

Hello Views >

Spinner

<u>Spinner</u> is a widget similar to a drop-down list for selecting items.

In this tutorial, you'll create a simple spinner widget that displays a list of planets. When one is selected, a toast message will display the selected item.

- 1. Start a new project named *HelloSpinner*.
- 2. Open the res/layout/main.xml file and insert the following:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    android:orientation="vertical"
    android:padding="10dip"
    android:layout_width="fill_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content">
    <TextView
        android:layout_width="fill_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_marginTop="10dip"
        android:text="@string/planet_prompt"
    />
    <Spinner
        android:id="@+id/spinner"
        android:layout_width="fill_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:prompt="@string/planet_prompt"
    />
</LinearLayout>
```

Notice that the <u>TextView</u>'s android:text attribute and the <u>Spinner</u>'s android:prompt attribute both reference the same string resource. This text behaves as a title for the widget. When applied to the <u>Spinner</u>, the title text will appear in the selection dialog that appears upon selecting the widget.

3. Create a strings.xml file in res/values/ and edit the file to look like this:

The <string> element defines the title string referenced by the <u>TextView</u> and <u>Spinner</u> in the layout above. The <string-array element defines the list of strings that will be displayed as the list in the <u>Spinner</u> widget.

4. Now open the HelloSpinner.java file and insert the following code for the onCreate()) method:

After the main.xml layout is set as the content view, the <u>Spinner</u> widget is captured from the layout with <u>findViewById(int)</u>. The <u>createFromResource()</u> method then creates a new <u>ArrayAdapter</u>, which binds each item in the string array to the initial appearance for the <u>Spinner</u> (which is how each item will appear in the spinner when selected). The R.array.planets_array ID references the string-array defined above and the android.R.layout.simple_spinner_item ID references a layout for the standard spinner appearance, defined by the platform. Then <u>setDropDownViewResource(int)</u> is called to define the appearance for each item when the widget is opened (simple_spinner_dropdown_item is another standard layout defined by the platform). Finally, the <u>ArrayAdapter</u> is set to associate all of its items with the <u>Spinner</u> by calling <u>setAdapter(T)</u>.

5. Now create a nested class that implements AdapterView.OnItemSelectedListener. This will provide a callback method that will notify your application when an item has been selected from the Spinner. Here's what this class should look like:

The <u>AdapterView.OnItemSelectedListener</u> requires the <u>onItemSelected()</u> and <u>onNothingSelected()</u> callback methods. The former is called when an item from the <u>AdapterView</u> is selected, in which case, a short <u>Toast</u> message displays the selected text; and the latter is called when a selection disappears from the <u>AdapterView</u>, which doesn't happen in this case, so it's ignored.

6. Now the MyOnItemSelectedListener needs to be applied to the <u>Spinner</u>. Go back to the <u>onCreate()</u> method and add the following line to the end:

```
spinner.setOnItemSelectedListener(new MyOnItemSelectedListener());
```

This creates a new anonymous instance of the MyOnItemSelectedListener and sets it as the listener for the Spinner.

7. Run the application.

It should look like this:



Resources

- <u>R.layout</u>
- <u>ArrayAdapter</u>
- <u>Spinner</u>

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