Maths Assignment

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Problem Statement

Write the first five terms of the sequence $a_n = \frac{n(n^2+5)}{4}$.

Solution

The relation between x(n) and u(n):

$$x(n) = \left(\frac{(n+1)^3 + 5(n+1)}{4}\right)u(n) \tag{1}$$

Z-transform of $n^k u(k)$ in terms of kth derivative of U(z):

$$n^k u(n) \stackrel{\text{ZT}}{\longleftrightarrow} (-1)^k z^k \frac{d^k}{dz^k} U(z)$$
 (2)

The Z-transform of nu(n) is given by:

$$\mathcal{Z}\{nu(n)\} = \frac{z^{-1}}{(1-z^{-1})^2} \tag{3}$$

ROC: |z| > 1

The Z-transform of $n^2u(n)$ is given by:

$$\mathcal{Z}\{n^2u(n)\} = \frac{(z^{-1})(1+z^{-1})}{(1-z^{-1})^3} \tag{4}$$

ROC : |z| > 1

The Z-transform of $n^3u(n)$ is given by:

$$\mathcal{Z}\{n^3 u(n)\} = \frac{(z^{-1})(1 + 4z^{-1} + z^{-2})}{(1 - z^{-1})^4}$$
 (5)

ROC: |z| > 1

Now Z-transform of x(n) is given by:

$$\mathcal{Z}\{x(n)\} = \frac{\mathcal{Z}\{n^3 u(n)\}}{4} + \frac{3\mathcal{Z}\{n^2 u(n)\}}{4} + 2\mathcal{Z}\{nu(n)\} + \frac{3\mathcal{Z}\{u(n)\}}{2} \qquad (6)$$

$$\mathcal{Z}\{x(n)\} = \frac{(z^{-1})(1 + 4z^{-1} + z^{-2})}{4(1 - z^{-1})^4} + \frac{3(z^{-1})(1 + z^{-1})}{4(1 - z^{-1})^3} + \frac{2z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} + \frac{3}{2(1 - z^{-1})} \qquad (7)$$

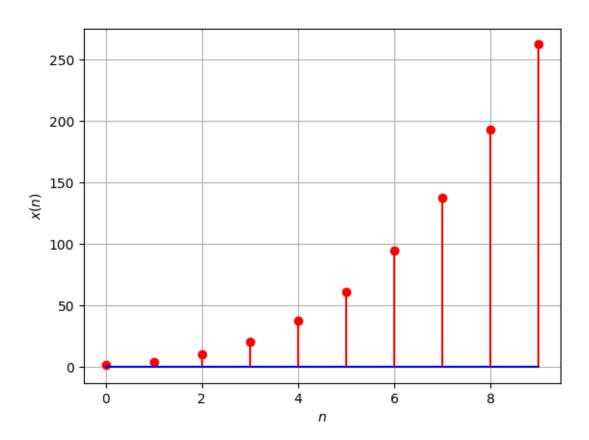


Figure 1: Plot of equation(1)