MATH 2023 – Multivariable Calculus

Lecture #01 Worksheet ♠

January 31, 2019

Problem 1. Let

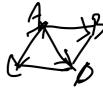
$$A = (1, 2, 3),$$
 $B = (3, 4, 5),$ $C = (1, 0, -1),$ $D = (3, 2, 1)$

be four points in \mathbb{R}^3 .

- (a) Show that ABCD is a parallelogram
- (b) Find the area of this parallelogram.

a)- $AB = \langle 2, 2, 2 \rangle$ $AC = \langle 0, -2, -4 \rangle$ $AD = \langle 2, 0, -2 \rangle$ $DC = \langle -2, -4, -6 \rangle$ $DC = \langle 2, 2, 2 \rangle$ $DC = \langle 2, 2, 2 \rangle$

AB CLD,



M=BD AB=CP. AB = CP. AB | AC | | AC

Problem 2. Describe the four different relationships between the line L

$$L = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = 1 + 4s \\ y = 2 + 5s \\ z = 3 + 6s \end{array} \right.$$

and the lines

$$\ell_1 = \begin{cases} x = 9 - 8t \\ y = 12 - 10t \\ z = 15 - 12t \end{cases}$$

$$\ell_2 = \begin{cases} x = 12t \\ y = 3 + 15t \\ z = 5 + 18t \end{cases}$$

$$\ell_3 = \begin{cases} x = -2 + 3t \\ y = 4 - 2t \\ z = -1 + 4t \end{cases}$$

$$\ell_4 = \begin{cases} x = -1 + t \\ y = t \\ z = 2 + t \end{cases}$$

Problem 3. Find the angle between the planes and their line of intersection

$$\begin{cases} x+y+z=1\\ x-2y+3z=1 \end{cases}$$

$$\langle 1,1,1\rangle \cdot \langle 1,-2,3\rangle = |\langle 1,1,1\rangle|$$

$$|\langle 1,-2,3\rangle| cos \theta$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = (\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}) cos \theta$$

$$\theta = -71.0247$$

Problem 4. Find the distance between the skew lines

$$L = \begin{cases} x = 1 + 4s \\ y = 2 + 5s \\ z = 3 + 6s \end{cases} \quad \text{and} \quad \ell_4 = \begin{cases} x = -1 + t \\ y = 0 + t \\ z = 2 + t \end{cases}$$

$$(V_1 \times V_2)$$

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