<u>Bipartisan Senate plan for illegals nears vote; McCain: 'We're down the homestretch'</u>

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Body

WASHINGTON -- The <u>Senate</u> headed Wednesday toward approval of a bill that would provide about 10 million illegal immigrants a chance at citizenship, setting up a showdown with the House that President Bush may have to settle.

A test <u>vote</u> Wednesday morning showed strong <u>bipartisan</u> support for the comprehensive immigration bill, which includes <u>plans</u> to expand visas for "guest workers," fines against employers who hire illegal immigrants and tough border security measures.

The **Senate voted** 73-25 to cut off debate and move ahead to final passage, probably by today.

"<u>We're down</u> the <u>homestretch</u>," said Sen. John <u>McCain</u>, R-Ariz., a key member of what Sen. Dick Durbin, D-III., described as "an amazing <u>bipartisan</u> coalition" that pushed for the comprehensive approach.

Sen. Barack Obama, D-III., said the bill's offer of citizenship for illegal immigrants expresses the nation's "bighearted attitude toward those who are taking care of our children and trying to build a better life for themselves."

Sen. Jeff Sessions of Alabama, one of 23 Republicans who <u>voted</u> against moving the bill forward, called it "the worst piece of legislation to come before the <u>Senate</u>." He is against the citizenship <u>plans</u> and wants the focus to be on border security.

Republican and Democratic supporters say the president will have to push hard to get a compromise from a panel that will reconcile differences between the House and <u>Senate</u> bills. "He's going to have to weigh in," said Sen. Ken Salazar, D-Colo.

The <u>Senate</u> bill includes elements Bush favors but many House Republicans oppose.

Among the <u>Senate</u> bill's provisions: expanded opportunities for foreigners to work in the USA and provisions to allow those who have lived here illegally since January 2004 a chance to become citizens. About 2 million illegal immigrants would have to leave the USA.

The Congressional Budget Office estimates that if the <u>Senate</u> bill becomes law, the nation's population would increase by 8 million over the next 10 years.

The House bill, passed last December on a 239-182 <u>vote</u>, focuses largely on border enforcement. It would make illegal immigration a felony and require construction of 700 miles of fence along the U.S.-Mexican border.

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House Judiciary Chairman James Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., the author of the House measure, says the **Senate** bill amounts to amnesty for lawbreakers.

Senators acknowledge Sensenbrenner will be a formidable opponent. "Very difficult" is how Sen. Dianne Feinstein, D-Calif., rates the upcoming negotiations. Other supporters are confident Bush will help them prevail. "I'm optimistic," said Sen. Chuck Hagel, R-Neb.

Graphic

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