<u>Careful Strategy Is Used to Derail Immigration Bill; 'Amnesty' Becomes</u> <u>Achilles' Heel</u>

The Washington Post

June 8, 2007 Friday, Suburban Edition

Copyright 2007 The Washington Post All Rights Reserved

The Washington Post washingtonpost.com

Distribution: Maryland

Section: A-SECTION; Pg. A04

Length: 913 words

Byline: Shailagh Murray

Washington Post Staff Writer

Body

Two weeks ago, when the <u>immigration bill</u> landed on the Senate floor, Sen. Jim DeMint (R-S.C.) voted against an amendment that targeted one of its key provisions: a guest-worker program that President Bush and many U.S. companies have sought for years.

Shortly after midnight yesterday, DeMint returned to the floor and, along with three conservative Republican colleagues, voted in favor of the same measure he had opposed, to sunset the program after five years. Not that DeMint has anything against guest workers. He supports the idea. But weakening the guest-worker program would leave the <u>bill</u> in tatters -- and in the twisted logic of the Senate, that served DeMint's greater goal of <u>derailing</u> the legislation.

"If it hurts the **bill**, I'm for it," DeMint explained matter-of-factly.

The early-morning vote shocked members of the bipartisan coalition who have struggled to pass an <u>immigration</u> <u>bill</u>, one of the most complex and controversial that Congress has tackled in years. Leaders in both parties condemned the GOP switchers for conspiring to sabotage legislation that had taken countless delicate negotiating sessions to craft. And that was exactly the intent. The four new votes were the result of an aggressive last-minute lobbying campaign by the legislation's Democratic and Republican critics.

"I'm embarrassed to say they were trying to kill the <u>bill</u>, and I'm ashamed of it," Republican Whip Trent Lott (Miss.) said of DeMint and his associates. He fumed that the senators had voted against their principles and on an amendment offered by Democrats, no less.

But that's the Senate, where tactical voting is par for the course, and where a single disgruntled lawmaker -- or, in this case, four -- can run even the most artful compromise aground. And that was the ultimate effect of their vote, leading to the legislation's demise last night.

The debate also underscores the limits of party loyalty when a red-hot issue is at stake -- especially for Republicans, given Bush's poor standing in the polls. Changing the nation's *immigration* laws to expand the workforce, tighten enforcement and bring order to the chaos of a vast illegal population has been a priority for Bush since he took office. Many GOP lawmakers also support the overall cause. But one key provision -- a path to citizenship for undocumented workers -- has unleashed a vehement reaction among conservatives, who believe the *immigration* system broke down long ago. Given the administration's weak response, DeMint said, Republicans do not have the political credibility to argue back.

"I think Republicans are trying to solve a real problem. I think the president is, too," DeMint said. "But the American people don't trust us."

Sen. Byron L. Dorgan (D-N.D.) does not like the <u>immigration bill</u>, either, but for entirely different reasons. Echoing the concerns of labor unions, he argues that the guest-worker program would depress wages and lead to foreigners taking good jobs that would otherwise go to U.S. citizens.

When the debate started late last month, Dorgan offered two amendments: one to kill the guest-worker program, and a second to water down the program to make it more acceptable to unions, by ending it after five years. The first failed by a large margin. But the second measure was defeated 49 to 48.

To close the gap, Dorgan and a GOP ally, Sen. Bob Corker (Tenn.), looked to Republicans who had voted against the sunset amendment two weeks ago but who were known to have qualms about the <u>bill</u> itself. The target list included five senators from states with illegal-<u>immigration</u> problems, or where the issue had a particular potency with conservative voters. Along with DeMint, the list named Sens. Jim Bunning (Ky.), Charles E. Grassley (Iowa), Elizabeth Dole (N.C.) and Mike Enzi (Wyo.). Dole and Enzi face reelection next year.

After conversations with Dorgan and among themselves, four of the five decided to support Dorgan's late-night second effort. Moments before the vote, Republican leaders succeeded in talking Grassley back to their side.

DeMint hurried into the chamber around 12:15 a.m., voted yes on the sunset amendment, and then hurried home to bed. He did not realize it had passed until he returned to the office in the morning.

Pressed by reporters to explain his switch, Bunning at first referred to unspecified changes that Dorgan had made at his behest, then conceded that he had grander ambitions. "I've been trying to kill [the <u>bill</u>] since the beginning," Bunning said.

Enzi spokesman Coy Knobel said his boss gave additional thought to the Dorgan amendment after the first vote and determined that supporting it was effectively "a vote against <u>amnesty</u>."

Dole said she changed her mind after a GOP-led bid to strike the "<u>amnesty</u>," or legalization, section gained just 29 votes. Instead, she would try to defeat the <u>bill</u> by weakening one of its popular provisions, the guest-worker program. "That was the intent," Dole said, "because we had not been able to strip the <u>amnesty</u> out."

Dorgan said he was "pleasantly surprised" by the outcome, another 49 to 48 vote, this time in his favor (several senators had switched in the other direction, to try to save the <u>bill</u>). He insisted that he never viewed the amendment as a poison pill, but rather as an attempt to keep the guest-worker program in check.

But the conservatives, he confessed, did not take much prodding. "It's like the loose thread on the cheap sweater," Dorgan said. "You start pulling and the sleeve comes off."

Graphic

Classification

Language: ENGLISH

Publication-Type: Newspaper

Subject: US REPUBLICAN PARTY (92%); <u>IMMIGRATION</u> (90%); LEGISLATION (90%); LEGISLATIVE BODIES (90%); FOREIGN LABOR (90%); POLITICAL PARTIES (89%); CONSERVATISM (89%); VOTERS & VOTING (89%); CITIZENSHIP (78%); CAMPAIGNS & ELECTIONS (78%); CITIZENSHIP LAW (78%); US CONGRESS (78%); <u>IMMIGRATION</u> LAW (78%); US DEMOCRATIC PARTY (78%); LABOR FORCE (77%); US PRESIDENTS (77%); LOBBYING (73%); ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS (73%); US PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES 2012 (73%); CONSPIRACY (71%); POLLS & SURVEYS (63%)

Person: JIM DEMINT (79%); TRENT LOTT (58%); BYRON DORGAN (58%)

Geographic: UNITED STATES (79%)

Load-Date: June 8, 2007

End of Document