Transporter Of Immigrants Faces Charges

The New York Times

July 2, 2003 Wednesday, Late Edition - Final

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Section: Section B; Column 5; Metropolitan Desk; Pg. 1

Length: 719 words

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Body

Ten years after the rusty steamer Golden Venture ran aground near Queens, exposing a bustling underworld of illegal <u>immigrants</u> being smuggled and held hostage, a woman who federal officials say was a vicious ringleader of the operation completed her own voyage from Asia to America. This time she was the captive, escorted by federal agents after being extradited to <u>face</u> criminal <u>charges</u> in New York yesterday, ending a worldwide pursuit.

The authorities said the woman, Cheng Chui Ping, was the head of an extensive international human smuggling ring, as well as a shrewd Chinatown banker who laundered her ransom proceeds behind a Broadway storefront. Ms. Cheng, who is also known as Sister Ping, was <u>charged</u> with conspiracy to smuggle illegal <u>immigrants</u>, hostage taking, and money laundering, among other things, in a seven-count indictment released yesterday in Federal District Court in Manhattan. If convicted, she <u>faces</u> life in prison.

Ms. Cheng, whom agents for the Federal Bureau of Investigation escorted to New York from Hong Kong yesterday morning, entered a not guilty plea through her lawyer, Lawrence Hochheiser, before Judge Michael B. Mukasey of United States District Court. She struck a humble pose before the court in a black suit, head down and hair drawn into a low ponytail. She said she understood her rights and was detained pending a bail application.

"It's really a case of an enterprising individual who took advantage of those so desperate to escape the poverty and misery of their homeland," a deputy United States attorney, David N. Kelley, said during a news conference at his downtown office. "But while promising passage to their dreams, Sister Ping often only delivered a nightmare and sometimes death."

Mr. Kelley said Ms. Cheng, who lived in New York from the early 1980's to 1993 and then disappeared from view, transported hundreds if not thousands of illegal <u>immigrants</u> to the United States under deplorable conditions "as if nothing more than common cargo," and then routinely held them hostage in warehouses or safe houses until the debts for their passage were paid. Officials said a typical fee was about \$30,000, and that evidence exposes smuggling operations going as far back as 1984.

In one instance, officials said Ms. Cheng directed the smuggling of 130 <u>immigrants</u> from Fujian Province in China aboard a Taiwanese fishing boat headed to Boston, then paid a notoriously violent Chinatown gang, the Fuk Ching, \$750,000 to transport them in three U-Haul trucks to Brooklyn.

In June 1993, when the Golden Venture ran aground off the Rockaway Peninsula in Queens, 10 illegal Chinese *immigrants* died in the ocean after jumping from the ship in a desperate bid to swim to shore. More than 300 people had been crammed into the freighter's rusty hull, on direction of Ms. Cheng and other smugglers known as "snakeheads."

People in Chinatown in Manhattan, where she once ran several businesses, have said in interviews that Ms. Cheng, 53, was viewed as a benevolent figure and was affectionately called Sister Ping or Big Sister Ping. They

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said she often found jobs for people and helped them figure out their new surroundings, and that she could sometimes provide loans faster than the Bank of China. Those who knew her described her as friendly and called her trustworthy.

The image painted by law enforcement officials could not be in greater contrast. "Unfortunately, you can't poll those people who lost their lives," Mr. Kelley said in response to a question about Ms. Cheng's benevolence in her community.

Officials contend that she has made untold millions on the backs of illegal Chinese <u>immigrants</u>, who were poor, vulnerable and unsophisticated, and forced to pay tens of thousands of dollars per head for the voyage to America.

One official mentioned that hostages were threatened with dismemberment, one limb at a time, until their debts were paid.

Ms. Cheng was originally indicted in 1994 and arrested in April 2000 at the Hong Kong International Airport after an extensive search. The government had been seeking her extradition since then.

Officials would not discuss how she was found in Hong Kong, but they did say that she had been running a lucrative business before her arrest and had managed to fake documents that allowed her to travel internationally.

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Classification

Language: ENGLISH

Publication-Type: Newspaper

Subject: SMUGGLING (91%); IMMIGRATION (90%); ILLEGAL <u>IMMIGRANTS</u> (90%); EXTRADITION (90%); HOSTAGE TAKING (90%); ALIEN SMUGGLING (90%); LAW ENFORCEMENT (78%); SUITS & CLAIMS (78%); MONEY LAUNDERING (78%); CONSPIRACY (78%); CRIMINAL OFFENSES (78%); SPECIAL INVESTIGATIVE FORCES (77%); FEDERAL INVESTIGATIONS (77%); CORRECTIONS (76%); INDICTMENTS (76%); CRIMINAL CONVICTIONS (76%); LAWYERS (76%); INVESTIGATIONS (76%); LAW COURTS & TRIBUNALS (73%); BAIL (71%); JAIL SENTENCING (71%); JUDGES (68%); PRESS CONFERENCES (50%)

Organization: FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION (56%)

Industry: MARINE VESSELS (78%); LAWYERS (76%)

Person: MICHAEL MUKASEY (52%)

Geographic: NEW YORK, NY, USA (94%); NEW YORK, USA (93%); FUJIAN, CHINA (79%); SOUTH CHINA (79%); UNITED STATES (94%); CHINA (92%); TAIWAN (79%); HONG KONG (79%); ASIA (78%)

Load-Date: July 2, 2003

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