Final Examination (Version Y) – (Duration: 150 minutes)

Directions: Work must be shown in full details legibly to receive credits. Answers alone are worth very little. Calculators are not allowed.

Notations: \mathbb{R} is the set of all real numbers.

Problems

1. (15 marks) Let x_1, x_2, x_3, \ldots be a Cauchy sequence of real numbers in $[\sqrt{7}, +\infty)$. For every positive integer n, let $y_n = x_n + \sqrt{7}/x_n$. Prove that y_1, y_2, y_3, \ldots is a Cauchy sequence by checking the definition of Cauchy sequence.

(<u>Do not use Cauchy's theorem</u> that said a sequence converges if and only if it is a Cauchy sequence, otherwise you will get zero mark.)

2. (20 marks) Let Prove that $\lim_{x\to 4} (\cos(\sin \pi \sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{25 - x^2}) = 4$ by checking the ε - δ definition of limit of function.

(<u>Do not use any computation formula for limits</u>, sandwich theorem or l'Hopital's rule. Otherwise, you will get zero mark.)

- 3. (20 marks) Let $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ with a < b and $h : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be continuous with h(a) = h(b). Prove that there exist $c, d \in [a, b]$ with d - c = (b - a)/2 and h(c) = h(d).
- 4. (20 marks) Let $F:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$ be continuous. Suppose F is differentiable on (0,1), F(0)=0 and F(x)>0 for all $x\in(0,1)$. Prove that there exist $r,s\in(0,1)$ such that r+s=1 and 8F'(r)/F(r)=5F'(s)/F(s).
- 5. (25 marks) Let $f:[0,1] \to [0,2]$ be an Riemann integrable function. Define $g:[0,1] \to [0,2]$ by

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} f(2x+0.1) & \text{if } x \in [0,1/3) \\ f(4x-1) & \text{if } x \in [1/3,1/2] \\ f(x) & \text{if } x \in (1/2,1] \end{cases}.$$

Prove that g is Riemann integrable on [0,1] by checking the integral criterion.