

# DSC540-Assignment-Topic1-Part1

August 8, 2021

## Import Necessary Packages

```
[12]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

## Pandas Demo

```
[2]: # Here we will use Pandas function to read a data file and display the
      ↳ structure and header of the data file.
a_pd = pd.read_csv("H:/Krishna/GCU/DSC 530/Topic 7/Loans_Training", sep=',',
      ↳ header=0)
```

```
[3]: a_pd.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150302 entries, 0 to 150301
Data columns (total 5 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Approval                             150302 non-null object
1   Debt-to-Income Ratio                 150302 non-null float64
2   FICO Score                           150302 non-null int64
3   Request Amount                       150302 non-null int64
4   Interest                             150302 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(1)
memory usage: 5.7+ MB
```

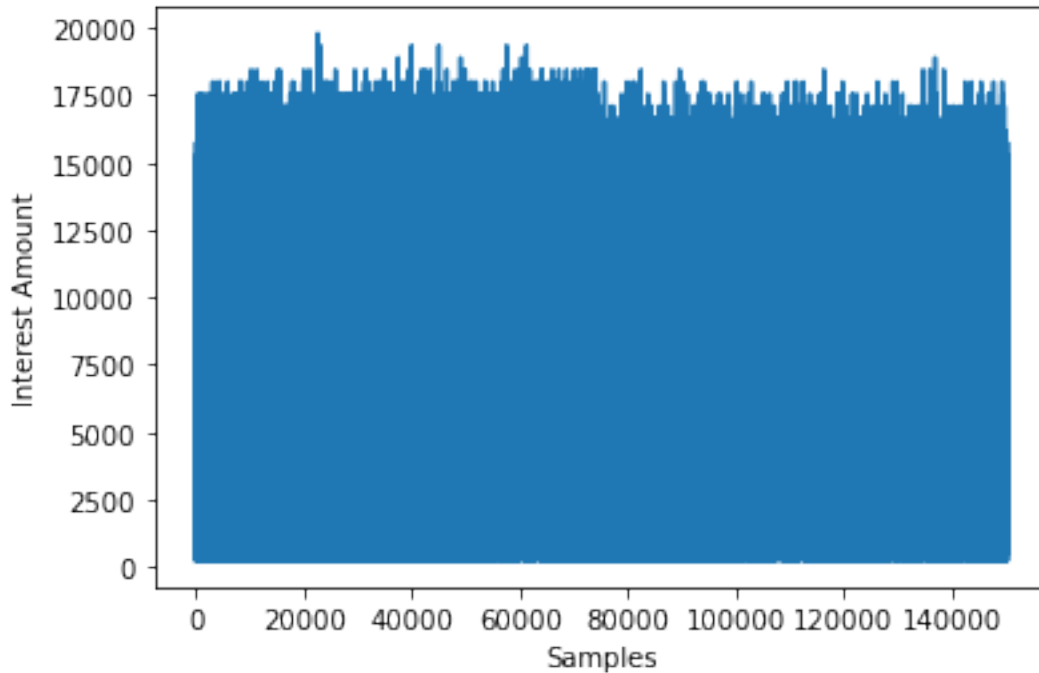
```
[4]: a_pd.head()
```

```
[4]:   Approval  Debt-to-Income Ratio  FICO Score  Request Amount  Interest
0         F                0.0         397         1000        450.0
1         F                0.0         403          500        225.0
2         F                0.0         408         1000        450.0
3         F                0.0         408         2000        900.0
4         F                0.0         411         5000       2250.0
```

## Pyplot - Matplotlib Demo

```
[8]: # Here we will demonstrate the functionality of pyplot from Matplotlib package.
plt.plot(a_pd['Interest'])
plt.ylabel('Interest Amount')
plt.xlabel('Samples')
```

```
[8]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Samples')
```



## Numpy Demo

```
[9]: # Here we will demonstrate the array creation using Numpy array function
b = np.array([1.2, 3.5, 5.1])
b.dtype
```

```
[9]: dtype('float64')
```

```
[10]: print(b)
```

```
[1.2 3.5 5.1]
```

## SciKit-Learn Demo

```
[13]: #We will demonstrate the Scikit-Learn packages functionality by using one of ↵
      ↪ the library to split the data into training set.
```

```
X_train, X_test = train_test_split(a_pd, test_size=0.2, random_state=123)
```

```
[15]: X_train.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 120241 entries, 138437 to 15725
Data columns (total 5 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Approval              120241 non-null object
1   Debt-to-Income Ratio  120241 non-null float64
2   FICO Score            120241 non-null int64
3   Request Amount        120241 non-null int64
4   Interest              120241 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(1)
memory usage: 5.5+ MB
```

```
[16]: X_test.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 30061 entries, 54222 to 145215
Data columns (total 5 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Approval              30061 non-null object
1   Debt-to-Income Ratio  30061 non-null float64
2   FICO Score            30061 non-null int64
3   Request Amount        30061 non-null int64
4   Interest              30061 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(1)
memory usage: 1.4+ MB
```

```
[ ]:
```