Immigrants' License Access Topic of Debates

The Washington Post September 26, 2002 Thursday, Final Edition

Copyright 2002 The Washington Post

The Washington Post washingtonpost.com

Section: PRINCE WILLIAM EXTRA; Pg. T01

Length: 990 words

Byline: David Cho, Washington Post Staff Writer

Body

Should illegal *immigrants* be banned from getting driver's *licenses*?

That's the question the Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles recently posed during public hearings at the Fairfax Government Center and three other locations around the state.

Virginia lawmakers have asked DMV officials to study the issue and report back to them by the beginning of next year, when the legislative session begins in Richmond. The agency's findings could go a long way toward determining whether legislation is needed that would tie getting a *license* to having legal *immigrant* status.

So far, the DMV has not taken a position, said spokeswoman Pam Goheen. But she said the agency has learned that the stakes are high on both sides.

Immigration advocacy groups contend that prohibiting undocumented <u>immigrants</u> from obtaining <u>licenses</u> would devastate millions of families who are already in the country, making it hard for them to get work or even cash a check. Many would drive to jobs anyway and would not be able to buy auto insurance, the advocates say.

But proponents of a ban, including several state lawmakers, say protecting the United States from terrorist attack justifies whatever hardship those families would endure. Seven of the 19 hijackers in the Sept. 11 attacks had obtained Virginia ID cards or *licenses* illegally, they point out.

Since the attacks, Virginia has closed several loopholes in its *licensing* regulations. The state no longer accepts notarized identity and residency affidavits, nor will it accept passports with expired visas, which had been popular methods of obtaining a *license* before Sept. 11. The DMV also rejects I-94 forms, immigration documents that attest to one's legal resident status, as proof of identity.

Del. James K. "Jay" O'Brien Jr. (R-Fairfax), who spoke at the public hearing in Fairfax last Friday, said he wants even stronger regulations. He said he would push legislation that would require a person to have a legal presence in the state before he or she could receive a *license*.

More than just permission to drive, a driver's <u>license</u> has in practice become "the passport of life in America" because it is accepted as proof of identity by airports, restaurants, banks and other businesses and government agencies, O'Brien said.

"Practically speaking, a driver's <u>license</u> presumes that the holder is allowed to be here," he said. "If Virginia wants to fight terrorism, it includes tightening our procedures for documenting who can gain <u>access</u> to such a document because it is so widely accepted."

But state Sen. Leslie L. Byrne (D-Fairfax), who also spoke at the hearing, pointed out that O'Brien's proposal would not have stopped the Sept. 11 attacks on the Pentagon and World Trade Center. The seven terrorists who illegally obtained Virginia driver's <u>licenses</u> and ID cards by forging fake Virginia addresses were in the country as legal <u>immigrants</u>, she said.

She added that if O'Brien had his way, the state's DMV clerks would have to work closely with agents of the federal Immigration and Naturalization Service, which she said would be a disastrous marriage between two extremely bureaucratic agencies.

"What you are seeing is a knee-jerk reaction from DMV because of what came out of September 11," she said. "The whole country was criticizing them after September 11 and now they are trying to punish people for not being U.S. citizens."

<u>Immigrant</u> groups say that lately, DMV officials are turning away legal <u>immigrants</u> seeking to obtain a <u>license</u>.

Josephine Momoh, 23, said in July she fled a war in Liberia that claimed her father's life. She was granted refugee status by the INS and found a home through a charitable organization in Arlington.

But when she went to the DMV to get a <u>license</u>, she said, the clerk asked her repeatedly for her passport. She pointed out that she was a refugee and that the Liberian government would not have issued her one. She also showed her immigration documents, proving her story.

But Momoh said the clerk turned her away, insisting that she obtain a second picture ID.

"I don't know what they were talking about, getting a second ID, they kept asking and asking. I don't know what they expected me to do," said Momoh.

To support such <u>immigrants</u>, a broad-based team of prominent <u>immigrant</u> advocacy and lobbying groups recently formed the Virginia Coalition for Fair <u>Access</u> to <u>Licenses</u>. During the DMV hearing in Fairfax, the coalition held a press conference to shed light on what it called "prejudicial" and unfair treatment of <u>immigrants</u>.

"It's taking multiple trips right now and even when <u>immigrants</u> have the required documents, they are being turned away," said Tim Freilich, managing attorney with the Virginia Justice Center for Farm and <u>Immigrant</u> Workers and a lead organizer of the coalition. "The reality is that our country depends on hard-working, tax-paying <u>immigrants</u>, both documented and undocumented, to fill the least desirable low-wage job imaginable. . . . But this is crippling them."

Freilich said he has taken calls from <u>immigrants</u> who have had difficulty enrolling their children in school and obtaining marriage <u>licenses</u> because they could not get a basic form of ID from the DMV.

Maria Lopez, 36, of Falls Church, an undocumented <u>immigrant</u> from El Salvador whose case is pending before the INS, said she has visited the DMV twice with a Social Security number, bank account, work authorization card and a picture ID, but each time was turned away by clerks who said she needed a valid passport as well. Lopez, who is hoping to gain legal status here as a refugee, said she was never granted a passport when she fled war in her country nearly a decade ago.

"September 11 events were very tragic, and I know the laws would naturally get stricter after something like that," she said in Spanish through a translator. "But the government knows very well that we are here, so why are they making it so hard for us?"

Classification

Immigrants' License Access Topic of Debates

Language: ENGLISH

Publication-Type: Newspaper

Subject: IMMIGRATION (91%); PASSPORTS & VISAS (90%); DRIVERS *LICENSES* (89%); SEPTEMBER 11 ATTACK (89%); TERRORISM (89%); *LICENSES* & PERMITS (89%); US STATE GOVERNMENT (89%); ILLEGAL *IMMIGRANTS* (78%); PUBLIC HEARINGS (78%); IMMIGRATION LAW (78%); LEGISLATIVE BODIES (77%); LEGISLATION (75%); US FEDERAL GOVERNMENT (74%); TERRORIST ATTACKS (71%); HIJACKING (71%)

Industry: DRIVERS *LICENSES* (89%); AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE (73%); RESTAURANTS (73%)

Geographic: RICHMOND, VA, USA (79%); VIRGINIA, USA (96%); UNITED STATES (92%)

Load-Date: September 26, 2002

End of Document