<u>Daschle, Gephardt Visit Mexico; U.S. Leaders Hope to Return Attention to Immigration Issues</u>

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Body

The two top Democratic <u>leaders</u> in the <u>U.S.</u> Congress said after meeting with President Vicente Fox today that their weekend <u>visit</u> to <u>Mexico</u> represented a "reactivation" of the bilateral agenda that has been stalled since Sept. 11.

"The common interests on an array of <u>issues</u> have not been lost in the aftermath of the disaster of September 11," Senate Majority <u>Leader</u> Thomas A. <u>Daschle</u> (D-<u>S</u>.D.) said at a news conference. "Our commitment is every bit as strong."

<u>Daschle</u> said he expected that Congress would pass legislation next year on <u>immigration</u> reform, which had been the top item on the bilateral agenda until the terrorist attacks. He said he <u>hoped</u> it would include "regularization" for undocumented Mexican workers who are longtime, tax-paying residents of the <u>United States</u> and who pass an FBI background check. He also said he favored expanded guest worker programs and provisions for allowing relatives of legal Mexican workers to join them in the <u>United States</u>.

<u>Daschle</u> and House Minority <u>Leader</u> Richard A. <u>Gephardt</u> (D-Mo.) are in <u>Mexico</u> talking about <u>immigration</u>, security and economic development at a time when Mexican <u>immigration</u> to the <u>United States</u> is dropping sharply.

Officials say far fewer Mexicans are moving to the <u>United States</u>, partly because there are fewer jobs in a slowing <u>U.S.</u> economy and partly because it'<u>s</u> more difficult to cross newly tightened <u>U.S.</u> borders. Apprehensions of illegal immigrants trying to enter the <u>United States</u> from <u>Mexico</u> from Oct. 1 through Nov. 5 dropped 54 percent from the same period last year.

At the same time, Mexicans in the <u>United States</u>, many of them suddenly out of work, are beginning to <u>return</u> to <u>Mexico</u>. Mexican officials say more than 350,000 Mexicans had <u>returned</u> from the <u>United States</u> since Sept. 11 -- a 9 percent increase over the same period last year.

Officials say that the traditional traffic of Mexican immigrants <u>returning</u> home for Christmas may be a one-way trip this year. Many who come back could stay, having no job to <u>return</u> to in the north, not wanting to deal with sharply heightened border security, or simply feeling safer at home while the <u>United States</u> is at war against terrorism. In

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addition, smugglers have reportedly hiked their fees sharply as tougher border security makes their jobs more difficult.

On Sunday, <u>Daschle</u> and <u>Gephardt</u> are scheduled to tour two towns in the central Mexican state of Puebla, places from which millions of Mexican workers set out in search of a better life in the <u>United States</u>. Aides said that the <u>leaders</u> wanted to see those communities firsthand to assess what they need for their economic development. Closing the vast economic gap between the <u>United States</u> and <u>Mexico</u> is widely viewed as the only long-term solution to illegal <u>immigration</u>.

<u>Gephardt</u> said it was possible that that economic development could be assisted by programs of the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the <u>U.S.</u> Export-Import Bank and a "micro-loan program" administered by the <u>U.S.</u> Agency for International Development. He also said that the <u>United States</u> and <u>Mexico</u> had to be more willing to make more "public investments to help the private sector" to create jobs and improve <u>Mexico</u>'s economy.

"We understand completely that the migration <u>issue</u> can ultimately only be finally solved by more rapid and aggressive economic growth in <u>Mexico</u>," <u>Gephardt</u> said. "And in a way we must be intimately involved in that for **Mexico**'s sake and for our own sake."

The lawmakers will also meet with the families of some of the 19 Mexicans believed killed in the Sept. 11 attacks.

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