

Speranza: Usable, privacy-friendly software signing

Kelsey Merrill (Jane Street*)
Zachary Newman (Independent**)
Santiago Torres-Arias (Purdue)
Karen Sollins (MIT)

work completed while at MIT* and Chainguard**



Lady Jane Wilde, pen name Speranza

Motivation



Software supply chain attacks are a problem

People are bad at managing keys

Open-source maintainers care about privacy

Software signing!

Sigstore!
(Newman et al 22)

Speranza!

Replace maintainer identities with commitments to get maintainer privacy while keeping certificate-based signing authenticity and usability guarantees

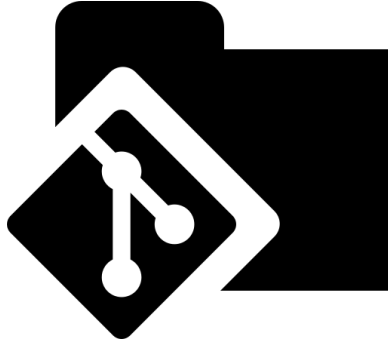
Design Goals

Maintainers



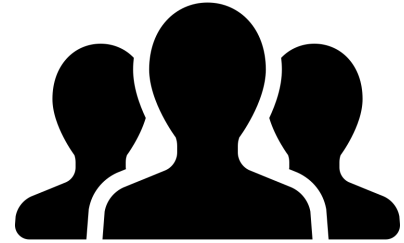
Usability
& Privacy

Software
Repositories



Deployability

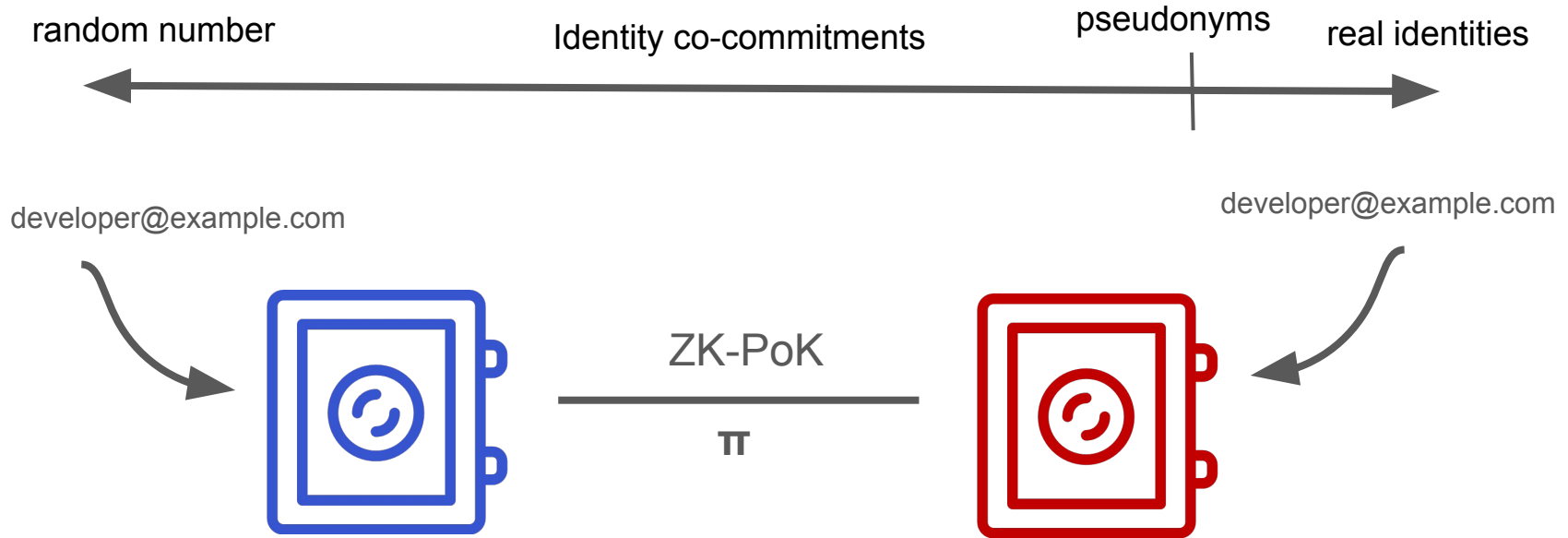
Users



Software
Authenticity

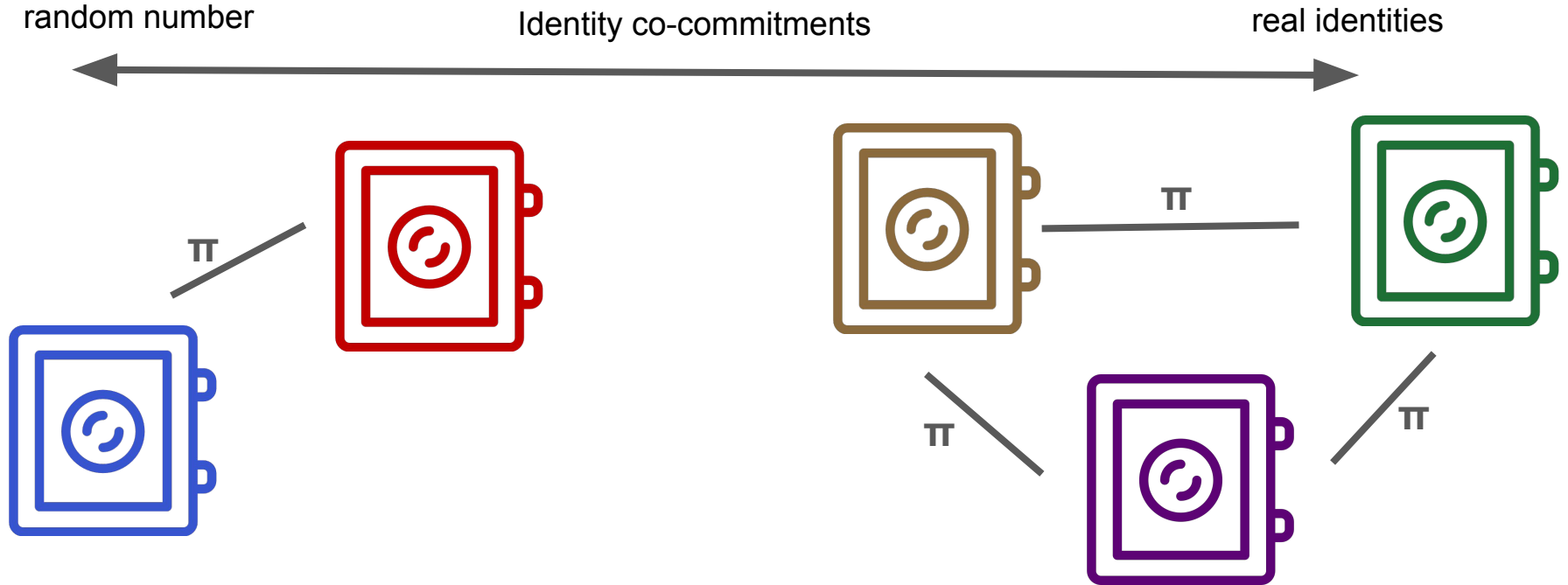
Identity Co-Commitments

“Selectively linkable pseudonyms”

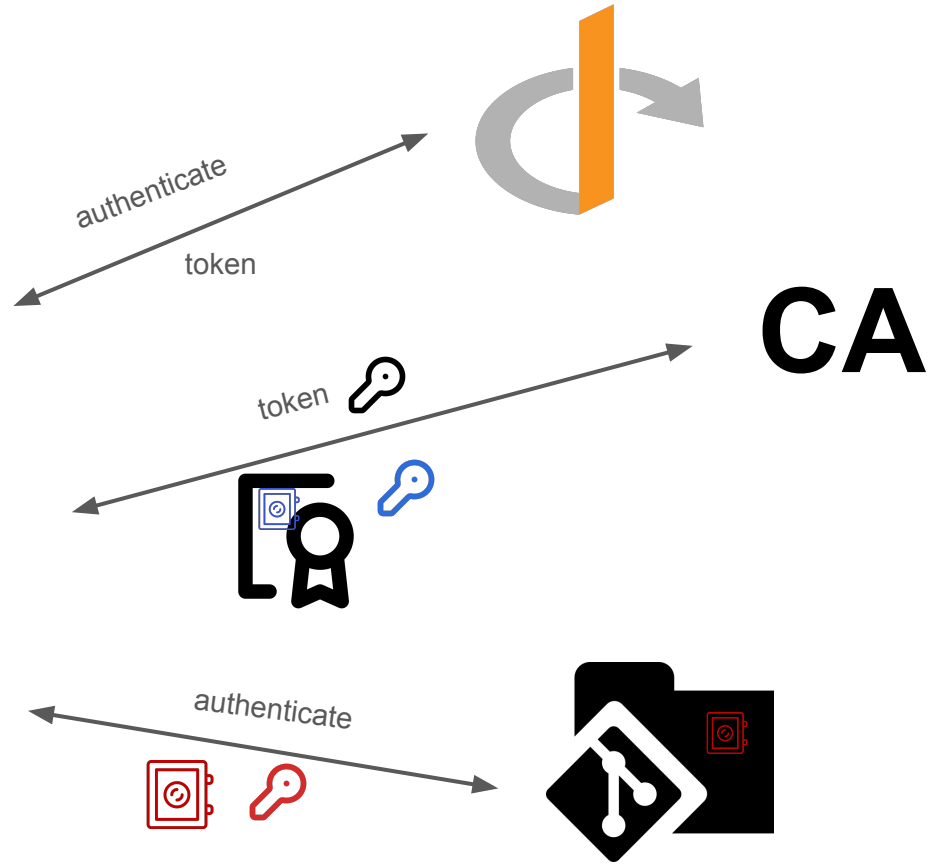
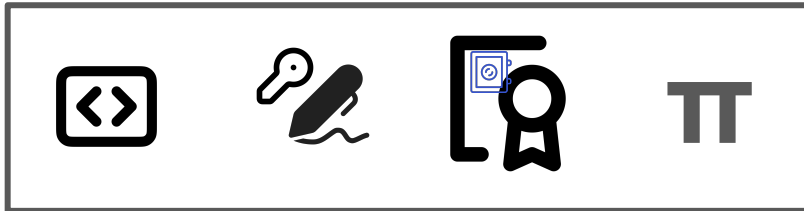
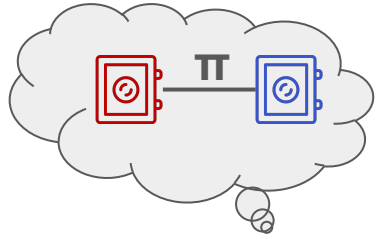


Identity Co-Commitments

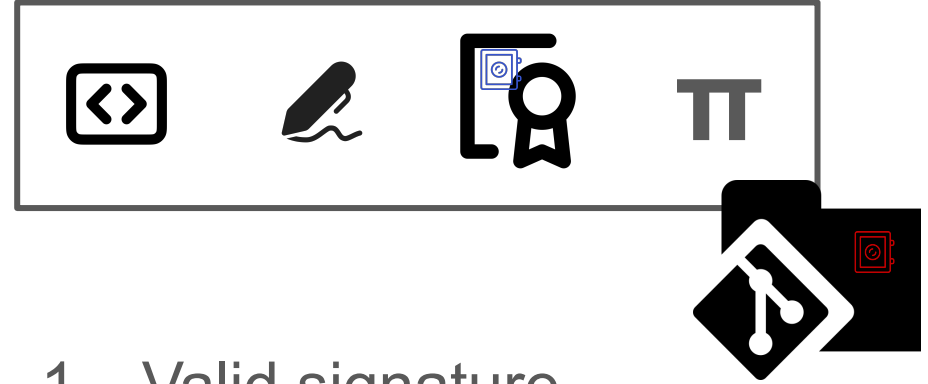
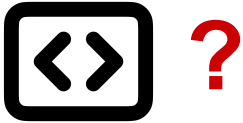
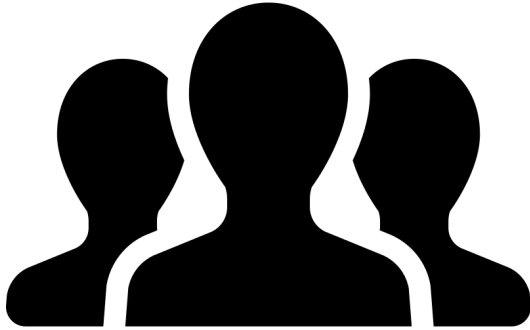
“Selectively linkable pseudonyms”



Speranza Protocol



Speranza Protocol

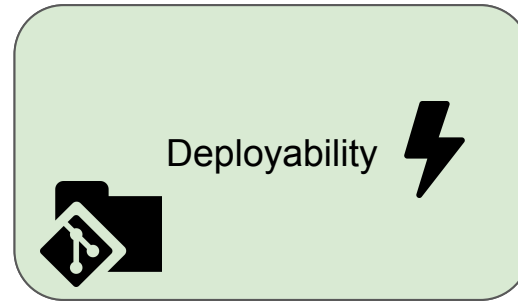
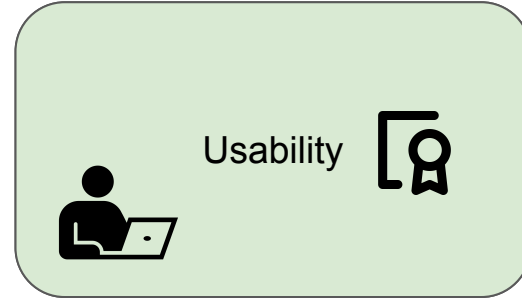
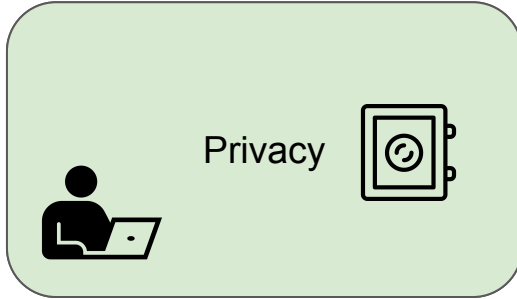


1. Valid signature
2. Valid certificate
3. Valid zk-proof

Evaluation: Speranza End-to-End



Meeting Our Goals



More details in the paper

- Formal definitions and arguments
- Publishing authority and delegation
- Further benchmarks and evaluation
- Alternatives considered

Thank you!