**Topics:** inheritance, overriding, super

## **Program Description**

- 1. Suppose the price of generic-brand coffee is \$5 per cup. Some brand might have a different price.
- 2. Write a class named Coffee, which contains the following variables and methods
  - String brand: the coffee's brand
  - double price: the coffee's price per cup
  - a default constructor (no input)
  - another constructor which takes values of brand and price
  - get... ()
  - protected void printBill (int numCup): takes the number of cups and prints a bill.
- 3. A premium-brand coffee Starbox charges \$10 per cup. Customers may pay 25% extra to upsize their coffee.
- 4. Write Coffee's subclass named Starbox, which contains the following variables and methods
  - boolean upSize
  - a constructor which takes true or false for upsize
  - override printBill (int numCup) to print a bill with some decoration. This method should call printBill () in its superclass. If coffee is ordered upsized, it should also say in the bill.
- 5. More notes on design and implementation
  - For each of the variables and methods above, design whether it should be private, public, protected, or default. There may be more than one correct answers for some.
  - Besides variables/methods specified above, you may have additional ones as necessary.

## **Testing**

- TestCoffee.java is provided.
- Your program should be properly commented
- Your code must yield exactly the same result as the example output shown below, commented

• Your may be tested with a different (harder) test examples.

## Output

```
generic: 3 x $5.0 = $15.0

Amazon: 4 x $6.5 = $26.0

~*~ Good Morning ~*~
Starbox: 3 x $10.0 = $30.0

~*~ Thank you ~*~

VPSIZE
Starbox: 5 x $12.5 = $62.5

~*~ Thank you ~*~
```