

# **Exercise 5**

Module 1 - Introduction to Cryptography and Data Security

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# 1 Square and Multiply

a) **x = 5; e = 54; m = 151**

Fast exponentiation -  $e_b = 11011_2$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 x \cdot x = x^2 &\Rightarrow (x^{1_2})^2 = x^{10_2} \\
 x^2 \cdot x = x^3 &\Rightarrow x^{10_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{11_2} \\
 x^3 \cdot x^3 = x^6 &\Rightarrow (x^{11_2})^2 = x^{110_2} \\
 x^6 \cdot x^6 = x^{12} &\Rightarrow (x^{110_2})^2 = x^{1100_2} \\
 x^{12} \cdot x = x^{13} &\Rightarrow x^{1100_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{1101_2} \\
 x^{13} \cdot x^{13} = x^{26} &\Rightarrow (x^{1101_2})^2 = x^{11010_2} \\
 x^{26} \cdot x = x^{27} &\Rightarrow x^{11010_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{11011_2} \\
 x^{27} \cdot x^{27} = x^{54} &\Rightarrow (x^{11011_2})^2 = x^{110110_2}
 \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

b) **x = 8; e = 127; m = 151**

Fast exponentiation -  $e_b = 111111_2$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 x \cdot x = x^2 &\Rightarrow (x^{1_2})^2 = x^{10_2} \\
 x^2 \cdot x = x^3 &\Rightarrow x^{10_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{11_2} \\
 x^3 \cdot x^3 = x^6 &\Rightarrow (x^{11_2})^2 = x^{110_2} \\
 x^6 \cdot x = x^7 &\Rightarrow x^{110_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{111_2} \\
 x^7 \cdot x^7 = x^{14} &\Rightarrow (x^{111_2})^2 = x^{1110_2} \\
 x^{14} \cdot x = x^{15} &\Rightarrow x^{1110_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{1111_2} \\
 x^{15} \cdot x^{15} = x^{30} &\Rightarrow (x^{1111_2})^2 = x^{11110_2} \\
 x^{30} \cdot x = x^{31} &\Rightarrow x^{11110_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{11111_2} \\
 x^{31} \cdot x^{31} = x^{62} &\Rightarrow (x^{11111_2})^2 = x^{111110_2} \\
 x^{62} \cdot x = x^{63} &\Rightarrow x^{111110_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{111111_2} \\
 x^{63} \cdot x^{63} = x^{126} &\Rightarrow (x^{111111_2})^2 = x^{1111110_2} \\
 x^{126} \cdot x = x^{127} &\Rightarrow x^{1111110_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{1111111_2}
 \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

c) **x = 7; e = 52; m = 197**

Fast exponentiation -  $e_b = 110100$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
x \cdot x = x^2 &\Rightarrow (x^{1_2})^2 = x^{10_2} \\
x^2 \cdot x = x^3 &\Rightarrow x^{10_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{11_2} \\
x^3 \cdot x^3 = x^6 &\Rightarrow (x^{11_2})^2 = x^{110_2} \\
x^6 \cdot x^6 = x^{12} &\Rightarrow (x^{110_2})^2 = x^{1100_2} \\
x^{12} \cdot x = x^{13} &\Rightarrow x^{1100_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{1101_2} \\
x^{13} \cdot x^{13} = x^{26} &\Rightarrow (x^{1101_2})^2 = x^{11010_2} \\
x^{26} \cdot x^{26} = x^{52} &\Rightarrow (x^{11010_2})^2 = x^{110100_2}
\end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

d) **x = 9; e = 44; m = 197**

$$\begin{aligned}
x \cdot x = x^2 &\Rightarrow (x^{1_2})^2 = x^{10_2} \\
x^2 \cdot x^2 = x^4 &\Rightarrow (x^{10_2})^2 = x^{100_2} \\
x^4 \cdot x = x^5 &\Rightarrow x^{100_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{101_2} \\
x^5 \cdot x^5 = x^{10} &\Rightarrow (x^{101_2})^2 = x^{1010_2} \\
x^{10} \cdot x = x^{11} &\Rightarrow x^{1010_2} \cdot x^{1_2} = x^{1011_2} \\
x^{11} \cdot x^{11} = x^{22} &\Rightarrow (x^{1011_2})^2 = x^{10110_2} \\
x^{22} \cdot x^{22} = x^{44} &\Rightarrow (x^{10110_2})^2 = x^{101100_2}
\end{aligned} \tag{4}$$

## 2 RSA Ver- und Entschlüsselung

a) **p = 19; q = 43; e = 67; x = 143**

$$\begin{aligned}
n &= p \cdot q = 19 \cdot 43 = 817 \\
\varnothing(n) &= (p-1)(q-1) = (19-1)(43-1) \Rightarrow 18 \cdot 42 = 756 \\
K_{pub} &= (n, e) = (817, 67) \\
x^e \bmod n &= 143^{167} \bmod 817
\end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

b) **p = 27; q = 37; e = 117; x = 666**

$$\begin{aligned}
n &= p \cdot q = 27 \cdot 37 = 999 \\
\varnothing(n) &= (p-1)(q-1) = (27-1)(37-1) \Rightarrow 26 \cdot 36 = 936 \\
K_{pub} &= (n, e) = (999, 117) \\
x^e \bmod n &= 666^{999} \bmod 817
\end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

c) **p = 23; q = 31; d = 449; y = 25**

$$\begin{aligned}
n &= p \cdot q = 23 \cdot 31 = 713 \\
\varnothing(n) &= (p-1)(q-1) = (23-1)(31-1) \Rightarrow 22 \cdot 30 = 660 \\
K_{priv} &= (d) = 449 \\
y^d \bmod n &= 25^{449} \bmod 713
\end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

### **3   Angrif auf RSA**

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