

MATH4511 Quantitive Methods for Fixed Income Derivatives, 2015-16 Fall
Quiz 03(T1C)

Name: _____

ID No.: _____

Tutorial Section: _____

1. (20 points)

yield	bond price	option price
4.99%	100.078	3.1871
5.00%	100	3.1501
5.01%	99.9221	3.1134

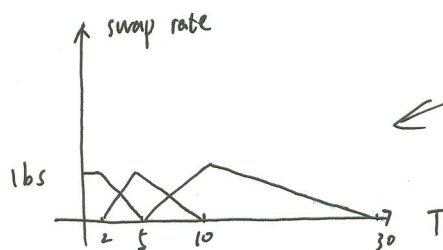
- (1) According to the table above, calculate the DV01 and duration of the bond option with yield 5%.
(2) How to hedge a short position of this bond option (face value \$1m) by using the bond to make the portfolio "DV01 neutral" and "Duration neutral" respectively?

(1) $DV01 = 0.03685$

Duration = 116.98.

(2) FV of this bond = $\$1m \times 0.4727$.

2. (10 points) Calculate the 2-year, 5-year and 10-year KV01 of a 10-year swap (face value \$1m). Assume the par yield curve is flat at 6%.



procedure:

① key rate shift

② Calculate new discount curve.

③ $KV01^R = \text{Value of old value} - \text{new value}$.

3. (20 points)

A: a 10-year zero-coupon bond;

B: a portfolio of 2-year and 30-year zero-coupon bond with weights 0.8 and 0.2.

Suppose the current yield curve is flat at 3%. Compare the duration and convexity of A and B.

$$\text{Duration of A: } \frac{T}{1 + \frac{y}{2}} = \frac{10}{1 + \frac{3\%}{2}} = 9.85$$

$$\text{Duration of B: } 0.8 \times \frac{2}{1 + \frac{3\%}{2}} + 0.2 \times \frac{30}{1 + \frac{3\%}{2}} = 7.488.$$

$$\text{Convexity of A: } \frac{T(T+0.5)}{(1 + \frac{y}{2})^2} = \frac{10(10.5)}{(1 + \frac{3\%}{2})^2} = 101.919.$$

$$\text{Convexity of B: } 0.8 \times \frac{2(2.5)}{(1 + \frac{3\%}{2})^2} + 0.2 \times \frac{30(30.5)}{(1 + \frac{3\%}{2})^2} = 181.517.$$