

supplemental exercise 2.

1. $f(x)$ is defined on $(-\infty, +\infty)$ for $\forall x \in (-\infty, +\infty)$ $+1x^2 \neq f(x)$
 $f(x)$ is continuous ~~at~~ at $x=0, x=1$
 prove: $f(x)$ is a constant on $(-\infty, +\infty)$
2. $f(x)$ is continuous on $[a, b]$, for $\forall x \in [a, b] \exists y \in [a, b]$ and $|f(y)| \leq \frac{1}{2}|f(x)|$
 prove: $\exists \xi \in [a, b] f(\xi) = 0$
3. $f(x)$ is continuous on $[a, b]$. $M(x) = \sup_{a \leq t \leq x} f(t)$ $m(x) = \inf_{a \leq t \leq x} f(t)$
 prove: $M(x)$ $m(x)$ are continuous on $[a, b]$.
4. $f(x)$ is continuous on $[a, b]$. $f(x) > 0$ for $\forall x \in [a, b]$.
 prove by definition: $\frac{1}{f(x)}$ is continuous on $[a, b]$
5. $f(x)$ is cont on $[0, 1]$ $f(0) = f(1)$.
 prove: for $\forall n \geq 2, n \in \mathbb{N}, \exists \xi_n \in [0, 1], f(\xi_n + \frac{1}{n}) = f(\xi_n)$
6. $f_n(x) = x + x^2 + \dots + x^n$ ($n=2, 3, \dots$)
 prove: (1). $f_n(x) = 1$ has only one real solution on $[0, +\infty)$.
 (2). denote the solution as x_n , find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n$.
7. $f(x)$ is differentiable in (a, b) . prove: for $\forall x_0 \in (a, b)$
 $\exists x_n \in (a, b) \quad n=1, 2, 3, \dots \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = x_0$ and $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f'(x_n) = f'(x_0)$
8. $f(x)$ cont on $[a, b]$ diff in (a, b) . $a > 0$. prove that:
 (1). $\exists \xi \in (a, b)$. $f(b) - f(a) = \xi f'(\xi) \ln \frac{b}{a}$.
 (2). $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n(x^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1) = \ln x \quad (x > 0)$.

9. $f(x)$ cont on $[0,1]$, diff in $(0,1)$. $f(0)=f(1)=0$. $f'(z)=1$
prove: $\exists \xi \in (0,1)$ $f'(\xi)=1$.

10. $f(x)$ cont on $[0,1]$, diff in $(0,1)$. $f(0)=f(1)=0$
prove: for $\forall x_0 \in (0,1)$. $\exists \xi \in (0,1)$. $f'(\xi)=f(x_0)$.

11. $f(x)$ cont on $[0,1]$ diff in $(0,1)$ $|f'(x)| < 1$ $f(0)=f(1)$
prove: $\forall x_1, x_2 \in (0,1)$ $|f(x_1) - f(x_2)| < \frac{1}{2}$.

12. $f(x), g(x)$ cont on $[a,b]$, diff in (a,b) . $g(a)=0$ $f(b)=0$
 $f(x), g(x) \neq 0$ for $\forall x \in (a,b)$. prove: $\exists \xi \in (a,b)$ s.t.

$$\frac{f'(\xi)}{f(\xi)} = -\frac{g'(\xi)}{g(\xi)}$$

13. $f(x)$ diff on $[a,b]$ $f'(a)=f'(b)=0$ prove $\exists c \in (a,b)$
 $f(c) - f(a) = (c-a)f'(c)$.

14. $f(x)$ diff on $[a,b]$ twice diff in (a,b) . $f(a)=f(b)=0$. $f(a) \cdot f(b) > 0$.
prove: $\exists \xi \in (a,b)$ $f(\xi)=0$, $\exists \eta \in (a,b)$ $f''(\eta)=f(\eta)$.

15. $f(x)$ cont on $[a,b]$, diff in (a,b) . $f(a)=f(b)$ $f(x) \neq \text{constant}$
prove: $\exists \xi \in (a,b)$ $f'(\xi) > 0$.

16. $f(x)$ cont on $[0,1]$, diff $(0,1)$ $f(0)=0$, ~~prove~~ $f(x) \neq 0$ in $(0,1)$
prove: $\exists \xi \in (0,1)$ $f(\xi) \cdot f'(\xi) > 0$.

17. $f(x)$ diff in (a,b) $f'(x)$ monotone. prove $f'(x)$ is cont
 ~~$f(x)$ cont in (a,b)~~

18. $f(x)$ ^{bdd in} $[a, \infty)$ $f'(x)$ exists $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = b$ prove $b=0$.

19. $f(x)$ diff. $f''(x_0)$ exists prove:

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_0+2h) - 2f(x_0+h) + f(x_0)}{h^2} = f''(x_0).$$

20. $f(x)$ twice diff on $[0,1]$. $|f(x)| \leq a$, $|f''(x)| \leq b$.

~~$a \geq 0, b \geq 0$~~ . $a \geq 0, b \geq 0$, prove: for $\forall c \in (0,1)$.

$$|f'(c)| \leq 2a + \frac{b}{2}.$$

21. $f(x)$ diff at $x=x_0$, $\alpha_n < x_0 < \beta_n$ ($n=1,2,\dots$), $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \alpha_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \beta_n = x_0$.

prove $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(\beta_n) - f(\alpha_n)}{\beta_n - \alpha_n} = f'(x_0)$

22. $f(x)$ cont at $x=0$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2x) - f(x)}{x} = A$. prove $f'(0)$ exists and $f'(0) = A$.

23. $f(x)$ defined in a neighbourhood of x_0 . $f(x)$ diff at x_0 .

prove. $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_0+h) - f(x_0-h)}{2h} = f'(x_0)$

If the limit exists, can you prove $f(x)$ is diff at x_0 ?

If not, give a counter-example.

24. $f(x)$ diff on $[0, \infty)$ $f(0)=0$. $\exists A > 0$. $|f'(x)| \leq A|f(x)|$

prove $f(x) \equiv 0$ for $x \in [0, \infty)$.

25. prove Darboux Theorem f diff on $[a, b]$, $f'(a) < f'(b)$

for $\forall c: f'(a) < c < f'(b)$ $\exists \xi \in (a, b)$ $f'(\xi) = c$.

26. $f(x)$ cont on $[a, b]$, diff in (a, b) , $f(a) < 0$, $f(b) < 0$.

$\exists c \in (a, b)$ $f(c) > 0$. prove $\exists \xi \in (a, b)$ $f(\xi) + f'(\xi) = 0$.

27. $f(x)$ diff in (a, b) . prove (1): If $f'(x)$ odd in (a, b) . Then $f(x)$ odd in (a, b) .

(2) If $f(x)$ is not odd in (a, b) . then $f'(x)$ is not odd in (a, b) .

28. $f(x)$ cont in $[0, +\infty)$, $f(0)=0$. prove that:

(1) If $f'(x) \uparrow$, then $\frac{f(x)}{x} \uparrow$ in $(0, +\infty)$

(2) If $f'(x) \downarrow$, then $\frac{f(x)}{x} \downarrow$ in $(0, +\infty)$

29. $f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & x \neq 0 \\ 1 & x = 0 \end{cases}$ prove $f(x)$ can't be a derivative function.

30. $f(x)$ twice diff on $[a, b]$, $f'(a) = f'(b) = 0$. prove $\exists \xi \in (a, b)$

$$|f''(\xi)| \geq \frac{4}{(b-a)^2} |f(b) - f(a)|$$

31. $f(x)$ twice diff. $f(0) = f(1) = 0$. $\max_{0 \leq x \leq 1} f(x) = 2$. prove.

$$\min_{0 \leq x \leq 1} f''(x) \leq -16.$$

32. $f(x)$ twice diff on $[0, 1]$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$, $|f(x)| \leq 1$, $|f''(x)| \leq 2$.
prove $|f'(x)| \leq 3$ when $0 \leq x \leq 1$.

33. $f(x)$ twice diff on $[0, +\infty)$ If $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$ exists.
 $f''(x)$ odd on $(0, +\infty)$.
prove $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f'(x) = 0$.

34. $f(x)$ twice diff on $[0, 1]$, $f(0) = f(1) = 0$, $\min_{0 \leq x \leq 1} f(x) = -1$
prove $\max_{0 \leq x \leq 1} f''(x) \geq 8$

35. $f(x)$ twice diff on $[0,1]$. $f(1)=f(0)$. $|f''(x)| \leq M$. $M > 0$
 prove. $|f'(x)| \leq \frac{M}{2}$.

36. $f(x)$ twice diff on $[0,1]$ $f(1)=f(0)=f(\frac{1}{2})=0$. $|f''(x)| \leq M$.
 prove. $|f'(x)| < \frac{M}{2}$.

37. $f(0)=0$ $f'(0)$ exists. $X_n = f(\frac{1}{n^2}) + f(\frac{2}{n^2}) + \dots + f(\frac{n}{n^2})$
 find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} X_n$ $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [\sin \frac{1}{n^2} + \sin \frac{2}{n^2} + \dots + \sin \frac{n}{n^2}]$
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [(1+\frac{1}{n^2})(1+\frac{2}{n^2}) \dots (1+\frac{n}{n^2})]$

38. $f(x)$ diff in $(-\infty, +\infty)$ There is no point ~~satisfies~~ $f(x)=f'(x)=0$
 prove. $\{x \in [0,1] \mid f(x)=0\}$ is finite

39. $f(x)$ diff in $(0, +\infty)$. $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = +\infty$, prove. $f(x)$ is not
 uniformly continuous in $(0, +\infty)$

40. $f(x)$ cont in $[0, a]$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \sqrt{x} f(x)$ exists. prove. $f(x)$ is
 uniformly continuous in $[0, a]$

41. $f(x)$ cont on $[a, b]$, twice diff in (a, b) . $f(a)=f(b)=0$.
 $\exists c \in (a, b)$. $f(c) < 0$, prove $\exists \beta \in (a, b)$. $f'(\beta) > 0$.

42. $f(x)$ twice diff in \mathbb{R} . $M_k = \sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} |f^{(k)}(x)| < +\infty$ $k=0,1,2$.
 prove $M_1 \leq M_2 M_0$

43. find min β and max α so that $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$. $(1+\frac{1}{n})^{n+\alpha} \leq e \leq (1+\frac{1}{n})^{n+\beta}$

44. $f(x)$ ~~cont~~ ^{cont} on $[a, b]$. $\max f(x) = M$ $\min f(x) = m$. prove. $\exists [\alpha, \beta] \subset [a, b]$,
 so that 1). $f(\alpha) = m$ $f(\beta) = M$ or $f(\alpha) = M$ $f(\beta) = m$.
 2). $m < f(x) < M$ $\forall x \in (\alpha, \beta)$

45. $f(x)$ is not odd on $[a, b]$. prove $\exists c \in [a, b]$, for $\forall \delta > 0$.
 $f(x)$ is not odd on $(c-\delta, c+\delta) \cap [a, b]$.

46. f, g diff in $(a, +\infty)$ $|g'(x)| < f'(x)$ prove. If $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$ exists, then $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} g(x)$ exists.

47. $f(x)$ diff in $(a, +\infty)$. $|f'(x)| \downarrow$. $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$ exists.
 prove. $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x f'(x) = 0$.

48. $f(x)$ cont on $[a, b]$, has ~~at~~ only one max point x_0 .
 $\{x_n\} \subset [a, b]$ $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(x_n) = f(x_0)$ prove. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = x_0$

49. $f(x)$ diff on $[0, c]$, $f'(x) \downarrow$, $f(0) = 0$. prove. $\forall 0 \leq a \leq b \leq c$.
 we have. $f(a+b) \leq f(a) + f(b)$

50. $f(x)$ twice diff in a neighbourhood of x_0 .
 $f(x_0 + \Delta x) = f(x_0) + f'(x_0 + \theta \Delta x) \Delta x$. $f''(x_0) \neq 0$.

$f''(x)$ cont at $x = x_0$. prove. $\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \theta = \frac{1}{2}$

51. $f(x)$ diff in $(0, +\infty)$. $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (f(x) + f'(x)) = 0$ prove. $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = 0$.

52. $f(x)$ diff on $[0, 1]$, $f(\lambda x) = f'(x)$ $x \in (0, 1)$. $0 < \lambda \leq 1$.
 $f(0) = 0$. prove $f(x) \equiv 0$.

53. $f(x)$ cont on $[0, 1]$ $f(x) > 0$. $M(x) = \max_{0 \leq t \leq x} f(t)$ ($0 < x \leq 1$).
 $\alpha(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{f(x)}{M(x)} \right)^n$
 prove $\alpha(x)$ cont $\Leftrightarrow f(x) \uparrow$

54. $f(x)$ uniformly cont on $[a, +\infty)$. $\varphi(x)$ cont on $[a, +\infty)$.
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (f(x) - \varphi(x)) = 0$. prove $\varphi(x)$ uniformly cont

55. prove cauchy theorem. for function.

$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x)$ exists $\Leftrightarrow \forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta > 0$. when $0 < |x' - x_0| < \delta$,
 $0 < |x'' - x_0| < \delta$, we have. $|f(x') - f(x'')| < \varepsilon$.

56. $f(x)$ cont. on $[a, b]$, $f(a) < 0$, $f(b) > 0$. prove $\exists \xi \in (a, b)$
 $f(\xi) = 0$ and $f(x) > 0$ for $x \in (\xi, b]$

57. $f(x)$ is odd and diff on \mathbb{R} . $|f(x) + f'(x)| \leq 1$.
 prove $|f(x)| \leq 1$.

58. $f(x)$ twice diff on $[a, b]$ $f''(x)$ cont on $[a, b]$. $f(a) = f(b) = 0$.
 prove (1) $\max_{a \leq x \leq b} |f(x)| \leq \frac{1}{8} (b-a)^2 \cdot \max_{a \leq x \leq b} |f''(x)|$
 (2). $\max_{a \leq x \leq b} |f'(x)| \leq \frac{1}{2} (b-a) \max_{a \leq x \leq b} |f''(x)|$.

59. $f(x)$ twice diff on \mathbb{R} and odd. prove $\exists x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$. $f'(x_0) = 0$.

60. $f(x)$ is defined in $(0, 1)$. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 0$. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x) - f(\frac{x}{2})}{x} = 0$
 prove. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)}{x} = 0$