

LAB4

Console Output

```

develop-end [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
xsh $
B1
A1
B2
A2

B1
A1
B2
A2

xsh $ synch 2
xsh $
A1
B1
A2
B2

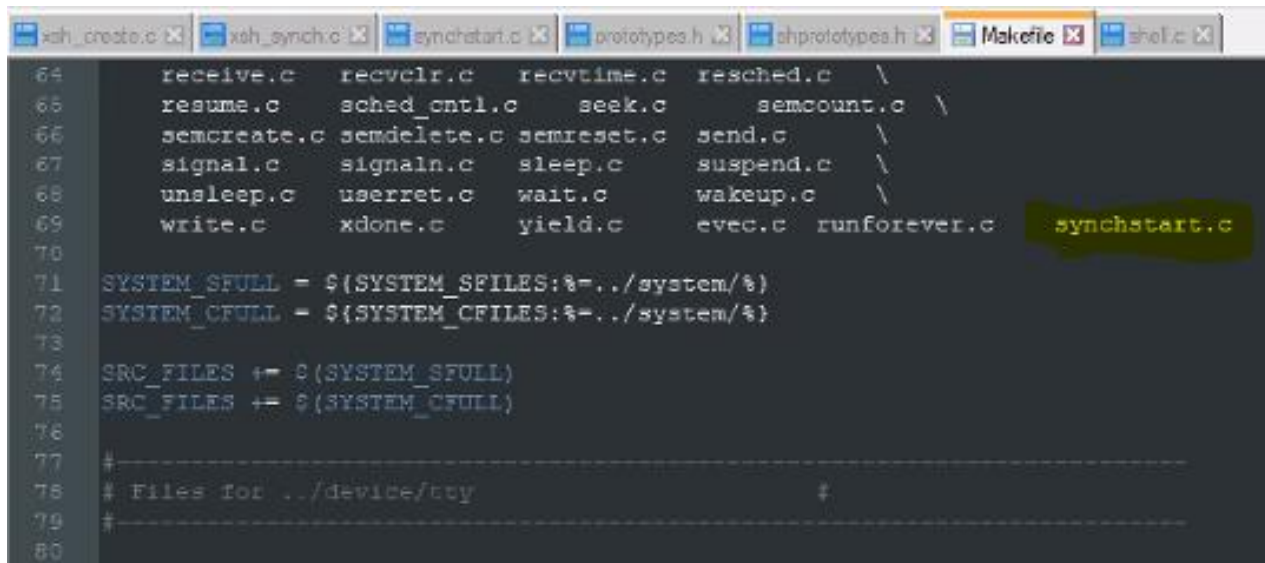
A1
B1
B2
A2

xsh $ _
CTRL-A Z for help | 115200 8N1 | NOR | Minicom 2.4 | VT102 | Online 00:03
Right Ctrl

```

The objective for this exercise was to create two processes and coordinate them using semaphores to achieve rendezvous. Using the included random value generator, and the clock counter as a random seed, we provide a dynamic way to generate the acceptable order of execution sequences between process A, and process B. This is fully abstracted from the user, and an optional integer argument following the shell command call allows for multiple process cycles to occur without reissuing the shell command. In the above image we show that the outputs for process A and process B follow the assignment guidelines, produce the desired outcome and are not hardcoded. Screenshots from the modified files for this lab are provided.

Makefile

A screenshot of a text editor window showing a Makefile. The window has several tabs at the top: 'xsh_create.c', 'xsh_synth.c', 'synchstart.c', 'prototypes.h', 'shprototypes.h', 'Makefile', and 'sh.c'. The Makefile content is as follows:

```
64  receive.c  recvclr.c  recvtime.c  resched.c  \  
65  resume.c   sched_ctl.c  seek.c      semcount.c  \  
66  semcreate.c semdelete.c semreset.c  send.c      \  
67  signal.c   signaln.c  sleep.c     suspend.c   \  
68  unsleep.c  userret.c  wait.c      wakeup.c    \  
69  write.c    xdone.c   yield.c     evec.c      runforever.c  synchstart.c  
70  
71  SYSTEM_SFULL = ${SYSTEM_SFILES:%=./system/%}  
72  SYSTEM_CFULL = ${SYSTEM_CFILES:%=./system/%}  
73  
74  SRC_FILES += $(SYSTEM_SFULL)  
75  SRC_FILES += $(SYSTEM_CFULL)  
76  
77  #-----  
78  # Files for ../device/tty                #  
79  #-----  
80
```

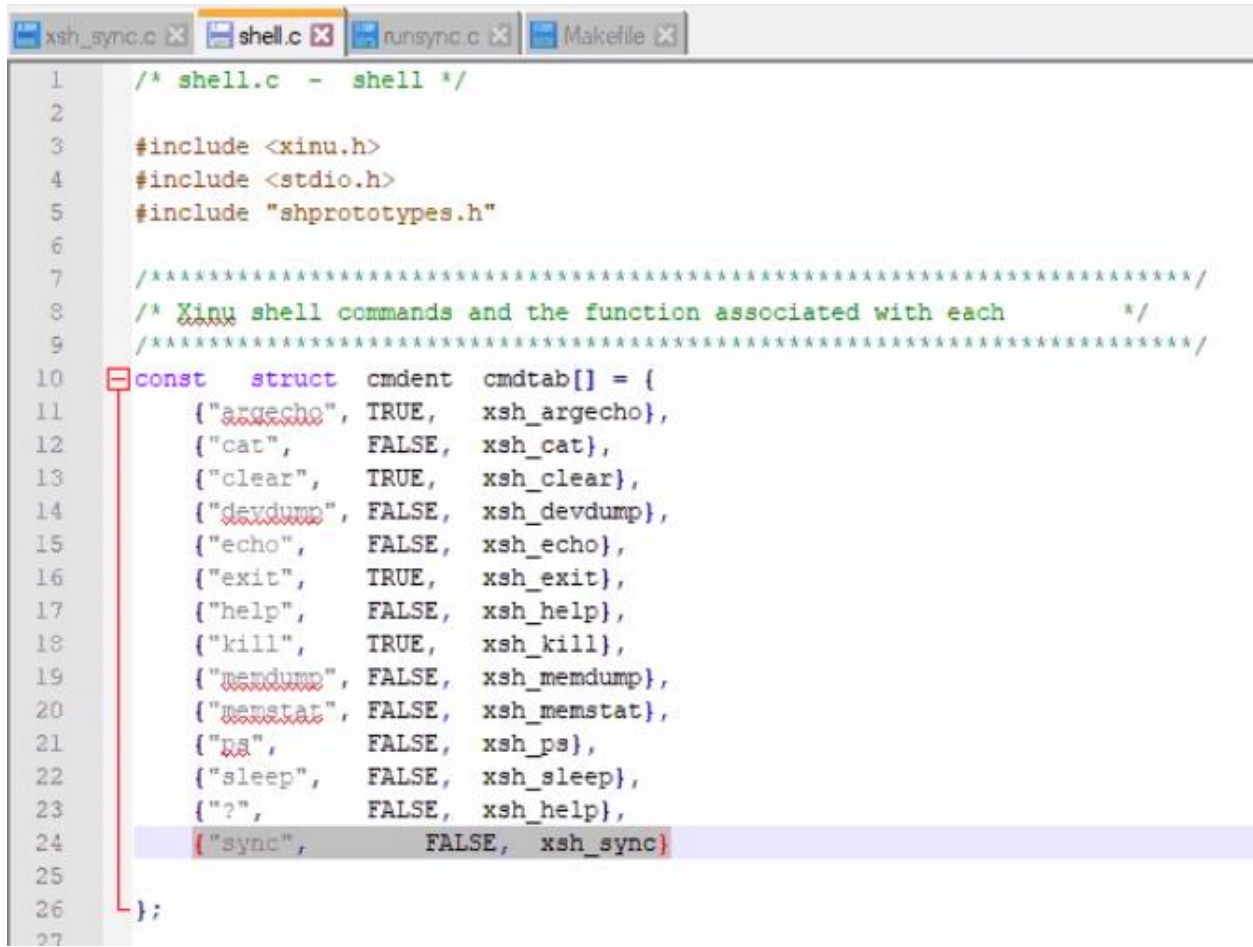
synchstart.c

```

1  #include <xinu.h>
2  #include <stdio.h>
3  #include <string.h>
4  //include <time.h>
5  #include <stdlib.h>
6
7
8  void procA();
9  void procB();
10
11  sid32 sem;
12  pid32 pidA, pidB;
13
14  void synchstart(int runNum) {
15      srand((unsigned long) clktime);
16      sem = semcreate(0);
17      pidB = create(procB, 1024, 20, "PrintB", 0);
18      pidA = create(procA, 1024, 55, "PrintA", 1, runNum);
19      resume(pidB);
20      resume(pidA);
21      return OK;
22  }
23
24  void procA(runNum) {
25      //kprintf("run num: %d\n", runNum);
26      while(runNum > 0) {
27          if(rand() % 2 == 0) {
28              kprintf("\nA1\nB1");
29          }
30          else {
31              kprintf("\nB1\nA1");
32          }
33          runNum--;
34          wait(sem);
35      }
36      kill(pidB);
37      return OK;
38  }
39
40  void procB() {
41      sleepms(1);
42      while(1) {
43          if(rand() % 2 == 0) {
44              kprintf("\nA2\nB2\n");
45          }
46          else {
47              kprintf("\nB2\nA2\n");
48          }
49          signal(sem);
50      }
51  }
52  }

```

shell.c



```

1  /* shell.c - shell */
2
3  #include <xinu.h>
4  #include <stdio.h>
5  #include "shprototypes.h"
6
7  /******
8  /* Xinu shell commands and the function associated with each      */
9  /******
10 const struct cmdent cmdtab[] = {
11     {"argecho", TRUE, xsh_argecho},
12     {"cat", FALSE, xsh_cat},
13     {"clear", TRUE, xsh_clear},
14     {"devdump", FALSE, xsh_devdump},
15     {"echo", FALSE, xsh_echo},
16     {"exit", TRUE, xsh_exit},
17     {"help", FALSE, xsh_help},
18     {"kill", TRUE, xsh_kill},
19     {"memdump", FALSE, xsh_memdump},
20     {"memstat", FALSE, xsh_memstat},
21     {"ps", FALSE, xsh_ps},
22     {"sleep", FALSE, xsh_sleep},
23     {"?", FALSE, xsh_help},
24     {"sync", FALSE, xsh_sync}
25
26 };
27

```

xsh_sync.c

```

1  /* xsh_sync.c - xsh_sync */
2
3  #include <xinu.h>
4  #include <stdio.h>
5  #include <string.h>
6
7
8  /*-----
9   * xsh_sync - shell command to create synchronized processes
10  *-----
11  */
12  shellcmd xsh_sync(int nargs, char *args[])
13  {
14      pid32  pid;
15      int semStart;
16      char ch;
17      char *chSem;
18
19      if(nargs == 1){
20          semStart = 1;
21      }else{
22          chSem = args[1];
23          ch = *chSem++;
24          semStart = 0;
25          while(ch != NULLCH) {
26              if ((ch < '0') || (ch > '9')) {
27                  kprintf("%s: non-digit in request\n", args[1]);
28                  return 1;
29              }
30              semStart = 10*semStart + (ch - '0');
31              ch = *chSem++;
32          }
33      }
34
35
36      pid = create(synchstart, 1024, 20, "Synch_Print", 1, semStart);
37      //pid = create(synchstart, 1024, 20, "Synch_Print", 0);
38
39      resume(pid);
40
41      return 0;
42
43  }

```

prototypes.h

```

1  extern void    synchstat(int);
2
3  extern void    runforever(void);
4
5  /* in file addargs.c */
6  extern status  addargs(pid32, int32, int32[], int32, char *, void *);
7
8  /* in file ascdate.c */
9  extern status  ascdate(uint32, char *);
10
11 /* in file bufinit.c */
12 extern status  bufinit(void);
13
14 /* in file chprio.c */
15 extern pril6   chprio(pid32, pril6);
16
17 /* in file clkupdate.S */
18 extern uint32  clkcount(void);
19
20 /* in file clkhandler.c */
21 extern interrupt clkhandler(void);
22
23 /* in file clkinit.c */
24 extern void     clkinit(void);
25
26 /* in file clkint.S */
27 extern void     clkint(void);
28
29 /* in file close.c */
30 extern syscall  close(did32);
31
32 /* in file control.c */
33 extern syscall  control(did32, int32, int32, int32);
34
35 /* in file create.c */
36 extern pid32    create(void *, uint32, pril6, char *, uint32, ...);
37
38 /* in file chprio.S */

```

shprototypes.h

```

1  /* in file xsh_sync.c */
2  extern shellcmd xsh_sync (int32, char *[]);
3
4

```