

GATE ECE 2023

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Consider a discrete-time signal with period $N = 5$. Let the discrete-time Fourier series (DTFS) representation be $x[n] = \sum_{k=0}^4 a_k e^{\frac{jk2\pi n}{5}}$, where $a_0 = 1$, $a_1 = 3j$, $a_2 = 2j$, $a_3 = -2j$, $a_4 = -3j$. The value of the sum

$$\sum_{n=0}^4 x[n] \sin\left(\frac{4\pi n}{5}\right) \text{ is}$$

Solution:

1) Solving the question for $N=5$:

| Parameter | Value | Description |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| N | 5 | Time period |
| $X(k)$ | $\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n)e^{-\frac{j2\pi kn}{N}}$ | DFT formula |
| $X(0)$ | 5 | DFT values |
| $X(1)$ | $15j$ | |
| $X(2)$ | $10j$ | |
| $X(3)$ | $-10j$ | |
| $X(4)$ | $-15j$ | |

TABLE I
INPUT PARAMETERS

$$\sum_{n=0}^4 x(n) \sin\left(\frac{4\pi n}{5}\right) = \sum_{n=0}^4 x(n) \left[\frac{e^{\frac{j4\pi n}{5}} - e^{-\frac{j4\pi n}{5}}}{2j} \right] \quad (1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[\sum_{n=0}^4 x(n) e^{\frac{j2\pi(2)n}{5}} - \sum_{n=0}^4 x(n) e^{-\frac{j2\pi(2)n}{5}} \right] \quad (2)$$

Referring to the table I.

$$X(k) = \sum_{n=0}^4 x(n) e^{-\frac{j2\pi kn}{5}} \quad (3)$$

Referencing from equation (3), equation (2) can be written as:

$$\sum_{n=0}^4 x(n) \sin\left(\frac{4\pi n}{5}\right) = \frac{1}{2j} [X(-2) - X(2)] \quad (4)$$

From the property of discrete Fourier series.

$$X(k) = X(k + N) \quad (5)$$

So, equation (4) becomes,

$$\sum_{n=0}^4 x(n) \sin\left(\frac{4\pi n}{5}\right) = \frac{1}{2j} [X(3) - X(2)] \quad (6)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^4 x(n) \sin\left(\frac{4\pi n}{5}\right) = -10 \quad (7)$$

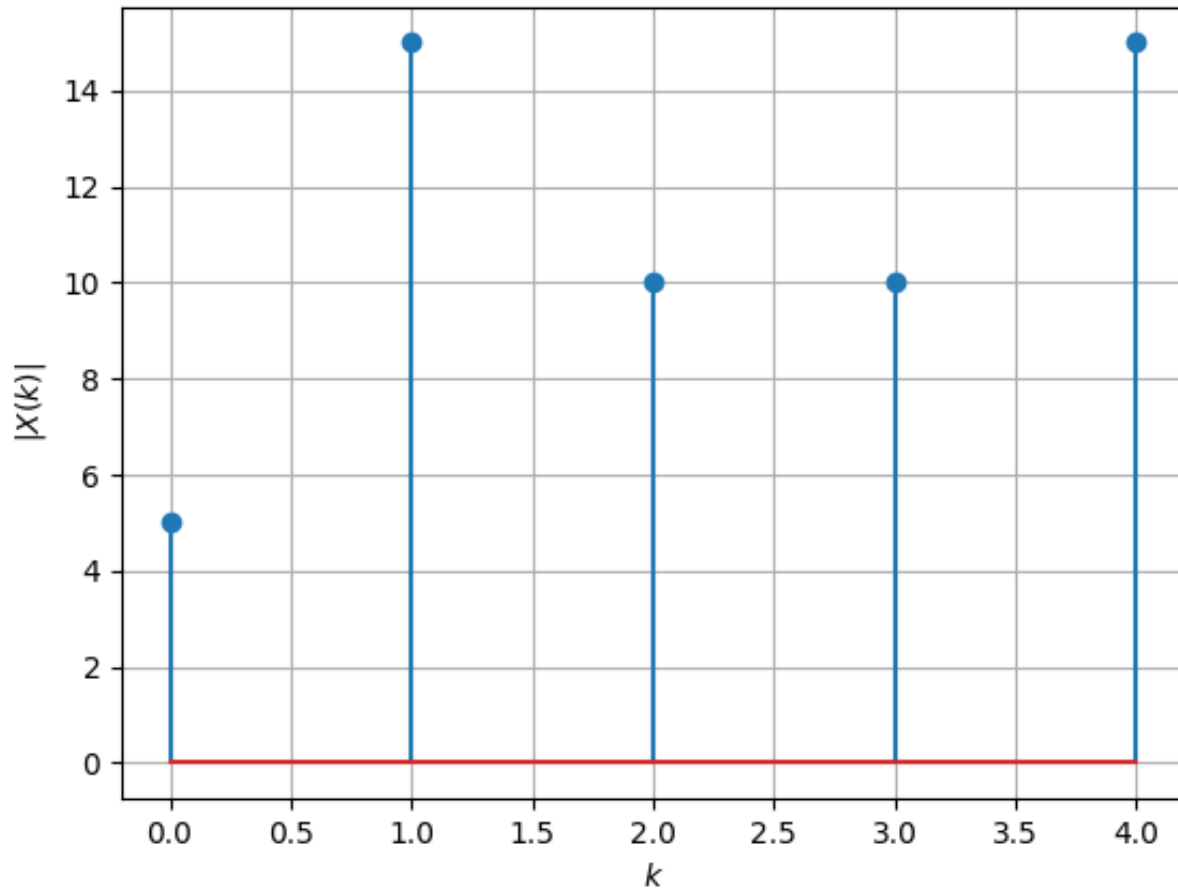


Fig. 1. Amplitude of equation (3)

2) Solving the question for N=8:

$$\sum_{n=0}^7 x(n) \sin\left(\frac{4\pi n}{8}\right) = \sum_{n=0}^7 x(n) \left[\frac{e^{\frac{j4\pi n}{8}} - e^{-\frac{j4\pi n}{8}}}{2j} \right] \quad (8)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[\sum_{n=0}^7 x(n) e^{\frac{j2\pi(2)n}{8}} - \sum_{n=0}^7 x(n) e^{-\frac{j2\pi(2)n}{8}} \right] \quad (9)$$

Referring to the table II.

$$X(k) = \sum_{n=0}^7 x(n) e^{-\frac{j2\pi kn}{8}} \quad (10)$$

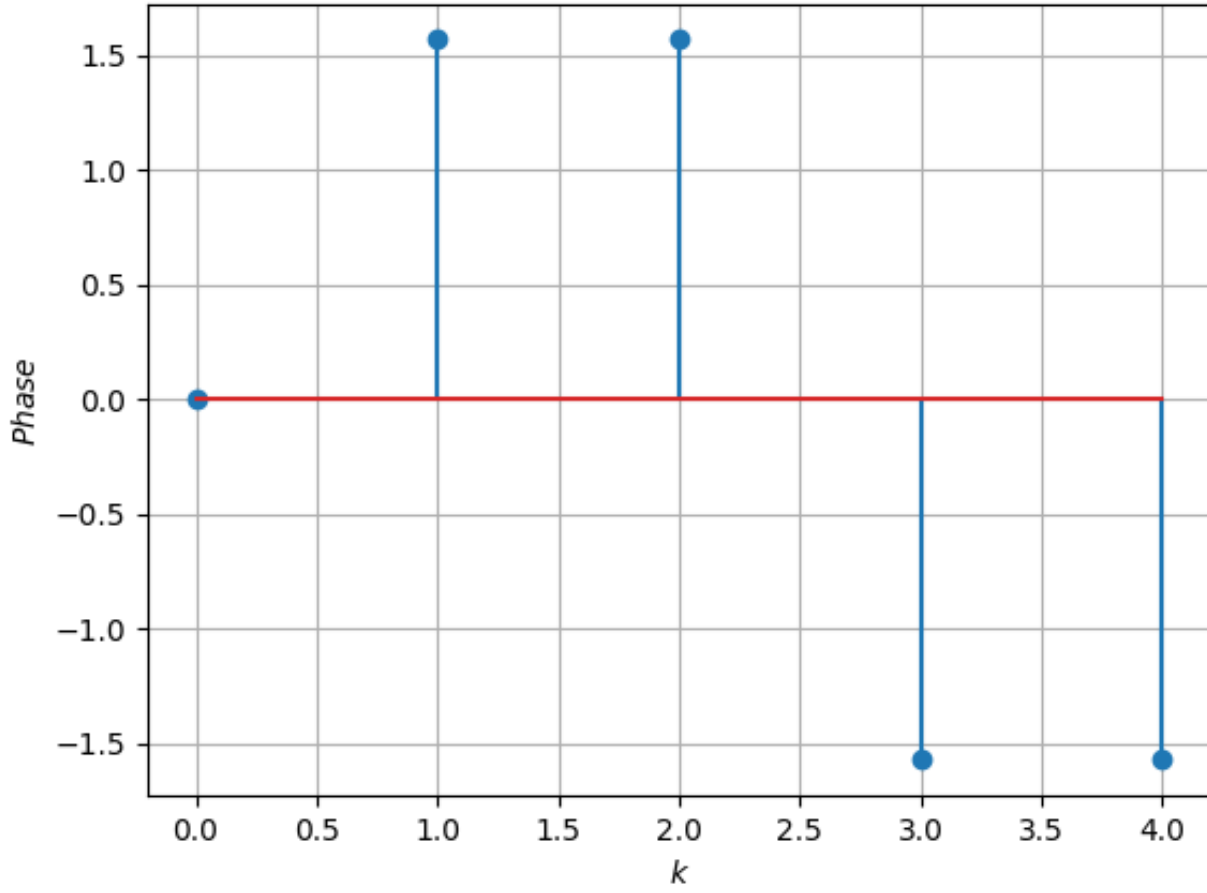


Fig. 2. Phase of equation (3)

| Parameter | Value | Description |
|-----------|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| N | 8 | Time period |
| $X(k)$ | $\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n)e^{-j2\pi kn/N}$ | DFT formula |
| $X(0)$ | 8 | DFT values |
| $X(1)$ | $24j$ | |
| $X(2)$ | $16j$ | |
| $X(3)$ | $-16j$ | |
| $X(4)$ | $-24j$ | |
| $X(5)$ | 0 | |
| $X(6)$ | 0 | |
| $X(7)$ | 0 | |

TABLE II
INPUT PARAMETERS

Referencing from equation(10), equation(9) can be written as:

$$\sum_{n=0}^7 x(n) \sin\left(\frac{4\pi n}{8}\right) = \frac{1}{2j} [X(-2) - X(2)] \quad (11)$$

From the property of discrete Fourier series.

$$X(k) = X(k + N) \quad (12)$$

So, equation(11) becomes,

$$\sum_{n=0}^7 x(n) \sin\left(\frac{4\pi n}{8}\right) = \frac{1}{2j} [X(6) - X(2)] \quad (13)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^7 x(n) \sin\left(\frac{4\pi n}{8}\right) = -8 \quad (14)$$

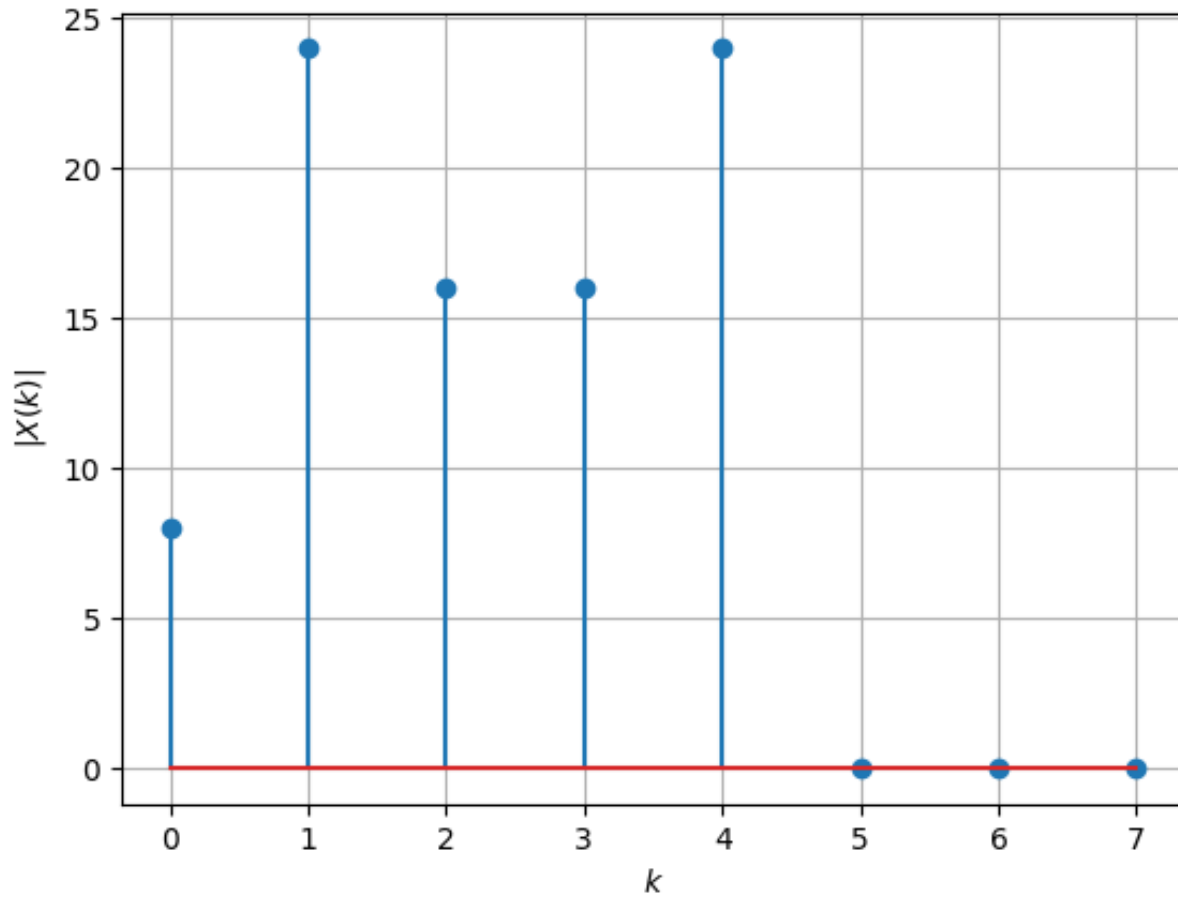


Fig. 3. Amplitude of equation (10)

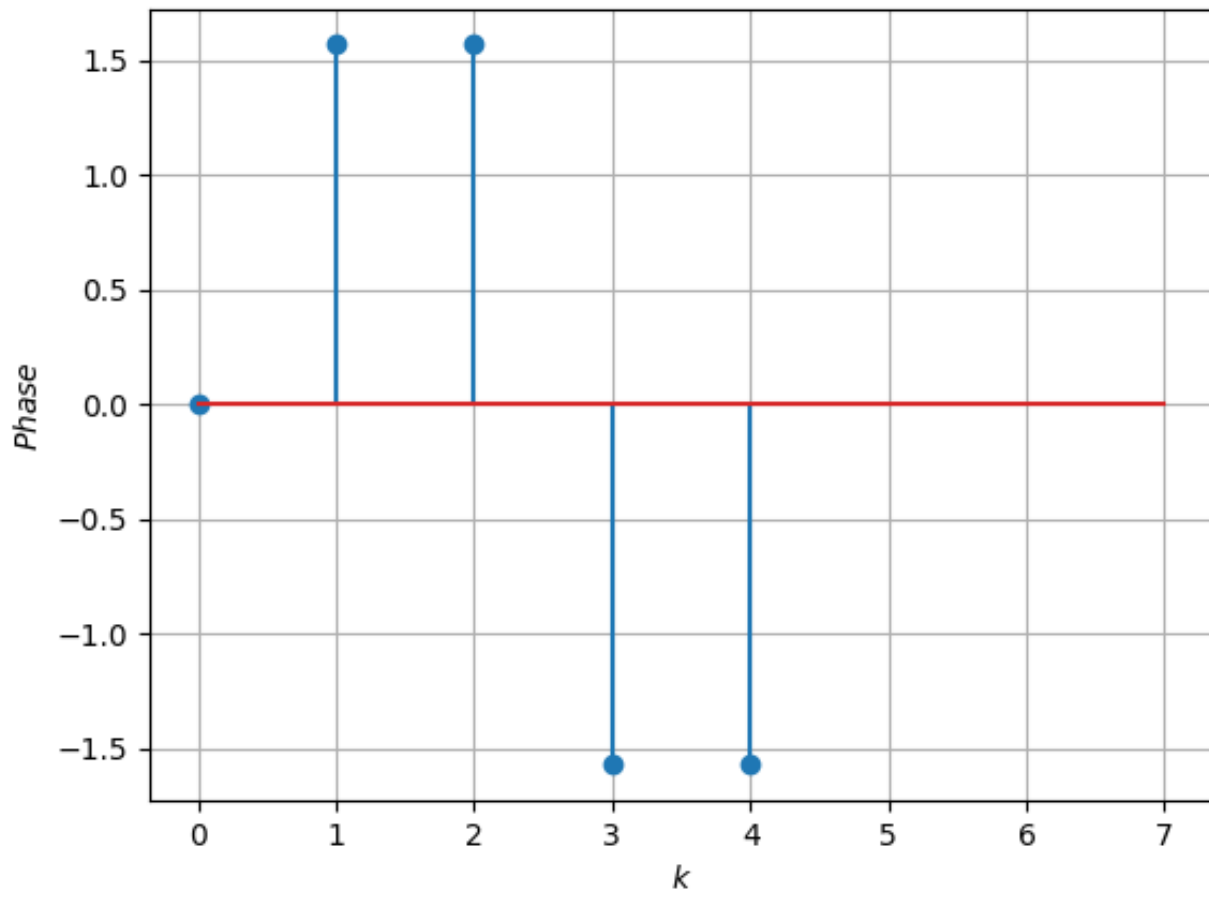


Fig. 4. Phase of equation (10)