# **Problem Statement:**

Amaze Payment Solution (APS) has launched its product in Feb'16. Using this product, users can transact online on various merchants with the credit amount which APS provides. APS has bimonthly credit cycle and dates being 1st and 16th of every month. On these dates bill will be generated for the user of the transaction amount they have transacted in the cycle. Users can pay APS back after the bill generation and continue using the service. Although, users can also do 'onetime\_settlements', which means to pay APS before the bill generation of the cycle. If user doesn't pays APS after the bill generation, the bill remains in pending state and user cannot transact until he/she clears his/her dues. APS has data from the launch. Now, they want to predict the repayment behaviour of the users who transacted in the latest cycle (id = 22).

## Note:

Transaction data(transactions\_data) is given till 2016-09-30 15:30:00 +0000 +0000 (cycle\_id=22) Repayments data(settlements data) is given till settled at < 2016-09-15 15:30:00 +0000 +0000 (cycle\_id=21)

## Goal:

You are expected to do EDA on the data and generate a report on variables which are important for user repayments. Also, you have to share us findings, insights and recommendations on the basis of EDA.

## Data:

#### Datasets:

- 1. credit data
- 2. cycles
- 3. transactions\_data
- 4. users\_data
- 5. settlements data
- 6. failure\_events\_data

# 1. credit data:

This dataset has user's credit limit data at cycle level. Users's credit limit gets updated depending upon his transactional and settlements behavior. This dataset gives information of user's credit for a cycle.

Variables: Definition

user\_id: Unique indentifier of a user cycle\_id: Unique indentifier of a cycle global\_credit\_limit: Credit limit of a user

#### 2. cycles:

Variables: Definition

cycle\_id: Unique indentifier of a cycle start\_date: Timestamp when cycle started end\_date: Timestamp when cycle ended

## 3. transactions data:

Variables: Definition

transaction id: Unique indentifier of a transaction

user\_id: Unique indentifier of a user

merchant\_id: Unique indentifier of a merchant trasnsacting with

transaction amount: amount of transaction

created\_at: transaction timestamp

# 4. users\_data:

Variables: Definition

user\_id: Unique indentifier of a user referrer: User approval source

email: email id of user name: user name

city\_id: city from which user transacts

# 5. settlements data:

This data is has user's repayments related variables

Variables: Definition

settlement\_id: Unique indentifier of a settlement

user\_id: Unique indentifier of a user cycle\_id: Unique indentifier of a cycle

settlement\_amount: repayment amount paid by user

settlement\_status: type of settlement (bill\_pending: if bill is due

bill\_settled: if bill is settled

onetime\_settlement: paid before bill generation) days\_delayed: number of days repayment delayed

settlment\_created\_at: bill generation timestamp or onetime\_settlement creation timestamp

settlement\_updated\_at: bill paid timestamp or onetime\_settlement paid timestamp

#### 6. failure events data:

This data has errors happened while transaction. Due to these errors transaction was interrupted

Variables: Definition

failure\_event\_id: Unique indentifier of failure event transaction\_id: Unique identifier of transaction

user\_id: Unique indentifier of a user

error\_type: type of error occured while transacting

amount\_in\_paise: amount of transaction in while error occured

created\_at: timestamp when error occured