

# Ugeopgave 4 genaflevering af Mads Schiøler Tingsgård og Klaes Rasmussen.

## ▼ Opgave cp 4.6.1

### ▼ Gauss-Seidel iteration

```
> restart;  
> gaussSeidel := proc(n, A :: Matrix, b, x, M)  
  local k, i, j, temp1, temp2, x1;  
  x1 := copy(x);  
  temp1 := 0;  
  for k from 1 to M do  
    for i from 1 to n do  
      temp1 := 0;  
      for j from 1 to n do  
        if j ≠ i then  
          temp1 := (temp1 + (A[i, j] · x1[j]));  
        end if;  
      end do;  
  
      x1[i] := ( (b[i] - temp1) / A[i, i] );  
    end do;  
    print(k, evalf(x1));  
  end do;  
  return;  
end proc;
```

```
> a1 := Matrix(3, [3, 1, 1, 1, 3, -1, 3, 1, -5])
```

$$a1 := \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1.1)$$

```
> b1 := Vector([5, 3, -1]);
```

$$b1 := \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1.2)$$

```
> X := Vector([0, 0, 0]);
```

$$X := \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1.3)$$

```
> gaussSeidel(3, a1, b1, X, 10)
```

$$\begin{aligned}
 &1, \begin{bmatrix} 1.666666667 \\ 0.4444444444 \\ 1.288888889 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &2, \begin{bmatrix} 1.088888889 \\ 1.066666667 \\ 1.066666667 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &3, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9555555556 \\ 1.037037037 \\ 0.9807407407 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &4, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9940740741 \\ 0.9955555556 \\ 0.9955555556 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &5, \begin{bmatrix} 1.002962963 \\ 0.9975308642 \\ 1.001283951 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &6, \begin{bmatrix} 1.000395062 \\ 1.000296296 \\ 1.000296296 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &7, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9998024691 \\ 1.000164609 \\ 0.9999144033 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &8, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999736626 \\ 0.9999802469 \\ 0.9999802469 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &9, \begin{bmatrix} 1.000013169 \\ 0.9999890261 \\ 1.000005706 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &10, \begin{bmatrix} 1.000001756 \\ 1.000001317 \\ 1.000001317 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

(1.4)

$\triangleright a2 := \text{Matrix}(3, [3, 1, 1, 3, 1, -5, 1, 3, -1])$

$$a2 := \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & -5 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1.5)$$

**>** `b2 := Vector(3, [5,-1,3])`

$$b2 := \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1.6)$$

**>** `gaussSeidel(3, a2, b2, X, 10)`

$$\begin{aligned} 1, & \begin{bmatrix} 1.666666667 \\ -6. \\ -19.33333333 \end{bmatrix} \\ 2, & \begin{bmatrix} 10.11111111 \\ -128. \\ -376.8888889 \end{bmatrix} \\ 3, & \begin{bmatrix} 169.9629630 \\ -2395.333333 \\ -7019.037037 \end{bmatrix} \\ 4, & \begin{bmatrix} 3139.790123 \\ -44515.55556 \\ -130409.8765 \end{bmatrix} \\ 5, & \begin{bmatrix} 58310.14403 \\ -826980.8148 \\ -2.422635300 \cdot 10^6 \end{bmatrix} \\ 6, & \begin{bmatrix} 1.083207038 \cdot 10^6 \\ -1.536279862 \cdot 10^7 \\ -4.500519181 \cdot 10^7 \end{bmatrix} \\ 7, & \begin{bmatrix} 2.012266514 \cdot 10^7 \\ -2.853939555 \cdot 10^8 \\ -8.360592044 \cdot 10^8 \end{bmatrix} \\ 8, & \begin{bmatrix} 3.738177216 \cdot 10^8 \\ -5.301749188 \cdot 10^9 \\ -1.553142984 \cdot 10^{10} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &9, \begin{bmatrix} 6.944393012 \cdot 10^9 \\ -9.849032826 \cdot 10^{10} \\ -2.885265918 \cdot 10^{11} \end{bmatrix} \\ &10, \begin{bmatrix} 1.290056400 \cdot 10^{11} \\ -1.829649879 \cdot 10^{12} \\ -5.359943997 \cdot 10^{12} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (1.7)$$

Ved normal gaussisk elimination finder vi de første værdier, dvs  $x_1 = x_2 = x_3 = 1$ . Den iterative metode virker kun første gang da denne matrix er diagonal dominant. I anden omgang bliver anden og tredje række byttet om. Derfor er matricen ikke længere diagonal dominant og Gauss-Seigel konvergerer aldrig i dette tilfælde.

## Opgave cp 4.6.2

Vi skal også bruge gauss-seidel på det næste system:

>  $A3 := \text{Matrix}(2, [0.96326, 0.81321, 0.81321, 0.68654])$

$$A3 := \begin{bmatrix} 0.96326 & 0.81321 \\ 0.81321 & 0.68654 \end{bmatrix} \quad (2.1)$$

>  $B3 := \text{Vector}([0.88824, 0.74988])$

$$B3 := \begin{bmatrix} 0.88824 \\ 0.74988 \end{bmatrix} \quad (2.2)$$

>  $X3 := \text{Vector}([0.33116, 0.7])$

$$X3 := \begin{bmatrix} 0.33116 \\ 0.7 \end{bmatrix} \quad (2.3)$$

>  $\text{gaussSeidel}(2, A3, B3, X3, 10)$

$$\begin{aligned} &1, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3311598115 \\ 0.6999993150 \end{bmatrix} \\ &2, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3311603897 \\ 0.6999986301 \end{bmatrix} \\ &3, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3311609680 \\ 0.6999979451 \end{bmatrix} \\ &4, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3311615463 \\ 0.6999972600 \end{bmatrix} \\ &5, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3311621247 \\ 0.6999965750 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 6, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3311627029 \\ 0.6999958901 \end{bmatrix} \\
 7, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3311632811 \\ 0.6999952052 \end{bmatrix} \\
 8, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3311638594 \\ 0.6999945202 \end{bmatrix} \\
 9, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3311644376 \\ 0.6999938353 \end{bmatrix} \\
 10, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3311650159 \\ 0.6999931503 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{array} \quad (2.4)$$

$x_1$  værdien er stigende siden den første iteration, hvorimod  $x_2$  værdien er faldende, dog går det meget langsom for begge værdier. Vi har ingen konvergens da matricen ikke er diagonal dominant.

## ▼ Opgave 4.7.13

### ▼ Jacobi iteration

```

> jacobi := proc(n, A :: Matrix, b, x, M)
  local k, i, j, temp1, x1, u;
  x1 := copy(x);
  u := Vector(n);
  temp1 := 0;
  for k from 1 to M do
    for i from 1 to n do
      temp1 := 0;
      for j from 1 to n do
        if j ≠ i then
          temp1 := evalf(temp1 + (A[i, j] · x1[j]));
        end if;
      end do;
      u[i] := evalf((b[i] - temp1) / A[i, i]);
    end do;
    x1 := copy(u);
    print(k, x1);
  end do;
  return;
end proc;

```

### ▼ Conjugate gradient iteration

```

> with(ArrayTools) :
> conjugateGradient := proc(X :: Vector, A :: Matrix, B :: Vector, M, e, s)

```

```

local  $r, v, c, k, z, t, x, d, i, n$ ;
 $x := \text{copy}(X)$ ;
 $n := \text{Size}(A, 1)$ ;
 $r := B - A.x$ ;
 $v := r$ ;
 $c := r.r$ ;
for  $k$  from 1 to  $M$  do
  if ( $\text{evalf}(\text{sqrt}(v.v)) < s$ ) then
     $\text{print}(\text{"Stopping since sqrt } v.v < s\text{"})$ ;
    break;
  end if;
   $z := A.v$ ;
   $t := \frac{c}{v.z}$ ;
   $x := x + t.v$ ;
   $r := r - t.z$ ;
   $d := r.r$ ;
  if  $d < e$  then
     $\text{print}(\text{"Stopping since } d < e\text{"})$ ;
    break;
  end if;
   $v := r + \left(\frac{d}{c}\right) \cdot v$ ;
   $c := d$ ;
   $\text{print}(k, \text{evalf}(x), \text{evalf}(r))$ ;
end do;
return;
end proc;

```

>  $A := \text{Matrix}(3, [2, 0, -1, -2, -10, 0, -1, -1, 4])$

$$A := \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & -10 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad (3.1)$$

>  $B := \text{Vector}([1, -12, 2])$

$$B := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -12 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (3.2)$$

>  $X := \text{Vector}([0, 0, 0])$

$$X := \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (3.3)$$

>  $\text{jacobi}(3, A, B, X, 2)$

$$1, \begin{bmatrix} 0.5000000000 \\ 1.2000000000 \\ 0.5000000000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2, \begin{bmatrix} 0.7500000000 \\ 1.100000000 \\ 0.9250000000 \end{bmatrix} \quad (3.4)$$

> *gaussSeidel*(3, A, B, X, 2)

$$1, \begin{bmatrix} 0.5000000000 \\ 1.100000000 \\ 0.9000000000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9500000000 \\ 1.010000000 \\ 0.9900000000 \end{bmatrix} \quad (3.5)$$

> *conjugateGradient*(X, A, B, 2, 0, 0);

$$1, \begin{bmatrix} -0.1081277213 \\ 1.297532656 \\ -0.2162554427 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1. \\ 0.7590711176 \\ 4.054426705 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2, \begin{bmatrix} 0.1957514198 \\ 1.109993383 \\ 0.9484621449 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1.556959305 \\ -0.5085633258 \\ -0.4881037762 \end{bmatrix} \quad (3.6)$$

Vi ser at Gauss-Seidel konvergerer hurtigere end Jacobi, da Jacobi først opdaterer hver x-værdi efter en hel iteration over alle værdier. Conjugate Gradient metoden er som man kan se meget upræcis til at begynde med. Selvom alle metoder konvergerer mod [1,1,1] ved nok iterationer.

## Opgave 5.1.17

> *restart*;  
 > *with*(*LinearAlgebra*) :  
 > *A* := *Matrix*(2, [1, 1, 0, 1])

$$A := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.1)$$

> *X* := *Vector*([x, y])

$$X := \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.2)$$

> *AI* := *Matrix*(2, [1 - l, 1, 0, 1 - l])

$$AI := \begin{bmatrix} 1-l & 1 \\ 0 & 1-l \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.3)$$

> *det*(*AI*) = 0

$$(1-l)^2 = 0 \quad (4.4)$$

```
> solve(det(A1) = 0, l)
```

1, 1

(4.5)

```
> A.X = X
```

$$\begin{bmatrix} x+y \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

(4.6)

```
> x + y = x; y = y; y = 0;
```

$x + y = x$

$y = y$

$y = 0$

(4.7)

Vi har altså kun 1 lineær afhængig egenvektor:

```
> x.Vector([1, 0])
```

$$x \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(4.8)

Men vi skal bruge 2 uafhængige egenvektorer for at udspænde rummet  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Derfor er matricen A defektiv.

## Opgave 5.1.23

```
> restart; with(LinearAlgebra) :
```

```
> powerMethod := proc(n, A, x, M, t)
```

```
    local y, r, x1, k, yMax;
```

```
    x1 := copy(x);
```

```
    print(0, x1);
```

```
    for k from 1 to M do
```

```
        y := A.x1;
```

```
        yMax := max(abs(y));
```

```
        r :=  $\frac{yMax}{\max(x1)}$ ;
```

```
        if t then
```

```
            x1 :=  $\frac{y}{yMax}$ ;
```

```
        else
```

```
            x1 := evalf( $\frac{y}{yMax}$ );
```

```
        end if;
```

```
        if t then
```

```
            print(k, x1, r);
```

```
        else
```

```
            print(k, evalf(x1), evalf(r));
```

```
        end if;
```

```
        end do;
```

```
        return;
```

```
    end proc;
```

```
> A := Matrix(3, [2, 0, -1, -2, -10, 0, -1, -1, 4])
```

(5.1)



$$A := \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & -10 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.1)$$

>  $X := \text{Vector}([1, 1, 1])$

$$X := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2)$$

>  $\text{powerMethod}(3, A, X, 2, \text{true});$

$$\begin{aligned} &0, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &1, \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{12} \\ -1 \\ \frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix}, 12 \\ &2, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ \frac{19}{118} \end{bmatrix}, 59 \end{aligned} \quad (5.3)$$

## ▼ Opgave cp 5.1.1

>  $\text{Digits} := 10$

$$\text{Digits} := 10 \quad (6.1)$$

>  $A2 := \text{Matrix}(3, [6, 5, -5, 2, 6, -2, 2, 5, -1])$

$$A2 := \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 5 & -5 \\ 2 & 6 & -2 \\ 2 & 5 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (6.2)$$

>  $X2 := \text{Vector}([1, 2, 3])$

$$X2 := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad (6.3)$$

>  $\text{powerMethod}(3, A2, X2, 100, \text{false});$

$$0, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1, \begin{bmatrix} 0.1111111111 \\ 0.8888888889 \\ 1. \end{bmatrix}, 3.$$

$$2, \begin{bmatrix} 0.0303030303 \\ 0.9696969696 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 3.666666667$$

$$3, \begin{bmatrix} 0.007751937984 \\ 0.992248062 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 3.909090909$$

$$4, \begin{bmatrix} 0.001949317844 \\ 0.9980506823 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 3.976744186$$

$$5, \begin{bmatrix} 0.0004880431544 \\ 0.9995119571 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 3.994152047$$

$$6, \begin{bmatrix} 0.0001220557829 \\ 0.9998779445 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 3.998535872$$

$$7, \begin{bmatrix} 0.00003051721795 \\ 0.9999694835 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 3.999633834$$

$$8, \begin{bmatrix} 0.000007630376562 \\ 0.9999923708 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 3.999908452$$

$$9, \begin{bmatrix} 0.000001909075765 \\ 0.9999980925 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 3.999977115$$

10,	$\begin{bmatrix} 4.79364333 \cdot 10^{-7} \\ 0.9999995229 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}$	, 3.999994281
11,	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.229215435 \cdot 10^{-7} \\ 0.9999998809 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 3.999998574
12,	$\begin{bmatrix} 3.550731842 \cdot 10^{-8} \\ 0.9999999704 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 3.999999650
13,	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.626097799 \cdot 10^{-8} \\ 0.9999999926 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 3.999999923
14,	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.514146698 \cdot 10^{-8} \\ 0.9999999978 \\ 0.9999999997 \end{bmatrix}$	, 3.999999996
15,	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.033720049 \cdot 10^{-8} \\ 0.9999999996 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000000021
16,	$\begin{bmatrix} 3.000580044 \cdot 10^{-8} \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000000039
17,	$\begin{bmatrix} 4.500870008 \cdot 10^{-8} \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000000060
18,	$\begin{bmatrix} 6.751304853 \cdot 10^{-8} \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000000090
19,	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.012695693 \cdot 10^{-7} \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000000135

20,	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.519043463 \cdot 10^{-7} \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000000203
21,	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.278565022 \cdot 10^{-7} \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000000304
22,	$\begin{bmatrix} 3.417847144 \cdot 10^{-7} \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000000456
23,	$\begin{bmatrix} 5.126769841 \cdot 10^{-7} \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000000683
24,	$\begin{bmatrix} 7.69015279 \cdot 10^{-7} \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000001025
25,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.000001153522475 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000001538
26,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.000001730282715 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000002307
27,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.000002595421827 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000003461
28,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.000003893127689 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000005190
29,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.000005839680167 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000007786

$$\begin{aligned}
30, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.000008759494676 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 4.000011679 \\
31, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.00001313918447 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 4.000017519 \\
32, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.00001970864723 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 4.000026278 \\
33, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.00002956267953 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 4.000039417 \\
34, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.00004434336384 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 4.000059125 \\
35, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.00006651357104 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 4.000088686 \\
36, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.00009976703864 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 4.000133027 \\
37, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.0001496430932 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 4.000199534 \\
38, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.0002244478463 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 4.000299286 \\
39, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.000336633991 \\ 0.9999999997 \\ 0.9999999997 \end{bmatrix}, 4.000448896
\end{aligned}$$

40,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.0005048660091 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.000673268
41,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.0007571078947 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.001009732
42,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.001135232095 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.001514216
43,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.001701882127 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.002270464
44,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.002550652735 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.003403764
45,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.003821105945 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.005101305
46,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.005720729162 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.007642211
47,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.008556618696 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.011441458
48,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.01278025018 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.017113237
49,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.01904865201 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 4.025560500

$$\begin{array}{l}
50, \begin{bmatrix} 0.02830340713 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 4.038097304 \\
51, \begin{bmatrix} 0.04186268243 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 4.056606814 \\
52, \begin{bmatrix} 0.06150660784 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 4.083725365 \\
53, \begin{bmatrix} 0.08950726758 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 4.123013216 \\
54, \begin{bmatrix} 0.1285096285 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 4.179014535 \\
55, \begin{bmatrix} 0.1811262116 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 4.257019257 \\
56, \begin{bmatrix} 0.2491275525 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 4.362252423 \\
57, \begin{bmatrix} 0.3322989205 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 4.498255105 \\
58, \begin{bmatrix} 0.4274309578 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 4.664597841 \\
59, \begin{bmatrix} 0.5282510176 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 4.854861915
\end{array}$$

60,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.6268179236 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 5.056502035
61,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.7158675729 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 5.253635847
62,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.7907612066 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 5.431735146
63,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.8500489451 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 5.581522413
64,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.8947729966 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}$	, 5.700097890
65,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.9272986146 \\ 0.9999999997 \\ 0.9999999997 \end{bmatrix}$	, 5.789545994
66,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.9503286853 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}$	, 5.854597230
67,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.9663282841 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}$	, 5.900657371
68,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.9772973774 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 5.932656569
69,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.9847495097 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	, 5.954594755



$$\begin{aligned}
70, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.9897810584 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 5.969499019 \\
71, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.9931640871 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.979562117 \\
72, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.995432317 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.986328174 \\
73, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.9969502346 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.990864634 \\
74, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.9979647541 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.993900469 \\
75, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.998642248 \\ 0.9999999997 \\ 0.9999999997 \end{bmatrix}, 5.995929508 \\
76, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.9990944222 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 5.997284497 \\
77, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.999396099 \\ 0.9999999997 \\ 0.9999999997 \end{bmatrix}, 5.998188845 \\
78, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.9995973184 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 5.998792199 \\
79, & \begin{bmatrix} 0.9997315097 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999194637
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
80, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9998209903 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999463019 \\
81, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9998806534 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999641981 \\
82, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999204325 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999761307 \\
83, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999469536 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999840865 \\
84, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999646349 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999893907 \\
85, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999764229 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999929270 \\
86, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999842817 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999952846 \\
87, \begin{bmatrix} 0.999989521 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999968564 \\
88, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999930144 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999979042 \\
89, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999953432 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999986029
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
90, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999968956 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999990686 \\
91, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999979302 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999993791 \\
92, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999986204 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999995861 \\
93, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999990802 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999997241 \\
94, \begin{bmatrix} 0.999999387 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999998161 \\
95, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999995912 \\ 0.9999999999 \\ 0.9999999999 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999998774 \\
96, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999997276 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999999183 \\
97, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999998184 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999999455 \\
98, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999998792 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999999637 \\
99, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999999196 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999999758
\end{array}$$

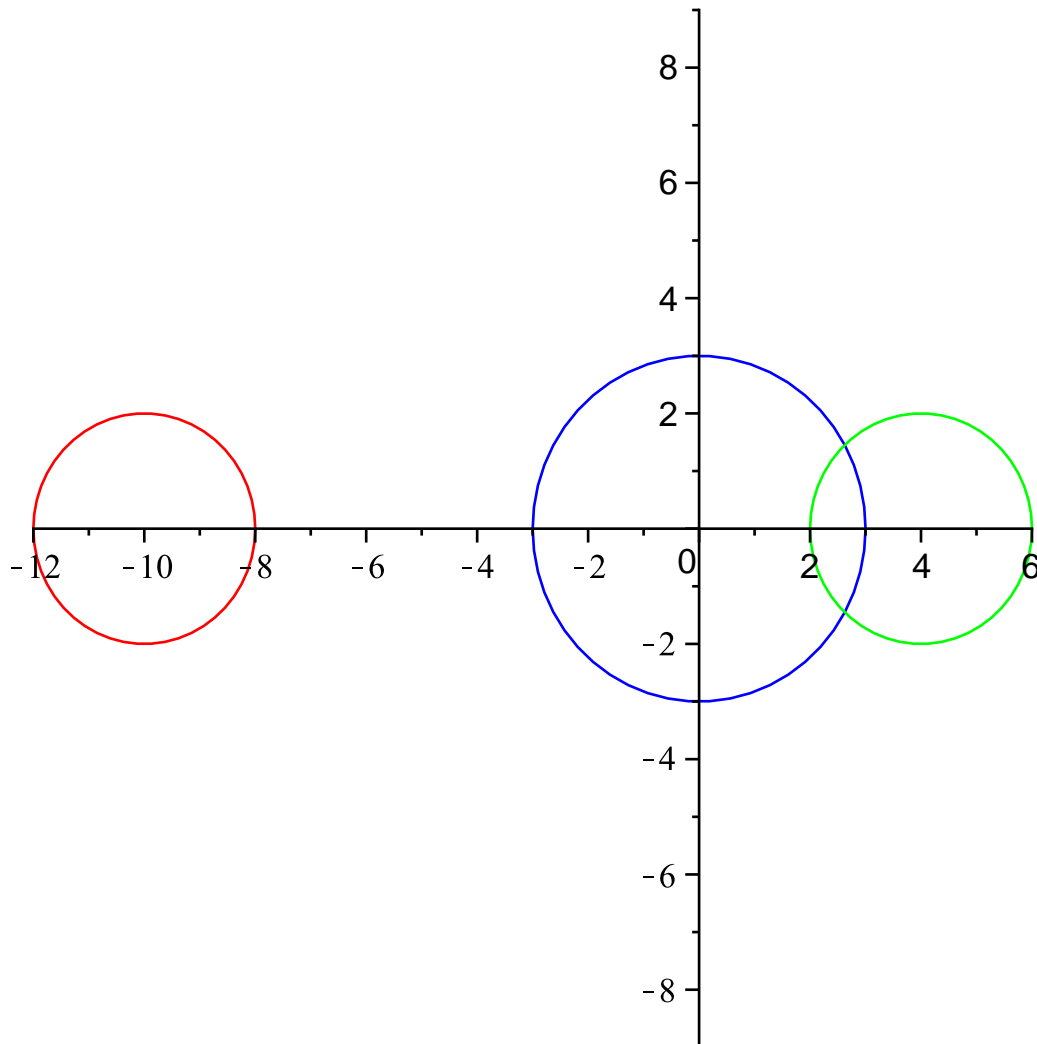
$$100, \begin{bmatrix} 0.9999999462 \\ 0.9999999998 \\ 0.9999999998 \end{bmatrix}, 5.999999839$$

(6.4)

Vi fandt først at denne værdi af  $r$  kun konvergerede mod 4. Derefter indsatte vi en *evalf*( ) tidligere i udregningerne, for at få dårligere præcision så vi kunne finde det andet konvergens tal, 6. Derudover synes vi opgaven er dårligt formuleret, i og med at man kun kan få de ønskede resultater ved at introducere afrundingsfejl i udregningerne.

## Opgave 5.2.37a

```
> restart;
> with(plottools) : with(plots) :
> c1 := circle([0, 0], 3, color=blue) :
> c2 := circle([-10, 0], 2, color=red) :
> c3 := circle([4, 0], 2, color=green) :
> display(c1, c2, c3, view=[-12..6, -9..9]);
```



Bound for spectral radius is:  $0 \leq |\lambda| \leq 12$