



# Happy Numbers

Time limit: 1250 ms  
Memory limit: 256 MB

A happy number  $n$  is a positive integer defined by the following process:

- Starting with  $n$ , replace it with the sum of the squares of its digits.
- Repeat the process until the number reaches 1 (where it will stay in eternal happiness), or repeats in an infinite loop that does not include 1.
- Those numbers for which this process ends in 1 are happy numbers.

For example, 23 is a happy number:  $23 \rightarrow 13 \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 1$ .

However, 89 is not a happy number (cycle in bold):  $89 \rightarrow 145 \rightarrow \mathbf{42} \rightarrow \mathbf{20} \rightarrow \mathbf{4} \rightarrow \mathbf{16} \rightarrow \mathbf{37} \rightarrow \mathbf{58} \rightarrow \mathbf{89} \rightarrow \mathbf{145} \rightarrow \mathbf{42} \rightarrow \mathbf{20} \rightarrow \mathbf{4}$

Given two numbers  $a, b$  return the number of happy numbers between  $a$  and  $b$  (inclusive).

## Standard Input

Each test contains two space separated integers  $a, b$

## Standard Output

For each test case, output a single integer, the number of happy numbers between  $a$  and  $b$  (inclusive).

## Constraints and notes

- $1 \leq a \leq b \leq 10^{16}$

Input	Output	Explanation
1 44	10	There are 10 happy numbers between 1 and 44 (inclusive): 1, 7, 10, 13, 19, 23, 28, 31, 32, 44