6).
$$P(y \times 0.1\%) = P(4.49635\%) = 106.2474441$$

$$P(y - 0.1\%) = P(4.79635\%) = 107.0344776$$

$$D = -\frac{1}{P} \times \frac{24}{24} = 3.5019$$

C)-
$$C = \frac{1}{p} \frac{(p(y+0y) - ap(y) + p(y-2y))}{2y^2}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{106.662} \frac{126.2474 - a(106.662) + 107.0245}{1.001^2}$$

For A yield change of 25 bps, the actual polices are 1(y+0.25%) = P(5.14635%) = 105.73(2993) P(y-0.25%) = 114.64635%) = 107.5989146

$$\Delta P = -D \times P \times \Delta y + \frac{1}{2}C_{\times}P \times \Delta y^{2} = -0.9188$$
 $P(y+\delta y) = P + \Delta P = (01.1602 - 0.9188 = 105.7414$
 $P(y-\Delta y) = P - \Delta P = (01.662 + 0.9188 = 107.579$

Ply- Δy) = $P - \Delta P = (01.662 + 0.9188 = 107.579$

The estimation is gaite also to the actual price.,

U3.16

Monthly payment =
$$\frac{3.257.}{1-(1+\frac{3.257.}{12})-360}$$
 = \$21760.32

U 1.3

We have

$$p = \log \left(\frac{c}{5} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{v_1}{2} \right)^{\lambda T}} \right) + \frac{1}{\left(+ \frac{v_2}{2} \right)^{\lambda T}} \right)$$

For bond 1, $P=131+\frac{121}{32}=131.4.23438$, T=19.42.5.96532. C=8.747

$$|\nabla v| = \frac{|(y+0.01\%) - |(y-0.01\%)|}{2} = 0.1572$$

Midified divation for bond 1= $-\frac{1}{p} \times \frac{dP}{dy} = 10.44$.

For bond d. $P = 124 + \frac{(24 + \frac{1}{32})}{32} = 124.7539.63$, T = 20, y = 5.98572, C = 8.12570.

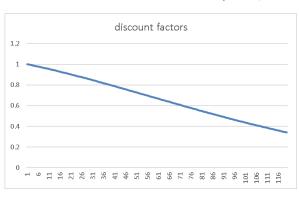
P(y+ 2.017) = P(5.99372) = 24. 617 1972

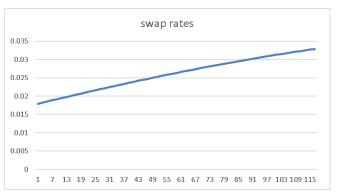
a).
$$f(\bar{4}) = 4(\frac{d(\bar{4})}{d(\bar{4})} - 1)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}f(\bar{4}) + 1 = \frac{d(\bar{1})}{d(\bar{4})}$$

$$d(\bar{4}) = \frac{d(\bar{4})}{1+4f(\bar{4})}$$

loung to Tenn dot16217





curve =

C). For 10-year occeiver swap, swap rate s(10) = 0.023417091, after one year, it becomes 9-year swap, s'(9) = 0.023285246.

PRL for buyer for the vector snap = $(s(10) - s'(9))(\frac{1}{2}) \stackrel{18}{=} d'(\frac{1}{2}) = 0.001071379$.

3.14. f(2.25)= 0.02 f(1.25)= 0.02 Profil & Loss= d'(1.25) x 4 x \$1m x (27.-2%) = \$0.