### Immigrant Workers Sue Md. Employer; Civil Claim Alleges Pay Exploitation

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### **Body**

For about six months last year, Pedro Clavjio and other painters and carpenters on his work crew toiled full days and sometimes nights at a Department of Justice building downtown.

But as they spruced up the building, a <u>civil</u> lawsuit <u>alleges</u>, Clavjio and his co-<u>workers</u> were being unlawfully <u>exploited</u> by their <u>employer</u>, Hann & Hann Inc. construction services, a Rockville-based contractor.

For work there and elsewhere, Clavjio and the other laborers, mostly <u>immigrants</u> earning \$10 to \$20 an hour, weren't <u>paid</u> overtime they were entitled to and in some cases weren't <u>paid</u> for regular work hours, according to the lawsuit, filed last week in U.S. District Court in Greenbelt. Hann & Hann also made unauthorized deductions from <u>workers' pay</u>, charging them for tools such as paintbrushes and uniforms that bore the company's name, the lawsuit <u>alleges</u>.

"We all have dignity," Clavjio, 42, a Silver Spring resident, said in an interview conducted in Spanish. "What happened to me and the other *workers* isn't right. We're looking for justice."

Clavjio, a legal *immigrant* from Peru, said he often worked 56 hours a week but was *paid* for 40.

Hann & Hann is owned and run by company President Terry R. Hann, of Potomac, and his brother Gary F. Hann, of Gaithersburg. The Hanns did not respond to phone calls and e-mails requesting comment.

Robert J. Smith, an attorney for the company, said Hann & Hann "strives to abide by all of the applicable laws relating to its employees.

"We're going to look into the allegations" in the lawsuit "and if there's a problem, address it," he said.

The lawsuit was filed by the Washington Lawyers' Committee for <u>Civil</u> Rights and Urban Affairs and lawyers at Arnold & Porter LLC, who are providing legal services pro bono. The lawsuit <u>alleges</u> Hann & Hann violated the federal Fair Labor Standards Act and the <u>Maryland</u> state labor law.

Hann & Hann reportedly had total sales of approximately \$19 million in 2007, according to the lawsuit. A "significant percentage" of the company's business came from federal government contracts, according to the lawsuit.

The lawsuit names Clavjio and three other <u>workers</u> as plaintiffs. They worked for Hann & Hann for periods ranging from 11 months to, in Clavjio's case, nearly eight years. Laura E. Varela, of the Lawyers' Committee, said the company's <u>alleged</u> exploitative practices affected many more <u>workers</u>, as many as 200 in all.

The <u>workers'</u> attorneys will try to have a federal judge certify the lawsuit as a class action, on behalf of all affected employees, Varela said.

She and other attorneys will seek the company's employment records to try to determine how many laborers were not *paid* the time-and-a-half they were entitled to for working overtime, and how many were not *paid* for work they did, Varela said.

The four named plaintiffs and almost all of the other <u>workers</u> who were allegedly <u>exploited</u> by the company are Latino <u>immigrants</u>, Varela said.

Each of the four named plaintiffs is a legal resident of the United States, Varela said. She said she did not know the immigration status of the other <u>workers</u>. Under federal labor law, she said, immigration status is not relevant to whether a <u>worker's</u> rights have been violated.

In an opinion published this January, Susan K. Gauvey, a U.S. magistrate judge in <u>Maryland</u>, cited a previous opinion that said allowing <u>employers</u> to <u>exploit</u> undocumented <u>workers</u> would create an economic incentive for <u>employers</u> to hire such <u>workers</u> and underpay them.

**Exploitation** of **immigrant workers** is common, **workers** and their advocates said. In recent years, some Washington area **workers** have started fighting back through the courts.

Last August, 46 Latino laborers in suburban <u>Maryland</u> received checks totaling \$100,000 in a partial settlement of a federal class-action lawsuit against a contractor and subcontractor that had hired them to do arduous cleanup work in Louisiana and Mississippi.

The <u>workers</u> said they were promised good living conditions, several months work and \$10 an hour in wages. Instead, several said, they were crammed into tiny apartments, received only a few weeks work and were not <u>paid</u> for some or all of their labor.

In February 2007, the Lawyers' Committee filed a federal lawsuit in Greenbelt <u>alleging</u> that a Frederick County company that paints luxury condominiums in the District defrauded Latino <u>immigrant</u> <u>workers</u> who routinely worked 60 or more hours a week by failing to **pay** them overtime. That lawsuit is pending.

## Graphic

IMAGE; By Sarah L. Voisin -- The Washington Post; Hector Granados, Pedro Clavjio and Miguel Moya, from left, worked at a Department of Justice building for Hann & Hann, which they **sued**.

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