

# NETWORK SECURITY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY

**COURSE CODE: 20CT1115**

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## **Pre-requisites: COMPUTER NETWORKS**

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the Course the student shall be able to

CO 1: Apply various symmetric key cipher methods. (L3)

CO 2: Apply various public key crypto systems.(L3)

CO 3: Explain Hash and MAC algorithms.(L2)

CO 4: Explain key distribution and authentication protocols.(L2)

CO 5: Explain IP security issues and protection mechanisms from malicious software.(L2)

## **UNIT-I**

**(11 Lectures)**

**COMPUTER AND NETWORK SECURITY CONCEPTS:** Computer Security concepts, the OSI Security architecture, Security attacks, Security services, Security mechanisms, a model for Network Security [tb2](#)

**CLASSICAL ENCRYPTION TECHNIQUES:** Symmetric cipher model, Substitution techniques, Transposition techniques, Steganography [tb1](#)

**BLOCK CIPHERS AND THE DATA ENCRYPTION STANDARD:** Traditional block cipher structure, the Data Encryption Standard, the strength of DES, Block cipher design principles [tb1](#)

**BLOCK CIPHER OPERATION:** Multiple encryption and triple DES, Electronic codebook, Cipher block chaining mode [tb1](#)

**RANDOM BIT GENERATION AND STREAM CIPHERS:** Principles of pseudorandom number generation, pseudorandom number generators, Stream ciphers, RC4 [tb1](#)

**Learning Outcomes:** At the end of the module student will be able to:

1. Summarize basic security concepts.(L2)
2. Apply various symmetric encryption techniques (L3)
3. Apply stream cipher concept. (L3)

## **UNIT-II**

**(11 Lectures)**

**INTRODUCTION TO NUMBER THEORY:** Divisibility and the division algorithm, the Euclidean algorithm, modular arithmetic, prime numbers, Fermat's and Euler's theorems, testing for primality, the Chinese remainder theorem, Discrete logarithms. [tb1](#)

**PUBLIC-KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY AND RSA:** Principles of Public-key cryptosystems, the RSA algorithm [tb1](#)

**OTHER PUBLIC-KEY CRYPTOSYSTEMS:** Diffie-Hellman key exchange, Elgamal cryptographic system, Elliptic curve arithmetic, Elliptic curve cryptography.

[tb1](#)

**Learning Outcomes:** At the end of the module student will be able to:

1. Apply number theory concepts. (L3)
2. Compare and contrast various asymmetric encryption techniques. (L2)
3. Explain key exchange algorithms. (L2)

### UNIT-III

(8 Lectures)

**CRYPTOGRAPHIC HASH FUNCTIONS:** Applications of cryptographic hash functions, hash functions based on cipher block chaining, Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA) tb1

**MESSAGE AUTHENTICATION CODES:** Message authentication requirements, Message authentication functions, MACs based on Hash functions: HMAC tb1

**DIGITAL SIGNATURES:** Digital signatures, Elgamal digital signature scheme, Schnorr digital signature scheme, NIST digital signature algorithm, Elliptic curve digital signature algorithm

**Learning Outcomes:** At the end of the module student will be able to: tb1

1. Describe cryptographic hash functions. (L2)
2. Describe message authentication codes. (L2)
3. Explain digital signature concepts. (L2)

### UNIT-IV

(10 Lectures)

**KEY MANAGEMENT AND DISTRIBUTION:** Symmetric key distribution using symmetric encryption, Symmetric key distribution using asymmetric encryption, distribution of public keys, X.509 certificates, Public-Key Infrastructure tb1

**USER AUTHENTICATION:** Remote user-authentication principles, Remote user-authentication using Symmetric encryption, Kerberos tb1

**TRANSPORT-LEVEL SECURITY:** Web security considerations, Transport Layer Security, HTTPS tb1

**WIRELESS NETWORK SECURITY:** Wireless security, Mobile device security tb1

**Learning Outcomes:** At the end of the module student will be able to:

1. Describe key distribution concepts. (L2)
2. Describe user authentication protocols. (L2)
3. Explain transport layer security. (L2)

### UNIT-V

(10 Lectures)

**CLOUD SECURITY:** Cloud computing, Cloud security risks and countermeasures

**ELECTRONIC MAIL SECURITY:** Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME. tb1

**IP SECURITY:** IP security overview, IP security policy, encapsulating security payload, combining security associations. tb1

**MALICIOUS SOFTWARE:** Types of Malicious software (Malware), Virus propagation and infected content, Vulnerability exploitation using worms. (Chapter 10, Text Book -2)

**INTRUDERS:** Intruders, Intrusion detection.(Chapter 11, Text Book -2)

**FIREWALLS:** The need for firewalls, firewall characteristics and access policy, types of firewalls, firewall configurations. (Chapter 12, Text Book -2)

**Learning Outcomes:** At the end of the module student will be able to:

1. Explain cloud and E-mail security concepts. (L2)
2. Describe intrusion detection and vulnerability exploits. (L2)
3. Describe the need and usage of firewalls. (L2)

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. William Stallings, “*Cryptography and Network Security- Principles and Practice*”, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
2. William Stallings, “*Network Security Essentials-Applications and Standards*”, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2018

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan and Debdeep Mukhopadhyay, “*Cryptography and Network Security*”, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Mcgraw Hill Education, 2015
2. Daras, Nicholas J., Rassias, Michael Th, “*Computation, Cryptography, and Network Security*”, 1<sup>st</sup> Editon, Springer, 2015
3. T R Padmanabhan, C K Shyamala, N Harini, “*Cryptography and Security*”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, WILEY, 2011
4. James S. Kraft and Lawrence C. Washington, “*An Introduction to Number Theory with Cryptography*”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, CRC Press, 2013

#### **WEB REFERENCES:**

1. [https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\\_noc20\\_cs21/preview](https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc20_cs21/preview)
2. <https://www.nist.gov/topics/cybersecurity>