Entity Framework Core - Introduction

The ORM Concept







Software University

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SoftUni Team Technical Trainers



Have a Question?





#csharp-db

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Entity Framework Core

Overview and Features

Entity Framework Core: Overview



- The standard ORM framework for .NET and .NET Core
- Provides LINQ-based data queries and CRUD operations
- Automatic change tracking of in-memory objects
- Works with many relational databases (with different providers)
- Open source with independent release cycle

EF Core: Basic Workflow (1)



- Define the data model (Code First or Scaffold from DB)
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2. Write & execute query over IQueryable

```
var toolName = "";
var snippetOptions = DefaultToolGroup
    .Tools
    .OfType<EditorListToll>()
    .Where(t =>
        t.Name == toolName &&
        t.Items != null &&
        t.Items.Anv())
    .SelectMany(
        (t, index) =>
            t.Items
            .Select(item =>
                    text = item.Text.
                    value = item.Value
                }));
if(snippetOptions.Any())
    options[toolName] = snippetOptions;
```

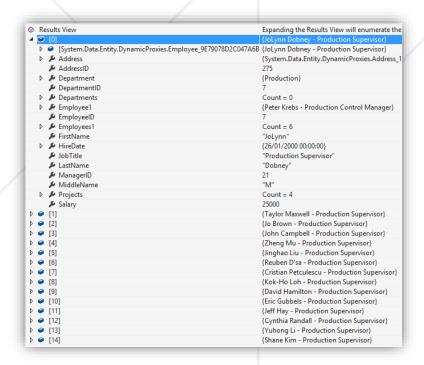
3. EF generates & executes an SQL query in the DB

```
exec sp_executesql N'SELECT
[Filter2].[UserInCourseId] AS [UserInCourse
[Filter2].[UserId] AS [UserId],
[Filter2].[CourseInstanceId1] AS [CourseIns
              [FirstCourseGroupId] AS [FirstCou
[Filter2]
 [Filter2]
             [SecondCourseGroupId] AS [Second
             [ThirdCourseGroupId] AS [ThirdCou
              [FourthCourseGroupId] AS [FourthC
 [Filter2]
 Filter2]
              [FifthCourseGroupId] AS [FifthCou
 Filter2]
              [IsLiveParticipant] AS [IsLivePa
              [Accommodation] AS [Accommodation
[ExcellentResults] AS [ExcellentR
 [Filter2]
 [Filter2
[Filter2]
              [Result] AS [Result]
 [Filter2]
              [CanDoTestExam] AS [CanDoTestExar
[CourseTestExamId] AS [CourseTest
[Filter2]
 [Filter2]
              [TestExamPoints] AS [TestExamPoi
 [Filter2
              [CanDoPracticalExam] AS [CanDoPr
              CoursePracticalExamId1] AS [Cou
 Filter2
 Filter2
              [PracticalExamPoints] AS [Practic
              [AttendancesCount] AS [Attendance
[Filter2].[HomeworkEvaluationPoints] AS [H
FROM (SELECT [Extent1].[UserInCourseId] A
AS [secondCourseGroupId], [Extent1].[ThirdC
[IsLiveParticipant], [Extent1].[Accommodati
[CourseTestExamId], [Extent1].[TestExamPoir
[PracticalExamPoints], [Extent1].[Attendanc
FROM [courses].[UsersInCourses] AS
          INNER JOIN [courses].[CoursePractic
          WHERE ( EXIŠTS (SELĒCŤ
                     1 AS [C1]
                     FROM [courses].[CoursePract
                     WHERE [Extent1]. [UserInCou
          )) AND ([Extent2].[AllowExamFilesEx
INNER JOÍN [courses].[CoursePracticalExams]
```

EF Core: Basic Workflow (2)



4. EF transforms the query results into .NET objects



5. Modify data with C# code and call Save Changes()

6. Entity Framework generates & executes SQL command to modify the DB

```
exec sp_executesq1 N'SET NOCOUNT ON;
DELETE FROM [Categories]
WHERE [CategoryID] = @p0;
SELECT @@ROWCOUNT;
UPDATE [Categories] SET [CategoryName] = @p1
WHERE [CategoryID] = @p2;
SELECT @@ROWCOUNT;
INSERT INTO [Categories] ([CategoryID], [CategoryName])
VALUES (@p3, @p4),
(@p5, @p6);
```

Entity Framework Core: Setup



- To add EF Core support to a project in Visual Studio
 - Install it from NuGet using Visual Studio or dotnet CLI
 dotnet add package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore
 - EF Core is modular any data providers must be installed too

Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer

To use the Entity Framework Core CLI tools

dotnet tool install --global dotnet-ef

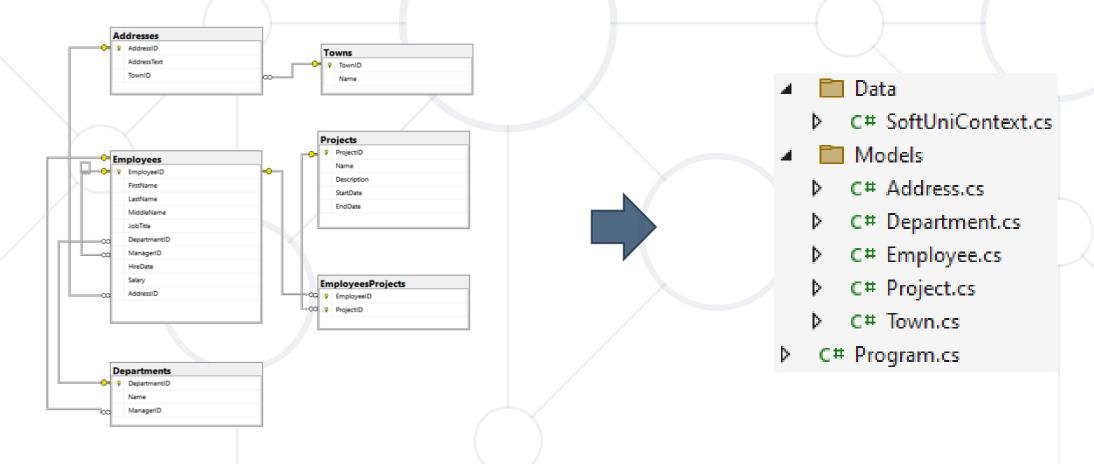
dotnet add package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Design

Database First Model



Database First model models the entity classes after the

database



Database First Model: Setup



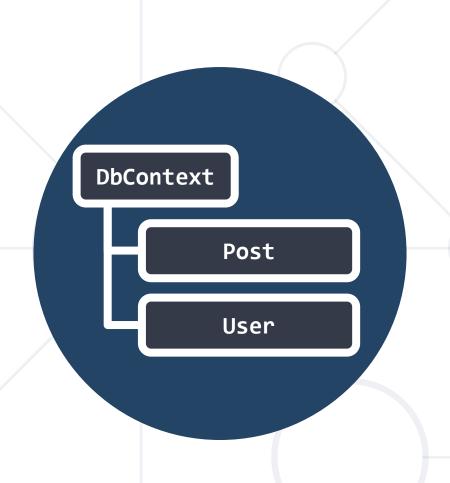
Scaffolding DbContext from DB with EF Core CLI Tools

```
dotnet ef dbcontext scaffold "Server=...;Database=...;Integrated
Security=true" Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer -o Models
```

- To update with the latest database changes, use the -f flag
 - To use attributes for configuring the model use the -d flag

```
dotnet ef dbcontext scaffold "..." Microsoft... -o Models -f -d
```

- Scaffolding requires the following NuGet packages installed
 - Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer
 - Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Design



EF Core Components

Overview of System Objects

Domain Classes (Models)



- Bunch of normal C# classes (POCO)
 - May contain navigation properties for table relationships

```
public class PostAnswer
{
    public int Id { get; set; }
    public string Content { get; set; }
    public int PostId { get; set; }
    public Post Post { get; set; }
}
Navigation property
```

Recommended to be in a separate class library

DbSet Type



- Maps a collection of entities from a table
- Set operations: Add, Attach, Remove, Find
- DbContext contains multiple DbSet<T> properties

```
public class DbSet<TEntity> :

<u>System.Data.Entity.Infrastructure.DbQuery<TEntity></u>

where TEntity : class

Member of <u>System.Data.Entity</u>
```

```
public DbSet<Post> Posts { get; set; }
```

The DbContext Class



- Usually named after the database, e.g., BlogDbContext,
 ForumDbContext
- Inherits from DbContext
- Manages model classes using DbSet<T> type
- Implements identity tracking, change tracking
- Provides API for CRUD operations and LINQ-based data access
- Recommended to be in a separate class library
 - Don't forget to reference the EF Core library + any providers
- Use several DbContext if you have too much models

Defining DbContext Class - Example



EF Reference

```
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using CodeFirst.Data.Models;
Models Namespace

public class ForumDbContext : DbContext
{
   public DbSet<Category> Categories { get; set; }
   public DbSet<Post> Posts { get; set; }
   public DbSet<User> Users { get; set; }
}
```



Reading Data

Querying the DB Using Entity Framework

The DbContext Class



- DbContext provides
 - CRUD Operations
 - A way to access entities
 - Methods for creating new entities (Add() method)
 - Ability to manipulate database data by modifying objects
- Easily navigate through table relations
- Executing LINQ queries as native SQL queries
- Managing database creation/deletion/migration

Using DbContext Class



First create instance of the DbContext

```
var context = new SoftUniDbContext();
```

- In the constructor you can pass a database connection string
- DbContext properties
 - Database EnsureCreated/Deleted methods, DB Connection
 - ChangeTracker Holds info about the automatic change tracker
 - All entity classes (tables) are listed as properties
 - e.g., DbSet<Employee> Employees { get; set; }

Reading Data with LINQ Query (1)



Executing LINQ-to-SQL query over EF entity

```
using (var context = new SoftUniEntities())
{
  var employees = context.Employees
  .Where(e => e.JobTitle == "Design Engineer")
  .ToArray();
}

EF translates this
  to an SQL query
```

Employees property in the DbContext

```
public partial class SoftUniEntities : DbContext
{
   public DbSet<Employee> Employees { get; set; }
   public DbSet<Project> Projects { get; set; }
   public DbSet<Department> Departments { get; set; }
}
```

Reading Data with LINQ Query (2)



We can also use extension methods for constructing the query

```
using (var context = new SoftUniEntities())
{
  var employees = context.Employees
  .Where(c => c.JobTitle == "Design Engineering")
  .Select(c => c.FirstName)
  .ToList();
}
ToList() materializes the query
```

Find element by ID

```
using (var context = new SoftUniEntities())
{
  var project = context.Projects.Find(2);
  Console.WriteLine(project.Name);
}
```

LINQ: Simple Operations (1)



- Where()
 - Searches by given condition
- First()/Last() / FirstOrDefault() / LastOrDefault()
 - Gets the first/last element which matches the condition
 - Throws InvalidOperationException without OrDefault
- Select()
 - Projects (conversion) collection to another type
- OrderBy() / ThenBy() / OrderByDescending()
 - Orders a collection

LINQ: Simple Operations (2)

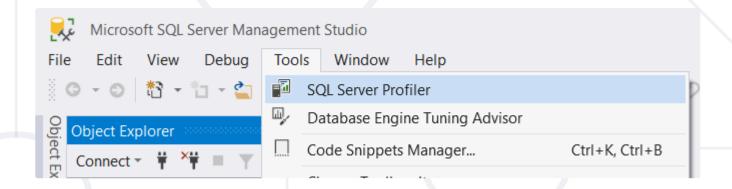


- Any()
 - Checks if any element matches a condition
- All()
 - Checks if all elements match a condition
- Distinct()
 - Returns only unique elements
- Skip() / Take()
 - Skips or takes X number of elements

Logging the Native SQL Queries

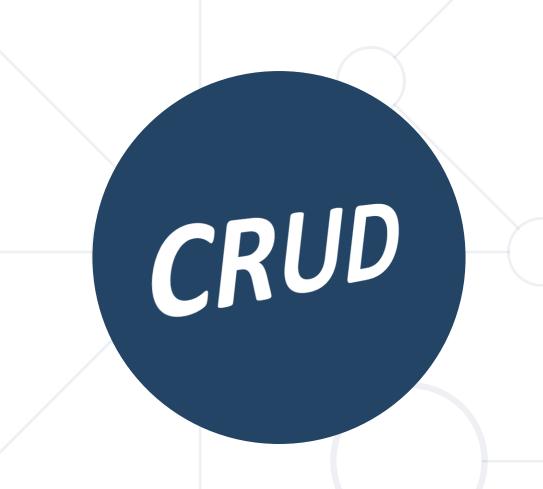


- Queries sent to SQL Server can be monitored with the SQL Server Profiler
 - Included with the SQL Server installation



Queries can be gotten using the built-in ToQueryString()
 method

```
db.Courses.Where(x => x.Title == "EF Core").ToQueryString()
```



CRUD Operations

With Entity Framework

Creating New Data



To create a new database table row use the method Add (...) of the corresponding DbSet
 Create a new Project

```
object
var project = new Project()*
  Name = "Judge System",
  StartDate = new DateTime(2023, 1, 26),
                             Add the object to the DbSet
context.Projects.Add(project);
context.SaveChanges();
                            Execute SQL statements
```

Cascading Inserts



We can also add cascading entities to the database

```
Employee employee = new Employee();
employee.FirstName = "John";
employee.LastName = "Doe";
employee.Projects.Add(new Project { Name = "SoftUni Conf"} );
softUniEntities.Employees.Add(employee);
softUniEntities.SaveChanges();
```

 The Project will be added when the Employee entity (employee) is inserted to the database

Updating Existing Data



- DbContext allows modifying entity properties and persisting them in the database
 - Just load an entity, modify it and call SaveChanges()
- The DbContext automatically tracks all changes made on its entity objects

Deleting Existing Data



- Delete is done by Remove() on the specified entity collection
- SaveChanges () method performs the delete action in the database

```
Employees employee =
    softUniEntities.Employees.First();
    softUniEntities.Employees.Remove(employee);
softUniEntities.SaveChanges();
    Execute the SQL DELETE command
```



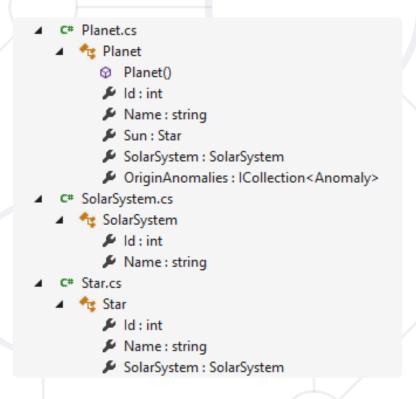
EF Core Configuration

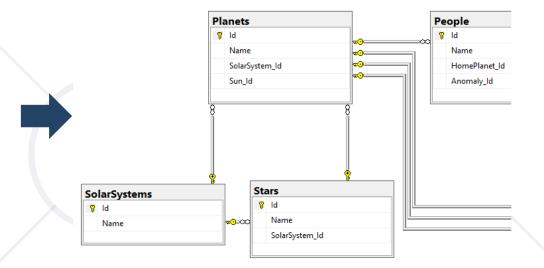
NuGet Packages, Configuration

What is the Code First Model?



Code First means to write the .NET classes and let
 EF Core create the database from the mappings





Why Use Code First?



- Write code without having to define mappings in XML or create database tables
- Define objects in C# format
- Enables database persistence with no configuration
- Changes to code can be reflected (migrated) in the schema
- Data Annotations or Fluent API describe properties
 - Key, Required, MinLength, etc.

Code First with EF Core: Setup



- To add EF Core support to a project in Visual Studio
 - Install it from Package Manager Console

Install-Package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore

Or using .NET Core CLI

dotnet add package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore

EF Core is modular – any data providers must be installed too

Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer

How to Connect to SQL Server?



 One way to connect is to create a Configuration class with your connection string

```
public static class Configuration
{
  public const string ConnectionString = "Server=.;Database=...;";
}
```

 Then add the connection string in the OnConfiguring method in the DbContext class

```
protected override void OnConfiguring(DbContextOptionsBuilder builder)
{
  if (!builder.IsConfigured)
    builder.UseSqlServer(Configuration.ConnectionString);
}
```

Fluent API

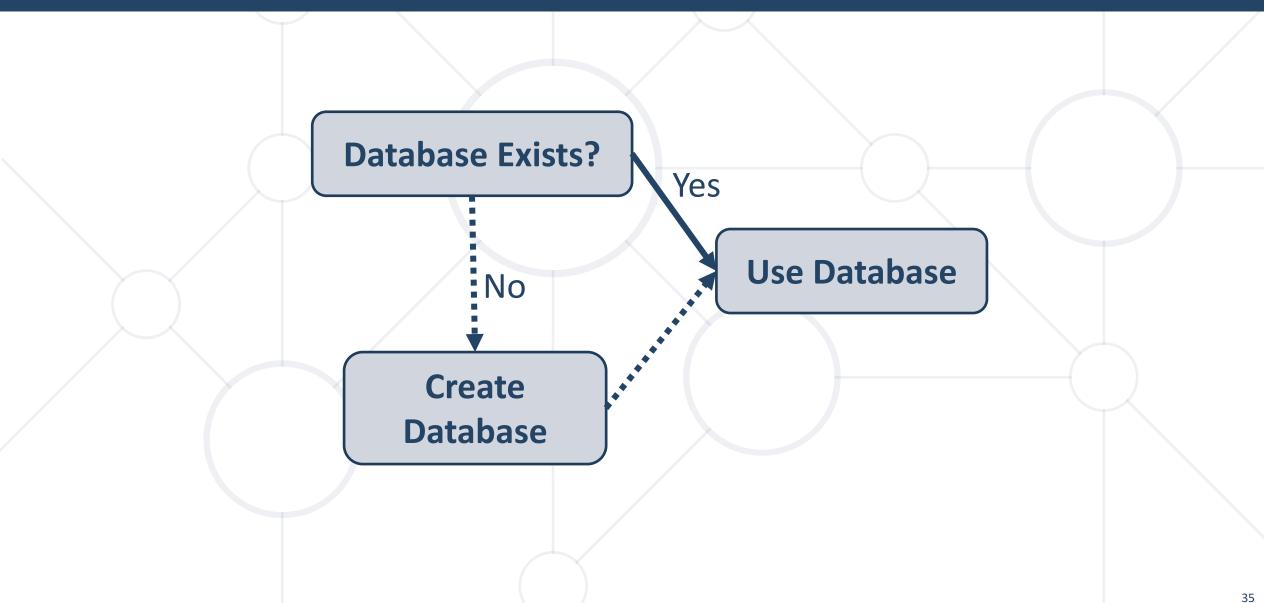


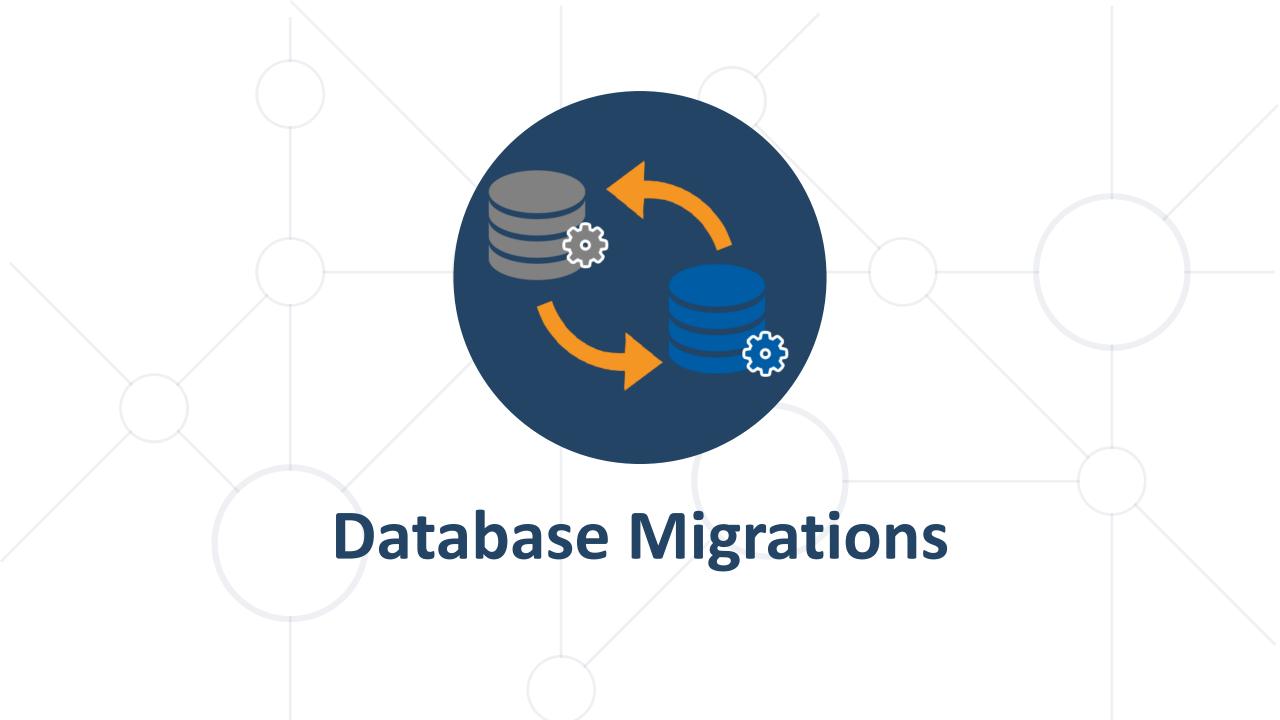
 The OnModelCreating method let us use the Fluent API to describe our table relations to EF Core

```
protected override void OnModelCreating(ModelBuilder builder)
  builder.Entity<Category>()
    .HasMany(c => c.Posts)
    .WithOne(p => p.Category);
  builder.Entity<Post>()
    .HasMany(p => p.Replies)
    .WithOne(r => r.Post);
   builder.Entity<User>()
    .HasMany(u => u.Posts)
    .WithOne(p => p.Author);
```

Database Connection Workflow







What Are Database Migrations?



- Updating database schema without losing data
 - Adding/dropping tables, columns, etc.
- Migrations in EF Core keep their history
 - Entity Classes, DB Context versions are all preserved
- Automatically generated
 - Migrations
 - C# 20230130125646_InitialMigration.cs
 - C# 20230130125922_FixedTeamInfo.cs
 - C# FootballBettingContextModelSnapshot.cs



Migrations in EF Core



 To use migrations in EF Core, we use the dotnet ef migrations add command from the EF CLI Tools

```
dotnet ef migrations add {MigrationName}
```

■ To undo a migration, we use migrations remove

```
dotnet ef migrations remove {MigrationName}
```

Commit changes to the database

```
dotnet ef database update
```

db.Database.Migrate()

Summary



- ORM frameworks maps database schema to objects in a programming language
- Entity Framework Core is the standard
 .NET ORM
- LINQ can be used to query the DB through the DB context





Questions?



















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