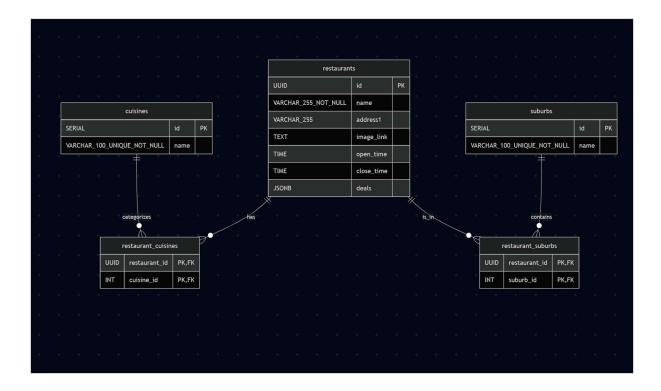
Database Schema Proposal: A Hybrid Relational and Document-Oriented Approach

This document outlines a proposed database schema designed to effectively manage restaurant and promotional deal data. It leverages a **hybrid approach**, integrating the strengths of both relational (SQL) and document-oriented (NoSQL/JSONB) paradigms. This design aims to optimize **data integrity, query efficiency, and system scalability**. PostgreSQL is well-suited to implement this schema due to its robust support for both traditional SQL features and advanced JSONB data types.

1. Proposed Schema Structure

The schema comprises a series of tables, designed to normalize highly structured data while accommodating semi-structured and frequently co-accessed information.

Entity-Relationship Diagram (ERD) Representation:



2. Strategic Benefits of the Proposed Schema

This hybrid design delivers distinct advantages by leveraging the inherent strengths of both relational and document models:

2.1. Efficient Geographic-Based Retrieval

The implementation of a dedicated suburbs table, coupled with the restaurant_suburbs junction table, allows for highly optimized retrieval of restaurants based on their geographical location. Relational databases excel at such structured queries, permitting efficient indexing and rapid data filtering.

2.2. Robust Multi-Criteria Filtering (Cuisine and Location)

The granular relational design, incorporating separate cuisines and suburbs tables linked via junction tables, facilitates complex, multi-criteria searches with exceptional precision. The power of SQL JOIN operations enables seamless cross-referencing of data from multiple tables, allowing for sophisticated filtering requirements such as identifying restaurants that serve a particular cuisine type within a specified suburb.

2.3. Optimized Deal Data Management via JSONB

The integration of a JSONB data type for deals within the restaurants table represents a strategic optimization, capitalizing on the flexibility and efficiency of the document model for specific data characteristics:

- Accelerated Data Retrieval: Promotional deal information is almost invariably
 accessed in conjunction with its corresponding restaurant details. By embedding
 deals directly within the restaurants table, a single database query is sufficient
 to retrieve both sets of data. This eliminates the latency associated with
 additional JOIN operations, thereby improving overall data retrieval performance.
- Suitability for Data Characteristics: The nature of deal data (typically few deals per restaurant, less frequent updates, and potentially varying internal structures) aligns well with the attributes of JSONB. This approach accommodates schema evolution for deals without necessitating structural modifications to the relational schema, providing agility.
- Elimination of Join Operations for Deals: A significant advantage of embedding deals data is the complete removal of the requirement for a JOIN operation when fetching a restaurant's associated deals. This simplification of queries reduces computational overhead and can lead to substantial performance gains, particularly under high load or at scale.