait for CPU, but...
  - What if another key comes in before you handle the first?
  - What if another timer event fires before you handle the last?
- Where can we reduce?
  - Scheduler? Too difficult to rewrite this time
  - Sync abstractions? ...

#### **Rewriting Sync Abstractions**

- In Project 3, we achieved atomicity by disabling interrupts
- Alternative: atomic test-and-set
  - C standard <atomic.h> provides atomic\_flag type
  - atomic\_flag\_test\_and\_set()
  - atomic\_flag\_clear()
  - Compile atomic CPU instructions
- Use atomic-test-and-set to build a spinlock

```
spinlock_acquire(atomic_flag *flag) {
    while(atomic_test_and_set(flag)) yield();
}
spinlock_release(atomic_flag *flag) {
    atomic_flag_clear(flag);
}
```

• Use spinlocks to implement locks, condvars, etc.

#### **Using Spinlocks: An Example**

#### Via interrupt disable

```
static void lock_acquire(lock_t *1)
{
    nointerrupt_enter();
    while (1->locked) {
        block(&l->wait_queue);
    }
    l->locked = true;
    nointerrupt_leave();
}
```

#### Via spinlock

```
static void lock_acquire(lock_t *1)
{
    spinlock_acquire(&l->spinlock);
    while (l->locked) {
        block(&l->wait_queue, &l->spinlock);
    }
    l->locked = true;
    spinlock_release(&l->spinlock);
}
```

- block takes lock param
  - Releases before blocking
  - Re-aquires before returning
- This is no longer in the precode

• Should it be? Possible regression?

#### **Task: Load Processes Dynamically**

- In Project 3, all programs loaded at startup
- In Project 4, we will load them dynamically
- · For dynamic loading, we need:
  - 1. Separate address space for each process
  - 2. Memory manager
  - 3. Disk format that lists processes
  - These are provided in precode

You will implement...

#### readdir()

- 1. Load process-directory sector
- 2. Return data to shell for parsing

#### loadproc()

- 1. Allocate physical memory
- 2. Read code/data from disk
- Pass mem info to create\_process()

#### **Loading Need 1: Separate Address Spaces**

- Privilege enforcement via Global Descriptor Table
  - Descriptors for kernel-level code/data (ring 0)
  - Descriptors for user-level code/data (ring 3)
  - Precode pcb struct now has CS/DS fields
  - In-kernel threads: CS/DS point to kernel-level descriptors
  - User processes: CS/DS point to user-level descriptors
- · Separate address spaces for user processes
  - Process loaded to virtual address 0x100 0000
  - GDT Task State Segment to help with task switching
  - Precode will handle the details
  - You just need to implement physical page allocation
  - In Project 5 you will get into the details

#### **Loading Need 2: Memory Manager**

- · Pool of physical pages
  - 4 KiB per page
  - 1 MiB pool

- You implement: alloc\_memory()
  - Get pages from the pool
- Extra challenge: implement free\_memory()

#### **Loading Need 3: Disk Format that Lists Processes**

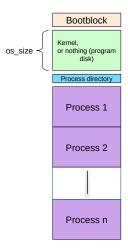


Figure 3: Updated disk format with process directory

- Add a process directory after the kernel
- Very simple process directory format:
  - List of (location, size) pairs, both int
  - No names. Processes identified by index
  - Process 0: shell
  - Process 1: process1 (plane)
  - ...
- Kernel will load processes dynamically
  - Initiated by shell
  - load 1: load process1 (plane)
  - load 2: load process2 (math)
  - ...
- In diagram: "Program disk"?
  - Old feature to hot-swap floppies
  - No longer working

#### **Implementing Loading**

#### **USB** storage support (precode)

- Precode provides a basic USB storage driver (kernel/usb/\*\*)
- Key header for you: scsi.h

- scsi\_read(): reads one 512-byte sector
- scsi\_write(): writes one 512-byte sector
- · For now, only reading

#### Loading a program: loadproc() (you)

- Read process directory: readdir() (you)
- Allocate pages for code + data: alloc\_memory() (you)
- Also allocate pages for stack
- Read process sectors: scsi\_read() (precode)
- Initialize a pcb struct: create\_process() (precode)

#### Implementation Help: "Given" Files

- This project has many pieces that lean on each other
  - Hard to develop and test one without the others
- "Given" files: Compiled binaries of working implementations:
  - mbox.given.o: IPC mailboxes
  - keyboard.given.o: keyboard driver
  - sync.given.o: sync abstractions
  - pcb.given.o: dynamic loading
- Lines in Makefile.common: Uncomment to use given files

```
#KERNEL_OBJS := $(KERNEL_OBJS:kernel/mbox.o=kernel/mbox.given.o)
#KERNEL_OBJS := $(KERNEL_OBJS:kernel/keyboard.o=kernel/keyboard.given.o)
#KERNEL_OBJS := $(KERNEL_OBJS:kernel/sync.o=kernel/sync.given.o)
#KERNEL_OBJS := $(KERNEL_OBJS:kernel/pcb.o=kernel/pcb.given.o)
```

· Careful with headers: Some changes may break given files

#### **Extra Challenges**

- · Free memory when a process exits
- Use a more interesting allocation algorithm
  - Make it more like a proper malloc
- Implement new commands in the shell:
  - ps: list running processes
  - kill: stop a running process
  - Suspend / resume a process
- To really go above and beyond, get creative:
  - You have input now. You could write a simple game
  - Try switching to VGA graphics mode
  - Write a better shell

#### **Administrative Details**

#### Procedure is (Mostly) the Same as Other Projects

- Design reviews start on Monday (!!)
- Code
- Report
- Hand in via Canvas: zip up entire repository plus report
- New! Also upload the report PDF separately

#### Report

- Structure: scientific paper
- · Length: around 4 pages
- · Citations: required
  - You must cite sources you use
  - At the very least, you should have the textbook as a source
- · File format: PDF
- Al tools: discouraged but not banned. Use must be declared
- New! See Howto doc and template in repository
  - doc/how-to-write-a-report.md: gives more guidelines and advice
  - report/latex-src/template.tex: LaTeX tutorial / template
  - If you use the template, be sure to remove all existing content

#### **Hand In via Canvas**

- Put your report in your repository, under a report/ dir
  - Report shoud be a PDF format
  - If you write in Word or other WYSIWYG word processor, export to PDF
- If you write in a document prep system like Markdown or LaTeX, you can include the report source if you like, but it's not required.
- Zip up your entire repository (code tree + report + .git/ dir)
- Submit via Canvas
  - Upload zip
  - New! Also upload report PDF
  - Having both makes it easier for us to grade