A DIFFERENT FAMILY RITUAL: HOT POT;

COMING TOGETHER AROUND A CONTAINER OF BOILING BROTH

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Body

I've never eaten turkey for Thanksgiving.

Such holidays were foreign to my immigrant *family*, so my parents extended their own traditions.

Instead of stuffing ourselves with sleep-inducing meat, we ate the Chinese version of holiday food, huokuo, or <u>hot</u> <u>pot</u>. The effect was the same -- the whole <u>family</u> gathered <u>around</u> food and ate ourselves silly. But overall I think our meal was healthier and, for me, even tastier.

<u>Hot pot</u> is traditionally eaten on Lunar New Year's Eve. The communal activity represents the bond of the <u>family</u>, which gathers <u>around</u> a warm <u>pot</u> to share good wishes for the <u>coming</u> year.

International flavor

The dish is just what it sounds like: a **hot pot** of **boiling** water or **broth** into which food is dipped and cooked.

According to "Food Lover's Companion," each country has its own version of <u>hot pot</u>. The English have a Lancashire <u>hot pot</u> that includes mutton, sheep kidneys, oysters and potatoes. The French <u>hot pot</u> or hochepot contains pig's ears and feet.

The Asian version of <u>hot pot</u> originated in northern China, where the dish helped fend off the chill of harsh winters. The Japanese <u>hot pot</u>, or shabu-shabu, is named after the sound made when meat is swished through the <u>broth</u>. It tends to be lighter in flavor than the Korean <u>hot pot</u>, which contains more garlic and pepper, or the Thai <u>hot pot</u>, which includes more <u>hot</u>, sour and sweet tastes.

For my <u>family</u>'s <u>hot pot</u>, my mom uses an electric frying pan, but an electric wok or deep soup <u>pot</u> will also do the trick.

Instead of sitting down to food that's already prepared, <u>family</u> members submerge raw food into the <u>pot</u> of <u>boiling</u> liquid, cook it and dip it into sauce. You don't really need a recipe for <u>hot pot</u>, since almost anything will work. But here are some tips to create your own <u>hot pot</u> tradition:

Use separate wooden chopsticks for the <u>pot</u> and for each diner. This way raw and cooked food never mix. For slippery food that escapes chopsticks, use a metal ladle. Remember, it's called <u>hot pot</u> for a reason -- tongues should beware of piping <u>hot</u> food.

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The fun thing about <u>hot pot</u> is it isn't just a great meal -- it's an activity. <u>Family</u> members, at least in my <u>family</u>, will literally fight over the single <u>pot</u> to grab the food they laid down.

Thinly cut meat <u>boils</u> faster. The thinner the better. Chinese supermarkets, such as Lion or 99 Ranch, carry meat cut specifically for <u>hot pot</u>. Or you can ask a butcher to cut it for you. We usually use pork, chicken and beef. The meat is done when the color fades completely, but beef can get tough really fast if it's overcooked, so watch your **pot** carefully.

Seafood adds a nice touch to the meal. But be sure to buy fresh seafood and to clean it and cook it thoroughly. Certain raw foods can make you sick. In Hong Kong, the Department of Health issues warnings about improperly prepared seafood in *hot pot* or the use of raw eggs.

Even veteran <u>hot pot</u> diners can make mistakes. When we were in college, my brother and I figured <u>hot pot</u> was an easy way to escape cooking, so we ate <u>hot pot</u> for a week, without changing the soup. The result: a stinky apartment and two sick siblings.

For a balanced meal, add vegetables and pasta, such as clear vermicelli or egg noodles. Spinach and napa cabbage are favorites in my <u>family</u>. But noodles absorb water or <u>broth</u>, so remember to have lots of liquid on hand or save the noodles for last.

For kicks, add something exotic. We add pork rinds for crunch, tofu for texture, mushrooms for flavor and meatballs for fun. You can even toss in some dumplings.

Sauce and soup

Finally, the traditional dip is usually a sauce made of raw egg and shacha, or dried shrimp, peanuts, garlic, <u>hot</u> pepper, tea leaves and salt. But for those worried about using raw eggs, any sauce made from peanut paste, sesame oil, vinegar, *hot* sauce or soy sauce will work.

The best part of the meal is the end -- the soup. Although water works, starting your <u>hot pot</u> with chicken <u>broth</u> makes the result even more savory. Finishing up with some noodles and a soup made of all your <u>boiled</u> goodies really warms the stomach -- no matter what the holiday.

Graphic

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PHOTO: VICTOR JOSE COBO -- MERCURY NEWS

Some Bay Area restaurants offer <u>hot-pot</u> dishes. At <u>Hot Pot</u> City in Milpitas, patrons select their ingredients and then cook the food.

PHOTO: VICTOR JOSE COBO -- MERCURY NEWS

Hot pot is traditionally eaten on Lunar New Year's Eve. But it's a delicious communal activity any time of the year.

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