U.S. SCHOOLS FACE RECORD ENROLLMENT IN THE FALL

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Body

Second-generation baby boomers and immigrants will pack America's schools in record numbers this fall, surpassing the surge of postwar babies that filled <u>U.S.</u> classrooms in the 1970s.

The estimated 51.7 million young people studying in public and private elementary and secondary **schools** this **fall** will bring further stress to districts coping with tight budgets.

They will have to build <u>schools</u>, use more portable classrooms, buy more books and schedule extra lunch periods.

This anticipated autumn <u>enrollment</u> will eclipse the 51.3 million baby boomers who were in class in 1971. And <u>U.S. school enrollment</u> is expected to keep climbing - to 55.9 million by 2005.

"It'<u>s</u> a rather dramatic increase in <u>enrollment</u> that we see coming. Some of it is immigration. Some of it is the baby boom echo - the children of baby boomers," Education Secretary Richard Riley said Thursday.

Elementary <u>schools</u> began seeing rising numbers of students in the mid-1980s as the children of about 76 million baby boomers - born between World War II'<u>s</u> end and 1964 - headed to <u>school</u>, according to Tom Snyder, an Education Department statistician.

That second generation of baby boomers is now moving through high <u>school</u>. However, elementary <u>schools</u> have continued to feel <u>enrollment</u> pressure because the number of births in America, bolstered by immigration, has remained steady during the past four or five years, Snyder said.

To meet the need for space, <u>school</u> districts are building <u>schools</u> and additions or making do with portable classrooms while keeping a close eye on teacher-student ratio requirements in their states. Some districts are shifting students by drawing new boundaries. Others are experimenting with holding <u>school</u> year-round.

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