Theoretical and practical metagenomic approaches to viral discovery

Practical Session: LRIscan for viral long-range RNA-RNA Interactions

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European Virus Bioinformatics Center



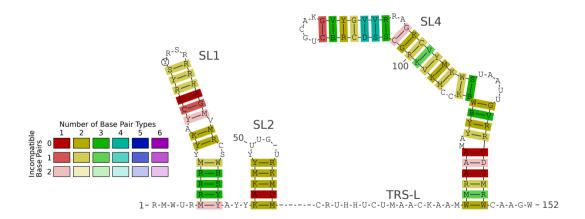
LRIscan

Results

Alignments and compensatory mutations



UNCONSERVED SEQUENCE, CONSERVED STRUCTURE





Unconserved sequence, conserved structure

HCoV-229E HCoV-NL63 SARS-CoV

```
ACUUAAGUACCUUAUCTAUCUACAGAUAGAAAA GUUGCUUUUU GACUUUG-UGUCUA- 57
-CUUAAAGAAUUUUCUAUCUAUCAACAAAUUUUCUUAUUUAGACUUUG-UGUCUA- 57
AUAUUAGGUUUUUACCU ACCCAGGAAAAGCCAACC--UCGAUCUUG-UAGAUC- 56
GAUUGCGAG--CGAUU GCGUGCGUGC UCCCG--CUUCACUGAUCUUGUUAGAUC 55
.....10......20....30....40....50....50...
```

HCoV-229E HCoV-NL63 SARS-CoV BCoV

HCoV-229E HCoV-NL63 SARS-CoV BCoV

```
)..))))))))))....))))))))))....
GGAGUCGUAGUGUAAUUGAAAUUCCAUU---U 135
A--GUCCUAGUGUAAUUGAAAUUUCGUCAAGU 135
U---GCACCUAC-----GCAGUAUAAACAAUA 135
GAUUUUUCAUAG------UGG-UGUCUA----- 135
```



COMPENSATORY MUTATIONS IN SECONDARY STRUCTURES

Importance of such mutations

Compensatory mutations underline the importance of a specific secondary structure.



COMPENSATORY MUTATIONS IN SECONDARY STRUCTURES

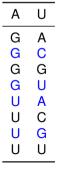
Importance of such mutations

Compensatory mutations underline the importance of a specific secondary structure.

But be careful!

If we're assuming a uniform mutation rate, every third pair of mutations is a compensatory mutation.

Α	U
Α	Α
Α	С
Α	G
С	Α
С	С
С	G
С	U







Results

WHY LRIS?

- Interaction spans distances between a few hundred and several thousands of nucleotides
- few are described in positive stranded RNA viruses
- often located in loop regions (bulges, hairpins, ...)



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 - \Rightarrow pseudo-knots!



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- Interaction spans distances between a few hundred and several thousands of nucleotides
- few are described in positive stranded RNA viruses
- ▶ often located in loop regions (bulges, hairpins, ...)
 ⇒ pseudo-knots!
- LRIs may play a very important role in viral replication



How to calculate LRIs

Approach I

- RNAduplex
- RNAplex
- RNAhybrid



HOW TO CALCULATE LRIS

Approach I

Approach II

- RNAduplex
- RNAplex
- RNAhybrid

RNAcofold



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Approach III

- RNAup
- IntaRNA



How to calculate LRIs

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Approach IV

- inteRNA
- ▶ inRNAs

Approach II

RNAcofold

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HOW TO CALCULATE LRIS

Approach I

- RNAduplex
- RNAplex
- RNAhybrid

Approach IV

- inteRNA
- ▶ inRNAs

Approach II

RNAcofold

Approach III

- RNAup
- IntaRNA

Approach V

- PETcofold
- PETCOIOIO
- RNAaliduplex



LRISCAN

Prediction of conserved long-range RNA-RNA interactions in full viral genomes, 2016. M. Fricke, M. Marz



LRISCAN

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⇒ LRIscan



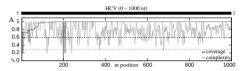
LRIscan

How does LRIscan work and how do I use it?



Results

WORKFLOW OF LRISCAN





COVERAGE AND COMPLEXITY

Coverage of an alignment

Relative number of sequences that do not have a gap on a specific position.



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Complexity of the alignment

LRIscan

$$C_i = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{k=1}^{m} \frac{|\delta(a_{i...i+s-1}^k)|}{|(a_{i...i+s-1}^k)|}$$



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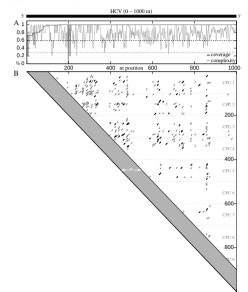
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$$C_{i} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{k=1}^{m} \frac{|\delta(a_{i...i+s-1}^{k})|}{|(a_{i...i+s-1}^{k})|}$$

$$\delta(CCUUUGGAAA) = CUGA$$



Workflow of LRISCAN - STEP 2





FINDING SEEDS

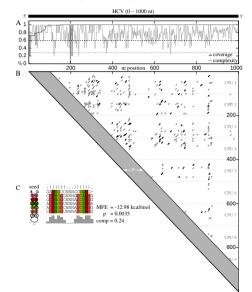
$$S_{i,j} = (S_{i-1,j+1} + 1) \cdot \Pi_{ii} \cdot \Phi_{ij}$$

LRIscan

- $ightharpoonup \Pi_{ij}$: do at least *t* percent of the input sequence form the basepair (i, j)?
- $ightharpoonup \Phi_{ii}$: do both alignment columns A_i and A_i meet the coverage threshold?



WORKFLOW OF LRISCAN - STEP 3





SEED SCORING

- z-Score analysis for each seed to measure reliability
- ightharpoonup compensatory score au

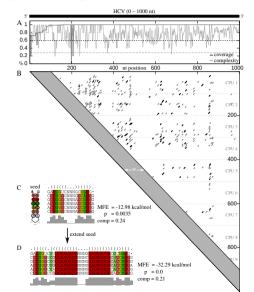
$$\tau = \frac{\sum_{b}(u \cdot h)}{6 \cdot |b| \cdot k}$$

with:

- u: number of different base-pair types
- ▶ *h*: number of incompatible base-pairs



WORKFLOW OF LRISCAN - STEP 4





SEED EXTENSION

- each seed is extended 10 nts at the 5' (and 3' respectively)
- calculate MFE with RNAalifold.
 - hard constraints for seed region
 - soft constraints for extension, such that intermolecular interactions are formed





Results

LRISCAN USAGE

Alignment Recap

```
1 $> ./LRIscan.rb -c 2 -f <ALIGNMENT> -o <OUTPUT>
```

- tabular output in .tsv format
- table and figures in .html
- all figures are also stored in the ps/ directory



LRISCAN HANDS-ON

Exercise:

Go to https://www.rna.uni-jena.de/supplements/lriscan/

- Download the MSA of the Flaviviruses.
- 2. Apply LRIscan
- 3. Do not look at the results on the webpage (yet)



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If you have your own dataset, roughly of the same size as the Flavivirus MSA, feel free to use it.



COFFEE BREAK



