Clojure a language for problem solvers



@stuarthalloway <u>stu@thinkrelevance.com</u> <u>stuarthalloway@datomic.com</u>

Software Should Be

Knowledgeable

Powerful

Flexible

Intelligent

Effective

Pervasive

The Laws

Memory is expensive

Storage is expensive

Machines are precious

Resources are dedicated

C, C#, and Java:

Bringing hardware presumptions from the 1970s to bear on today's problems

Problem 1: Transience

characteristic	transient structure
sharing	difficult
distribution	difficult
concurrent access	difficult
access pattern	eager
caching	difficult
examples	Java and .NET collections relational databases NoSQL databases

Problem 2: Complexity

Nonlinear difficulty maintaing systems as they grow

Inability to make incremental change

Complete collapse of large efforts

Clojure

Persistent data structures

Powerful and flexible

State is a succession of values

Lisp

Designed by and for professionals

Extensible Data Notation (edn)

Rich set of built in data types

Generic extensibility

Language neutral

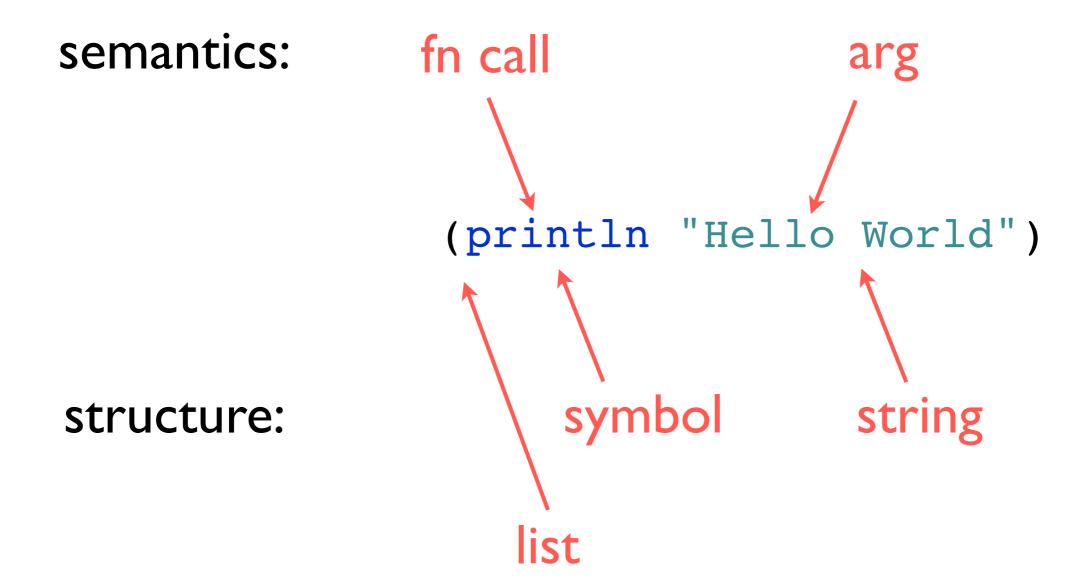
Represents values (not identities, objects)

type	example	java equivalent
string	"foo"	String
character	\f	Character
a. p. integer	42	Int/Long/BigInteger
double	3.14159	Double
a.p. double	3.14159M	BigDecimal
boolean	true	Boolean
nil	nil	null
ratio	22/7	N/A
symbol	foo, +	N/A
keyword	:foo, ::foo	N/A

type	properties	example
list	singly-linked, insert at front	(1 2 3)
vector	indexed, insert at rear	[1 2 3]
map	key/value	{:a 100 :b 90}
set	key	#{:a :b}

Clojure programs are written in data, not text

Function Call



Function Definition

```
define a fn fn name
                              docstring
         (defn greet
           "Returns a friendly greeting"
           [your-name]
           (str "Hello, " your-name))
arguments
                    fn body
```

Still Just Data

```
symbol symbol
                              string
       (defn greet
         "Returns a friendly greeting"
         [your-name]
         (str "Hello, " your-name))
vector
                    list
```

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Persistent Data Structures

Immutable

"Change" by function application

Maintain performance guarantees

Full-fidelity old versions

Transience vs. Persistence

characteristic	transient	persistent
sharing	difficult	trivial
distribution	difficult	easy
concurrent access	difficult	trivial
access pattern	eager	eager or lazy
caching	difficult	easy
examples	Java, .NET collections relational databases NoSQL databases	Clojure, F# collections Datomic database

"It is better to have 100 functions operate on one data structure than to have 10 functions operate on 10 data structures." - Alan J. Perlis

Vectors

```
(def v [42 :rabbit [1 2 3]])
(v 1) -> :rabbit
(peek v) -> [1 2 3]
(pop v) -> [42 :rabbit [1 2 3]]
(subvec v 1) -> [:rabbit [1 2 3]]
```

Maps

```
(def m {:a 1 :b 2 :c 3})
(m : b) -> 2
(:b m) -> 2
(keys m) -> (:a :b :c)
(assoc m :d 4 :c 42) \rightarrow {:d 4, :a 1, :b 2, :c 42}
(dissoc m : d) \rightarrow \{:a 1, :b 2, :c 3\}
(merge-with + m {:a 2 :b 3}) -> {:a 3, :b 5, :c 3}
```

Nested Structure

```
(def jdoe {:name "John Doe",
           :address {:zip 27705, ...}})
(get-in jdoe [:address :zip])
-> 27705
(assoc-in jdoe [:address :zip] 27514)
-> {:name "John Doe", :address {:zip 27514}}
(update-in jdoe [:address :zip] inc)
-> {:name "John Doe", :address {:zip 27706}}
```

Sets

```
(use clojure.set)
(def colors #{"red" "green" "blue"})
(def moods #{"happy" "blue"})
(disj colors "red")
-> #{"green" "blue"}
(difference colors moods)
-> #{"green" "red"}
(intersection colors moods)
-> #{"blue"}
(union colors moods)
-> #{"happy" "green" "red" "blue"}
```

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Constructor

platform	new Widget("foo")
Clojure	(Widget. "red")

Static Member

platform	Math.PI
Clojure	Math/PI

Instance Method

platform	rnd.nextInt()
Clojure	(.nextInt rnd)

Instance Field

platform	pixels.data
Clojure	(data pixels)

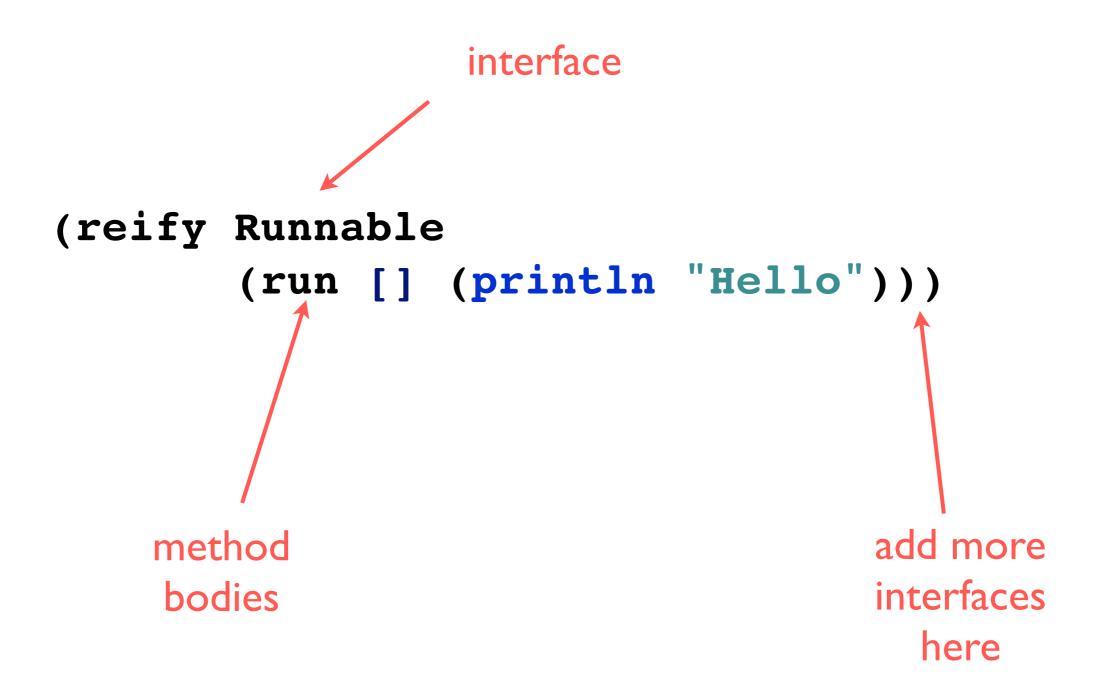
Chaining Access

platform	<pre>person.getAddress().getZipCode()</pre>
Clojure	(person getAddress getZipCode)

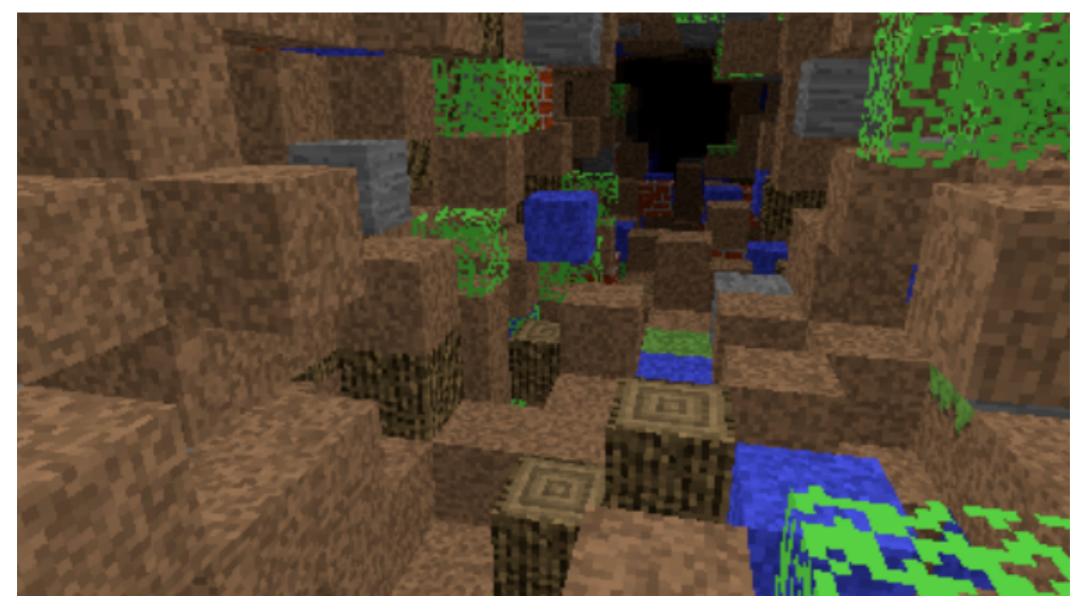
Paren Count

platform	()()()
Clojure	()()

Implement Interface



Full-power JavaScript



http://swannodette.github.io/2013/06/10/porting-notchs-minecraft-demo-to-clojurescript/

Platform Interop

Simple

Wrapper-Free

Performant

Conformant

Software Should Be

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Give me some Clojure:

links

about

Welcome to Clojure! You can see a Clojure interpreter above - we call it a REPL.

Type next in the REPL to begin.

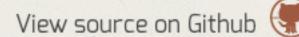
©2011-2012 Anthony Grimes and numerous contributors.

http://tryclj.com/





Himera REPL v0.1.5 cljs.user>





ClojureScript at a glance - PDF | Searchable docs | Translations from JavaScript

```
Datatypes

MAP {:key1 :val1, :key2 :val2}

VECTORS [1 2 3 4 :a :b :c 1 2]

SETS #{:a :b :c 1 2 3}

SCALARS a-symbol, :a-keyword, "a string"

ARRAYS (array 1 2 3)
```

http://himera.herokuapp.com/index.html

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Example: refactor Apache Commons isBlank

Initial Implementation

```
public class StringUtils {
  public static boolean isBlank(String str) {
    int strLen;
  if (str == null || (strLen = str.length()) == 0) {
      return true;
    }
  for (int i = 0; i < strLen; i++) {
      if ((Character.isWhitespace(str.charAt(i)) == false)) {
        return false;
      }
    }
    return true;
}</pre>
```

Remove Type Declarations

```
public class StringUtils {
  public isBlank(str) {
    if (str == null || (strLen = str.length()) == 0) {
      return true;
    }
    for (i = 0; i < strLen; i++) {
      if ((Character.isWhitespace(str.charAt(i)) == false)) {
        return false;
      }
    }
    return true;
}</pre>
```

Remove Enclosing Class

```
public isBlank(str) {
   if (str == null | | (strLen = str.length()) == 0) {
      return true;
   }
   for (i = 0; i < strLen; i++) {
      if ((Character.isWhitespace(str.charAt(i)) == false)) {
        return false;
      }
   }
   return true;
}</pre>
```

Introduce HOF

```
public isBlank(str) {
   if (str == null || (strLen = str.length()) == 0) {
     return true;
   }
   every (ch in str) {
      Character.isWhitespace(ch);
   }
   return true;
}
```

Corner Cases Fall Away

```
public isBlank(str) {
   every (ch in str) {
     Character.isWhitespace(ch);
   }
}
```

Clojure Syntax

```
(defn blank? [s]
  (every? #(Character/isWhitespace %) s))
```

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Flexible: Interactive, Dynamic

Intelligent: Declarative

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Destructuring

DSL for binding names

Works against abstract structure

Available wherever names are bound

Vector form performs sequential destructure

Map form performs associative destructure

Motivation

```
[pair]
[(second pair) (+ (first pair) (second pair))])

(iterate next-fib-pair [0 1])
-> ([0 1] [1 1] [1 2] [2 3] [3 5] [5 8] [8 13]...)
```

Sequential Destructure

Sequential Destructure

```
inline next-fib-pair

(defn fibs
[]
  (map first
    (iterate (fn [[a b]] [b (+ a b)]) [0 1])))
```

Associative Destructure

```
fn body dominated by associative lookups
```

Bind Names by Keyword Lookup

Java Destructuring?

```
public String formatName(Person p)
  stringJoin(" ", p.getfirstName(),
                  p.getMiddleName(),
                  p.getLastName());
}
public String formatName
(Person {:keys [firstName, middleName, lastName]})
  stringJoin(" ", firstName, middleName, lastName);
```

Coding Inside Out?

```
{:name "Jonathan"
    :password "secret"}
```

Coding Inside Out?

Coding Inside Out?

```
(dissoc
  (assoc
    {:name "Jonathan" :password "secret"}
    :nickname "Jon")
    :password)
```

Thread First ->

```
(-> {:name "Jonathan" :password "secret"}
  (assoc :nickname "Jon")
  (dissoc :password))
```

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Sequence Library

first / rest /cons

```
(first [1 2 3])
-> 1

(rest [1 2 3])
-> (2 3)

(cons "hello" [1 2 3])
-> ("hello" 1 2 3)
```

take / drop

```
(take 2 [1 2 3 4 5])
-> (1 2)

(drop 2 [1 2 3 4 5])
-> (3 4 5)
```

Predicates

```
(every? odd? [1 3 5])
-> true
(not-every? even? [2 3 4])
-> true
(not-any? zero? [1 2 3])
-> true
(some nil? [1 nil 2])
-> true
```

Lazy and Infinite

```
(set! *print-length* 5)
-> 5
(iterate inc 0)
-> (0 1 2 3 4 ...)
(cycle [1 2])
-> (1 2 1 2 1 ...)
(repeat :d)
-> (:d :d :d :d ...)
```

Map / Filter / Reduce

```
(range 10)
-> (0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9)
(filter odd? (range 10))
-> (1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 9)
(map odd? (range 10))
-> (false true false true false true
false true false true)
(reduce + (range 10))
-> 45
```

Seqs Work Everywhere

Collections

Directories

Files

XML

JSON

ResultSets

What actors are in more than one movie currently topping the box office charts?



find the JSON input
download it
parse json
walk the movies
accumulating cast
extract actor name
get frequencies
sort by highest frequency



```
(->> box-office-uri
    slurp
    json/read-json
    :movies
    (mapcat :abridged_cast)
    (map :name)
    frequencies
    (sort-by (comp - second)))
```



```
["Shiloh Fernandez" 2]
["Ray Liotta" 2]
["Isla Fisher" 2]
["Bradley Cooper" 2]
["Dwayne \"The Rock\" Johnson" 2]
["Morgan Freeman" 2]
["Michael Shannon" 2]
["Joel Edgerton" 2]
["Susan Sarandon" 2]
["Leonardo DiCaprio" 2]
```



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Logic Programming

Cascalog

core.logic

Datomic Datalog

Cascalog Queries

```
parallel,
                                       variables
please
        (??- (<- [?name ?age]
                  (people ?name ?age)
                  (< ?age 40))
              (<- [?name ?age]</pre>
                  (people ?name ?age)
                  (< ?age 50)))
 dataset
                             constraint
```

https://github.com/nathanmarz/cascalog/wiki/Defining-and-executing-queries

core.logic

```
(defne moveo [before action after]
  ([[:middle :onbox :middle :hasnot]
    :grasp
    [:middle :onbox :middle :has]])
  ([[pos :onfloor pos has]
    :climb
    [pos :onbox pos has]])
  ([[posl :onfloor posl has]
    :push
    [pos2 :onfloor pos2 has]])
  ([[posl :onfloor box has]
    :walk
    [pos2 :onfloor box has]]))
```

https://github.com/clojure/core.logic/wiki/Examples

Datomic Datalog

"Find all products related to expensive chocolate."

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Effective: Value Succession Model

Pervasive

In-Place Effects

Subprograms are machines

Programming: sticking together a bunch of moving parts

Reasonable if memory is very (1970s) expensive

A Better Way: References

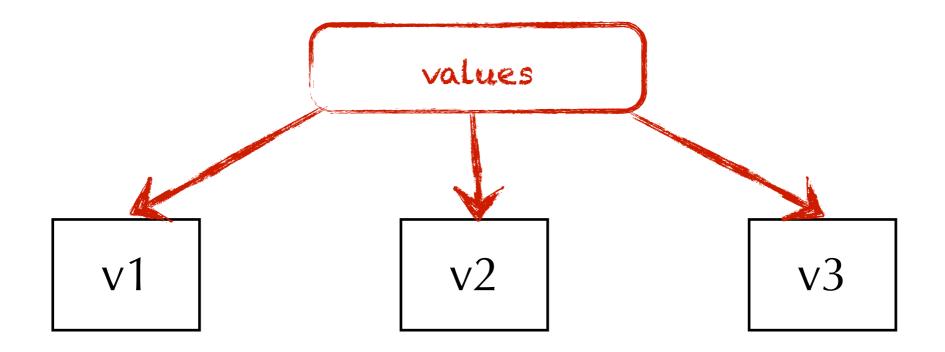
New memories use new places

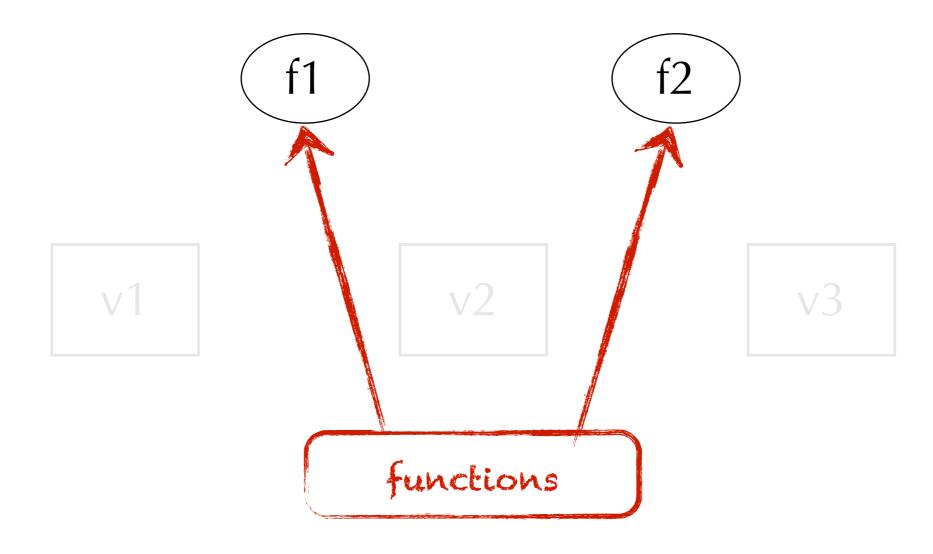
Change encapsulated by constructors

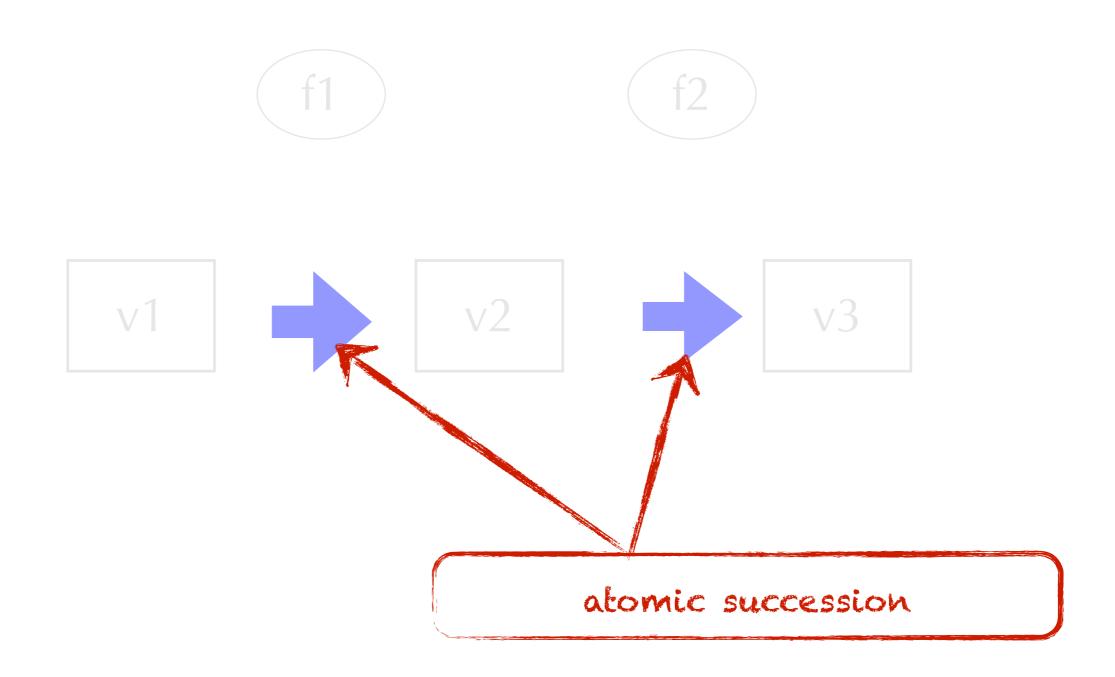
References refer to point-in-time value

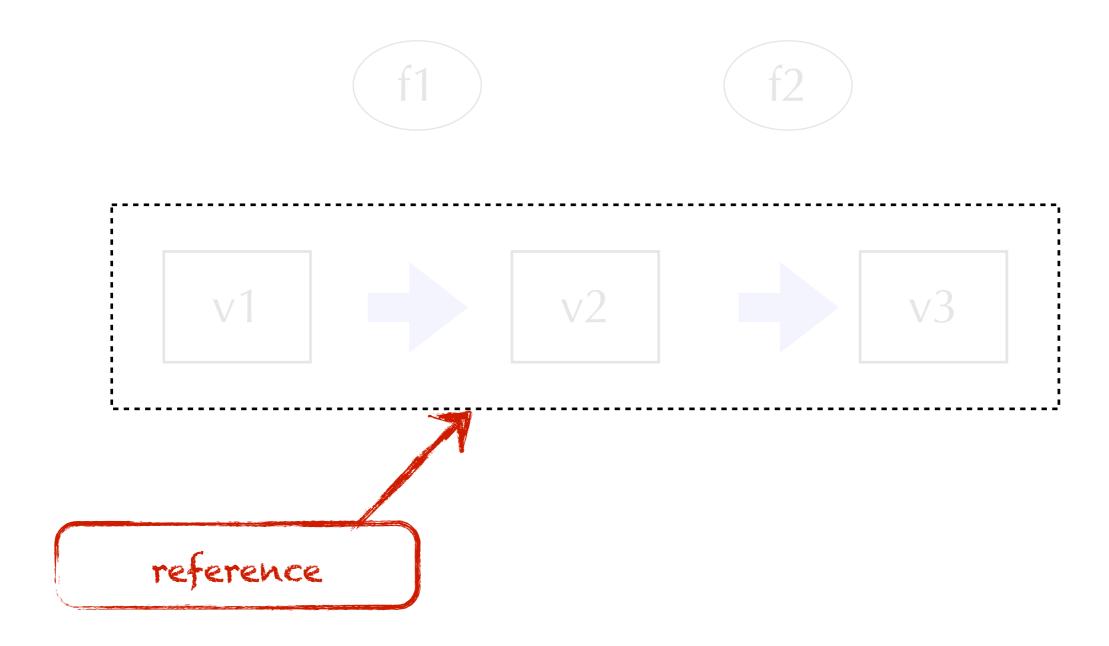
References see a succession of values

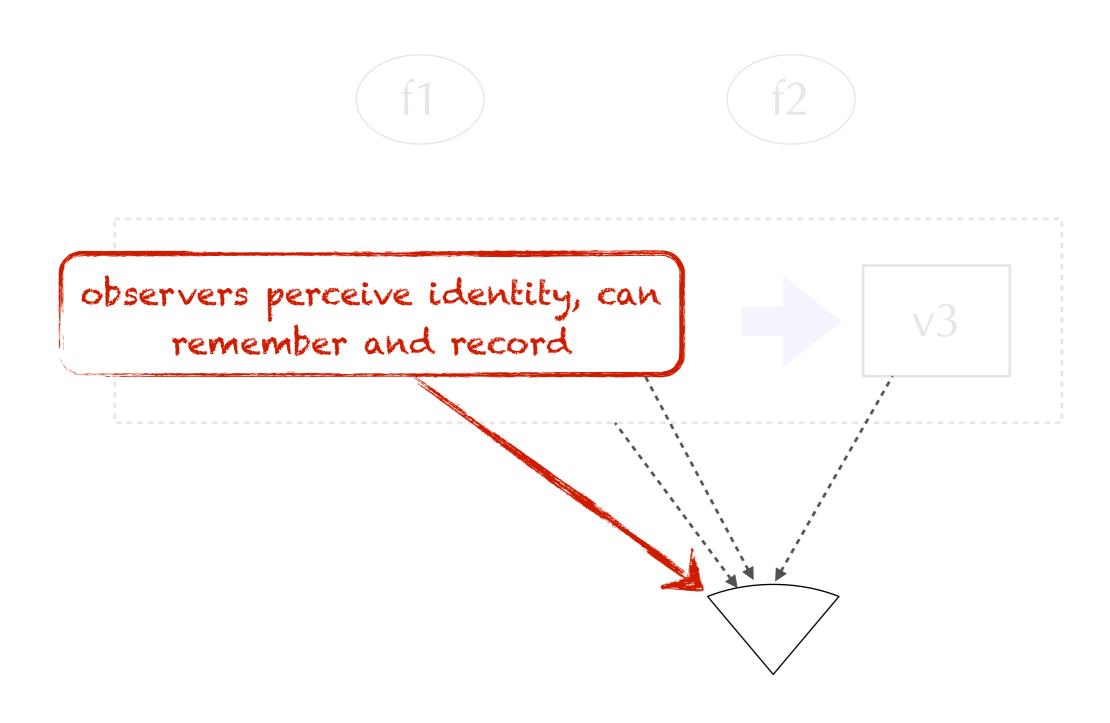
Compatible with many update semantics

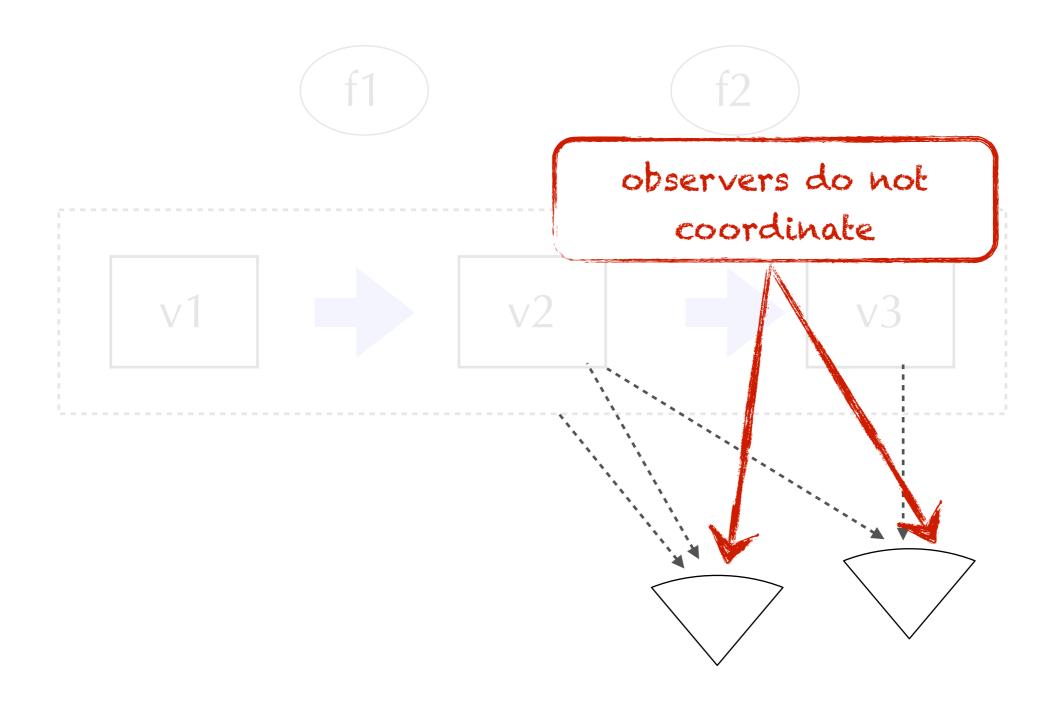


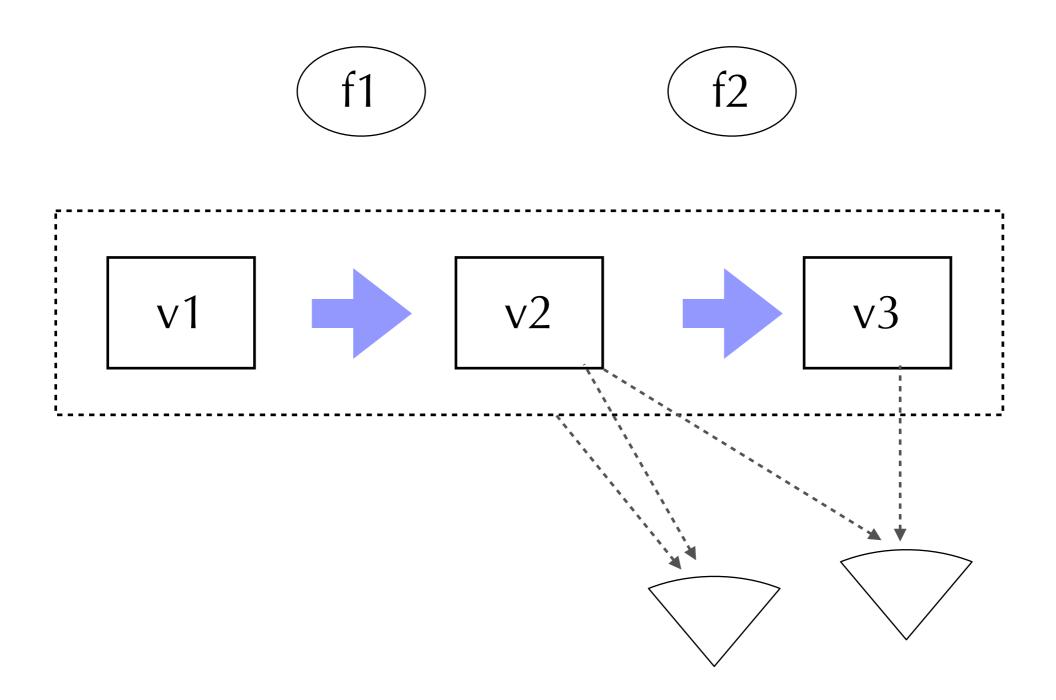










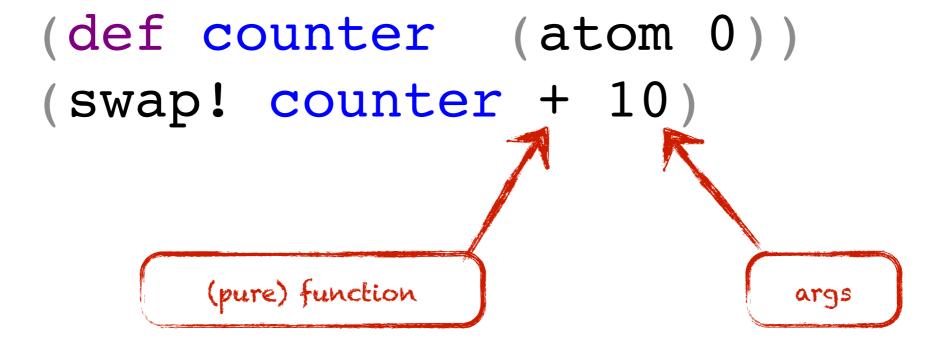


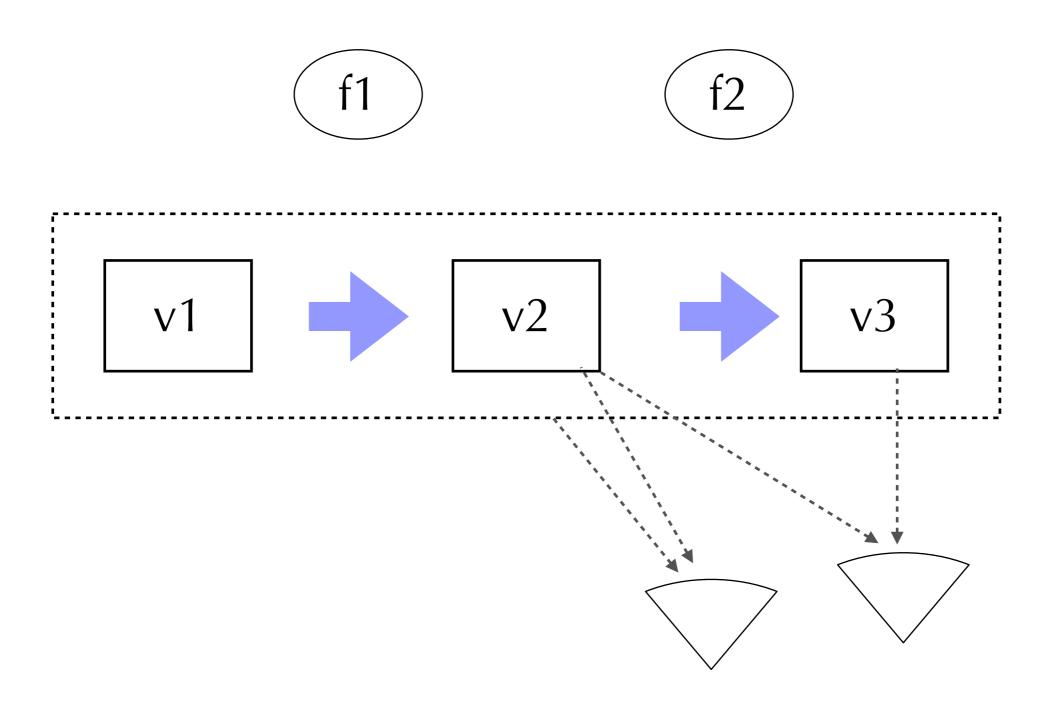
```
(def counter (atom 0))
(swap! counter + 10)
```

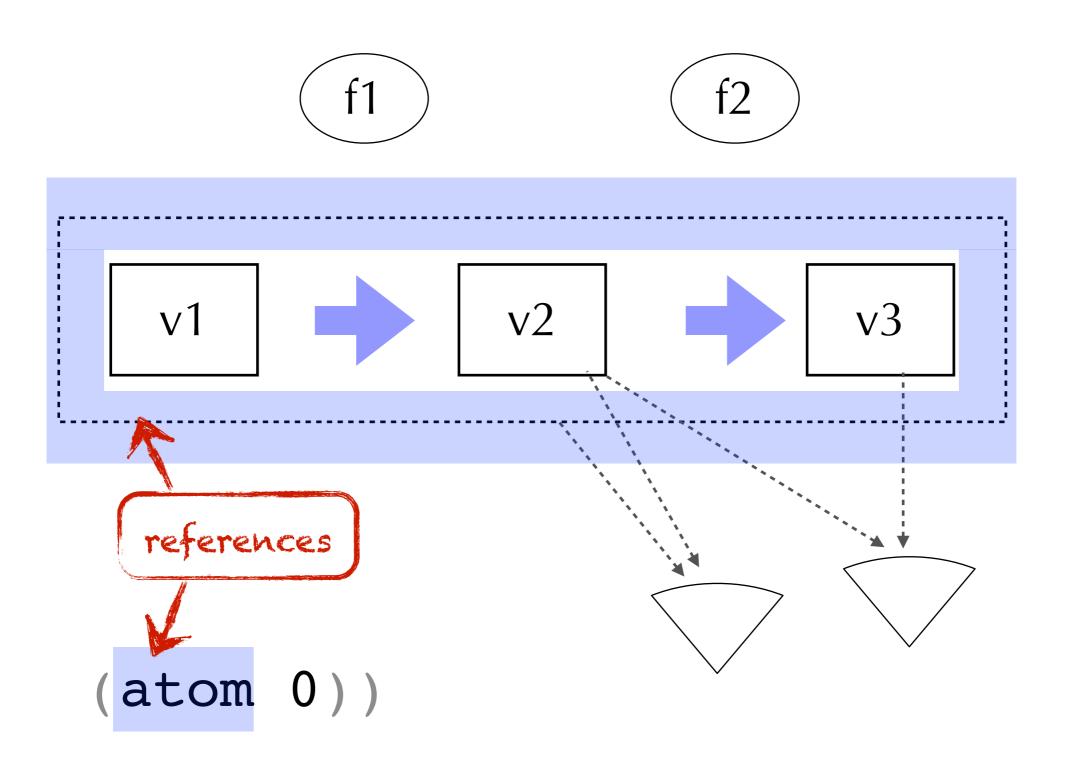
```
reference constructor

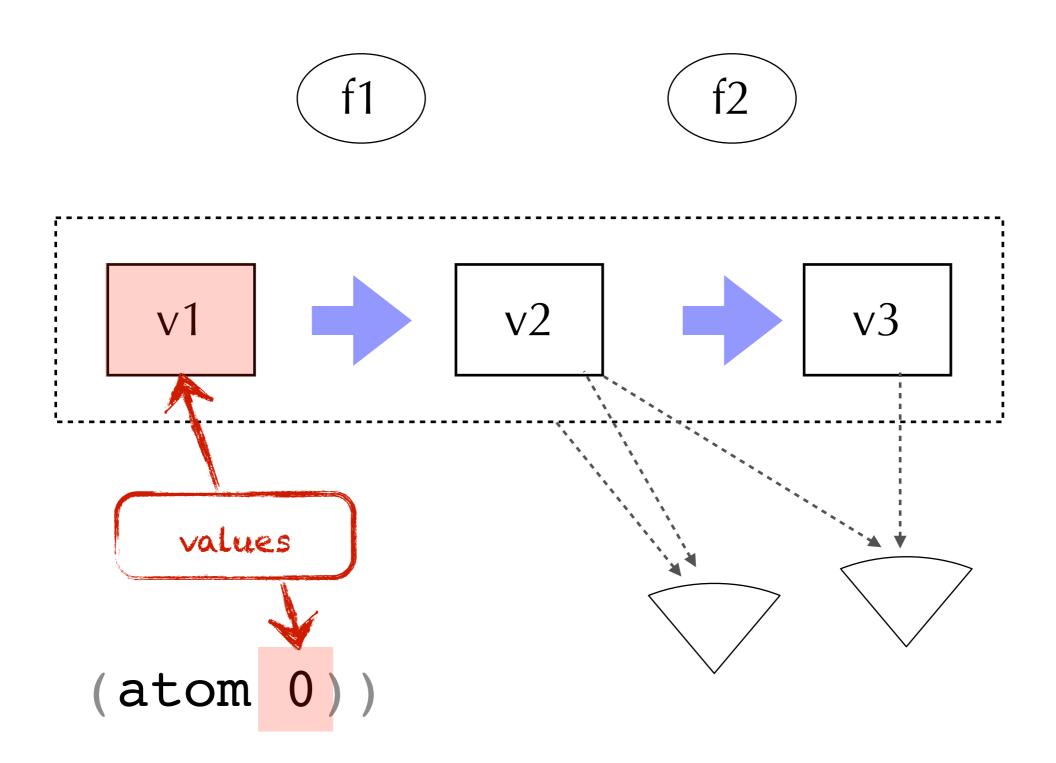
(def counter (atom 0))

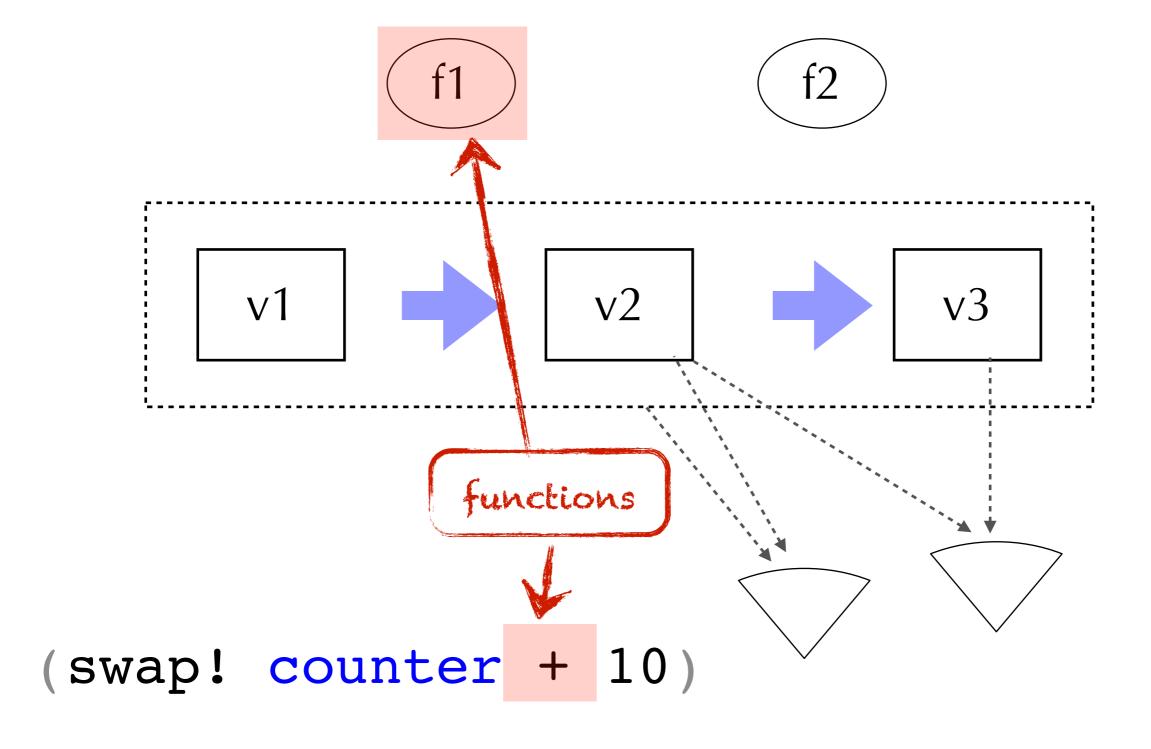
(swap! counter + 10)
```

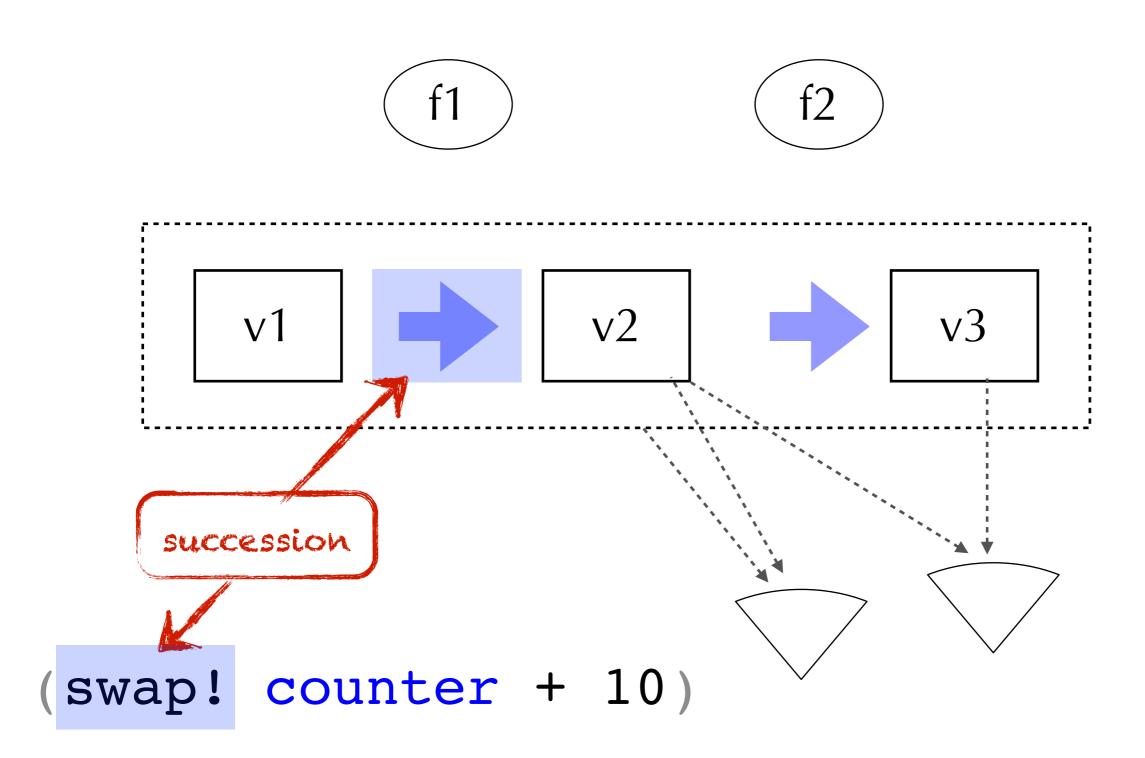












Bigger Structures

```
different data
(def person (atom (create-person)))
(swap! person/assoc :name "John")
            same ref type
          and succession fn
```

Varying Semantics

```
(def number-later (promise))
(deliver number-later 42)

different succession
```

Entire Database

```
(def conn (d/connect uri)
(transact conn data)
```

Entire Database

```
(def conn (d/connect uri)
(transact conn data)
```

succession fu

95

agent →

send	processor-derived pool
send-off	IO-derived pool
send-via	user-specified pool

atom⇄

compare-and-set!	conditional
reset!	boring
swap!	functional transformation

connection **→**

transact	→	ACID
transact-async	\longrightarrow	ACID

ref **⇒**

alter	functional transformation
commute	commutative

var **⇄**

alter-var-root	application config
----------------	--------------------

var binding **⇄**

binding, set! dynamic, binding-local

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Pervasive: Target Mainstream Platforms

The Mainstream

Clojure (JVM)

ClojureScript (JavaScript)

ClojureCLR (.NET)

Conclusions

Transient data structures don't compose

Clojure solves this with persistence and value succession

Better semantics allow powerful, flexible programs

Clojure semantics available where you need them

Resources

Clojure

http://clojure.com. The Clojure language.

http://tryclj.com/. Try Clojure.

http://himera.herokuapp.com. Try ClojureScript.

http://thinkrelevance.com/blog/tags/podcast. The Relevance Podcast.

http://www.datomic.com/. Datomic.

http://clojure.in/. Planet Clojure.

http://pragprog.com/book/shcloj2/programming-clojure. Programming Clojure.

Stuart Halloway

https://github.com/stuarthalloway/presentations/wiki. Presentations

http://www.linkedin.com/pub/stu-halloway/0/110/543/

https://twitter.com/stuarthalloway

mailto:stu@thinkrelevance.com