St. Paul Pioneer Press (Minnesota)

May 2, 2006 Tuesday

Copyright 2006 St. Paul Pioneer Press All Rights Reserved

Section: MAIN; Pg. 5A **Length:** 1487 words

Byline: MARY BAUER, MEGAN BOLDT, SHERYL JEAN and JOHN WELBES, Pioneer Press

Body

Thousands of immigrant workers took the day off Monday in hopes of showing American citizens and politicians their significance in the work force. While <u>rallies</u> in some U.S. <u>cities</u> brought traffic to a standstill, the <u>impact</u> of the "Day Without Immigrants" in Minnesota was scattered.

<u>St. Paul's</u> <u>West Side</u> neighborhood looked like a ghost town, as did parts of Lake <u>Street</u> in Minneapolis, and nary a Mexican restaurant was open. But <u>turnout</u> at most <u>Twin Cities</u> was light because of the rainy <u>weather</u> and perhaps the decentralized nature of the gatherings.

The largest gathering appeared to be a late-afternoon march from the Basilica of <u>St.</u> Mary in Minneapolis to the Hennepin County Government Center plaza. Minneapolis police spokesman Ron Reier estimated the march drew 2,000 to 3,000 people, snarling rush-hour traffic along the procession route and impeding bus traffic on Nicollet Mall.

But attendees said the day was organized to show their numbers through their absence, not their presence. A number of schools reported significant dips in attendance, and a meatpacker in southern Minnesota *closed*.

"We want people to know there are lots of Hispanic workers," said Wendy of Northeast Minneapolis, who attended a Powderhorn Park *rally* with her husband, Antonio, a welder, and their two children.

"We pick the food that everyone eats, often for very little money," she said, declining to be identified by last name because she and her husband are undocumented immigrants. "We serve the food to you. A criminal does not do that for you."

Crowds at some <u>rallies</u> ebbed according to the drizzle. A gathering at the College of <u>St.</u> Catherine in <u>St.</u> Paul drew about 75 to 100 people. Rain delayed the <u>rally</u> at Powderhorn Park in Minneapolis by about an hour, with 500 to 1,000 people attending. Some protesters moved from site to site.

Most workers said they took the day off with permission.

Netza Banuelos of Albert Lea took the day off from his construction job with permission to come to <u>St.</u> Catherine's, but he said he had friends and family members who couldn't do the same for fear of being fired. He took his three school-age children out of classes for the sheer civics lesson.

"I want them to see that peaceful movements are good," he said. "If they want to be heard, they need to participate."

One man at Powderhorn Park said he worked until noon at a Mendota Heights warehouse where he packs DVDs and other goods for shipment. Israel, who asked that his last name not be used, and his wife, Rosalina, are undocumented workers.

"I need the support of everyone to change the laws," Israel said through Rosalina, who added: "We only want to work. That's it, nothing more."

The sentiment was echoed by several immigrants, seemingly in response to the complaint by some that illegal immigrants tax social services agencies.

Miriam Garcia of Minneapolis said immigration reform and a visiting-worker program would afford families medical care the same way other U.S. workers get it, through insurance.

She said she and her husband, Angel, who took the day off from his roofing duties, fret about a trip to the hospital for themselves or their two children.

"The president is not worried about whether he will eat tomorrow or work tomorrow," she said. "We do."

Banuelos of Albert Lea said he had hopes beyond change in U.S. laws. He hopes that such <u>rallies</u> eventually bring change in Mexico, "so that people can make a living down there."

The Basilica of <u>St.</u> Mary march adapted the Stations of the Cross, a Catholic rite centered on 14 key events in the life of Christ, into four "stations" in the life of an immigrant, performed in a moving procession. One station likened the flight of immigrants from their homelands to Christ falling three times on his way to the cross, said Jacqueline Belzer, organizer of civil rights for immigrants at Isaiah, a faith-based group that organized the event.

"It's about the immigrant workers who fall time and time again due to the indignities they have to suffer in this country," she said.

Another station, the Crucifixion, was paired with the death of Maria Inamagua Merchan, an illegal immigrant from Ecuador who was stricken last month by an undiagnosed brain parasite in the Ramsey County jail while awaiting deportation.

The last station celebrated the Resurrection.

"In a way, we're celebrating the resurrection of people coming out of the shadows," Belzer said. "We're here, and we're people with dignity."

BUSINESSES

Dozens of <u>businesses</u> — from Latino restaurants and markets along Cesar Chavez <u>Street</u> on <u>St. Paul's West Side</u> and Minneapolis' Lake <u>Street</u> to a meat-processing plant in Worthington — <u>closed</u> for the day to make a political and economic statement as well as a show of solidarity. In addition, many <u>businesses</u> across the state got by on Monday without a full staff.

ST. PAUL

Usually crawling with a busy lunchtime crowd, <u>St. Paul's West Side</u> was a ghost town Monday. All the Hispanic companies were <u>closed</u>, leaving only a handful of <u>businesses</u> open.

Oscar Reyes was the only person working at Me Gusta restaurant on Robert <u>Street</u> on Monday. Reyes, the owner, gave his six employees the day off.

"I wanted to support the event," Reyes said. "All of my people are legal. They work so hard. I wasn't going to get rich or poor from *closing* one day."

MINNEAPOLIS

It's hard to gauge what kind of economic <u>impact</u> one day of boycotts will have on local <u>businesses</u>, but several small retailers reported that traffic among Hispanic customers was slower than usual.

A few retailers at the intersection of Lake <u>Street</u> and Chicago Avenue in Minneapolis said Hispanic foot traffic was down Monday, but one day wouldn't significantly hurt their sales.

"Mondays are up and down, but we certainly haven't had the Latino customers in here that we normally would see," said Doug Imholte, owner of Wireless Toyz on Lake <u>Street</u>. He gave the day off to two Hispanic employees who requested it but never considered <u>closing</u> the five-month-old <u>business</u>.

GREATER TWIN CITIES

Α.

t <u>Twin Cities</u>-area Chipotle Mexican Grill restaurants, patrons were almost as likely to find one open as <u>closed</u>. Of the Denver-based chain's 36 restaurants in Minnesota, 16 were shuttered Monday, said Chris Arnold, a spokesman for Chipotle.

"Minnesota is one of very few parts of the country where we have anything *closed*," Arnold said. Of more than 500 Chipotle sites nationwide, he said 29 shut down Monday, including 13 on the *West* Coast.

"We don't know what the circumstances are in Minnesota that led to this," he said. "It could be a level of organization" among employees to participate in Monday's activities, he said. None of the chain's employees are unionized and Chipotle has a sizable immigrant work force at stores nationwide, he said.

At a local union that represents about 4,000 janitors and 700 security guards, workers called in for advice on what to do Monday, said Javier Morillo, president of Service Employees International Union Local 26. The majority of the janitors in the union are immigrants, he said.

Morillo didn't have any numbers Monday on how many members had not come to work, but said he thought the boycott would "have a huge *impact* on our industry."

OUTSTATE

Outside the <u>Twin Cities</u>, Swift & Co. shut down its 2,300-employee Worthington pork-processing plant and five other meat-processing plants nationally. Other meat-processing plants in the state were open but reported higher-than-usual absenteeism levels.

"It was a difficult decision," said James Hamilton, human resources director for the Worthington plant. The Worthington plant didn't process about 18,000 hogs Monday, which is a "significant <u>impact</u>" to production, he said. To offset that loss, Swift already has notified employees that they may have to work Saturday.

SCHOOLS

Α.

rea school districts didn't have district-wide attendance numbers Monday. But many local leaders in Minneapolis, **St.** Paul and **West St.** Paul said they had some schools — especially in areas with larger Hispanic populations — with large numbers of students who opted to stay home.

ST. PAUL

<u>St.</u> Paul had some schools with larger absentee numbers. Homecroft Elementary, where more than half of the students are Hispanic, had 97 of its 247 students out on Monday. That's about 39 percent. About 110 of the 710 students at Adams Spanish Immersion Magnet — where about one-third of the student population is Hispanic — didn't show up. Eleven teachers also were absent.

At <u>West St. Paul's</u> Garlough Elementary, about one-fifth of the school's 288 students stayed home specifically because of the boycott, said Principal Sue Powell. Almost half of the students at Garlough are Hispanic.

MINNEAPOLIS

The boycott appears to have had the biggest *impact* on Minneapolis schools.

Josh Collins, the district's assistant communications director, said there were some schools with sizable numbers of absenteeism. This was especially true in areas with larger Hispanic populations, he said.

Classification

Language: ENGLISH

Publication-Type: Newspaper

Subject: IMMIGRATION (89%); FOREIGN LABOR (89%); PROTESTS & DEMONSTRATIONS (78%); ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS (78%); LABOR FORCE (78%); CRAFT & TRADE WORKERS (78%); *CITY* LIFE (77%); FAMILY (76%); DISMISSALS (73%); POLICE FORCES (71%); PARADES & MARCHES (71%); CHRISTIANS & CHRISTIANITY (70%); COUNTY GOVERNMENT (69%); COUNTIES (54%)

Industry: VEHICLE TRAFFIC (77%); RESTAURANTS (71%)

Geographic: MINNEAPOLIS, MN, USA (94%); MINNESOTA, USA (94%); UNITED STATES (79%)

Load-Date: May 2, 2006

End of Document