

Pattern Matching

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Example 1 --- Debitalization (1/2)

bit	$\xrightarrow{\text{debitalize}}$	truth
0		false
1		true

Debitalization (1a/2)

Racketize it

Debitalization (1a/2)

Racketize it

Data

- number: 0, 1
- boolean: false, true

Debitalization (1a/2)

Racketize it

Data

- number: 0, 1
- boolean: false, true

Code

```
;; debit : number -> boolean  
;; debitalizes a bit, via equality test  
(define (debit b)  
  (cond ((= b 0) false)  
        ((= b 1) true) ) )
```

Debitalization (1b/2)

Bit operators

bit operator	boolean operator
NOT	\neg
AND	\wedge
OR	\vee

Debitalization (1b/2)

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Racket code

```
;; NOT : number -> number  
;; negates a bit, via equality test  
;; ...
```

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Racket code

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```

AND and OR ...

Debitalization (1c/2)

...

Debitalization (1c/2)

...

```
;; AND : number number -> number
;; conjoins two bits, via equality test
(define (AND b1 b2)
  (cond ((and (= b1 0) (= b2 0)) 0)
        ((and (= b1 0) (= b2 1)) 0)
        ((and (= b1 1) (= b2 0)) 0)
        ((and (= b1 1) (= b2 1)) 1) ) )

;; OR : number number -> number
;; disjoins two bits, via equality test
;; ...

(debit (NOT (OR (AND 0 1) (AND 1 0))))
```

A First Taste of Pattern Matching

Refactor it

```
;; debit : number -> boolean  
;; debitalizes a bit, via pattern matching  
(define (debit b)  
  (match b  
    (0 false)  
    (1 true ) ) )
```

A First Taste of Pattern Matching

Refactor it

```
;; debit : number -> boolean  
;; debitalizes a bit, via pattern matching  
(define (debit b)  
  (match b  
    (0 false)  
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;; NOT : number -> number  
;; negates a bit, via pattern matching  
;; ...
```

AND and OR ...

Nested Pattern Matching

...

```
;; AND : number number -> number  
;; conjoins two bits, via pattern matching  
(define (AND b1 b2)  
  (match b1  
    (0 0)  
    (1 (match b2  
        (0 0)  
        (1 1) ) ) ) )  
  
;; OR : number number -> number  
;; disjoins two bits, via pattern matching  
;; ...  
  
(debit (NOT (OR (AND 0 1) (AND 1 0))))
```

Matching Literals

Racket literals

- booleans
- numbers

Matching Literals

Racket literals

- booleans
- numbers
- characters

Matching Literals

Racket literals

- booleans
- numbers
- characters
- strings
- ...

Matching Literals

Racket literals

- booleans
- numbers
- characters
- strings
- ...

matching literals = equality test

Tastes good?

Tastes good?
Clean code

Example 1 --- Debitalization (2/2)

bit	$\xrightarrow{\text{debitalize}}$	truth
0		false
1		true

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bit	$\xrightarrow{\text{debitalize}}$	truth
0		false
1		true

bit stream	$\xrightarrow{\text{debitalize}}$	truth stream
0 1 ...		false true ...

Debitalization ($2a/2$)

Racketize it

Debitalization (2a/2)

Racketize it

Data

- list of numbers: `(list 0 1 ...)`
- list of booleans: `(list false true ...)`

Debitalization (2a/2)

Racketize it

Data

- list of numbers: `(list 0 1 ...)`
- list of booleans: `(list false true ...)`

Code

```
;; debits : (listof number) -> (listof boolean)  
;; debitalizes a bit stream, via isomorphism test  
(define (debits bs)  
  (cond ((empty? bs) bs)  
        (else (let ((b (first bs))  
                      (bs (rest bs)))  
                  (cons (debit b)  
                        (debits bs) ) ) ) ) )
```

Debitalization (2b/2)

Bit-wise operators: NOTs, ANDs, ORs

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Bit-wise operators: NOTs, ANDs, ORs

Racket code

```
;; NOTs : (listof number) -> (listof number)  
;; bit-wise negates a bit stream, via isomorphism test  
;; ...
```

Debitalization (2b/2)

Bit-wise operators: NOTs, ANDs, ORs

Racket code

```
;; NOTs : (listof number) -> (listof number)  
;; bit-wise negates a bit stream, via isomorphism test  
;; ...
```

ANDs and ORs ...

Debitalization (2c/2)

...

Debitalization (2c/2)

...

```
;; ANDs : (listof number) (listof number) -> (listof number)
;; bit-wise conjoins two bit streams, via isomorphism test
(define (ANDs bs1 bs2)
  (cond ((or (empty? bs1) (empty? bs2)) empty)
        (else (let ((b1 (first bs1))
                      (bs1 (rest bs1))
                      (b2 (first bs2))
                      (bs2 (rest bs2)))
                  (cons (AND b1 b2)
                        (ANDs bs1 bs2) ) ) ) ) )

;; ORs : (listof number) (listof number) -> (listof number)
;; bit-wise disjoins two bit streams, via isomorphism test
;; ...

(debits (NOTs (ORs (ANDs (list 0 1 0))
                      (ANDs (list 1 0 1 0)) ) ) ) )
```

A Second Taste of Pattern Matching

Refactor it

```
;; debits : (listof number) -> (listof boolean)  
;; debitalizes a bit stream, via pattern matching  
(define (debits bs)  
  (match bs  
    ((list) bs)  
    ((list b bs ...) (cons (debit b)  
                           (debits bs) ) ) ) )
```

A Second Taste of Pattern Matching

Refactor it

```
;; debits : (listof number) -> (listof boolean)  
;; debitalizes a bit stream, via pattern matching  
(define (debits bs)  
  (match bs  
    ((list) bs)  
    ((list b bs ...) (cons (debit b)  
                           (debits bs) ) ) ) )  
  
;; NOTs : number -> number  
;; bit-wise negates a bit stream, via pattern matching  
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;; debits : (listof number) -> (listof boolean)  
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(define (debits bs)  
  (match bs  
    ((list) bs)  
    ((list b bs ...) (cons (debit b)  
                           (debits bs) ) ) ) )  
  
;; NOTs : number -> number  
;; bit-wise negates a bit stream, via pattern matching  
;; ...
```

AND and OR ...

Nested Pattern Matching

...

```
;; ANDs : (listof number) (listof number) -> (listof number)
;; bit-wise conjoins two bit streams, via pattern matching
(define (ANDs bs1 bs2)
  (match bs1
    ((list) bs1)
    ((list b1 bs1 ...)
     (match bs2
       ((list) bs2)
       ((list b2 bs2 ...) (cons (AND b1 b2)
                                (ANDs bs1 bs2) ) ) ) ) ) )

;; OR : (listof number) (listof number) -> (listof number)
;; bit-wise disjoins two bit streams, via pattern matching
;; ...

(debits (NOTs (ORs (ANDs (list 0 1 0))
                     (ANDs (list 1 0 1 0)) ) ) ) )
```

Matching Built-in Data Structures

Racket built-in data structures

- lists

Matching Built-in Data Structures

Racket built-in data structures

- lists
- pairs

Matching Built-in Data Structures

Racket built-in data structures

- lists
- pairs
- vectors
- ...

Matching Built-in Data Structures

Racket built-in data structures

- lists
- pairs
- vectors
- ...

matching (built-in) data structures = isomorphism test

Tastes good?

Tastes good?

Clear code

Example 2 --- Poker

card	
rank	A, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, J, Q, K
suit	♠, ♥, ♦, ♣, ★

Poker (1a)

Racketize it

Poker (1a)

Racketize it

Data

- `structure: struct`

Poker (1a)

Racketize it

Data

- structure: `struct`
- string: `"A", "2", "♠", ...`

Poker (1a)

Racketize it

Data

- structure: `struct`
- string: `"A", "2", "♠", ...`

Code

```
(define-struct card (rank suit))
```