Letting Immigrants Walk the Plank

The Washington Post

December 19, 1996, Thursday, Final Edition

Copyright 1996 The Washington Post **Section:** EDITORIAL; Pg. A26

Length: 549 words

Body

THE WELFARE bill that President Clinton signed in August did the bulk of its budget cutting in other programs for the poor having little or nothing to do with welfare: food stamps and aid to legal *immigrants*. The president, at the time of the signing, decried these large and gratuitous cuts as wrong, and left the impression that in a second term he would seek their repeal.

In fact, as discussions since have shown, the administration will seek much less than full repeal. The budget appears likely to contain, at most, enough money to reverse about a fourth of the cuts, and perhaps not even that. The result is that even if Congress grants the full request -- an unlikely prospect, based on the congressional response thus far -- large numbers of unambiguously needy people will lose federal support.

No group will be more affected than the legal <u>immigrants</u>. These are people who are supposed to be here. We pride ourselves on having <u>let</u> them in. They work, consume, contribute to the variety of the culture, pay taxes, live next door, send their children to school and all the rest -- and we're glad of that. The bill nonetheless makes them ineligible for almost all the principal forms of federal aid to the poor. It is not just prospective recipients who are disqualified, either, but the million such people who are already on the rolls. Many are either disabled or elderly <u>immigrants</u> with no other readily apparent means of support. What happens to them next? The legislation, having washed the federal hands of responsibility, doesn't say.

The administration says it lacks the funds to restore past law and benefits entirely. At one point it proposed instead a kind of freeze, not a repeal of the massive cuts in the bill but a two-year deferral that would fit more easily into the budget and buy everyone, the president included, some time. The *immigrant* advocacy groups resisted. They see delay as a parking lot on the way to hell; they think their problem can be solved if at all only in the context of a broader budget agreement such as seems to be in prospect in the year ahead. Once such an agreement is reached, there is likely two years from now to be even less money available for the reversal of a decision which by then will in any case have been partly forgotten and be much less a source of embarrassment than with the welfare bill having just been signed. The president will also be that much closer to lame duck status, and if history is any guide, the midterm elections will not have produced a more sympathetic Congress.

In fact, it isn't clear there isn't money to restore these benefits. George Bush once said he had more will than wallet, but wallet is a function of will. There isn't money enough for full restoration because there are other things on which the administration would rather spend the money first. The advocacy groups are now down to deciding which groups of needy <u>immigrants</u> they think should be helped first if funds aren't available for all. Women and children first? The disabled at the elderly's expense? Which will it be? But these are terrible questions. The president was right when he suggested that the <u>immigrant</u> provisions were among the most repugnant in this bill. What does he now insist that Congress do about it?

Classification

Letting Immigrants Walk the Plank

Language: ENGLISH

Subject: IMMIGRATION LAW (90%); PUBLIC HEALTH & WELFARE LAW (89%); WELFARE BENEFITS (78%);

LEGISLATION (78%); AGREEMENTS (78%); US PRESIDENTS (78%); ELECTIONS (73%); MIDTERM

ELECTIONS (73%); FOOD STAMPS (73%); CAMPAIGNS & ELECTIONS (69%)

Industry: BUDGETS (90%); BUDGET CUTS (89%); PARKING SPACES & FACILITIES (50%)

Person: BILL CLINTON (58%); GEORGE W BUSH (58%)

Load-Date: December 19, 1996

End of Document