# Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

# Katie Krejsa

## **OVERVIEW**

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

## **Directions**

- 1. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 2. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 3. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 4. When you have completed the assignment, Knit the text and code into a single PDF file.
- 5. After Knitting, submit the completed exercise (PDF file) to the dropbox in Sakai. Add your last name into the file name (e.g., "Fay\_A04\_DataWrangling.Rmd") prior to submission.

The completed exercise is due on Tuesday, Feb 16 @ 11:59pm.

## Set up your session

- 1. Check your working directory, load the tidyverse and lubridate packages, and upload all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).
- 2. Explore the dimensions, column names, and structure of the datasets.

```
# 1
getwd()
```

## [1] "/Users/kaitlynkrejsa/Desktop/Duke/Classes/ENVIRON 872 - Environmental Data Analytics/Environmen

```
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)

air_03_18 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2018_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
air_03_19 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2019_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
air_PM25_18 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
air_PM25_19 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)

# 2
dim(air_03_18)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 9737 20
```

```
colnames(air_03_18)
##
   [1] "Date"
##
   [2] "Source"
##
  [3] "Site.ID"
## [4] "POC"
   [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
##
##
  [6] "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY OBS COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA NAME"
## [15] "STATE CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE LONGITUDE"
str(air_03_18, width = 80, strict.width = "cut")
## 'data.frame':
                   9737 obs. of 20 variables:
## $ Date
                                          : Factor w/ 364 levels "01/01/2018", "0"...
## $ Source
                                          : Factor w/ 1 level "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Site.ID
                                          : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 37...
## $ POC
                                          : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.043 0.046 0.047 0.049 0.047 0...
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "ppm": 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ UNITS
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                         : int 40 43 44 45 44 28 33 41 45 40 ...
## $ Site.Name
                                         : Factor w/ 40 levels "", "Beaufort", .....
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                                        : int 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 ...
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                                         : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                         : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44...
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "Ozone": 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                         : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25...
                                         : Factor w/ 17 levels "", "Asheville, N"...
## $ CBSA NAME
                                         : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE_CODE
## $ STATE
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1..
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                         : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                         : Factor w/ 32 levels "Alexander", "Ave"...
##
   $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                         : num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...
                                         : num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...
   $ SITE_LONGITUDE
dim(air_03_19)
```

20

## [1] 10592

```
colnames(air_03_19)
##
   [1] "Date"
##
   [2] "Source"
##
  [3] "Site.ID"
## [4] "POC"
   [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
##
##
  [6] "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY OBS COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA NAME"
## [15] "STATE CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE LONGITUDE"
str(air_03_19, width = 80, strict.width = "cut")
## 'data.frame': 10592 obs. of 20 variables:
## $ Date
                                          : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2019", "0"...
## $ Source
                                          : Factor w/ 2 levels "AirNow", "AQS": 1 ...
                                          : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 37...
## $ Site.ID
## $ POC
                                          : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.029 0.018 0.016 0.022 0.037 0...
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "ppm": 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ UNITS
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                         : int 27 17 15 20 34 34 27 35 35 28 ...
## $ Site.Name
                                         : Factor w/ 38 levels "", "Beaufort", .....
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                                         : int 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 ...
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                                         : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                         : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44...
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "Ozone": 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                         : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25...
                                         : Factor w/ 15 levels "", "Asheville, N"...
## $ CBSA NAME
                                         : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE_CODE
## $ STATE
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1..
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                         : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                         : Factor w/ 30 levels "Alexander", "Ave"...
##
   $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                         : num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...
                                          : num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...
   $ SITE_LONGITUDE
dim(air_PM25_18)
```

3

## [1] 8983

20

```
colnames(air_PM25_18)
   [1] "Date"
                                       "Source"
##
                                       "POC"
##
  [3] "Site.ID"
## [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                       "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                       "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
                                       "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA CODE"
                                       "CBSA NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                       "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
                                       "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
                                       "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(air_PM25_18, width = 80, strict.width = "cut")
## 'data.frame': 8983 obs. of 20 variables:
## $ Date
                                  : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2018", "01/02/2"...
## $ Source
                                  : Factor w/ 1 level "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Site.ID
                                  : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 37011000...
                                  : int 111111111...
## $ POC
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 2.9 3.7 5.3 0.8 2.5 4.5 1.8 2.5 4.2 1...
## $ UNITS
                                 : Factor w/ 1 level "ug/m3 LC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                  : int 12 15 22 3 10 19 8 10 18 7 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 25 levels "", "Blackstone", ...: 15 ...
## $ Site.Name
                                 : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                 ## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                  : int 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88..
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI &"...
                                 : int NA ...
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                 : Factor w/ 14 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: ..
## $ CBSA NAME
## $ STATE_CODE
                                  : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE
                                 : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1...
## $ COUNTY CODE
                                 : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 21 levels "Avery", "Buncombe", ...: ...
## $ COUNTY
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                                 : num 36 36 36 36 36 ...
                                 : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
dim(air_PM25_19)
## [1] 8581
             20
colnames(air_PM25_19)
## [1] "Date"
                                       "Source"
                                       "POC"
   [3] "Site.ID"
   [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                       "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY OBS COUNT"
                                       "PERCENT COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
                                       "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA CODE"
                                       "CBSA NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                       "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY CODE"
                                       "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE LATITUDE"
                                       "SITE LONGITUDE"
```

```
## 'data.frame':
                  8581 obs. of 20 variables:
   $ Date
                                  : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2019", "01/02/2"...
## $ Source
                                  : Factor w/ 2 levels "AirNow", "AQS": 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Site.ID
                                  : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 37011000...
## $ POC
                                  : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 1.6 1 1.3 6.3 2.6 1.2 1.5 1.5 3.7 1.6 ..
## $ UNITS
                                 : Factor w/ 1 level "ug/m3 LC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                 : int 7 4 5 26 11 5 6 6 15 7 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 25 levels "", "Board Of Ed. Bldg."..
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                                : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                                : int 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI &"...
## $ CBSA CODE
                                 : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ CBSA NAME
                                 : Factor w/ 14 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: ...
## $ STATE CODE
                                 : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1...
## $ STATE
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                 : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                 : Factor w/ 21 levels "Avery", "Buncombe", ...: ...
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                 : num 36 36 36 36 36 ...
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                 : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
```

# Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

str(air\_PM25\_19, width = 80, strict.width = "cut")

- 3. Change date to date
- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY\_AQI\_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC, COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
# 5
air_PM25_18_select$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <- "PM2.5"
air_PM25_19_select$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <- "PM2.5"

# 6
write.csv(air_03_18_select, row.names = FALSE, file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2018_processed.csv"
write.csv(air_03_19_select, row.names = FALSE, file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2019_processed.csv"
write.csv(air_PM25_18_select, row.names = FALSE, file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_processed.
write.csv(air_PM25_19_select, row.names = FALSE, file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_processed.</pre>
```

## Combine datasets

- 7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running this code.
- 8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:
- Include all sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School" (the function intersect can figure out common factor levels)
- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily
  means: group by date, site, aqs parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and
  longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be 14,752 x 9.
- 9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.
- 10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.
- 11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair\_O3\_PM25\_NC1718\_Processed.csv"

```
# 7
air_combine <- rbind(air_03_18_select, air_03_19_select, air_PM25_18_select, air_PM25_19_select)
# 8
air_combine_pipe <- air_combine %>% filter(Site.Name == "Linville Falls" | Site.Name ==
    "Durham Armory" | Site.Name == "Leggett" | Site.Name == "Hattie Avenue" | Site.Name ==
    "Clemmons Middle" | Site.Name == "Mendenhall School" | Site.Name == "Frying Pan Mountain" |
    Site.Name == "West Johnston Co." | Site.Name == "Garinger High School" | Site.Name ==
    "Castle Hayne" | Site.Name == "Pitt Agri. Center" | Site.Name == "Bryson City" |
    Site.Name == "Millbrook School") %>% group_by(Date, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
    COUNTY) %>% summarise(meanAQI = mean(DAILY_AQI_VALUE), meanLat = mean(SITE_LATITUDE),
    meanLong = mean(SITE_LONGITUDE)) %>% mutate(month = month(Date)) %>% mutate(year = year(Date))
```

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Date', 'Site.Name', 'AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC'. You can override usin

# Generate summary tables

- 12. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group. Then, add a pipe to remove instances where a month and year are not available (use the function drop\_na in your pipe).
- 13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

```
# 12a
air_summary <- air_combine_spread %>% group_by(Site.Name, month, year) %>% summarise(meanPM2.5 = mean(Pi
meanOzone = mean(Ozone)) %>% drop_na(c(month, year))

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Site.Name', 'month'. You can override using the `.groups` argum
# 12b
# 13
dim(air_summary)

## [1] 308 5
```

14. Why did we use the function drop\_na rather than na.omit?

Answer: We used the function drop\_na because drop\_na should be used on a data frame. na.omit only handles data frames comprising vectors and matrices only, but our data frame has different data types, so drop\_na should be used.