# Data science project on Hierarchical clustering

# June 23, 2021

```
[1]: #importing the required modules
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     #import pandas profiling as pp
     from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
     import streamlit as st
     %matplotlib inline
[2]: | wget -0 chemical composion of ceramics.csv http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/
     →machine-learning-databases/00583/Chemical%20Composion%20of%20Ceramic.csv
    --2021-06-22 12:22:34-- http://composion/
    Resolving composion (composion)... failed: nodename nor servname provided, or
    not known.
    wget: unable to resolve host address 'composion'
    --2021-06-22 12:22:34-- http://of/
    Resolving of (of)... failed: nodename nor servname provided, or not known.
    wget: unable to resolve host address 'of'
    --2021-06-22 12:22:34-- http://ceramics.csv/
    Resolving ceramics.csv (ceramics.csv)... failed: nodename nor servname provided,
    or not known.
    wget: unable to resolve host address 'ceramics.csv'
    --2021-06-22 12:22:34-- http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-
    databases/00583/Chemical%20Composion%20of%20Ceramic.csv
    Resolving archive.ics.uci.edu (archive.ics.uci.edu)... 128.195.10.252
    Connecting to archive.ics.uci.edu (archive.ics.uci.edu) | 128.195.10.252 | :80...
    HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
    Length: 8672 (8.5K) [application/x-httpd-php]
    Saving to: 'chemical'
    chemical
                        100%[========>]
                                                     8.47K --.-KB/s
                                                                         in Os
    2021-06-22 12:22:34 (22.4 MB/s) - 'chemical' saved [8672/8672]
    FINISHED --2021-06-22 12:22:34--
    Total wall clock time: 0.7s
    Downloaded: 1 files, 8.5K in 0s (22.4 MB/s)
```

```
[3]: st.title('Welcome to Data Science 1 Web Application')
     uploaded_file = st.file_uploader("Choose a file")
     if uploaded_file is not None:
       df = pd.read_csv(uploaded_file)
       st.write(df)
     st.header('\nClustering of chemical composition of Ceramics')
     st.subheader('Introduction:\n\n')
     st.write("""
     In general, clustering is a method/technique of dividing data points into⊔
      ⊸distinct groups such that data points belonging to same group have more ⊔
      ⇒similarity to other data points in the same group that those in other groups.
      \hookrightarrow This method of identifying and grouping similar data points in a large \sqcup
      ⇒dataset into one cluster is one of the most widely used technique in machine⊔
      {\scriptscriptstyle \hookrightarrow} learning and data science. This unsupervised learning technique is {\scriptscriptstyle \sqcup}
      ⊸frequently used in statistical data analysis and machine learning to design ⊔
      \hookrightarrowa model to predict the future assumptions. Moreover clustering is used in \sqcup
      -several fields like pattern recognition, image analysis and bioinformatics.
     Based on cluster model and the type of algorithms used, clustering can be_{\sqcup}
     ⇒categorised into five distinct types:\n
     1) Hierarchical clustering\n
     2) Partitioning based clustering (k-means clustering)\n
     3) Density based clustering \n
     4) Distribution based clustering \n
     5) Grid based clustering\n
     So let us start with an example dataset.\n
     """)
    2021-06-22 12:22:35.409 WARNING root:
      Warning: to view this Streamlit app on a browser, run it with the
    following
      command:
         streamlit run /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
    packages/ipykernel_launcher.py [ARGUMENTS]
[4]: st.subheader('Description of dataset:\n\n')
     st.write("""
     There are multiple features in the given dataset. Each rows represents the \Box
      →ceramic sample from two different kilns
```

```
used for the categorization and each columns represents the amount of chemical celements presented in the respective ceramic samples.

The given dataset consists of 88 instances and 19 different attributes. The chosen dataset describes the chemical composition of celadon body and glaze composition was examined by using Energy Dispersive X-ray Fluorescence celements. The chemical composition was examined by using Energy Dispersive X-ray Fluorescence composition was performed using a statistical technique called Random Forest. The samples are categorized according to different cultural eras and kilns chat were used to manufacture them. 44 samples were used to examine the composition of celadon body and the same samples were examined cagain to determine the composition of glaze in those samples.
```

[]:

```
[5]: #reading the dataset
data = "Chemical"
df1 = pd.read_csv(data)
df1.head()

st.write(df1.head(20))
```

#since the dataset is labeled, i assigned two dummy variables for "Part"

→ attribute as "Part\_Body" = 1 and "Part\_Glaze" = 0

#this is very useful to determine the accuracy of a model later

df1\_part= pd.get\_dummies(df1[["Part"]])

#adding two columns at the end of dataset
df = pd.concat([df1,df1\_part],axis =1)

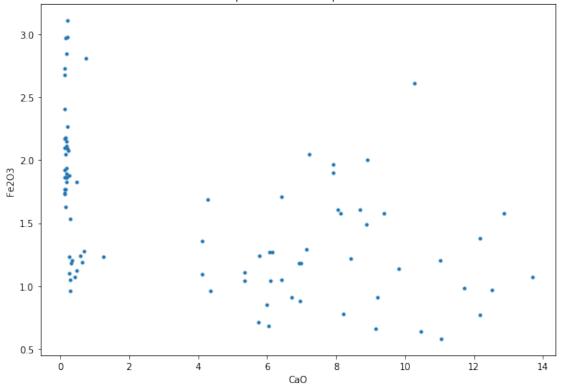
#defining the target variables i.e. the Ceramic Names are assigned to either

→ "Body" as value 1 or "Glaze" as value 0

```
y = df.iloc[:,(19)].values
     df.head()
[7]:
       Ceramic Name Part
                            Na20
                                   MgO
                                        A1203
                                                 SiO2
                                                        K20
                                                               CaO
                                                                    TiO2
                                                                          Fe203
            FLQ-1-b
                     Body
                            0.62
                                  0.38
                                        19.61
                                                71.99
                                                       4.84
                                                              0.31
                                                                    0.07
                                                                            1.18
                                  0.47
                                                       4.98
     1
            FLQ-2-b
                     Body
                            0.57
                                        21.19
                                                70.09
                                                              0.49
                                                                    0.09
                                                                            1.12
     2
            FLQ-3-b
                     Body
                            0.49
                                  0.19
                                        18.60
                                                74.70
                                                       3.47
                                                              0.43
                                                                    0.06
                                                                            1.07
                                                                            1.23
     3
            FLQ-4-b
                     Body
                            0.89
                                  0.30
                                        18.01
                                                74.19
                                                       4.01
                                                              0.27
                                                                    0.09
     4
            FLQ-5-b
                     Body 0.03
                                  0.36
                                        18.41
                                                73.99
                                                       4.33
                                                              0.65
                                                                    0.05
                                                                            1.19
        CuO
             Zn0
                  Pb02
                         Rb20
                               Sr0
                                    Y203
                                           ZrO2
                                                 P205
                                                       Part_Body
                                                                   Part_Glaze
     0
         10
              70
                     10
                          430
                                 0
                                       40
                                             80
                                                   90
         20
              80
                     40
                          430
                               -10
                                       40
                                            100
                                                  110
                                                                             0
     1
                                                                1
     2
         20
              50
                     50
                          380
                                40
                                       40
                                             80
                                                  200
                                                                1
                                                                             0
                          380
                                       40
                                             70
                                                  210
                                                                1
                                                                             0
     3
         20
              70
                     60
                                10
         40
                     40
                          360
                                                                             0
              90
                                10
                                       30
                                             80
                                                  150
                                                                1
     [5 rows x 21 columns]
[8]: #cleaning the dataset for the analysis
     # since the first two columns are non categorical, they need to be removed for \Box
      → the analysis
     df.pop("Ceramic Name")
     df.pop("Part")
     df.head()
[8]:
        Na20
                                                TiO2 Fe2O3
                                                                             Pb02
               MgO Al203
                             Si02
                                    K20
                                           CaO
                                                              Mn0
                                                                   CuO
                                                                        Zn0
                                                                                    \
     0 0.62 0.38
                     19.61
                           71.99 4.84
                                          0.31
                                                0.07
                                                        1.18
                                                              630
                                                                    10
                                                                         70
                                                                                10
     1 0.57 0.47
                     21.19
                            70.09 4.98
                                          0.49
                                                0.09
                                                        1.12
                                                              380
                                                                    20
                                                                                40
                                                                         80
                    18.60
                                                        1.07
                                                              420
     2 0.49 0.19
                           74.70
                                   3.47
                                          0.43
                                                0.06
                                                                    20
                                                                         50
                                                                                50
     3 0.89 0.30
                     18.01
                            74.19
                                   4.01
                                          0.27
                                                0.09
                                                        1.23
                                                              460
                                                                    20
                                                                         70
                                                                                60
     4 0.03 0.36
                     18.41
                                         0.65
                           73.99 4.33
                                                        1.19
                                                              380
                                                0.05
                                                                    40
                                                                         90
                                                                                40
        Rb20
                   Y203
                          Zr02 P205
                                      Part_Body
                                                 Part_Glaze
              Sr0
     0
         430
                0
                      40
                            80
                                  90
                                               1
         430
              -10
                      40
                           100
                                 110
                                               1
                                                            0
     1
     2
         380
                                 200
                                               1
                                                            0
               40
                      40
                            80
     3
         380
                      40
                            70
                                 210
                                               1
                                                            0
               10
     4
                                 150
                                                            0
         360
               10
                      30
                            80
[9]: st.subheader('Implementation and results:\n\n')
     st.write("""
     Before starting with the clustering analysis, let's analyse the feature dataset \sqcup
      ⇒by visualizing the distribution of datapoints of some features.
     """)
```

#x = df.iloc[:,(20)].values

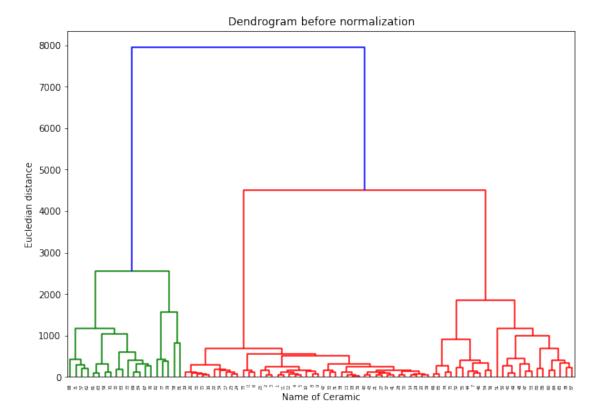




#### [11]: st.write("""

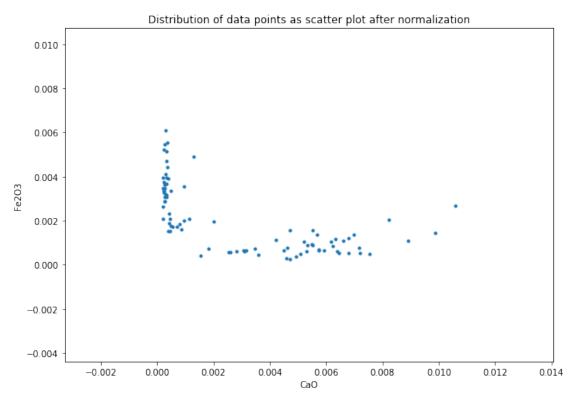
Let's look at the dendrogram to have a visualization of how it looks like  $_{\sqcup}$   $_{\hookrightarrow}$  before normalizing the dataset. We can compare this dendrogram with the  $_{\sqcup}$   $_{\hookrightarrow}$  dendrogram after normalizing the datasete in order to understand why is it  $_{\sqcup}$   $_{\hookrightarrow}$  so important to normalize the data before starting with any type of data  $_{\sqcup}$   $_{\hookrightarrow}$  analysis. Here we use "Euclidean distance" as a distance measure and ward  $_{\sqcup}$   $_{\hookrightarrow}$  linkage as the linkage criterion.

```
""")
```



```
[13]: st.write("""
      Let's do one more step before starting with acutal clustering analysis. The \Box
       \hookrightarrow feature dataset above needs to be cleaned. In this step the dataset with \sqcup
       \hookrightarrownull values are either dropped or treated with the respective process.\sqcup
       \hookrightarrowRemoving the dataset with null values can result in loss of information. So, \sqcup
       \hookrightarrowwe need to be careful before doing this. In our case, the given dataset does_{\sqcup}
       →not contain any null values. Let's creat our feature dataset by droping the
       ⇒first two columns representing "Ceramic Name" and "Part".
      Now we have our feature dataset. In the next step let's normalize the feature \Box
       \hookrightarrowdataset so that all the variables are scaled same. Now the model is not_\(\perp\)
       \mathrel{\mathrel{\hookrightarrow}} \text{biased towards the variable with higher values.}
      """)
 []:
[14]: #normalising the data so that all the variables are scaled same. Now the model
       \rightarrow is not biased towards the variable with higher values
      from sklearn import preprocessing
      data_normalized = preprocessing.normalize(df)
      data_normalized = pd.DataFrame(data_normalized, columns=df.columns)
      data_normalized.head()
      st.write (data_normalized)
[15]: st.write("""
      The above dataset is cleaned. Now the dataset is ready for our clustering,
      Before starting with the actual clustering analysis, let's analyse the feature⊔
       \hookrightarrowdataset by visualizing the distribution of datapoints of some features after\sqcup
       \hookrightarrownormalization.
      """)
 []:
[16]: # Scatter plot to visualize the distribution of data points after normalizing
       \rightarrowthe dataset
      #now the dataset looks bit better
      plot_after_normalization= plt.figure(figsize = (10,7))
      \#ax = plt.scatter(data\_normalized.iloc[0:,5], data\_normalized.iloc[0:,7],
       \rightarrow marker='.')
      ax = plt.scatter(data_normalized["Ca0"],data_normalized["Fe203"],marker ='.')
      plt.title("Distribution of data points as scatter plot after normalization")
      plt.xlabel("CaO")
```

```
plt.ylabel("Fe203")
st.write(plot_after_normalization)
```



```
[17]: st.write("""

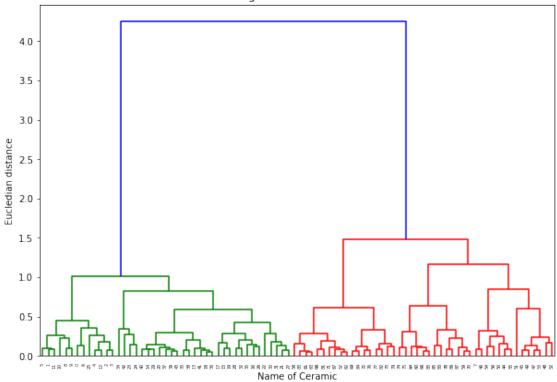
Now let's visualize the dendrogram after normalizing our feature dataset. This

→looks much better than the previous dendrogram produced before normalizing

→the dataset.

""")
```

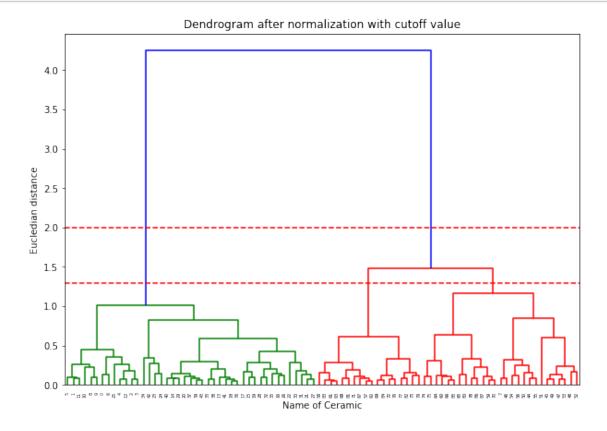




# [19]: st.write(""" Here the x-axis represents the ceramic samples and y-axis represents the ⇒Euclidean distance between those samples. Furthermore, we need to define a ⇒cutoff threshold in order to determine the optimal number of clusters. For that we look at the longest vertical line without any horizontal line ⇒passing through it. Then the number of vertical lines intersected by this ⇒newly drawn horizontal line are counted. These intersections is equal to the ⇒number of optimal clusters formed by the respective linkage criterion.

""")

# st.write(dend\_with\_cutoff)



# [21]: st.write("""

In the above dendrogram the blue line on the left is the longest vertical line with no horizontal line passing through it. A dashed line (threshold) is drawn at 2.0 in y-axis and the number of intersections between the new dashed line and the vertical blue line is counted. In our case the optimal number clusters is 2. This threshold basically determines the shortest distance needed to form a separate cluster. If we draw a line further below the number of intersections between threshold and vertical line increases resulting more number of clusters.

## [22]: st.write("""

[23]: #creating selectbox in streamlit webapp in order to chose the number of clusters sel\_col,disp\_col = st.beta\_columns(2)

[24]: st.subheader('Ward linkage clustering:\n\n') st.write(""" In the figure below two features namely Fe2O3 and CaO which are responsible for ⊔ ⇒the composition of ceramic are chosen and clustered using ward linkage,  $\hookrightarrow$ method. The distance metric used for clustering is "Euclidean Distance". As $\sqcup$ we know that the chemical composition of celadon body and glaze should be ...  $\hookrightarrow$ different, it is expected that two separate clusters, each representing $\sqcup$  $\hookrightarrow$ celadon body and celadon glaze respectively, would be obtained for the  $\sqcup$  $\hookrightarrow$ selected features. As expected Ward linkage is able to detect two clusters $\sqcup$  $\hookrightarrow$ distinguishing the difference in chemical composition of celadon body and  $\sqcup$  $\hookrightarrow$ glaze. In addition, Rand score is calculated to estimate the accuracy of  $\hookrightarrow$ this linkage method. Rand index is a function that measures the similarity $\sqcup$ →of two assignments, ground truth: labels true and prediction: labels pred, ⇒ignoring permutations. The Rand score for ward linkage is 0.95. This shows⊔ ⇒that ward linkage is successful for providing promishing clustering results⊔  $\hookrightarrow$ for the selected features. """)

```
[25]: # for performing hiererchical clustering using scikitlearn package
      from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering
      from sklearn import metrics
      #defining the number of clusters that we wanted. 2 is the optimal number of \Box
      →cluster in our case
      #clustering is performed using ward linkage method
      \#k = 2
      cluster = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=k, affinity='euclidean', __
       →linkage='ward')
      cluster_predict = cluster.fit_predict(data_normalized)
      print ("Cluser prediction: ",cluster_predict)
      print ("\nTraget variable: ",y )
      #print ("\nCluster labels: ",cluster.labels_)
      ward_linkage = plt.figure(figsize = (10,7))
      \#ax = plt.scatter(data_normalized.iloc[:,5], data_normalized.iloc[:,7], c = __
      →cluster_predict, cmap='rainbow', marker='.')
      ax = plt.scatter(data normalized["Ca0"],data_normalized["Fe203"], c = ___
       ⇔cluster_predict, cmap = 'rainbow', marker ='.')
```

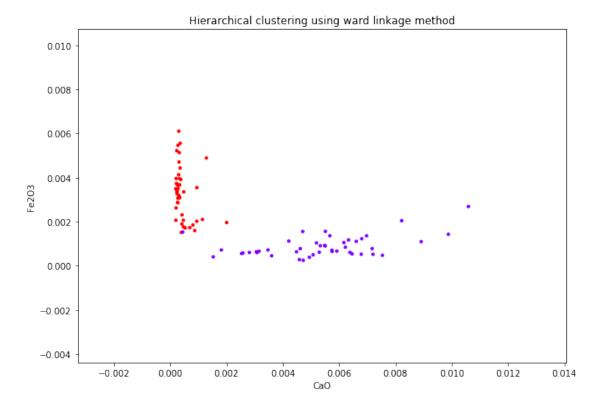
```
\#plt.scatter(data\_normalized.iloc[:,1], data\_normalized.iloc[:,2], c = __
 → cluster_predict, cmap='rainbow')
\#plt.scatter(data\_normalized.iloc[:,3], data\_normalized.iloc[:,4], c = __
 → cluster predict, cmap='rainbow')
# accuracy of clustering is calculated.
# cluster evaluation is done using external validation index called Rand index
print("Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_rand_score(cluster_predict, y))
#trying other evaluation metrices for comparison
print("Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_mutual_info_score(cluster_predict,y))
print("Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: ",metrics.
 →v_measure_score(cluster_predict,y))
plt.title("Hierarchical clustering using ward linkage method")
plt.xlabel("Ca0")
plt.ylabel("Fe203")
#plt.figtext(0.7,0.8, "Cluster1(Red)\nCluster2(Blue)", fontsize = 12)
st.write(ward_linkage)
st.write("Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_rand_score(cluster_predict, y))
st.write("Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_mutual_info_score(cluster_predict,y))
st.write("Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: ",metrics.
 →v_measure_score(cluster_predict,y))
1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
1 1 1 1 1 1
Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223
Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875
Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v_measure_score',
```

AMI will use average\_method='arithmetic' by default. FutureWarning)

/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-

packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v\_measure\_score', AMI will use average\_method='arithmetic' by default.

FutureWarning)



St.subheader('Complete linkage clustering:\n\n')

st.write("""

Next, Complete linkage clustering is performed for the same features. The

default "Euclidean Distance" is used as distance metric. As we can see, this

linkage criterion is not able to distinguish these features in separate

clusters. Rand score is calculated to evaluate the accuracy of this

clustering method. The value of rand score calculated is 0.0. This shows

that complete linkage criterion is not optimal for the given dataset and

therefore performs bad clustering. However, rand score of 0.0 does not

necessarily mean that none of the features are assigned correctly into

separate clusters. Normally ,random (uniform) label assignments have the

rand score close to 0.0.

""")

```
[27]: #clustering is performed using complete linkage method
     cluster = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=k, affinity='euclidean',__
     →linkage='complete')
     cluster_predict = cluster.fit_predict(data_normalized)
     print ("Cluster prediction: ",cluster_predict)
     print ("\nTarget variable: ",y)
     #print ("Cluster labels: ",cluster.labels )
     complete_linkage = plt.figure(figsize =(10,7))
     \#ax = plt.scatter(data\ normalized.iloc[:,5],\ data\ normalized.iloc[:,7],\ c = 1
     →cluster_predict, cmap='rainbow', marker = '.')
     ax = plt.scatter(data normalized["Ca0"],data_normalized["Fe203"], c = ___
     print("Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: ",metrics.
     →adjusted_rand_score(cluster_predict, y))
     print("Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: ",metrics.
     →adjusted_mutual_info_score(cluster_predict,y))
     print("Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: ",metrics.
     →v_measure_score(cluster_predict,y))
     plt.title("Hierarchical clustering using complete linkage method")
     plt.xlabel("Ca0")
     plt.ylabel("Fe203")
     #plt.figtext(0.7,0.8, "Cluster1(Blue)", fontsize = 12)
     st.write(complete_linkage)
     st.write("Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: ",metrics.
     →adjusted_rand_score(cluster_predict, y))
     st.write("Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: ",metrics.
     →adjusted_mutual_info_score(cluster_predict,y))
     st.write("Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: ",metrics.
     →v_measure_score(cluster_predict,y))
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0
     0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    1 1 1 1 1 1
     0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
    Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.0
    Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16
    Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
    packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
```

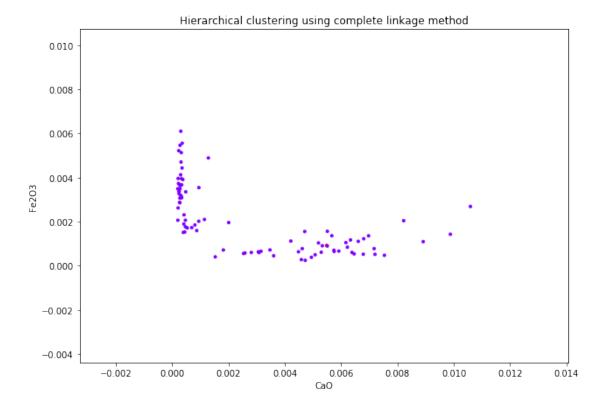
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v\_measure\_score', AMI will use average\_method='arithmetic' by default.

FutureWarning)

/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-

packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v\_measure\_score', AMI will use average\_method='arithmetic' by default.

FutureWarning)



```
[28]: st.subheader('Single linkage clustering:\n\n')
st.write("""

Next, single linkage is chosen as the linkage criterion. The distance measure

is again the default "Euclidean Distance". As above in the complete linkage

clustering, single linkage method also fails to cluster the features into

different clusters. The rand score calculated here is 0.0. This shows that

single and complete linkage criterion are not optimal for the given dataset.

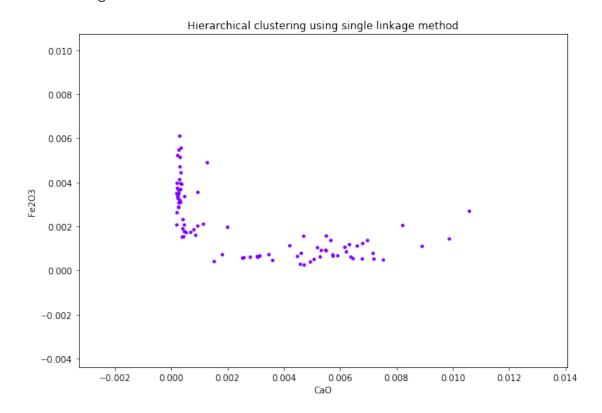
""")
```

```
[29]: #clustering is performed using single linkage method
cluster = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=k, affinity='euclidean', 
→linkage='single')
cluster_predict = cluster.fit_predict(data_normalized)
print ("Cluster_prediction: ",cluster_predict)
```

```
print ("\nTarget variable: ",y)
single_linkage = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
\#ax = plt.scatter(data\ normalized.iloc[:,5],\ data\ normalized.iloc[:,7],\ c = 1
 ⇒cluster_predict, cmap='rainbow', marker = '.')
ax = plt.scatter(data_normalized["Ca0"],data_normalized["Fe203"], c = _ _
 print("Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_rand_score(cluster_predict, y))
print("Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_mutual_info_score(cluster_predict,y))
print("Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: ",metrics.
 →v_measure_score(cluster_predict,y))
plt.title("Hierarchical clustering using single linkage method")
plt.xlabel("CaO")
plt.ylabel("Fe203")
#plt.figtext(0.7,0.8, "Cluster1(Blue)", fontsize = 12)
st.write(single_linkage)
st.write("Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_rand_score(cluster_predict, y))
st.write("Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_mutual_info_score(cluster_predict,y))
st.write("Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: ",metrics.
 →v_measure_score(cluster_predict,y))
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.0
Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16
Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v measure score',
AMI will use average_method='arithmetic' by default.
 FutureWarning)
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
```

of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v\_measure\_score', AMI will use average\_method='arithmetic' by default.

FutureWarning)



```
[30]: st.subheader('Average linkage clustering:\n\n') st.write("""

Finally, average linkage clustering is performed for the same selected features.

→ As before default "Euclidean distance" is chosen as distance metric. In

→contrast to complete and single linkage clustering, average and ward linkage

→clustering produce much favourable resuts. They both have the Rand score of

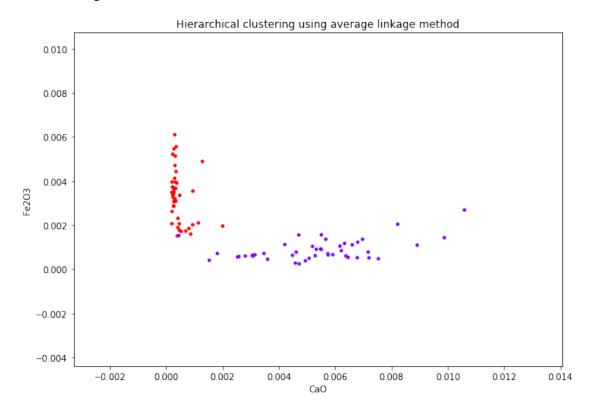
→0.95 and are also able to cluster two different features into separate

→clusters.

""")
```

```
\#ax = plt.scatter(data normalized.iloc[:,5], data_normalized.iloc[:,7], c = _1
 ⇒cluster_predict, cmap='rainbow', marker = '.')
ax = plt.scatter(data_normalized["Ca0"],data_normalized["Fe203"], c = _ _
 ⇒cluster predict, cmap = 'rainbow', marker ='.')
print ("\nAccuracy of average linkage using rand score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_rand_score(cluster_predict,y))
print("Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_mutual_info_score(cluster_predict,y))
print("Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: ",metrics.
 →v_measure_score(cluster_predict,y))
plt.title("Hierarchical clustering using average linkage method")
plt.xlabel("CaO")
plt.ylabel("Fe203")
#plt.figtext(0.7,0.8,"Cluster1(Red)\nCluster2(Blue)",fontsize = 12)
st.write(average linkage)
st.write("Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted_rand_score(cluster_predict, y))
st.write("Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: ",metrics.
 →adjusted mutual info score(cluster predict,y))
st.write("Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: ",metrics.
 →v_measure_score(cluster_predict,y))
11111111
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223
Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875
Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v_measure_score',
AMI will use average_method='arithmetic' by default.
 FutureWarning)
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v_measure_score',
```

AMI will use average\_method='arithmetic' by default. FutureWarning)



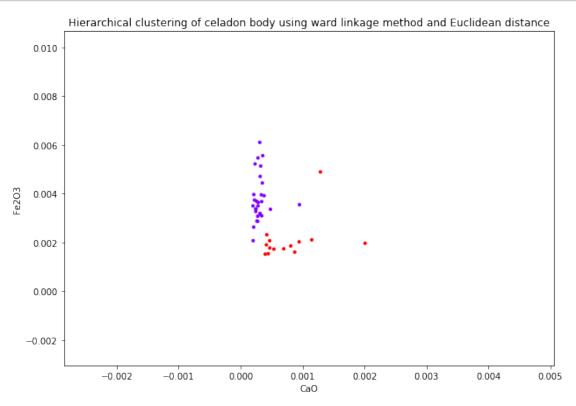
# 

```
[33]: st.subheader('Analysis of celadon body:\n\n') st.write("""
```

```
For this analysis the dataset was filtered again droping all the rows with
       \hookrightarrowcategory "Glaze". This analysis is performed in order to evaluate whether\sqcup
       \hookrightarrowthere are any differences in the chemical composition of celadon body\sqcup
       →manufactured in two different kilns: Longquan kiln and Jingdezhen kiln. ⊔
       \hookrightarrowThere are two ditinct clusters formed where it can be seen that CaO contents\sqcup
       →of celadon body in Jingdezhen are higher than those in Longquan, whereas the ⊔
       \hookrightarrowFe203 contents of celadon body in Longquan are higher than those of
       {\scriptscriptstyle
ightarrow} Jingdezehn. This indicates that the chemical composition of bodies is also {\scriptscriptstyle
ightarrow}
       ⇒different in those two separate kilns.
[34]: # filtering only the columns with category "Body"
      df2 = data normalized.iloc[0:43, 0:17]
      df2.head()
[34]:
             Na20
                         MgO
                                  A1203
                                              SiO2
                                                          K20
                                                                     CaO
                                                                               Ti02 \
      0 0.000795 0.000487 0.025137 0.092280 0.006204 0.000397 0.000090
      1 \quad 0.000941 \quad 0.000776 \quad 0.034984 \quad 0.115715 \quad 0.008222 \quad 0.000809 \quad 0.000149
      2 0.000793 0.000308 0.030104 0.120903 0.005616 0.000696 0.000097
      3 0.001371 0.000462 0.027742 0.114281 0.006177 0.000416 0.000139
      4 0.000053 0.000635 0.032492 0.130586 0.007642 0.001147 0.000088
            Fe203
                         MnO
                                    CuO
                                               Zn0
                                                         Pb02
                                                                    Rb20
                                                                                SrO \
      0 0.001513 0.807564 0.012818 0.089729 0.012818 0.551194 0.000000
      1 \quad 0.001849 \quad 0.627359 \quad 0.033019 \quad 0.132076 \quad 0.066038 \quad 0.709906 \quad -0.016509
      2 0.001732 0.679775 0.032370 0.080926 0.080926 0.615034 0.064740
      3 \quad 0.001895 \quad 0.708575 \quad 0.030808 \quad 0.107827 \quad 0.092423 \quad 0.585345 \quad 0.015404
      4 0.002100 0.670668 0.070597 0.158842 0.070597 0.635369 0.017649
              Y203
                        Zr02
                                   P205
      0 0.051274 0.102548 0.115366
      1 0.066038 0.165094 0.181604
      2 0.064740 0.129481 0.323702
      3 0.061615 0.107827 0.323480
      4 0.052947 0.141193 0.264737
[35]: #Clustering of the dataset with only Celadon body
      cluster = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=k, affinity='euclidean',__
       →linkage='ward')
      cluster_predict = cluster.fit_predict(df2)
      ward_linkage_body = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
      ax = plt.scatter(df2['Ca0'],__

→df2['Fe203'],c=cluster_predict,cmap='rainbow',marker='.')
      plt.title("Hierarchical clustering of celadon body using ward linkage method,
       →and Euclidean distance")
      plt.xlabel("CaO")
      plt.ylabel("Fe203")
```

```
st.write (ward_linkage_body)
```



```
[36]: st.subheader('Analysis of celadon glaze:\n\n')
st.write("""
For this analysis the dataset was filtered droping all the rows with category

→"Body". Two separarate clusters are formed and it is observed that CaO

→contents of celadon glaze in Longquan are higer than those in Jingdezhen. In

→case of Fe2O3 contents, no any significant differences are observed.

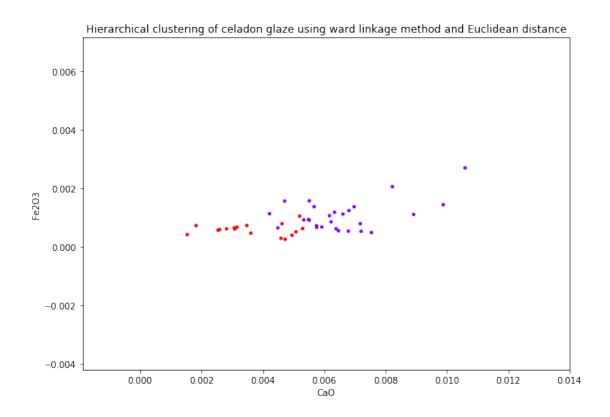
""")
```

```
[37]: #filtering only columns with category "Glaze"
df3 =data_normalized.iloc[44:, 0:17]
df3.head()
```

```
[37]:
             Na20
                       Mg0
                               A1203
                                          Si02
                                                    K20
                                                              CaO
                                                                       TiO2
     44 0.001267 0.000091 0.014915 0.097184
                                               0.007445
                                                         0.006974
                                                                   0.000065
     45 0.001087 0.000350
                            0.009646 0.051200
                                               0.003610
                                                         0.006609
                                                                   0.000082
         0.001231 0.000270
                            0.015987
                                      0.081926
                                               0.005227
                                                         0.009880
                                                                   0.000082
     46
         0.000097 0.000284 0.008611 0.046618
                                               0.002974 0.008916
     47
                                                                   0.000042
         0.000265 0.000738 0.009426 0.049445 0.004000 0.005670
                                                                   0.000057
```

```
Fe203
                       Mn0
                                 CuO
                                           Zn0
                                                   Pb02
                                                             Rb20
                                                                        SrO \
     44 0.001358 0.718337 0.026121 0.078364 0.026121 0.404881
                                                                  0.195910
     45 0.001109 0.707086 0.022329 0.029772 0.000000 0.260505
                                                                   0.186075
     46 0.001430 0.691506 0.023441 0.105484 0.046882 0.433657
                                                                   0.105484
     47 0.001095 0.665582 0.055465 0.048532 0.027733 0.228794 0.110930
     48 0.001362 0.573446 0.043008 0.086017 0.000000 0.229379 0.057345
             Y203
                                P205
                      ZrO2
     44 0.026121 0.065303 0.509366
     45 0.022329 0.044658 0.625213
     46 0.046882 0.093764 0.539141
     47 0.027733 0.048532 0.693315
     48 0.028672 0.057345 0.774153
[38]: #Clustering of the dataset with only Celadon glaze
     cluster = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=k, affinity='euclidean',__
      →linkage='ward')
     cluster_predict = cluster.fit_predict(df3)
     ward_linkage_glaze = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
     ax = plt.scatter(df3['Ca0'],__

→df3['Fe203'],c=cluster_predict,cmap='rainbow',marker='.')
     plt.title("Hierarchical clustering of celadon glaze using ward linkage method_
      →and Euclidean distance")
     plt.xlabel("Ca0")
     plt.ylabel("Fe203")
     st.write(ward_linkage_glaze)
```



# [39]: st.subheader('Conclusion:\n\n') st.write("""

Hierarchical clustering analysis was performed on the dataset containing  $44_{\sqcup}$  $\hookrightarrow$ different samples with 17 different chemical compositions. Two important  $\hookrightarrow$  features were chosen for the analysis. The outcome of whole analysis can be  $\sqcup$  $\hookrightarrow$ evaluated and verified by using other features as well. As stated on the ⇒begining of the project, the main objective of the project was to evaluate ⊔  $\rightarrow$ given samples and cluster them with various strategies accordingly. → Hierarchical clustering with "ward-" and "average-" linkage method are  $\hookrightarrow$ successful in producing the promishing results with higer accuracy rate. $\sqcup$ →Clustering with other linkage criterion ("single-" and "complete-" linkage) is not optimal for the given dataset. In general, Agglomerative clustering⊔  $\hookrightarrow$ has a "rich get richer" behaviour which leads to uneven cluster sizes and  $\sqcup$  $\hookrightarrow$ therefore generate less accurate results. This is also the case for  $\sqcup$  $_{\hookrightarrow}$ "single-"and "complete-" linkage method during our analysis. However, $_{\sqcup}$  $_{\hookrightarrow}$ "single-" and "complete-" linkage criteria can be very efficient to compute $_{\sqcup}$ ⇒hierarchical clustering for larger datasets. During any data science⊔ ⇒analysis, it is very useful and recommended to use the evaluation measures⊔  $\hookrightarrow$ to get an idea on how efficiently the implemented algorithm is performing. $\sqcup$  $\hookrightarrow$ Varying the distance metric can sometimes lead to more accurate results. But, →it is necessary to understand the dataset in prior to applying them. """)

```
[40]: #print(df3_normalized[['CaO']].mean())
    #print (df3_normalized[['Fe203']].mean())
    #print (df2_normalized[['CaO']].mean())
    #print (df2_normalized[['Fe203']].mean())
[41]: #https://github.com/ChristianFJung/NotebookToWebApp
    !jupyter nbconvert --to script__
     →Data_science_project_on_Hierarchical_clustering.ipynb
    !awk '!/ipython/' Data_science_project_on_Hierarchical_clustering.py > temp.py_
     →&& mv temp.py app.py && rm Data_science_project_on_Hierarchical_clustering.py
    !streamlit run app.py
    [NbConvertApp] Converting notebook
    Data science project on Hierarchical clustering.ipynb to script
    [NbConvertApp] Writing 28705 bytes to
    Data science project on Hierarchical clustering.py
     You can now view your Streamlit app in your browser.
     Local URL: http://localhost:8501
     Network URL: http://192.168.178.24:8501
    1 1 1 1 1 1 1
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
    1 1 1 1 1 1
    Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
    packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
    of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v_measure_score',
    AMI will use average_method='arithmetic' by default.
     FutureWarning)
    Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875
    Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857
    /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
    packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
    of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v measure score',
    AMI will use average_method='arithmetic' by default.
     FutureWarning)
    0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

```
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.0
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v_measure_score',
AMI will use average_method='arithmetic' by default.
 FutureWarning)
Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16
Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v_measure_score',
AMI will use average_method='arithmetic' by default.
 FutureWarning)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.0
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v_measure_score',
AMI will use average_method='arithmetic' by default.
 FutureWarning)
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Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v_measure_score',
AMI will use average_method='arithmetic' by default.
 FutureWarning)
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
1 1 1 1 1 1
```

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v measure score',
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/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
packages/sklearn/metrics/cluster/supervised.py:746: FutureWarning: The behavior
of AMI will change in version 0.22. To match the behavior of 'v_measure_score',
AMI will use average_method='arithmetic' by default.
 FutureWarning)
For number of clusters: 2 the average silhouette index is: 0.5580909282609473
For number of clusters: 3 the average silhouette index is: 0.4675067677018909
For number of clusters: 4 the average silhouette index is: 0.3267330699215132
For number of clusters: 5 the average silhouette index is: 0.3305482951242935
For number of clusters: 6 the average silhouette index is: 0.3209020676791835
1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 2 2 0 2 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0]
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.7185788893507057
Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.6172113491937017
Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.745055773020594
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

```
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
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For number of clusters: 3 the average silhouette index is: 0.4675067677018909
For number of clusters: 4 the average silhouette index is: 0.3267330699215132
For number of clusters: 5 the average silhouette index is: 0.3305482951242935
For number of clusters: 6 the average silhouette index is: 0.3209020676791835
1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 2 2 0 2 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0]
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.7185788893507057
Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.6172113491937017
Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.745055773020594
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178 Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011 Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0] Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178 Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011 Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178 Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011 Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223 Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875 Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857 0] 1 1 1 1 1 1

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.0
Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16
Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.0
Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16
Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223
Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875
Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857
For number of clusters: 2 the average silhouette index is: 0.5580909282609473
For number of clusters: 3 the average silhouette index is: 0.4675067677018909
For number of clusters: 4 the average silhouette index is: 0.3267330699215132
For number of clusters: 5 the average silhouette index is: 0.3305482951242935
For number of clusters: 6 the average silhouette index is: 0.3209020676791835
1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223
Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875
Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857
```

0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.0 Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16 Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423 0] 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.0 Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16 Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223 Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875 Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857 For number of clusters: 2 the average silhouette index is: 0.5580909282609473 For number of clusters: 3 the average silhouette index is: 0.4675067677018909 For number of clusters: 4 the average silhouette index is: 0.3267330699215132 For number of clusters: 5 the average silhouette index is: 0.3305482951242935 For number of clusters: 6 the average silhouette index is: 0.3209020676791835 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 2 2 0 2 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0] 

1 1 1 1 1 1

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.7185788893507057
Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.6172113491937017
Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.745055773020594
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
For number of clusters: 2 the average silhouette index is: 0.5580909282609473
For number of clusters: 3 the average silhouette index is: 0.4675067677018909
For number of clusters: 4 the average silhouette index is: 0.3267330699215132
For number of clusters: 5 the average silhouette index is: 0.3305482951242935
For number of clusters: 6 the average silhouette index is: 0.3209020676791835
```

```
1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223
Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875
Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.0
Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16
Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.0
Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16
Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223
```

Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875 Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857

```
For number of clusters: 2 the average silhouette index is: 0.5580909282609473
For number of clusters: 3 the average silhouette index is: 0.4675067677018909
For number of clusters: 4 the average silhouette index is: 0.3267330699215132
For number of clusters: 5 the average silhouette index is: 0.3305482951242935
For number of clusters: 6 the average silhouette index is: 0.3209020676791835
1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223
Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875
Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.0
Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16
Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.0
Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: -1.5190107840345266e-16
Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.021029315759475423
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
```

1 1 1 1 1 1

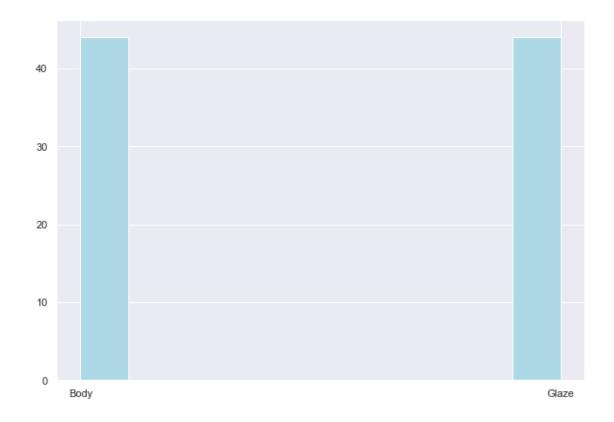
```
Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9545397214364223
Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: 0.9207206603043875
Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: 0.921553538364857
For number of clusters: 2 the average silhouette index is: 0.5580909282609473
For number of clusters: 3 the average silhouette index is: 0.4675067677018909
For number of clusters: 4 the average silhouette index is: 0.3267330699215132
For number of clusters: 5 the average silhouette index is: 0.3305482951242935
For number of clusters: 6 the average silhouette index is: 0.3209020676791835
1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 2 2 0 2 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0]
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.7185788893507057
Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.6172113491937017
Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.745055773020594
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
```

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of average linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
For number of clusters: 2 the average silhouette index is: 0.5580909282609473
For number of clusters: 3 the average silhouette index is: 0.4675067677018909
For number of clusters: 4 the average silhouette index is: 0.3267330699215132
For number of clusters: 5 the average silhouette index is: 0.3305482951242935
For number of clusters: 6 the average silhouette index is: 0.3209020676791835
1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 2 2 0 2 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0]
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Accuracy of ward linkage using rand score: 0.7185788893507057
Accuracy of ward linkage using mutual info score: 0.6172113491937017
Accuracy of ward linkage using v-measure score: 0.745055773020594
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of complete linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of complete linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of complete linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
```

1 1 1 1 1 1

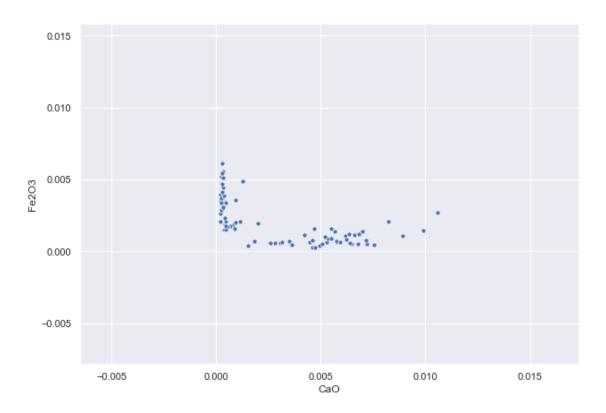
```
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Accuracy of single linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of single linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
Accuracy of single linkage using v-measure score: 0.8870505958964081
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Accuracy of average linkage using rand score: 0.9325755618703178
Accuracy of average linkage using mutual info score: 0.8521501935103011
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For number of clusters: 2 the average silhouette index is: 0.5580909282609473
For number of clusters: 3 the average silhouette index is: 0.4675067677018909
For number of clusters: 4 the average silhouette index is: 0.3267330699215132
For number of clusters: 5 the average silhouette index is: 0.3305482951242935
For number of clusters: 6 the average silhouette index is: 0.3209020676791835
1 comparison with k-means clustering
```



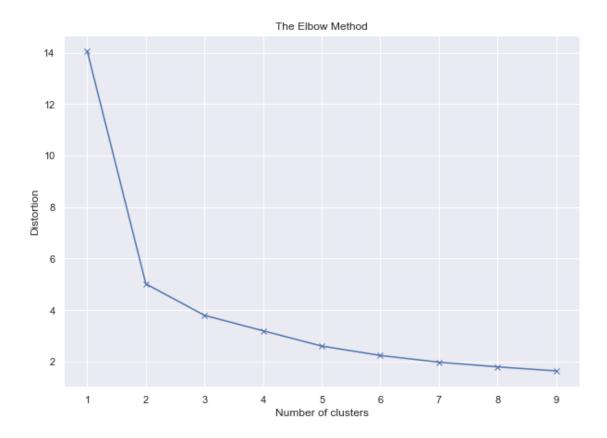
```
[44]: #Scatter plot of two features to see the distribution of points
plt.figure (figsize =(10,7))
sns.scatterplot(data = data_normalized, x = "CaO", y = "Fe2O3",

→palette="tab10", legend="full",marker ='p')
```

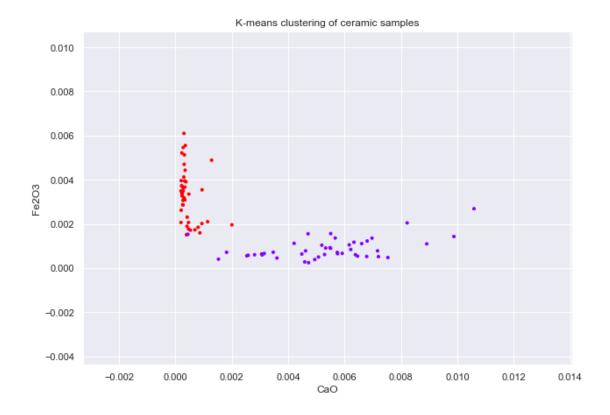
[44]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a299b7e50>



```
[45]: df = pd.DataFrame(data_normalized,columns=["Fe203","Ca0"])
[46]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      %matplotlib inline
      from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
      sns.set()
      distortions = []
      K = range(1,10)
      for k in K:
          kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=k)
          kmeans.fit(data_normalized)
          distortions.append(kmeans.inertia_)
      plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
      plt.plot(K, distortions, 'bx-')
      plt.xlabel('Number of clusters')
      plt.ylabel('Distortion')
      plt.title('The Elbow Method')
      plt.show()
```



[47]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Fe203')

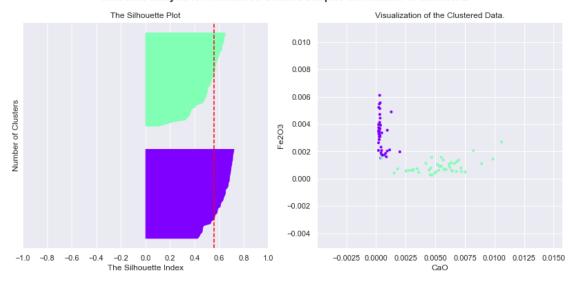


```
[48]: #sihhouette coefficient was used as validation index
      from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_samples, silhouette_score
      import matplotlib.cm as cm
      range_n_clusters = [2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
      for n_clusters in range_n_clusters:
          fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(1, 2)
          fig.set_size_inches(14, 6)
          ax1.set_xlim([-1, 1])
          clusterer = KMeans(n_clusters=n_clusters, random_state=10)
          cluster_labels = clusterer.fit_predict(data_normalized)
          # The silhouette_score gives the average value for all the samples.
          # This gives a perspective into the density and separation of the formed
          # clusters
          silhouette_avg = silhouette_score(data_normalized, cluster_labels)
          print("For number of clusters: ", n_clusters,
                "the average silhouette index is :", silhouette_avg)
          # Compute the silhouette scores for each sample
```

```
sample_silhouette_values = silhouette_samples(data_normalized,__
→cluster_labels)
  y_lower = 12
  for i in range(n_clusters):
       ith cluster silhouette values = \
           sample_silhouette_values[cluster_labels == i]
      ith_cluster_silhouette_values.sort()
       size_cluster_i = ith_cluster_silhouette_values.shape[0]
      y_upper = y_lower + size_cluster_i
       color = cm.rainbow(float(i) / n_clusters)
       ax1.fill_betweenx(np.arange(y_lower, y_upper),
                         0, ith_cluster_silhouette_values,
                         facecolor=color, edgecolor=color)
      y_lower = y_upper + 10
  ax1.set title("The Silhouette Plot")
  ax1.set_xlabel("The Silhouette Index")
  ax1.set_ylabel("Number of Clusters")
  ax1.axvline(x=silhouette_avg, color="red", linestyle="--")
  ax1.set_yticks([]) # Clear the yaxis labels / ticks
  ax1.set_xticks([-1,-0.8,-0.6, -0.4, -0.2, 0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1])
  colors = cm.rainbow(cluster_labels.astype(float) / n_clusters)
  ax = plt.scatter(data_normalized["Ca0"],df["Fe203"],marker ='.', c=colors)
  centers = clusterer.cluster_centers_
   # Draw white circles at cluster centers
  ax2.set_title("Visualization of the Clustered Data.")
  ax2.set_xlabel("CaO")
  ax2.set_ylabel("Fe203")
  plt.suptitle(("Silhouette analysis for K-Means on Ceramic samples "
                 "with number of clusters: %d" % n_clusters),
                fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
  plt.show()
```

For number of clusters: 2 the average silhouette index is: 0.5580909282609473

#### Silhouette analysis for K-Means on Ceramic samples with number of clusters: 2



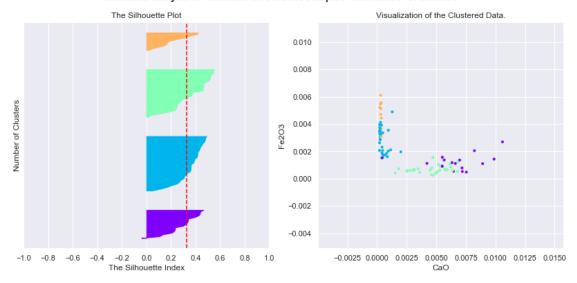
For number of clusters: 3 the average silhouette index is: 0.4675067677018909

Silhouette analysis for K-Means on Ceramic samples with number of clusters: 3

### The Silhouette Plot Visualization of the Clustered Data. 0.010 0.008 0.006 Number of Clusters 0.004 Fe203 0.002 0.000 -0.002 -0.004 -0.0025 0.0000 0.0025 0.0050 0.0075 0.0100 0.0125 0.0150 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 0.0 0.4 0.6 1.0 The Silhouette Index CaO

For number of clusters: 4 the average silhouette index is : 0.3267330699215132

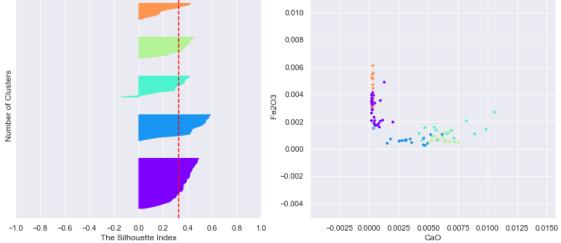
#### Silhouette analysis for K-Means on Ceramic samples with number of clusters: 4



For number of clusters: 5 the average silhouette index is : 0.3305482951242935

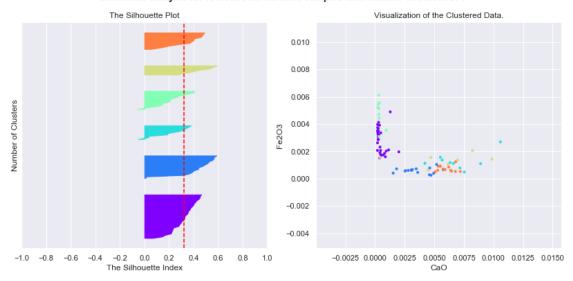
Silhouette analysis for K-Means on Ceramic samples with number of clusters: 5

# The Silhouette Plot Visualization of the Clustered Data. 0.010



For number of clusters: 6 the average silhouette index is : 0.3209020676791835

# Silhouette analysis for K-Means on Ceramic samples with number of clusters: 6



[]: