

Pimpri Chinchwad Education Trust's Pimpri Chinchwad College of Engineering

Assignment-02

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Q.1 Write an android application which will allow users to navigate from one activity to another activity. The first Activity will ask the user to enter the name user and the Second activity will display the name in TextView which was entered in the first activity.

Solution:

xml:

activity main:

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
 android:layout_width="match_parent"
 android:layout height="match parent"
 android:orientation="vertical"
 android:padding="16dp">
 <EditText
   android:id="@+id/editTextName"
   android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
   android:hint="Enter your name" />
 <Button
   android:id="@+id/buttonSubmit"
   android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
   android:text="Submit" />
</LinearLayout>
```

activity second:

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
   android:layout_width="match_parent"
   android:layout_height="match_parent"
   android:orientation="vertical"
   android:padding="16dp">

<TextView
   android:id="@+id/textViewName"</pre>
```

```
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:textSize="20sp"
android:text="Your name will be displayed here" />
</LinearLayout>
```

java:

mainactivity:

```
package com.example.la2q1;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
   EditText editTextName = findViewById(R.id.editTextName);
   Button buttonSubmit = findViewById(R.id.buttonSubmit);
   buttonSubmit.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
     @Override
     public void onClick(View view) {
        String userName = editTextName.getText().toString();
       Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
        intent.putExtra("USER_NAME", userName);
        startActivity(intent);
```

secondactivity:

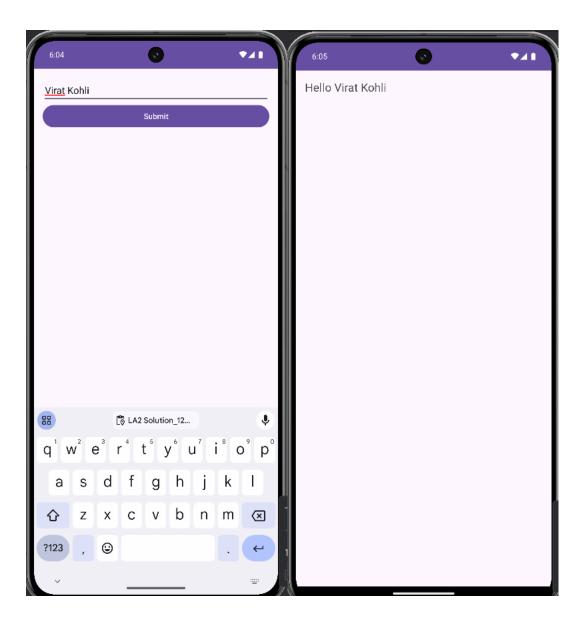
```
package com.example.la2q1;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
```

```
public class SecondActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);

    TextView textViewName = findViewById(R.id.textViewName);

    Intent intent = getIntent();
    String name = intent.getStringExtra("USER_NAME");

    textViewName.setText("Hello " + name);
    }
}
```



1. Write an android application that asks the user to enter the URL, and after clicking the button, the URL link should be opened in the web browser in an emulator.

Solution:

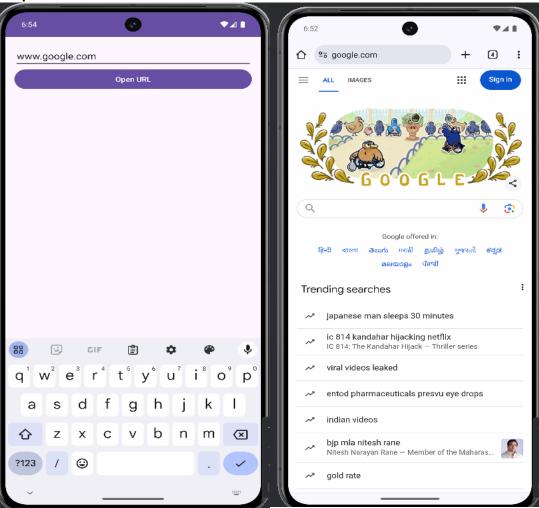
xml:

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
android:padding="16dp">

<EditText
    android:id="@+id/editTextURL"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Enter URL"
    android:inputType="textUri" />
```

```
<Button
android:id="@+id/buttonOpenURL"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Open URL" />
</LinearLayout>
```

```
package com.example.la2q2;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.net.Uri;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
   EditText editTextURL = findViewById(R.id.editTextURL);
   Button buttonOpenURL = findViewById(R.id.buttonOpenURL);
   buttonOpenURL.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
     @Override
     public void onClick(View view) {
        String url = editTextURL.getText().toString().trim();
       if (!url.isEmpty()) {
          if (!url.startsWith("http://") && !url.startsWith("https://")) {
            url = "http://" + url;
          Intent browserIntent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_VIEW, Uri.parse(url));
          startActivity(browserIntent);
        } else {
          Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Please enter url", Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
```



2. Write an android application that will demonstrate the use of BaseAdapter and ArrayAdapter.

Solution:

xml:

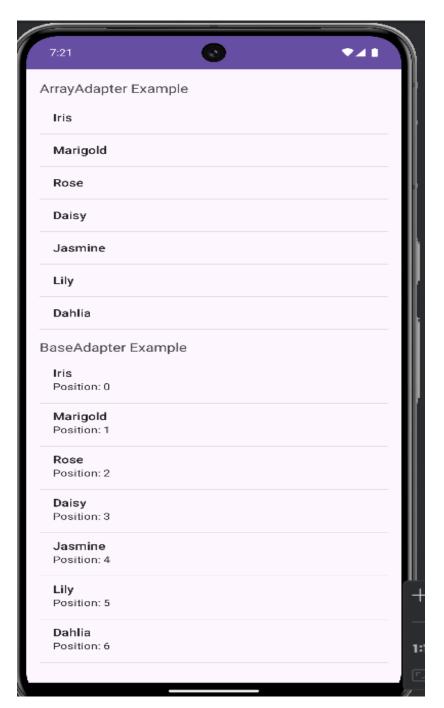
```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
android:padding="16dp">
```

```
<TextView
   android:layout_width="match_parent"
   android:layout height="wrap content"
   android:text="ArrayAdapter Example"
   android:textSize="18sp"
   android:paddingBottom="8dp"/>
 <ListView
   android:id="@+id/listViewArrayAdapter"
   android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
   android:layout_weight="1"/>
 <TextView
   android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
   android:text="BaseAdapter Example"
   android:textSize="18sp"
   android:paddingBottom="8dp"/>
 <ListView
   android:id="@+id/listViewBaseAdapter"
   android:layout_width="match_parent"
   android:layout height="wrap content"
   android:layout weight="1"/>
</LinearLayout>
```

```
package com.example.la2q3;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.LayoutInflater;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
import android.widget.BaseAdapter;
import android.widget.ListView;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
   ListView listViewArrayAdapter = findViewById(R.id.listViewArrayAdapter);
   String[] fruits = {"Iris", "Marigold", "Rose", "Daisy", "Jasmine", "Lily", "Dahlia"};
   ArrayAdapter<String> arrayAdapter = new ArrayAdapter<>(this, android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1, fruits);
```

```
listViewArrayAdapter.setAdapter(arrayAdapter);
   ListView listViewBaseAdapter = findViewById(R.id.listViewBaseAdapter);
   CustomAdapter customAdapter = new CustomAdapter(fruits);
   listViewBaseAdapter.setAdapter(customAdapter);
 class CustomAdapter extends BaseAdapter {
   private String[] data;
   public CustomAdapter(String[] data) {
     this.data = data;
   @Override
   public int getCount() {
     return data.length;
   @Override
   public Object getItem(int position) {
     return data[position];
   @Override
   public long getItemId(int position) {
     return position;
   @Override
   public View getView(int position, View convertView, ViewGroup parent) {
     ViewHolder holder;
     if (convertView == null) {
        convertView = LayoutInflater.from(parent.getContext()).inflate(android.R.layout.simple_list_item_2,
parent, false);
       holder = new ViewHolder();
       holder.textView1 = convertView.findViewById(android.R.id.text1);
       holder.textView2 = convertView.findViewById(android.R.id.text2);
       convertView.setTag(holder);
     } else {
       holder = (ViewHolder) convertView.getTag();
     holder.textView1.setText(data[position]);
     holder.textView2.setText("Position: " + position);
     return convertView;
   class ViewHolder {
     TextView textView1;
```

```
TextView textView2;
}
}
```



3. Write an android application for Gallery using adapters.

Solution:

xml:

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
android:padding="8dp">

<GridView
    android:id="@+id/gridView"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:numColumns="3"
    android:verticalSpacing="8dp"
    android:stretchMode="columnWidth"/></LinearLayout>
```

```
package com.example.la2q4;
import android.content.Context;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import android.widget.BaseAdapter;
import android.widget.GridView;
import android.widget.ImageView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 private Integer[] imagelds = {
     R.drawable.image1, R.drawable.image2, R.drawable.image3,
     R.drawable.image4, R.drawable.image5, R.drawable.image6 };
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
   GridView gridView = findViewById(R.id.gridView);
   ImageAdapter imageAdapter = new ImageAdapter(this, imageIds);
   gridView.setAdapter(imageAdapter);
 public class ImageAdapter extends BaseAdapter {
   private Context context;
```

```
private Integer[] imagelds;
public ImageAdapter(Context context, Integer[] imageIds) {
  this.context = context;
  this.imageIds = imageIds;
@Override
public int getCount() {
  return imageIds.length;
@Override
public Object getItem(int position) {
  return imageIds[position];
@Override
public long getItemId(int position) {
  return position;
@Override
public View getView(int position, View convertView, ViewGroup parent) {
  ImageView imageView;
  if (convertView == null) {
    imageView = new ImageView(context);
    imageView.setLayoutParams(new GridView.LayoutParams(340, 340));
    imageView.setScaleType(ImageView.ScaleType.CENTER_CROP);
    imageView.setPadding(8, 8, 8, 8);
    imageView = (ImageView) convertView;
  imageView.setImageResource(imageIds[position]);
  return imageView;
```



4. Write an application demonstrating the use of Android Session Management.

Solution:

xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
 xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
 xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
 android:layout width="match parent"
 android:layout height="match parent"
 tools:context=".MainActivity">
 <androidx.appcompat.widget.Toolbar
   android:id="@+id/toolbar"
   app:title="@string/app name"
   app:titleTextColor="@color/white"
   android:layout_width="match_parent"
   android:layout_height="?attr/actionBarSize"
   android:background="?attr/colorPrimary" />
 <EditText
   android:id="@+id/idEdtEmail"
   android:layout_width="match_parent"
   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
   android:layout below="@id/toolbar"
   android:layout_marginStart="10dp"
   android:layout marginTop="50dp"
   android:layout marginEnd="10dp"
   android:hint="@string/enter youe email"
   android:importantForAutofill="no"
   android:inputType="textEmailAddress" />
 <EditText
   android:id="@+id/idEdtPassword"
   android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout height="wrap content"
   android:layout below="@id/idEdtEmail"
   android:layout_marginStart="10dp"
   android:layout_marginTop="30dp"
   android:layout marginEnd="10dp"
   android:hint="@string/enter password"
   android:importantForAutofill="no"
   android:inputType="textPassword" />
 <Button
   android:id="@+id/idBtnLogin"
   android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
   android:layout below="@id/idEdtPassword"
   android:layout_marginStart="10dp"
   android:layout_marginTop="30dp"
   android:layout_marginEnd="10dp"
   android:text="@string/login" />
</RelativeLayout>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout
 xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
 xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
 android:layout_width="match_parent"
 android:layout height="match parent"
 tools:context=".HomeActivity">
 <TextView
   android:id="@+id/idTVWelcome"
   android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
   android:layout centerInParent="true"
   android:padding="5dp"
   android:textAlignment="center"
   android:textSize="20sp" />
 <Button
   android:id="@+id/idBtnLogout"
   android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
   android:layout_below="@id/idTVWelcome"
   android:layout marginStart="20dp"
   android:layout_marginTop="20dp"
   android:layout marginEnd="20dp"
   android:text="@string/logout"/>
</RelativeLayout>
```

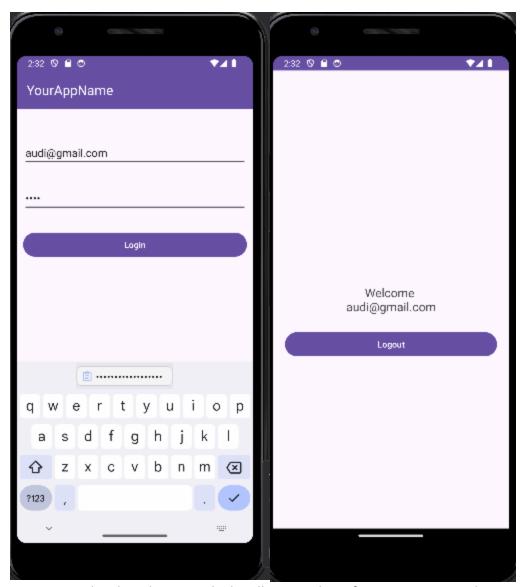
```
package com.example.la2q5;
import android.content.Context;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.content.SharedPreferences;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.text.TextUtils;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 public static final String SHARED PREFS = "shared prefs";
 public static final String EMAIL KEY = "email key";
 public static final String PASSWORD_KEY = "password_key";
 SharedPreferences sharedpreferences;
 String email, password;
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
   EditText emailEdt = findViewById(R.id.idEdtEmail);
```

```
EditText passwordEdt = findViewById(R.id.idEdtPassword);
Button loginBtn = findViewById(R.id.idBtnLogin);
sharedpreferences = getSharedPreferences(SHARED_PREFS,
    Context.MODE_PRIVATE);
email = sharedpreferences.getString(EMAIL_KEY, null);
password = sharedpreferences.getString(PASSWORD KEY, null);
if (email != null && password != null) {
  Intent i = new Intent(MainActivity.this, HomeActivity.class);
  startActivity(i);
  finish();
loginBtn.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
  @Override
  public void onClick(View v) {
    if (TextUtils.isEmpty(emailEdt.getText().toString()) &&
        TextUtils.isEmpty(passwordEdt.getText().toString())) {
      Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Please Enter Email and Password",
           Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    } else {
      SharedPreferences.Editor editor = sharedpreferences.edit();
      editor.putString(EMAIL KEY, emailEdt.getText().toString());
      editor.putString(PASSWORD_KEY, passwordEdt.getText().toString());
      editor.apply();
      Intent i = new Intent(MainActivity.this, HomeActivity.class);
      startActivity(i);
      finish();
```

HomeActivity.java:

```
package com.example.la2q5;
import android.content.Context;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.content.SharedPreferences;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class HomeActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 public static final String SHARED_PREFS = "shared_prefs";
 public static final String EMAIL KEY = "email key";
 public static final String PASSWORD KEY = "password key";
 SharedPreferences sharedpreferences;
 String email;
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
```

```
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity_home);
sharedpreferences = getSharedPreferences(SHARED_PREFS,
    Context.MODE_PRIVATE);
email = sharedpreferences.getString(EMAIL_KEY, null);
TextView welcomeTV = findViewById(R.id.idTVWelcome);
welcomeTV.setText("Welcome \n" + email);
Button logoutBtn = findViewById(R.id.idBtnLogout);
logoutBtn.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
  @Override
  public void onClick(View v) {
    SharedPreferences.Editor editor = sharedpreferences.edit();
    editor.clear();
    editor.apply();
    Intent i = new Intent(HomeActivity.this, MainActivity.class);
    startActivity(i);
    finish();
```



5. Write an android application which will create three fragments in a single activity.

Solution:

xml:

activitymain:

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical">

FrameLayout
    android:id="@+id/fragmentContainer1"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="0dp"
    android:layout_weight="1"
    android:background="#FFCDD2"/>
```

```
<FrameLayout
    android:id="@+id/fragmentContainer2"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="0dp"
    android:layout_weight="1"
    android:background="#C8E6C9"/>

</p
```

fragment one:

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
android:gravity="center"
android:padding="16dp">

<TextView
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Fragment One"
    android:textSize="24sp"
    android:textColor="#000000"/>
</LinearLayout>
```

fragment_two:

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
android:gravity="center"
android:padding="16dp">

<TextView
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Fragment Two"
android:textSize="24sp"
android:textColor="#000000"/>
</LinearLayout>
```

fragment three:

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
```

```
android:orientation="vertical"
android:gravity="center"
android:padding="16dp">

<TextView
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Fragment Three"
android:textSize="24sp"
android:textColor="#000000"/>
</LinearLayout>
```

java:

mainactivity:

```
package com.example.la2q6;
import android.os.Bundle;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import androidx.fragment.app.Fragment;
import androidx.fragment.app.FragmentTransaction;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
   loadFragment(new fragment_one(), R.id.fragmentContainer1);
   loadFragment(new fragment_two(), R.id.fragmentContainer2);
   loadFragment(new fragment_three(), R.id.fragmentContainer3);
 private void loadFragment(Fragment fragment, int containerId) {
   FragmentTransaction transaction = getSupportFragmentManager().beginTransaction();
   transaction.replace(containerId, fragment);
   transaction.commit();
```

fragment one:

```
package com.example.la2q6;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.LayoutInflater;
import android.view.View;
```

```
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.annotation.Nullable;
import androidx.fragment.app.Fragment;

public class fragment_one extends Fragment {

    @Nullable
    @Override
    public View onCreateView(@NonNull LayoutInflater inflater, @Nullable ViewGroup container, @Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_one, container, false);
    }
}
```

fragment two:

```
// src/java/com/example/yourapp/FragmentTwo.java
package com.example.la2q6;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.LayoutInflater;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.annotation.Nullable;
import androidx.fragment.app.Fragment;

public class fragment_two extends Fragment {

@Nullable
@Override
public View onCreateView(@NonNull LayoutInflater inflater, @Nullable ViewGroup container, @Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {

return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_two, container, false);
}
```

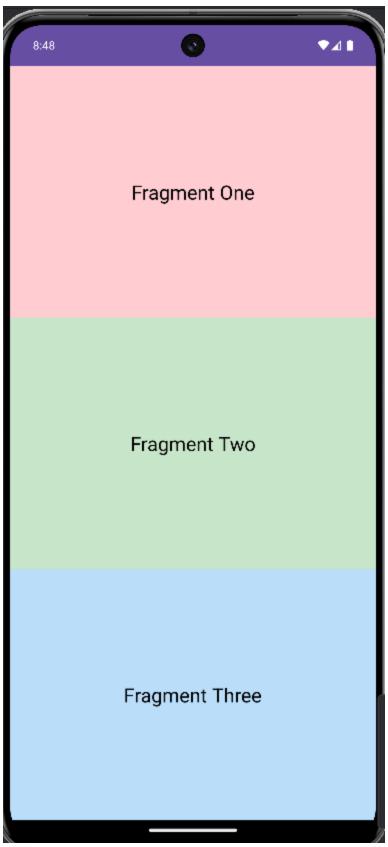
fragment three:

```
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.LayoutInflater;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.annotation.Nullable;
import androidx.fragment.app.Fragment;

public class fragment_three extends Fragment {

@Nullable
@Override
```

```
public View onCreateView(@NonNull LayoutInflater inflater, @Nullable ViewGroup container, @Nullable Bundle
savedInstanceState) {
    return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_three, container, false);
  }
}
```



6. Write an android application for Fragment Activity Life Cycle.

Solution:

xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
 android:layout_width="match_parent"
 android:layout_height="match_parent"
 android:orientation="vertical"
 android:padding="16dp">
 <FrameLayout
   android:id="@+id/fragmentContainer"
   android:layout_width="match_parent"
   android:layout height="0dp"
   android:layout weight="1"
   android:background="@android:color/darker gray"/>
 <LinearLayout
   android:layout_width="match_parent"
   android:layout height="wrap content"
   android:orientation="horizontal"
   android:gravity="center">
   <Button
     android:id="@+id/buttonAddFragment"
     android:layout width="wrap content"
     android:layout_height="wrap_content"
     android:text="Add Fragment" />
   <Button
     android:id="@+id/buttonRemoveFragment"
     android:layout width="wrap content"
     android:layout_height="wrap_content"
     android:text="Remove Fragment"
     android:layout_marginStart="16dp" />
 </LinearLayout>
</LinearLayout>
```

activity_fragment_lifecycle.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
android:padding="16dp"
android:gravity="center">
<TextView
    android:id="@+id/lifecycleTextView"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Fragment Lifecycle States:"
    android:textSize="18sp" />
</LinearLayout>
```

```
package com.example.la2q7;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import androidx.fragment.app.Fragment;
import androidx.fragment.app.FragmentTransaction;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 private Button buttonAddFragment, buttonRemoveFragment;
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
   buttonAddFragment = findViewById(R.id.buttonAddFragment);
   buttonRemoveFragment = findViewById(R.id.buttonRemoveFragment);
   buttonAddFragment.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
     @Override
     public void onClick(View v) {
       addFragment();
   });
   buttonRemoveFragment.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
     @Override
     public void onClick(View v) {
       removeFragment();
 private void addFragment() {
   FragmentLifecycleDemo fragment = new FragmentLifecycleDemo();
   FragmentTransaction transaction =
       getSupportFragmentManager().beginTransaction();
   transaction.add(R.id.fragmentContainer, fragment, "LIFECYCLE_FRAGMENT");
   transaction.addToBackStack(null); // To handle back navigation
   transaction.commit();
 private void removeFragment() {
   Fragment fragment =
       getSupportFragmentManager().findFragmentByTag("LIFECYCLE_FRAGMENT");
   if (fragment != null) {
     FragmentTransaction transaction =
         getSupportFragmentManager().beginTransaction();
     transaction.remove(fragment);
     transaction.commit();
```

fragmentLifecycle.java:

```
package com.example.la2q7;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.util.Log;
import android.view.LayoutInflater;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.annotation.Nullable;
import androidx.fragment.app.Fragment;
public class FragmentLifecycleDemo extends Fragment {
 private static final String TAG = "FragmentLifecycle";
 private TextView lifecycleTextView;
 @Override
 public void onCreate(@Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   Log.d(TAG, "onCreate called");
 @Nullable
 @Override
 public View on Create View (@NonNull Layout Inflater, @Nullable View Group
     container,
              @Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   Log.d(TAG, "onCreateView called");
   View view = inflater.inflate(R.layout.activity_fragment_lifecycle_demo, container, false);
   lifecycleTextView = view.findViewById(R.id.lifecycleTextView);
   updateLifecycleState("onCreateView");
   return view;
 @Override
 public void onStart() {
   super.onStart();
   Log.d(TAG, "onStart called");
   updateLifecycleState("onStart");
 @Override
 public void onResume() {
   super.onResume();
   Log.d(TAG, "onResume called");
   updateLifecycleState("onResume");
 @Override
 public void onPause() {
   super.onPause();
   Log.d(TAG, "onPause called");
   updateLifecycleState("onPause");
 @Override
 public void onStop() {
   super.onStop();
```

```
Log.d(TAG, "onStop called");
  updateLifecycleState("onStop");
@Override
public void onDestroyView() {
  super.onDestroyView();
  Log.d(TAG, "onDestroyView called");
 updateLifecycleState("onDestroyView");
@Override
public void onDestroy() {
 super.onDestroy();
  Log.d(TAG, "onDestroy called");
  updateLifecycleState("onDestroy");
private void updateLifecycleState(String state) {
 if (lifecycleTextView != null) {
    String currentText = lifecycleTextView.getText().toString();
    lifecycleTextView.setText(currentText + "\n" + state);
```



7. Write an android application that will look like WhatsApp Application using Fragment.

Solution:

xml:

Fraagement_contacts.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
   android:layout_width="match_parent">
   android:layout_height="match_parent">

<!-- Contacts Fragment Layout -->
   <TextView
   android:layout_width="wrap_content"
   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
   android:text="Whatsapp contacts"</pre>
```

```
android:textSize="24sp"/>
</RelativeLayout>
```

Fragment_settings.xml:

Fragment chat.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent">
android:layout_height="match_parent">
<!-- Settings Fragment Layout -->
<TextView
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Whatsapp settings"
android:textSize="24sp"/>
</RelativeLayout>
```

Activitymain.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.coordinatorlayout.widget.CoordinatorLayout</p>
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
 xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
 xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
 android:layout_width="match_parent"
 android:layout_height="match_parent"
 tools:context=".MainActivity">
 <androidx.fragment.app.FragmentContainerView</pre>
   android:id="@+id/fragment container"
   android:layout_width="match_parent"
   android:layout_height="match_parent"
   android:layout gravity="fill"/>
 <com.google.android.material.bottomnavigation.BottomNavigationView</p>
   android:id="@+id/bottom navigation"
   android:layout width="match parent"
```

```
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_gravity="bottom"
app:menu="@menu/bottom_nav_menu"
app:labelVisibilityMode="labeled"/>
</androidx.coordinatorlayout.widget.CoordinatorLayout>
```

```
package com.example.myapplication;
import android.os.Bundle;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import androidx.fragment.app.Fragment;
import androidx.fragment.app.FragmentManager;
import androidx.fragment.app.FragmentTransaction;
import com.google.android.material.bottomnavigation.BottomNavigationView;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 private BottomNavigationView bottomNavigationView;
 private FragmentManager fragmentManager;
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
   bottomNavigationView = findViewById(R.id.bottom navigation);
   fragmentManager = getSupportFragmentManager();
   bottomNavigationView.setOnNavigationItemSelectedListener(item -> {
     Fragment selectedFragment = null;
     if (item.getItemId() == R.id.nav chats) {
       selectedFragment = new ChatFragment();
     } else if (item.getItemId() == R.id.nav_contacts) {
       selectedFragment = new ContactsFragment();
     } else if (item.getItemId() == R.id.nav settings) {
       selectedFragment = new SettingsFragment();
     if (selectedFragment != null) {
       FragmentTransaction transaction = fragmentManager.beginTransaction();
       transaction.replace(R.id.fragment_container, selectedFragment);
       transaction.commit();
     return true;
   });
```

```
// Set default fragment
bottomNavigationView.setSelectedItemId(R.id.nav_chats);
}
```

Settingsfragment.java:

```
package com.example.myapplication;

import android.os.Bundle;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.annotation.Nullable;
import androidx.fragment.app.Fragment;
import android.view.LayoutInflater;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;

public class SettingsFragment extends Fragment {

@Nullable
@Override
public View onCreateView(@NonNull LayoutInflater inflater, @Nullable ViewGroup container, @Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {

return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_settings, container, false);
}
```

Contactfragemtns.java:

```
package com.example.myapplication;

import android.os.Bundle;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.annotation.Nullable;
import androidx.fragment.app.Fragment;
import android.view.LayoutInflater;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;

public class ContactsFragment extends Fragment {

@Nullable
@Override
public View onCreateView(@NonNull LayoutInflater inflater, @Nullable ViewGroup container, @Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {

return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_contacts, container, false);
}
```

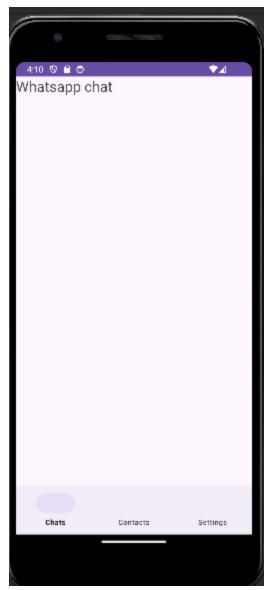
Chatfragment.java:

```
package com.example.myapplication;
import android.os.Bundle;
```

```
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.annotation.Nullable;
import androidx.fragment.app.Fragment;
import android.view.LayoutInflater;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;

public class ChatFragment extends Fragment {

    @Nullable
    @Override
    public View onCreateView(@NonNull LayoutInflater inflater, @Nullable ViewGroup container, @Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_chat, container, false);
    }
}
```



8. Write an android application that will parse XML data

Solution:

xml file:

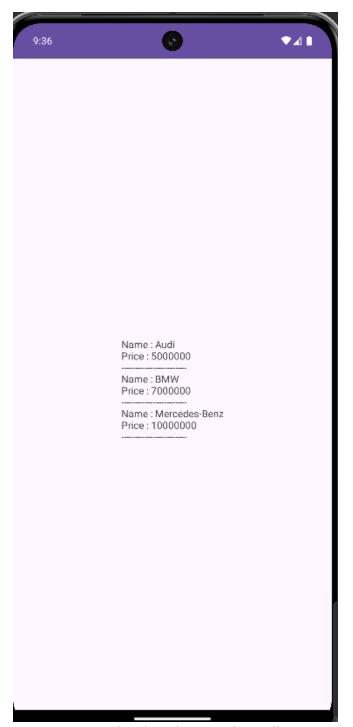
```
<price>10000000</price>
</car>
</records>
```

xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout</p>
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
 xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
 xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
 android:id="@+id/main"
 android:layout width="match parent"
 android:layout height="match parent"
 tools:context=".MainActivity">
 <TextView
   android:layout width="wrap content"
   android:layout height="wrap content"
   android:id="@+id/tv1"
   app:layout_constraintBottom_toBottomOf="parent"
   app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
   app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
   app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent" />
</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
```

```
package com.example.la2q9;
import java.io.InputStream;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory;
import org.w3c.dom.Document;
import org.w3c.dom.Element;
import org.w3c.dom.Node;
import org.w3c.dom.NodeList;
import android.app.Activity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.TextView;
public class MainActivity extends Activity {
 TextView tv1;
 @Override
 public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
   tv1=(TextView)findViewById(R.id.tv1);
   try {
```

```
InputStream is = getAssets().open("new.xml");
    DocumentBuilderFactory dbFactory = DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance();
    DocumentBuilder dBuilder = dbFactory.newDocumentBuilder();
    Document doc = dBuilder.parse(is);
    Element element=doc.getDocumentElement();
    element.normalize();
    NodeList nList = doc.getElementsByTagName("car");
    for (int i=0; i<nList.getLength(); i++) {</pre>
      Node node = nList.item(i);
      if (node.getNodeType() == Node.ELEMENT NODE) {
        Element element2 = (Element) node;
        tv1.setText(tv1.getText()+"\nName : " + getValue("name", element2)+"\n");
        tv1.setText(tv1.getText()+"Price:"+getValue("price", element2)+"\n");\\
        tv1.setText(tv1.getText()+"-----");
  } catch (Exception e) {e.printStackTrace();}
private static String getValue(String tag, Element element) {
  NodeList nodeList = element.getElementsByTagName(tag).item(0).getChildNodes();
  Node node = (Node) nodeList.item(0);
  return node.getNodeValue();
```



9. Write an android application that will parse JSON data

Solution:

Json file:

```
[
{
"name": "Mango",
"price": "500"
```

```
},
{
    "name": "Kiwi",
    "price": "200"
}
```

xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout</p>
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
 xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
 xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
 android:layout_width="match_parent"
 android:layout_height="match_parent"
 tools:context=".MainActivity">
 <TextView
   android:id="@+id/tvData"
   android:layout_width="wrap_content"
   android:layout height="wrap content"
   android:layout_alignParentLeft="true"
   android:layout_alignParentTop="true"
   android:layout_marginLeft="75dp"
   android:layout_marginTop="46dp" />
</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
```

```
package com.example.la2q10;
import android.app.Activity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.TextView;
import org.json.JSONArray;
import org.json.JSONException;
import org.json.JSONObject;
import java.io.InputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
public class MainActivity extends Activity {
 private TextView tvData;
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
   tvData = findViewById(R.id.tvData);
```

```
try {
  InputStream is = getAssets().open("New.json");
  int size = is.available();
  byte[] buffer = new byte[size];
  is.read(buffer);
  is.close();
  String jsonString = new String(buffer, "UTF-8");
  JSONArray jsonArray = new JSONArray(jsonString);
  StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
  for (int i = 0; i < jsonArray.length(); i++) {</pre>
    JSONObject jsonObject = jsonArray.getJSONObject(i);
    String name = jsonObject.getString("name");
    String price = jsonObject.getString("price");
    sb.append("Name: ").append(name).append("\n");
    sb.append("Price: ").append(price).append("\n");
    sb.append("-----\n");
  tvData.setText(sb.toString());
} catch (IOException | JSONException e) {
  e.printStackTrace();
```

