Number of H-1B visas issued has fallen by half

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Body

The <u>number</u> of <u>H-1B visas</u> <u>issued</u> to temporary foreign workers has dropped by <u>half</u> so far this year, a sign of the torpid economy and tech implosion.

The INS <u>issued</u> about 60,500 new <u>H-1B visas</u> in the first three quarters of its fiscal year, from Oct. 1, 2001, to June 30 -- a 54 percent drop from the 130,700 <u>H-1B visas</u> it <u>issued</u> in the same period of its previous fiscal year. There are 18,000 petitions pending, the INS said.

The plunge comes on the heels of a record year. Last year, Congress raised the annual cap on the <u>visas</u> to 195,000 and created exemptions for university researchers among others.

<u>H-1B visas</u> are good for up to six years and are popular in the tech industry for importing engineers. About <u>half</u> of <u>H-1B visas</u> go to people doing computer-related work, many of whom come from India and China. Tech companies such as Oracle, Intel and Hewlett-Packard are among the program's biggest users.

Post-Sept. 11 scrutiny of <u>visas</u> and the reorganization of the Immigration and Naturalization Service have also likely played a role in the drop, said one immigration attorney.

"Right now immigration is sort of in a mess," said Margaret Wong, a longtime immigration attorney in Cleveland. Wong said wait times for *H-1B visas* have increased from a month to 16 weeks.

Critics and supporters of the long-controversial <u>**H-1B**</u> program agree the drop is not surprising, but they interpret it differently.

Harris Miller, president of the Information Technology Association of America, said the decline shows that employers are using the <u>H-1B</u> program appropriately. They're importing fewer foreign workers because they're doing less hiring and there are more U.S. workers available, he said. Miller said he doesn't think increased scrutiny of <u>visas</u> after Sept. 11 has anything to do with the drop.

"Clearly <u>H</u>-1Bs are for use when there's a shortage. With the continued slowdown in the IT industry and other industries that use them, then the system is working as it was designed," Miller said. IEEE-USA, the U.S. arm of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, disagrees.

It argues that the <u>visa <u>numbers</u> may be down, but that 60,500 new <u>**H-1B visas**</u> are still too many, given how many U.S. engineers are out of work.</u>

The IEEE-USA has called on Congress to study how the expanded <u>H-1B visa</u> program and the increasing use of overseas engineering staffs are affecting the job market for U.S. engineers. Unemployment among engineers rose to 4 percent in the second quarter of this year, and increased even higher for computer scientists and electronics

engineers, according to data the IEEE-USA released last month. While that's below the 5.9 percent national unemployment rate, it's a high for engineers.

"We clearly have many unemployed domestic high-tech workers that could be available for those same jobs," said John Steadman, an IEEE-USA vice president.

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