

OOPs concepts

Class

Object

Abstraction

Encapsulation

Inheritance

Polymorphism

Class It is the design or blueprint of any entity Class: Member Variable and Member method

Inheritance Extracting features from the existing class Types

1. Single inheritance
2. Multilevel inheritance
3. Hierarchical inheritance
4. Multiple inheritance

Abstraction giving only essential information to the user eg: while booking a ticket

Data Encapsulation binding the member method and member variable.wrapping up variables and methods into a single entity.user without access cannot access the file

Polymorphism Ability to take more than one form eg.game(football,volleyball,badminton,free fire,pubg) Types

1. Method overloading def area(r): pass #circle def area(l,b): pass #rectangle
2. Method overriding class A: def area(r):

```
pass #circle
```

```
class B(A): def area(a):
```

```
pass #square
```

In [3]:

```
1 class parentClass:
2     #member variable - parent
3     #member method(Function) - parent
4     pass
5 class childClass(parentClass):
6     ''' member variable - parent
7         member method(Function) - parent
8         member variable - child
9         member variable - child '''
10    pass
```

In [4]:

```
1 #single
2 class parentClass:
3     pass
4 class childClass(parentClass):
5     pass
```

In [5]:

```
1 #multilevel
2 class grandparentClass:
3     pass
4 class parentClass(grandparentClass):
5     pass
6 class childClass(parentClass):
7     pass
```

In [7]:

```
1 #hierarchical inheritance
2 class parentClass:
3     pass
4 class sibClass1(parentClass):
5     pass
6 class sibClass2(parentClass):
7     pass
8 #hierarchical inheritance
9 class EntranceExam:
10    pass
11 class eng(EntranceExam):
12    pass
13 class mbbs(EntranceExam):
14    pass
```

In [8]:

```
1 #multiple inheritance
2 class father():
3     pass
4 class mother():
5     pass
6 class child(father,mother):
7     pass
```

In [11]:

```

1  #Abstraction
2  class abstract():
3      #abstarcter method
4      pass
5  class test(abstract):
6      pass
7  class display:
8      pass

```

In [12]:

```

1  #Data Encapsulation
2  class sample:
3      a = 10
4      def show(self):
5          pass
6      pass

```

#polymorphism(Method Overloading) #same function name different number of parameter

#polymorphism(Method Overriding) #same function name same number of parameter

Object - instance of the class member variable and member method is accessed thru class.

In [1]:

```

1  class sample:
2      def simple(self):
3          print('Welcome')
4      pass
5  #object
6
7  #object_name = class_name()
8  obj = sample()
9  obj.simple()

```

Welcome

Class is a desingn Object is a instance

In []:

```

1  In Class
2      Member variable is known as attributes
3      Member methods is known as functions

```

In [2]:

```
1 #Sample program for object and class
2 class Computer: #defining a class
3     def config(self): #any function inside the class should have the parameter self
4         print("AMD Ryzen,nvidia,3060 ti,16GB,512GB Storage")
5
6 comp1 = Computer() #comp1 was a object inside the class computer
7 Computer.config(comp1) #class name+ . + function name + parameter
```

AMD Ryzen,nvidia,3060 ti,16GB,512GB Storage