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Body

SPEAKERS: GEORGE W. <u>BUSH</u>, <u>PRESIDENT</u> OF THE UNITED STATES

ALBERTO GONZALES, U.S. ATTORNEY GENERAL

EMILIO GONZALEZ, DIRECTOR, U.S. CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION SERVICES

GONZALEZ: Thank you for following this important civic path paved by millions of immigrants before you. And congratulations on being the newest citizens of this great country of ours, for with your <u>naturalization</u>, you strengthen the cause of freedom, you invigorate our democratic institutions, and you rejuvenate and strengthen the tree of liberty.

You are living proof of the value of *immigration* into this great land.

This is my third official <u>naturalization ceremony</u> since I was given the honor to serve as director of citizenship and <u>immigration</u> services not three months ago. These events are as meaningful to me as they are to you. washingtonpost.com

But I actually count this as my fourth <u>naturalization</u> <u>ceremony</u>. You see, on February 1st, in the privacy of my office, I signed posthumous <u>naturalization</u> certificates for immigrant soldiers who lost their lives fighting for our nation in the war on terror. Our citizenship -- your citizenship -- is so valuable that family members still want their deceased loved ones honored with it.

Today, approximately 40,000 men and women in uniform are serving our great nation who are not themselves citizens. These men and women place their lives on the line every single day to defend our nation and a system of government that they cannot as of yet participate in.

These brave individuals understand all too well what many still don't or won't: that our 230-year-old experiment in democracy is not only worth fighting for, but it's worth dying for. These men and women truly get it.

Not far from here, across the street from the White House, is one of my favorite places in Washington, D.C. And if you haven't been there, I suggest you go to Lafayette Park, a truly magnificent place to visit.

In the center is a beautiful statute of General Andrew Jackson. In each corner of the park, there are statues of four Revolutionary War heroes: Generals Lafayette, Rouchambeau, von Steuben and the Polish-born General Tadeusz Kosciuszko.

All four of these heroes were foreigners who came to America to fight for our independence, and it is, I believe, the only park of its kind here in Washington.

And as a former soldier and student of history, my favorite there, I can tell you, is General Kosciuszko.

A Polish- and French-trained artillery and engineering officer, Kosciuszko came to the United States to enlist in the fledgling Continental Army. According to a wonderful legend, Kosciuszko presented himself before a very tired General George Washington, who was not quite sure what to do with yet another foreign volunteer lacking in English skills.

"I've come to fight for American independence," Kosciuszko told Washington, so the story goes.

"But what can you do?" asked General Washington. "What can you do?"

GONZALEZ: His response was short, simple and profound. "Try me," responded the foreigner. "Just try me."

So impressed was General Washington that Kosciuszko was made a colonel of engineers, served with distinction during the Revolutionary War and was later promoted to brigadier general.

Thomas Jefferson would later write of this adopted American, "He was as pure a son of liberty as I have ever known and of that liberty which is to go to all and not just a few or the rich alone."

Today, you all bring that "try me" spirit to the United States. All of you have said "try me," and, by God, we're here to try you; the "try me" spirit that has given us Senator Mel Martinez, an immigrant now serving in the United States Senate; the "try me" spirit that produced Representative Tom Lantos, the only Holocaust survivor and the most senior *naturalized* American in the United States Congress; and the same "try me" spirit that brought millions of immigrants to these shores before you, including, I might add, a refugee from Cuba who came to this country with his family 45 years ago and whose son stands before you today.

Thank you, Mr. <u>President</u>, for the trust and confidence that you've placed in me to lead the largest <u>immigration</u> service in the world.

Today, we all leave this great building as equal citizens. And there is nothing more valuable than the citizenship you now have. Cherish it, nurture it, promote it, defend it. Become Americans not only in name but in deed. Embrace your new institutions and develop a healthy patriotism for your new country.

You are among the most fortunate people in the world today. You are sitting where millions around the world would give anything to be sitting in.

I know this firsthand. I come from a community that radiates everything good and decent about the American immigrant experience.

In my city, Miami, the majority of residents are foreign-born. In fact, my city councilman, chief of police, mayor, member of Congress, United States senator and the first lady of my state are all immigrants.

Most important, so is my wife.

(LAUGHTER)

Yet my hometown is as quintessentially American as is any other town in the United States because we all adhere to the guiding principles of democracy and of freedom.

I congratulate you today, this very, very important day. Cherish your citizenship, nurture your citizenship, grow in your citizenship, become part of this great country, and I guarantee this will be for you a day for you to remember for the rest of your lives.

With that, I congratulate you once again. And since you didn't really come to hear me speak today, I want to introduce somebody whose compelling personal story is clearly what makes America great, an individual that I know as a man of honor, character, integrity, courage and patriotism.

GONZALEZ: It is my high honor to introduce today the 80th attorney general of the United States, Judge Alberto Gonzales.

(APPLAUSE)

GONZALES: Ladies and gentlemen, please rise and join me in reciting our Pledge of Allegiance.

(PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE)

GONZALES: Please be seated.

America's promise lives in the words of our Constitution, in the mind of our children who believe that anything is possible, and within the hearts of our leaders.

I entered public service in part because I believed in George W. <u>Bush</u>. I believed that he would work to create a society where everyone, including my sons, would have a chance, an opportunity to succeed in our beautiful country. And I believe in that still today.

We are, of course, responsible for ourselves and for our families, for our children. But in truth, our future and our hopes also lie in the *president*'s hands.

And so, in a world of increasing complexity, unknown dangers and growing challenges, I wake up each morning secure in the knowledge that America is led by a good man, a courageous man, a compassionate man.

Hope is what America stands for. Hope is what all immigrants live by. And it is what this **president** has given to many people here and around the world.

Ladies and gentlemen, the *president* of the United States.

(APPLAUSE)

BUSH: Thank you all. Thank you very much. It's good to be with you.

I am grateful for the chance to witness this joyous and uplifting <u>ceremony</u>. It is inspiring to see people of many different ages, many different countries, raise their hands and swear an oath to become citizens of the United States of America.

For some of you this day comes after a long and difficult journey. For all of you this is a defining moment in your lives. America is now more than your home; America is your country.

I welcome you to this free nation. I congratulate you and your families. And it's an honor to call you fellow Americans.

I appreciate the attorney general.

Dr. Gonzales, thank you, sir.

And, Alfonso (ph), it's good to be up here with you.

I want to thank the <u>president</u> general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Ms. Presley Wagoner, for letting us use this fantastic facility for this important <u>ceremony</u>.

Thank you for singing the national anthem so beautifully.

It is fitting that we hold this <u>ceremony</u> at the home of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The Daughters of the American Revolution are the daughters of immigrants, because the leaders of our revolution all had ancestors who came from abroad.

As new citizens of the United States, you now walk in the footsteps of millions. And with the oath you've sworn, you're every bit as American as those who came before you.

Our immigrant heritage has enriched America's history. It continues to shape our society. Each generation of immigrants brings a renewal to our national character and adds vitality to our culture.

Newcomers have a special way of appreciating the opportunities of America. And when they seize those opportunities, our whole nation benefits.

In the 1790s, an immigrant from Ireland designed the White House, right where Laura and I live, and he helped build the Capitol.

BUSH: In the 1990s, an immigrant from Russia helped create the Internet search engine Google.

In between, new citizens have made contributions in virtually every professional field and millions of newcomers have strengthened their communities through quiet lives of hard work and family and faith.

America's welcoming society is more than cultural tradition; it is a fundamental promise of our democracy.

Our Constitution does not limit citizenship by background or birth. Instead, our nation is bound together by shared love of liberty and a conviction that all people are created with dignity and value.

Through the generations, Americans have upheld that vision by welcoming new citizens from across the globe, and that has made us stand apart.

One of my predecessors, <u>President</u> Ronald Reagan, used to say this: "You can go to live in France, but you cannot become a Frenchman. You can go to live in Japan, but you cannot become Japanese. But anyone, from any corner of the world, can come to live in America and be an American."

The new Americans we welcome today include men and women from 20 countries on five continents. Their ages range from 18 to 59. And they work as teachers and small-business managers and nurses and software engineers and other professions.

<u>BUSH</u>: One new citizen is Veronica Percheco (ph). Veronica (ph) first came to the United States from Bolivia 15 years ago. In 2000, she moved here permanently and found a job at a catering company in Virginia.

Every Friday and Saturday, she spent five hours studying English at the local community college. Over the years, she saved enough money to buy her own townhouse.

Here's what she says about America: "This is a country of opportunity. If you want to be successful, you can do it. You can have your dreams come true here."

Another new citizen is Masun Shaheen (ph). Masun (ph) grew up in Kuwait and moved to the United States with her husband seven years ago. She enrolled in the community college to improve her English; took a job teaching Marines to speak Arabic.

Here is what Masun (ph) said: "The United States is a symbol of justice, freedom and liberty. I love that. Here they respect people because they are people. I feel I'm honored and I feel that I'm loved."

America is stronger and more dynamic when we welcome new citizens like Masun (ph) and Veronica (ph) to our democracy.

With that in mind, I've called on Congress to increase the number of green cards that can lead to citizenship.

I support increasing the number of visas available for foreign- born workers in highly skilled fields like science, medicine and technology.

I've signed legislation creating a new Office of Citizenship at the Department of Homeland Security to promote knowledge of citizenship rights and procedures.

And after September the 11th, I signed an executive order making foreign-born members of our military immediately eligible for citizenship, because those willing to risk their lives for our democracy should be full participants in our democracy.

Over the past four years, more than 20,000 men and women in uniform have become citizens of the country they serve. They've taken the citizenship oath on the decks of aircraft carriers, on deployments to Afghanistan and Iraq, and at military bases around the world.

Bethesda Naval Medical Center -- I watched a brave Marine born in Mexico raise his right hand and become a citizen of the country he had defended in uniform for more than 26 years.

It's a privilege to be the commander in chief of men and women like these.

BUSH: And I'm proud to call them fellow citizens.

All that swear the oath of citizenship are doing more than completing a legal process. They are making a life-long pledge to support the values and the laws of America.

The pledge comes with great privileges and it also comes with great responsibilities. I believe every new citizen has an obligation to learn the customs and values that define our nation, including liberty and civic responsibility, equality under God, tolerance for others and the English language.

Those of us who have been citizens for many years have responsibilities as well. Helping new citizens assimilate is a mission that unites Americans by choice and by birth.

I appreciate the work of patriotic organizations like the Daughters of the American Revolution. Some of the new Americans here today might have used DAR's manual for citizenship to prepare you for the citizenship test.

Obviously, you did a pretty good job, since you passed.

(LAUGHTER)

Many other organizations, from churches to businesses to civic organizations, are answering the call to help new citizens succeed in our country. And I am grateful for all those who reach out to people who are becoming citizens.

Government's doing its part to help new citizens succeed, as well.

The Office of Citizenship has created a new official guide for immigrants. It's free publication includes practical advice on tasks like finding housing and jobs or enrolling your children in school or paying taxes.

We're conducting outreach programs with faith-based and community groups to offer civics and English language courses.

My administration will continue to pursue policies that open a path to education and jobs, promote ownership and give every citizenship a chance to realize the American dream.

Our nation is now in the midst of a debate on <u>immigration</u> policy. And it's good. <u>Immigration</u> is an important topic. <u>Immigration</u> is also an emotional topic. And we need to maintain our perspective as we conduct this debate.

At its core, <u>immigration</u> is the sign of a confident and successful nation. It says something about our country that people around the world are willing to leave their homes and leave their families and risk everything to come to America.

<u>BUSH</u>: Their talent and hard work and love of freedom have helped America the leader of the world. And our generation will ensure that America remains a beacon of liberty and the most hopeful society the world has ever known.

America is a nation of immigrants, and we're also a nation of laws. All of you are here because you followed the rules and you waited your turn in the citizenship line.

Yet some violate our *immigration* laws and enter our country illegally. And that undermines the system for all of us.

America should not have to choose between being a welcoming society and being a lawful society. We can be both at the same time.

And so, to keep the promise of America, we must enforce the laws of America. We must also reform those laws.

No one is served by an <u>immigration</u> system that allows large numbers of people to sneak across the border illegally. Nobody benefits when the illegal immigrants live in the shadows of society. Everyone suffers when people seeking to provide for their families are left at the mercy of criminals or stuffed in the back of 18-wheelers or abandoned in the desert to die.

America needs comprehensive <u>immigration</u> reform. I've laid out a proposal for comprehensive <u>immigration</u> reform that includes three critical elements: securing the border, strengthening <u>immigration</u> enforcement inside our country, and creating a temporary worker program.

These elements depend on and reinforce one another, and together they will give America an <u>immigration</u> system that meets the needs of the 21st century.

The first element is securing our border. Our <u>immigration</u> system cannot function if we cannot control the border. Illegal **immigration** puts a strain on law enforcement and public resources, especially in our border communities.

Our nation is also fighting a war on terror, and terrorists crossing the border could create destruction on a massive scale. The responsibility of government is clear: We must enforce the border.

Since I took office, we've increased funding for border security by 66 percent.

We've expanded the Border Patrol to more than 12,000 agents; an increase of more 2,700 agents. And the budget next year funds another 1,500 new agents.

We're helping these dedicated men and women do their jobs by providing them with cutting-edge technology, like infrared cameras, advanced motion sensors and unmanned aerial vehicles.

We're installing protective infrastructure, such as vehicle barriers and fencing in urban areas, to prevent people from crossing the border illegally.

BUSH: And we're integrating manpower and technology and infrastructure in more unified ways than ever.

Our objective is to keep the border open to trade and tourism and closed to criminals and drug dealers and terrorists.

Our strategy to secure the border is getting results.

Since I took office, our agents have apprehended and sent home more than 6 million people entering this country illegally, including more than 400,000 with criminal records.

Federal, state, and local and tribal enforcement officials are working side-by-side.

Through the Arizona Border Control Initiative, we've apprehended more than 600,000 illegal immigrants in Arizona last year.

The men and women of our Border Patrol have made good progress. But we have much more work ahead, and we cannot be satisfied until we're in full control of the border.

We're also changing the way we process those we catch crossing the border illegally. More than 85 percent of the illegal immigrants we apprehend are from Mexico, and most are sent back home within 24 hours.

We face a different challenge with non-Mexicans. For decades, government detention facilities did not have enough beds for the non- Mexican illegal immigrants caught at the border, and so most were released back into society. They were each assigned a court date, but virtually nobody showed up.

The practice of catch-and-release is unwise, and my administration is going to end it. To end catch-and-release, we're increasing the number of beds in detention facilities by 12 percent this year and by another 32 percent next year.

We're also expanding our use of a process called expedited removal, which allows us to send non-Mexican illegal immigrants home more quickly.

Last year it took an average of 66 days to process one of these illegal immigrants. Now we do it in 21 days. The goal is to increase the process faster.

It's helped us to end the catch-and-release for illegal immigrants from Brazil and Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua caught crossing our southwest border.

And since last summer, we've cut the number of non-Mexican illegal immigrants released in society by more than a third.

BUSH: We've set a goal to end catch-and-release over the next year.

I look forward to working with Congress to close loopholes that makes it difficult for us to process illegal immigrants from certain countries. And we will continue to press foreign governments, like China, to take back their citizen who've entered our country illegally.

When illegal immigrants know they are going to be caught and sent home, they will be less likely to break the rules in the first place, and the system will be more orderly and secure for those who follow the law.

The second part of a comprehensive <u>immigration</u> reform is strengthening enforcement of our laws in the interior of our country.

Since I took office we've increased funding for <u>immigration</u> enforcement by 42 percent, and these resources have helped our agents bring to justice some very dangerous people: smugglers, terrorists, gang members and human traffickers.

For example, through Operation Community Shield, federal agents have arrested nearly 2,300 gang members who were here illegally, including violent criminals like the members of MS-13.

Better interior enforcement also requires better work site enforcement. Businesses have an obligation to abide by the law and the government has the responsibility to help them do so.

Last year I signed legislation to more than double the resources dedicated to work site enforcement. We'll continue to confront the problem of document fraud, because hardworking business owners should not have to act as detectives to verify the status of their workers.

Next month, we're going to launch law enforcement task forces in 11 major cities to dismantle document fraud rings. We're working to shut down the forgers who create the phony documents, to stop the smugglers who traffic in human beings, and to ensure that American businesses comply with American law.

The third part of comprehensive <u>immigration</u> reform is to make the system more rational, orderly and secure by creating a new temporary worker program. This program would provide a legal way to match willing foreign workers with willing American employers to fill the jobs that Americans are unwilling to do.

Workers should be able to register for legal status on a temporary basis.

BUSH: If they decide to apply for citizenship, they would have to get in line.

This program would help meet the demands of a growing economy. And it would allow honest workers to provide for their families while respecting the law.

A temporary worker program is vital to securing our border. By creating a separate legal channel for those entering America to do an honest day's labor, we would dramatically reduce the number of people trying to sneak back and forth across the border. That would help take the pressure off the border, and free up law enforcement to focus on the greatest threats to our security, which are criminals and drug dealers and terrorists.

The program would also improve security by creating tamper-proof identification cards. That would allow us to keep track of every temporary worker who is here on a legal basis, and help us identify those who are here illegally.

One thing the temporary worker program should not do is provide amnesty for people who are in our country illegally. I believe granting amnesty would be unfair because it would allow those who break the law to jump ahead of people like you all: people who play by the rules and have waited in the line for citizenship.

Amnesty would also be unwise, because it would encourage future waves of illegal <u>immigration</u>, it would increase pressure on the border, and make it difficult for law enforcement to focus on those who mean us harm.

For the sake of justice and border security, I firmly oppose amnesty.

This week, the Senate plans to consider legislation on *immigration* reform.

BUSH: Congress needs to pass a comprehensive bill that secures the border, improves interior enforcement and creates a temporary worker program to strengthen our security and our economy.

Completing a comprehensive bill is not going to be easy. It will require all of us in Washington to make tough choices and make compromises. And that is exactly what the American people sent us here to do.

As we move toward the process, we also have a chance to move beyond tired choices and the harsh attitudes of the past.

The <u>immigration</u> debate should be conducted in a civil and dignified way. No one should play on people's fears, or try to pit neighbors against each other. No one should pretend that immigrants are threats to America's identity, because immigrants have shaped America's identity. No one should claim that immigrants are a burden on our economy, because the work and enterprise of immigrants helps sustain our economy.

We should not give in to pessimism. If we work together, I'm confident we can meet our duty to fix our *immigration* system, and deliver a bill that protects our people, upholds our laws and makes our people proud.

It's a joyful day for all of you and it's one you'll always remember.

When you came here this morning, I was the <u>president</u> of another country. Now I'm the <u>president</u> of your country. And I'm grateful for that honor.

I wish you good luck as citizens of the greatest nation on the face of the Earth.

May God bless you and your families. And may God continue to bless America.

Thank you very much.

(APPLAUSE)

END

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