Natural Language Processing

Lecture 6: Parsing with Context Free Grammars I.

CKY algorithm

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COMS W4705 Yassine Benajiba

Formal Grammar and Parsing

- Formal Grammars are used in linguistics, NLP, programming languages.
- We want to build a compact model that describes a complete language.
- Need efficient algorithms to determine if a sentence is in the language or not (recognition problem).
- We also want to recover the structure imposed by the grammar (parsing problem).

Syntactic Parsing

- Formalisms like CFGs and Finite State Automata define the (possibly infinite) set of legal strings of a language.
- Parsing algorithms determine if an input string is part of this language or not. For CFGs, they assign each string one or more syntactic analyses.

Two Approaches to Parsing

- Bottom-up: Start at the words (terminal symbols) and see which subtrees you can build. Then combine these subtrees into larger trees. (Driven by the input sentence.) CKY algorithm - requires Grammars in Chomsky Normal Form.
- Top-down: Start at the start symbol (S), try to apply production rules that are compatible with the input. (Driven by the grammar - next week)
 Earley algorithm
- Both approaches can be seen as a kind of search problem (next week).

Chomsky Normal Form

- A CFG $G=(N, \Sigma, R, S)$ is in Chomsky Normal Form (CNF) if the rules take one of the following forms:
 - $A \rightarrow B C$, where $A \in N$, $B \in N$, $C \in N$.
 - $A \rightarrow b$, where $A \in N$, $b \in \Sigma$.

Any CFG can be converted to an equivalent grammar in CNF that expresses the same language.

Cocke-Kasami-Younger (CKY) Algorithm - Motivation

- A nonterminal A covers a sub-span [i,j] of the input string s if the rules in the grammar can derive s[i,j] from A.
 Let π[i,j] be the set of nonterminals that cover [i,j].
- The string is recognized by the grammar if $S \in \pi[i,j]$.
- Approach: Compute $\pi[i,j]$ for all sub-spans bottom-up, using dynamic-programming.

	$\pi[0,8] = \{S\}$								
	$\pi[2,8] = \{VP\}$								
		\mathcal{H}_{i}	$[0,5] = \{S$	$[2,5] = \{V\}$	<i>P</i> }	π	[5,8] = {[VP}	
	$\pi[0,2]$	$\pi[0,2] = \{NP\}$		$\pi/3,5/=\{NP\}$				$= \{NP\}$	
$\pi[0,$	$1] = \{D\}$	{N}	{V,N}	{D}	{N}	{ <i>P</i> }	{D}	$\pi[7,8] =$	$\{D\}$
s =	the	student	saw	the	cat	with	the	tail	,
() 1		2 (3	4 5	5 (7 8	3

CKY Data Structure

• Use a 2-dimensional "parse table" to represent $\pi[i,j]$.

$S \rightarrow NP VP$	$NP \rightarrow she$
$VP \rightarrow V NP$	NP → glasses
$VP \rightarrow VP PP$	$D \rightarrow the$
$PP \rightarrow P NP$	$N \rightarrow cat$
$NP \rightarrow D N$	N → glasses
$NP \rightarrow NP PP$	$V \rightarrow saw$
	$P \rightarrow with$

	 o she .	saw ₂	the	3 cat 4	with 5	glass	es
)	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6	
		1,2	1,3	1,4	1,5	1,6	
)			2,3	2,4	2,5	2,6	
}				3,4	3,5	3,6	
!					4,5	4,6	
-						5,6	
)							

CKY Initialization

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• For i=0...length(s-1): $\pi[i, i+1] = \{A \mid A \rightarrow s[\underline{i}:\underline{i+1}] \in R\}$

$NP \rightarrow NP PP \qquad V \rightarrow saw$ $P \rightarrow with$
--

o she 1 saw 2 the 3 cat 4 with 5 glasses NP 0,2 0,3 0,4 0,5 0,6 ٧ 1,4 1,5 1,6 2,4 2,5 2,6 Ν 3,5 3,6 P 4,6 NP,N

CKY - finding the split

- CKY requires grammar to be in CNF.
- Assume subspan [i,j] is covered by nonterminal A.
 - Then this nonterminal was recognized by some production of the form $A \rightarrow B C$, where $A \in N, B \in N, C \in N$ (grammar is in CNF).
 - Span [i,j] can be split into two parts:
 [i,k], which is covered by B, and
 [k,j] which is covered by C.



CKY - Recursive Definition

- To compute $\pi[i, j]$, try all possible split points k, such that i < k < j.
 - For each k, check if the nonterminals in $\pi[i,k]$ and $\pi[k,j]$ match any of the rules in the grammar.
- Recursive definition for $\pi[i, j]$:

$$\pi[i,j] = igcup_{k=i+1\ldots j-1} \{A|A o B\ C\in R\ ext{and}\ B\in \pi[i,k]\ ext{and}\ C\in \pi[k,j]\}$$

CKY Full Algorithm

• Input: Grammar $G=(N, \Sigma, R, S)$, input string s of length n.

```
• for i=0...n-1: initialization \pi[i, i+1] = \{A \mid A \rightarrow s[i] \}
```

• for length=2...n: main loop for i=0...(n-length): j=i+length for k=i+1...j-1: $M=\{A|A\to B\ C\in R\ \mathrm{and}\ B\in\pi[i,k]\ \mathrm{and}\ C\in\pi[k,j]\}$ $\pi[i,j]=\pi[i,j]\cup M$

• if $S \in \pi[0, i+1]$ return True, otherwise False

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=2 i=0, k=1, j=2 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

NP_	→	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6
	\ 	1,3	1,4	1,5	1,6
		D	2,4	2,5	2,6
			Ν	3,5	3,6
				Р	4,6
					NP,N
		D		3,5	3,6 4,6

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=2 i=1,k=2,j=3 $0 \text{ she } _{1}saw_{2} \text{ the } _{2}cat_{A} \text{ with } _{5}glasses$

U) 4		,
NP		0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6
	>	+	1,4	1,5	1,6
		D	2,4	2,5	2,6
			N	3,5	3,6
				Р	4,6
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=2 i=2, k=3, j=4 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

		,		
	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6
V		1,4	1,5	1,6
	D	NP	2,5	2,6
		N	3,5	3,6
			Р	4,6
				NP,N
		0,3 V	0,3 0,4 V 1,4 D NP	0,3 0,4 0,5 V 1,4 1,5 N 3,5

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=2 i=3, k=4, j=5

o she 1 saw 2 the 3 cat 4 with 5 glasses

NP		0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6
	>		1,4	1,5	1,6
		D	NP	2,5	2,6
			N	†	3,6
				P	4,6
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=2 i=4,k=5,j=6 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

NP		0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6
	>		1,4	1,5	1,6
		D	NP	2,5	2,6
			N		3,6
				P	PP †
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

$S \rightarrow NP VP$	$NP \rightarrow she$
$VP \rightarrow V NP$	NP → glasses
$VP \rightarrow VP PP$	$D \rightarrow the$
$PP \rightarrow P NP$	$N \rightarrow cat$
$NP \rightarrow D N$	N → glasses
$NP \rightarrow NP PP$	$V \rightarrow saw$
	$P \rightarrow with$

length=3 i=0, k=1, j=3 0 she 1 saw 2 the 3 cat 4 with 5 glasses

U) 1		
NP-		†	0,4	0,5	0,6
	V		1,4	1,5	1,6
		D	NP	2,5	2,6
			Z		3,6
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

$S \rightarrow NP VP$	NP → she
$VP \rightarrow V NP$	NP → glasses
$VP \rightarrow VP PP$	$D \rightarrow the$
$PP \rightarrow P NP$	$N \rightarrow cat$
$NP \rightarrow D N$	N → glasses
$NP \rightarrow NP PP$	$V \rightarrow saw$
	$P \rightarrow with$

length=3 i=0, k=2, j=3 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

NP 0,4 0,5 0,6 V 1,5 1,4 1,6 NP 2,5 2,6 D N 3,6 P PP NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

$S \rightarrow NP VP$	NP → she
$VP \rightarrow V NP$	NP → glasses
$VP \rightarrow VP PP$	$D \rightarrow the$
$PP \rightarrow P NP$	$N \rightarrow cat$
$NP \rightarrow D N$	N → glasses
$NP \rightarrow NP PP$	$V \rightarrow saw$
	$P \rightarrow with$

length=3 i=1,k=2,j=4 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

NP			0,4	0,5	0,6
	\ 		→ VP	1,5	1,6
		D	NP	2,5	2,6
			Z		3,6
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=3 i=1,k=3,j=4

o she 1 saw 2 the 3 cat 4 with 5 glasses

NP			0,4	0,5	0,6
	V		→ VP	1,5	1,6
		D	NP	2,5	2,6
			N		3,6
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=3 i=2,k=3,j=5 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

			-		
NP			0,4	0,5	0,6
	V		VP	1,5	1,6
		D	NP	→	2,6
			N		3,6
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=3 i=2,k=4,j=5 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

NP			0,4	0,5	0,6
	V		VP	1,5	1,6
·		D	NP	→	2,6
			N		3,6
				P	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=3 i=3, k=4, j=6 $0 \text{ she } _{1}\text{saw}_{2} \text{ the } _{3}\text{cat } _{4}\text{ with } _{5}\text{glasses}$

NP			0,4	0,5	0,6
	V		VP	1,5	1,6
		D	NP		2,6
			N		†
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=3 i=3, k=5, j=6 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

NP			0,4	0,5	0,6
	V		VP	1,5	1,6
		D	NP		2,6
			N		→
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=4 i=0, k=1, j=4 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

NP			S 1	0,5	0,6
	>		VP	1,5	1,6
		D	NP		2,6
			N		
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=4 i=0,k=2,j=4

o she 1 saw 2 the 3 cat 4 with 5 glasses

NP			s 1	0,5	0,6
	>		VP	1,5	1,6
		D	NP		2,6
	·		N		
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=4 i=0, k=3, j=4 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

 			7		
NP			→ S	0,5	0,6
	V		VP	1,5	1,6
		D	NP		2,6
			N		
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=4 i=1,k=2,j=5 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

NP			S	0,5	0,6
	<		VP	†	1,6
		D	NP		2,6
	·		N		
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

```
S \rightarrow NP \ VP \qquad NP \rightarrow she
VP \rightarrow V \ NP \qquad NP \rightarrow glasses
VP \rightarrow VP \ PP \qquad D \rightarrow the
PP \rightarrow P \ NP \qquad N \rightarrow cat
NP \rightarrow D \ N \qquad N \rightarrow glasses
NP \rightarrow NP \ PP \qquad V \rightarrow saw
P \rightarrow with
```

length=4 i=1,k=3,j=5 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

			,		
NP			S	0,5	0,6
	<		VP	<u> </u>	1,6
		D	NP		2,6
	·		N		
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=4 i=1,k=4,j=5

oshe 1 saw 2 the 3 cat 4 with 5 glasses

NP			S	0,5	0,6
	>		VP	→	1,6
		D	NP		2,6
			Z		
				l P	PP
					NP,N

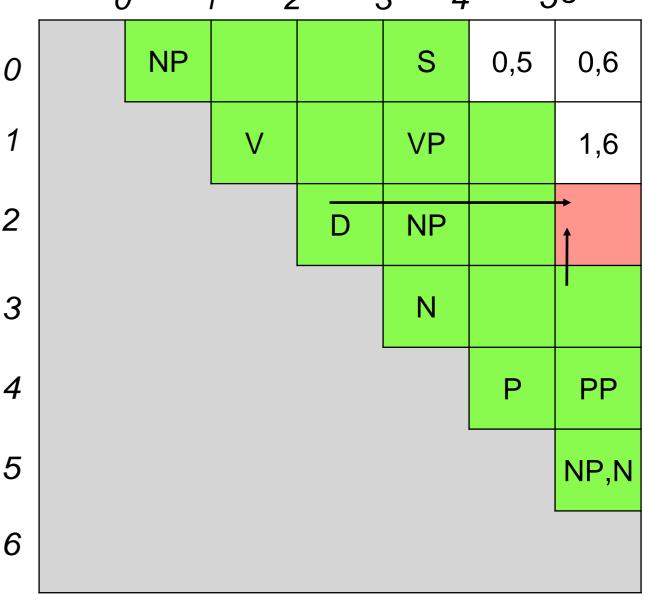
```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=4 i=2,k=3,j=6 $0 \text{ she } _{1}\text{saw}_{2} \text{ the } _{3}\text{cat } _{4}\text{ with } _{5}\text{glasses}$



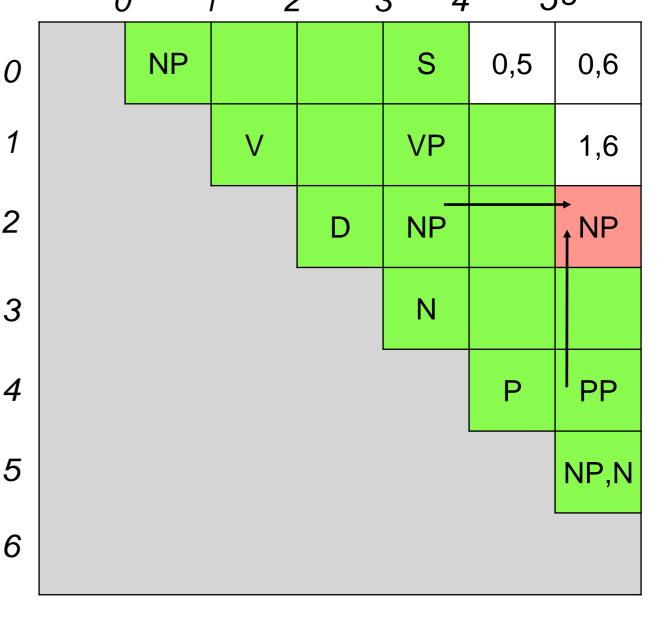
```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=4 i=2,k=4,j=6 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$



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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=4 i=2,k=5,j=6 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

NP			S	0,5	0,6
	V		VP		1,6
		D	NP		↑NP
	·		N		
				Р	PP
			,		NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=5 i=0, k=1, j=5 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$

NP			S	→	0,6
	>		VP		1,6
		D	NP		NP
			N		
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=5 i=0,k=2,j=5 she saw the scat with rules

o she 1 saw 2 the 3 cat 4 with 5 glasses

NP			S	→	0,6
	\		VP		1,6
·		D	NP		NP
			N		
				Р	PP
					NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=5 i=0,k=3,j=5

o she 1 saw 2 the 3 cat 4 with 5 glasses

NP			S	→	0,6
	V		VP		1,6
		D	NP		NP
			N		
				Р	PP
			·		NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=5 i=0, k=4, j=5

oshe 1 saw 2 the 3 cat 4 with 5 glasses

NP			S	→	0,6
	>		VP		1,6
·		D	NP		NP
	·		N		
				Р	PP
			_		NP,N

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```
for i=0...(n-length):

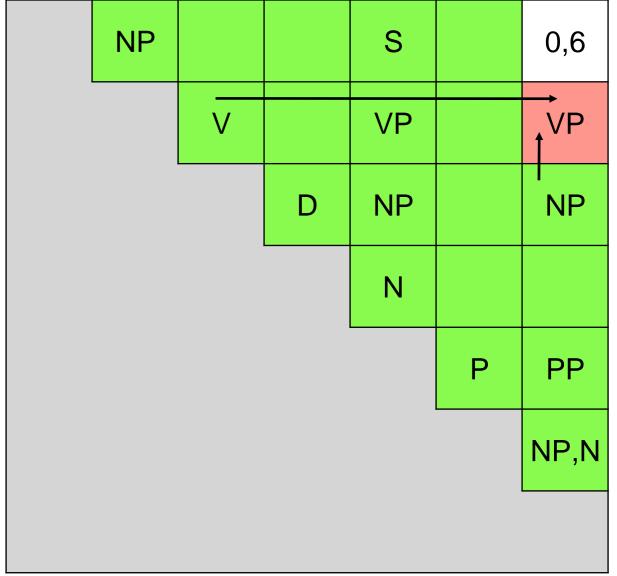
j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

```
S \rightarrow NP \ VP NP \rightarrow she VP \rightarrow V \ NP NP \rightarrow glasses VP \rightarrow VP \ PP D \rightarrow the PP \rightarrow P \ NP N \rightarrow cat NP \rightarrow D \ N N \rightarrow glasses NP \rightarrow NP \ PP V \rightarrow saw P \rightarrow with
```

 $\begin{array}{c} length = 5 \\ i = 1, k = 2, j = 6 \\ 0 \text{ she }_1 saw_2 \text{ the}_3 cat_4 \text{ with}_5 glasses \end{array}$



```
for i=0...(n-length):

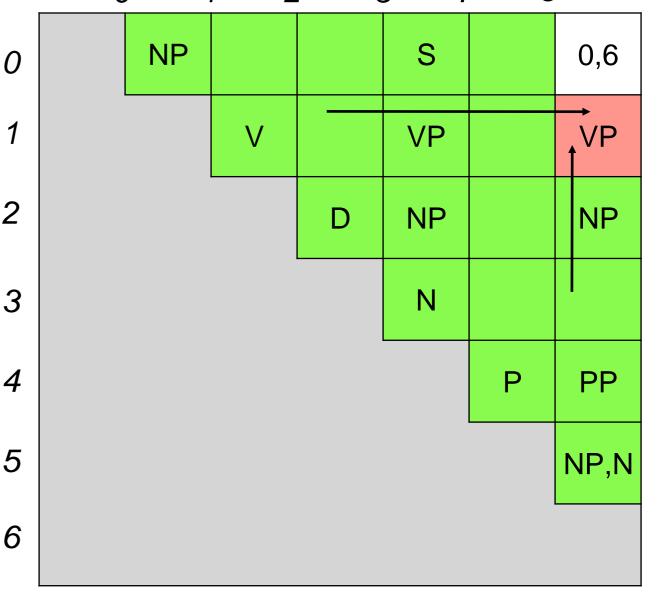
j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

```
S \rightarrow NP \ VP NP \rightarrow she VP \rightarrow V \ NP NP \rightarrow glasses VP \rightarrow VP \ PP D \rightarrow the PP \rightarrow P \ NP N \rightarrow cat NP \rightarrow D \ N N \rightarrow glasses NP \rightarrow NP \ PP V \rightarrow saw P \rightarrow with
```

length=5 i=1,k=3,j=6 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$



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```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

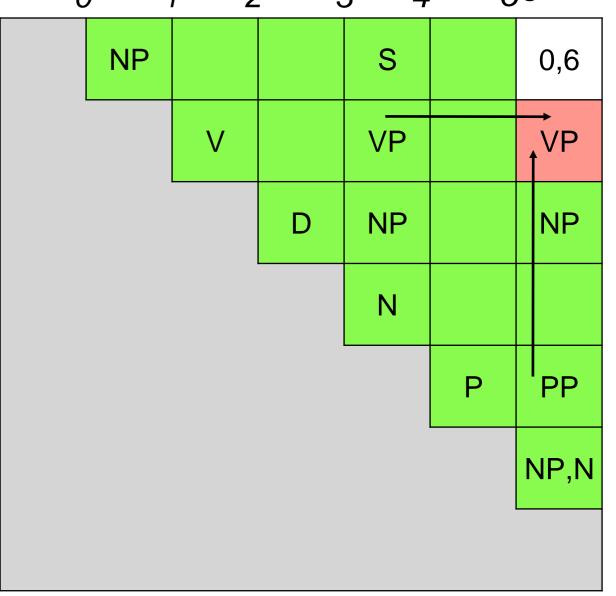
for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

$$S \rightarrow NP \ VP$$
 $NP \rightarrow she$ $VP \rightarrow V \ NP$ $NP \rightarrow glasses$ $VP \rightarrow VP \ PP$ $D \rightarrow the$ $PP \rightarrow P \ NP$ $N \rightarrow cat$ $NP \rightarrow D \ N$ $N \rightarrow glasses$ $NP \rightarrow NP \ PP$ $V \rightarrow saw$ $P \rightarrow with$

! We can build VP over [1,6] in two ways!

length=5 i=1,k=4,j=6 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$



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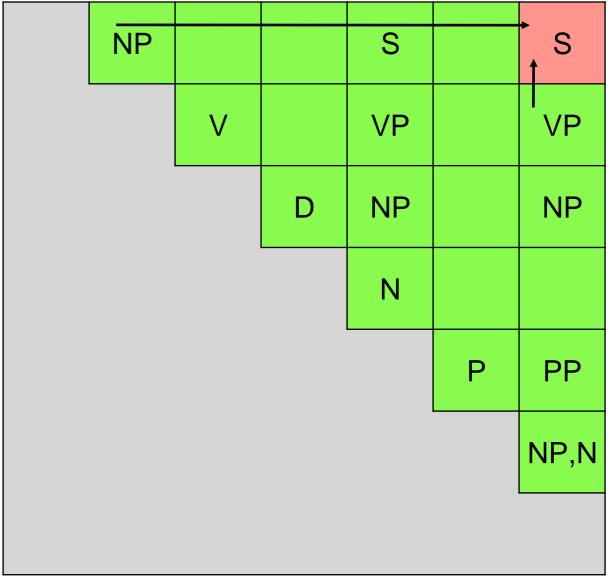
```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

 $\begin{array}{l} length = 5 \\ i = 0, k = 1, j = 6 \\ 0 \end{array}$ she $_1$ saw $_2$ the $_3$ cat $_4$ with $_5$ glasses



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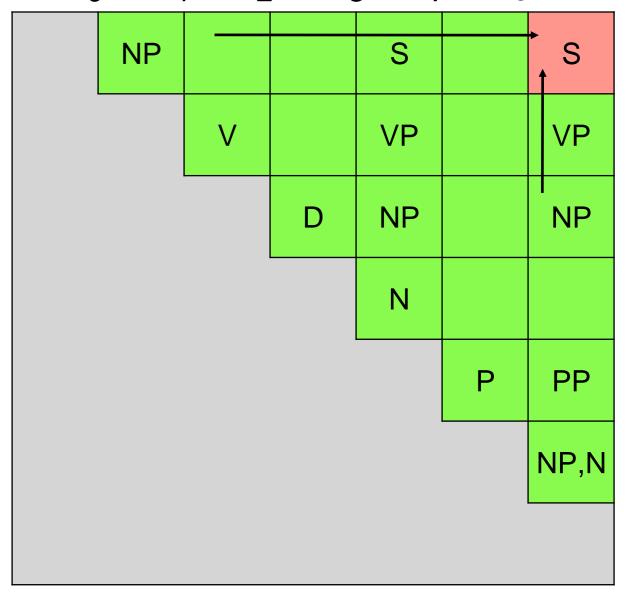
```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=5 i=0, k=2, j=6 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$



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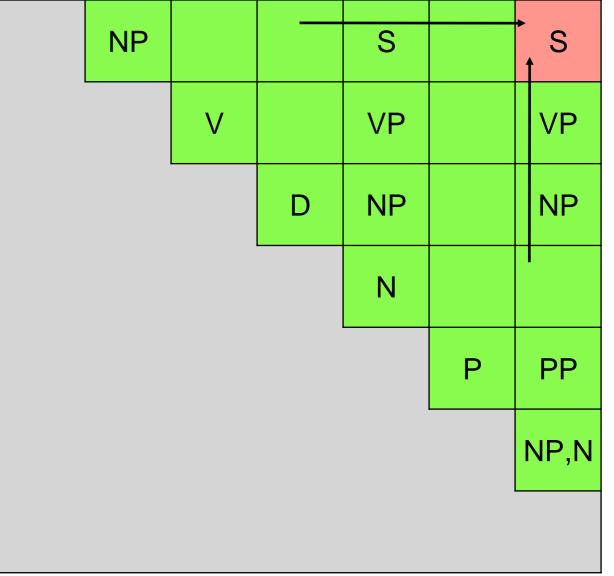
```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=5 i=0, k=3, j=6 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$



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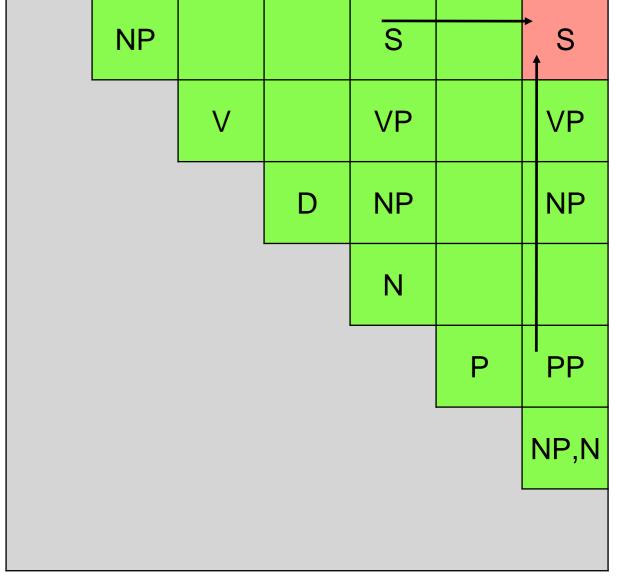
```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

 $\begin{array}{c} length{=}5\\ i{=}0,k{=}4,j{=}6\\ 0 \end{array}$ she $_1$ saw $_2$ the $_3$ cat $_4$ with $_5$ glasses



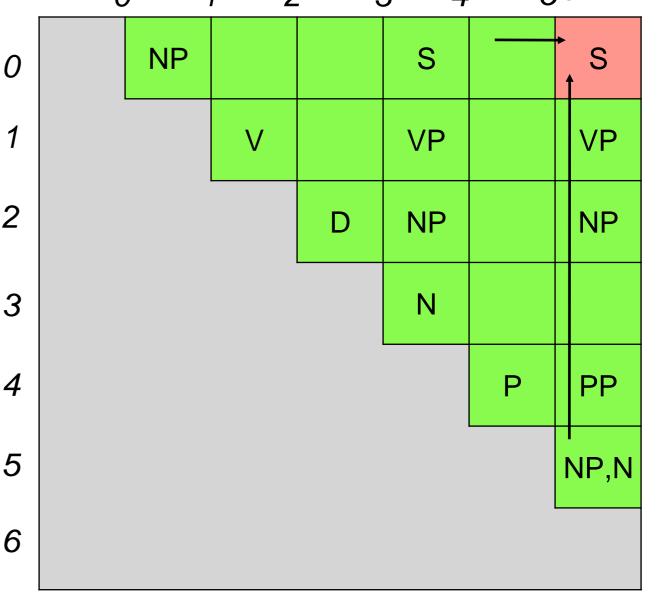
```
for i=0...(n-length):

j=i+length

for k=i+1...j-1:
```

. . . .

length=5 i=0, k=5, j=6 $0 \text{ she } 1 \text{ saw}_2 \text{ the } 3 \text{ cat } 4 \text{ with } 5 \text{ glasses}$



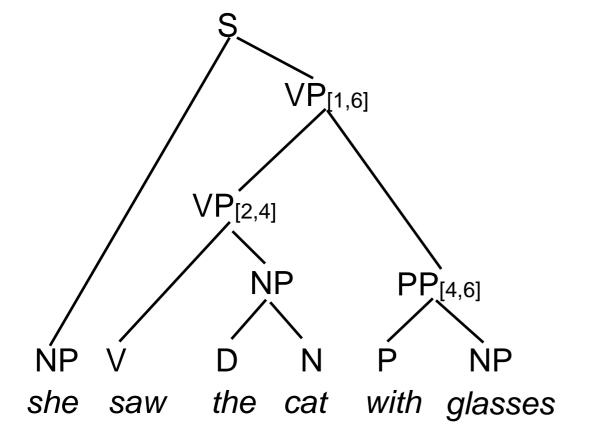
CKY Runtime

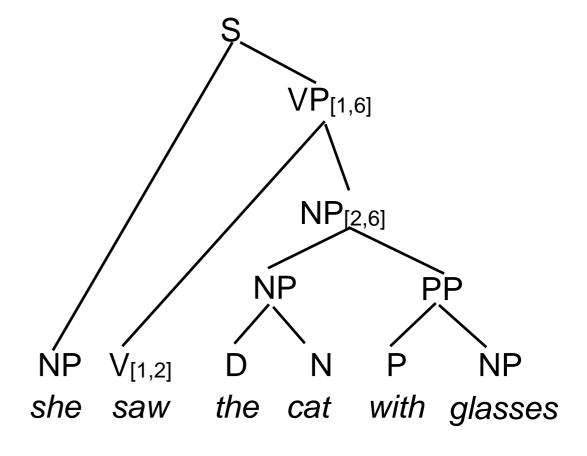
• Input: Grammar $G=(N, \Sigma, R, S)$, input string s of length n.

```
for i=0...n-1:
                                          O(N \times |R|)
   \pi[i, i+1] = \{A \mid A \rightarrow s[i] \}
for length=2...n:
                        O(N)
   for i=0...(n-length): O(N) Total : O(N<sup>3</sup> x |R|)
       j = i + length
                        O(N)
       for k=i+1...j-1:
            M = \{A|A 
ightarrow B \ C \in R 	ext{ and } B \in \pi[i,k] 	ext{ and } C \in \pi[k,j]\}
            \pi[i,j] = \pi[i,j] \cup M
```

• if $S \in \pi[0, i+1]$ return True, otherwise False

Syntactic Ambiguity

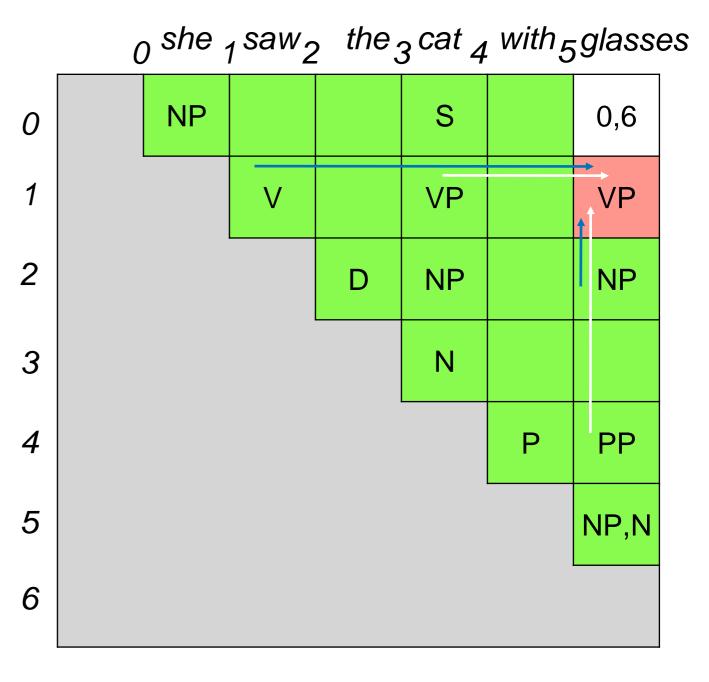




Backpointers

- The CKY algorithm presented so far determines if a sentence is recognized by a grammar.
- Also want to retrieve the parse trees!
- Instead of a set of nonterminals, store a list of instantiated rules and backpointers.

$$\begin{cases}
VP_{[1,6]} \to V_{[1,2]} & NP_{[2,6]} \\
VP_{[1,6]} \to VP_{[1,4]} & PP_{[4,6]}
\end{cases}$$



Retrieving Parse-Trees

Start at the [0,n] entry and recursively follow the backpointers.
 Return a set of of subtrees from the recursion.