```
In [1]:
         1 #Import the dependencies.
         2 import numpy as np
         3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         4 %matplotlib inline
         5 #import citipy as citipy
           import numpy as np
         8 import json
         9 import requests
        10 import timeit
In [2]:
         1 #Create a set of random latitude and longitude combinations.
         2 lats = np.random.uniform(low=-90.000, high=90.000, size=1500)
         3 lngs = np.random.uniform(low=-180.000, high=180.000,size=1500)
In [3]:
         1 #lat lngs zip into list create a set of random latitudes and longitudes.
         2 lat lngs = zip(lats,lngs)
         3 lat lngs
Out[3]: <zip at 0x7f99c2c0cf40>
In [4]:
         1 # Create a practice set of random latitude and longituted combinations.
         2 lats = [25.12903625, 25.92017388, 26.62509167, -59.9896938437, 37.30571269]
         3 lngs = [-67.59741259, 11.09532135,74.84233102, -76.89176677,-61.13376282]
         4 lat lngs = zip(lat lngs)
In [5]:
         1 #Add the latitudes and longitutes to a list.
         2 coordinates = list(lat_lngs)
```

```
1 # Use the print() fuction to display the latitude and longitude combinations.
In [6]:
          2 for coordinate in coordinates:
                 print(coordinate[0], coordinates[1])
         (-87.60590929658393, -139.6971932834026) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (20.11645768295415, -128.16373707158795) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (-47.04978734378678, 120.9516454825694) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (25.704270404333286, -165.35695339146875) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (-53.61035188423602, -78.12210476456822) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (36.79371362278616, -98.23354472896995) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (46.48667094608689, -150.70253488721534) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (-86.82928207174727, 71.00744640615204) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (8.566133331760753, 48.83235652226236) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (2.8425169319432655, -123.94946238243944) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (33.25062011598904, 65.75437194495402) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (-70.9238263624479, 46.734661836569586) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (-2.881116116431855, -25.827592588639163) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (-28.593995357912398, 168.22810181841993) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (-40.04381903484868, 104.0672693949897) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (75.613089120431, 22.238550632067188) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (-16.730474303739115, -21.289220384385885) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
         (-36.05257517752878, -113.7692148395428) ((-7.469205367311062, 28.058994001609506),)
In [ ]:
          1 !pip install citipy
In [13]:
          1 #use the citipy mdoule to determine city based on latitude and longitude.
          2 from citipy import citipy
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         ModuleNotFoundError
         Input In [13], in <cell line: 2>()
               1 #use the citipy mdoule to determine city based on latitude and longitude.
         ----> 2 from citipy import citipy
         ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'citipy'
```

```
In [ ]:
          1 for citipy.nearest_city()
                 citipy.nearest city()
          3
In [10]:
          1 #Identify the nearest city for each latitude and longtitude combination.
          2 for coordinate in coordinates:
                 citipy = citipy.nearest_city(coordinates[0],coordinates[1]).city_name
          3
          4
                 #If the city is unique, then we will add to the cities list.
                 if city not in cities:
          6
                     cities.append(city)
                    #Print the city count to confirl sufficient count.
          8
                 len(cities)
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         NameError
         Input In [10], in <cell line: 2>()
               1 #Identify the nearest city for each latitude and longtitude combination.
               2 for coordinate in coordinates:
                     citipy = citipy.nearest_city(coordinates[0],coordinates[1]).city_name
                     #If the city is unique, then we will add to the cities list.
                     if city not in cities:
         NameError: name 'citipy' is not defined
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
          1 #Starting URL for Weather Map API CAll.
          2 import requests
          3 from config import api key
In [ ]:
          1 url = "http//api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?units=Imperial&APPID + (weather api key)
          2 print(url)
```

```
1 #use the print() function to display the latitude and longitude combination.
In [ ]:
         2 for coordinate in coordinates:
                print(citipy.nearest_city(coordinate[0], coordinate[1].city_name,
         3
                       citypy.nearest city(coordinates[1].coordinates[1].cuntry code)
In [ ]:
         1 #Create an endpoint URL for a city
         2 city_url = +"&q=" + "Bston"
         3 city_weather = requests.get(city_url)
         4 city_weather
In [ ]:
         1 #Get the text of the "Get' request.
         2 city weather.text
         1 | #Get the JSON text of the 'Get'request.
In [ ]:
         2 city weather.json()
In [ ]:
         1 #Create an endpoint URL for a city.
         3 city url = url +"&q=" + "Boston"
         4 city weather = requests.get(city url)
         5 if city weather.status code == 200:
                print(f"City Weather found.")
         7 else:
                print(f"City weather not found.")
         8
In [ ]:
         1 #Create an endpoint URL for a city.
         2 city url = url + "&q=" + "Bston"
         3 city weather = requests.get(city url)
         4 if city weather.status code == 200:
                print(f"City Weather found.")
         6 else:
                print(f"City weather not found.")
         1 #Create an endpoint URL for a city.
In [ ]:
         2 city_url = url + "&q=" + "Boston"
         3 city_weather = requests.get(city_url)
         4 city weather.json()
```

```
In [ ]:
         1 #Get the JSON data.
         2 boston data = city weather.json()
In []:
         1 lat = boston_data["coord"]["lat"]
         2 lng = boston_data["coord"]["lon"]
         3 max_temp = boston_data["main"]["temp-max"]
         4 humidity = boston_data["main"]["humidity"]
         5 clouds = boston_data["clouds"]["all"]
         6 wind = boston_data["wind"]["speed"]
         7 print(lat,lng,max-temp,humidity,clouds,)
In [ ]:
         1 #Get the date from the JSON file
         2 date = boston data["dt"]
In [ ]:
         1 #Convert the UTC date to a date format with year, month, day, hours, minutes, and seconds.
         2 datetime.utcfromtimestamp(date)
         1 strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
         1 datetime.utcfromtimstamp(date).strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
In []:
         1 #Import the time library and the datetime module from the datetime library
         2 import time
         3 from datetime import datetime
         1 #Create an empty list to hold the weather data.
In [ ]:
         2 city_data =[]
In []:
         1 #print the beginning of the logging.
         2 print("Beginning Data Retreieval
         3 | print("-----
```

```
In [ ]:
          1 #Create counters
          2 record count = 1
          4 \mid set count = 1
In [ ]:
         1 #Loop through all the cities in our list.
          2 for i range (len(cities)):
In [ ]:
         1 #Group cities in sets of 50 for logging purposes.
                if (i \%50 == 0 and i >= 50):
          2
                    set count += 1
          3
                    recond count = 1
          5
                    time.sleep(60)
In [ ]:
         1 #Create endpoint URL with each city.
          2 city url = url + "&q=" + citites[i]
In [ ]:
         1 for i, item in enumerate(list):
In [ ]:
         1 #Loop through all the cities in the list.
         2 for i, city in enimerate(cities):
In [ ]:
         1 #Group cities in sets of 50 for logging purposes.
          2 if (i \% 50 == 0 \text{ and } i >= 50):
                    set_count += 1
          3
                    recond_count = 1
          4
                    time.sleep(60)
In [ ]:
         1 #Create endpoint URL with each city.
          2 city_url = url + "&q=" + city.replace(" ","+")
          3
In [ ]:
         1 #Log the URL, record, and set numbers and the city.
          2 print(f"Processing Record {record_count} of Set {set_count} {city}")
          3 #Add 1 to the record count.
          4 record count += 1
```

```
In []:
         1 3Run an API request for each of the cities.
         3 try:
         5
               # Parse the JSON and retreive data
               city_weather = requests.get(city_url).json()
         6
         7
         8
         9
In [ ]:
         1 #parse out the needed data.
         2 city_lat = city_weather["coord"]["lat"]
         3 | city_lng = city_weather["coord"]["lon"]
         4 | city_max_temp = city_weather["main"] ["temp_max"]
         5 | city_humidity = city_weather["main"]["humidity"]
         6 city_clouds = city_weather["clouds"]["all"]
         7 city_wind = city_weather["wind"]["speed"]
         8 city_country = city_wather["sys"]["county"]
In [ ]:
         1 #Convert the date to ISO standard.
         2 city date = datetime.utcfromtimestamp(city weather)["dt"])strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
In [ ]:
         1 #IF an error is experienced, skip the city,
         2 except:
         3
               print("City not found. Skipping...")
               pass
In [ ]:
         1 #Indicate that Data Loading is complete.
         2 print("----")
         3 print("Data Retrieval Complete
         4 print("----")
In [ ]:
         1 #Convert the aray of dictionaries to a Panda DataFrame
         2 city_date_df = pd.DataFrame(city_data)
         3 city_data_df.head(10)
```

```
In []: 1 #Create the output file (CSV).
2  output_data_file = "weather_data/cities.csv"

In []: 1 #Export the City_Data into a CSV.
2  city_data.df.to_csv(output_data_file,index_label = "City_ID")

In []: 1
```