

Project #3 Semantic Analysis

2018007938 김민관

Goal

- Symbol Table 과 type Checker 를 사용해서 모든 Semantic Error를 찾아낸다.
 - 생성된 AST 를 읽는다.
 - semantic error와 해당 error 의 line을 출력한다.

Implement

1. main.c

과제 설명서에 나온대로 관련 부분을 수정한다.

```
/* set NO_PARSE to TRUE to get a scanner-only compiler */
#define NO_PARSE FALSE
/* set NO_ANALYZE to TRUE to get a parser-only compiler */
#define NO_ANALYZE FALSE

/* allocate and set tracing flags */
int EchoSource = FALSE;
int TraceScan = FALSE;
int TraceParse = FALSE;
int TraceAnalyze = TRUE;
int TraceCode = FALSE;

int Error = FALSE;
```

2. symtab.h & symtab.c

Syntax tree 를 확인하면서, node를 저장할 bucketlist 구조체와 이를 담을 ScopeList 구조체를 선언한다.

```
typedef struct LineListRec
{
    int lineno;
    struct LineListRec * next;
} * LineList;

/* The record in the bucket lists for
 * each variable, including name,
 * assigned memory location, and
 * the list of line numbers in which
 * it appears in the source code
 */
typedef struct BucketListRec
{
    char * name;
    TreeNode * treeNode; /* tree node that having variable */
    LineList lines;
    int memloc ; /* memory location for variable */
    struct BucketListRec * next;
} * BucketList;

/* The record for each scope
 * including name, its bucket,
 * and parent scope.
 */
typedef struct ScopeListRec
{
    char * funcName;
    BucketList hashTable[SIZE]; /* the hash table */
    struct ScopeListRec * parent;
```

```

    int nestedLevel;
} * ScopeList;

```

static scope 또한 구현하기 위해, scope를 stack으로 관리할 수 있는 함수를 추가한다. 그리고 symbol table을 출력하기 위한 함수 또한 구현한다.

```

void st_insert( char * name, int lineno, int loc, TreeNode * treeNode )
{
    int h = hash(name);
    ScopeList nowScope = sc_top();
    BucketList l = nowScope->hashTable[h];
    while ((l != NULL) && (strcmp(name, l->name) != 0))
        l = l->next;
    if (l == NULL) /* variable not yet in table */
    {
        //printf("variable not in table %d\n", loc);
        l = (BucketList) malloc(sizeof(struct BucketListRec));
        l->name = name;
        l->treeNode = treeNode;
        l->lines = (LineList) malloc(sizeof(struct LineListRec));
        l->lines->lineno = lineno;
        l->memloc = loc;
        l->lines->next = NULL;
        l->next = nowScope->hashTable[h];
        nowScope->hashTable[h] = l;
    }
    else /* found in table, so just add line number */
    {
        // LineList t = l->lines;
        // while (t->next != NULL) t = t->next;
        // t->next = (LineList) malloc(sizeof(struct LineListRec));
        // t->next->lineno = lineno;
        // t->next->next = NULL;
    }
} /* st_insert */

//table info
void printSymTab(FILE * listing);
void print_SymTab(FILE * listing);
void print_FuncTab(FILE * listing);
void print_Func_globVar(FILE * listing);
void print_FuncP_N_LoclVar(FILE * listing);

```

3. analyze.c

Compound State를 추가할 때 마다 새로운 Scope를 생성하여 Stack에 Push한다. 그리고, afterInsertNode 함수를 통해 Compound State를 빠져나갈 때 Stack을 Pop한다.

새로운 선언이 있을 경우, 현재의 Scope의 HashTable를 검사하여 중복이 있는지 확인한 하고, 변수를 사용할 때는 현재 Scope Stack의 Top부터 탐색하여 해당 변수가 있는지 확인한다.

```

static void typeError(TreeNode * t, char * name)
// { fprintf(listing, "Error: Type error at line %d: %s\n", t->lineno, message);
{
    fprintf(listing, "Error: Invalid function call at line %d (name : \"%s\")\n", t->lineno, name);
    Error = TRUE;
}

static void undeclaredError(TreeNode * t)
{
    if (t->kind.exp == CallK)
        fprintf(listing, "Error: undeclared function \"%s\" is called at line %d\n", t->attr.name, t->lineno);
    else if (t->kind.exp == IdK || t->kind.exp == ArrIdK)
        fprintf(listing, "Error: undeclared variable \"%s\" is used at line %d\n", t->attr.name, t->lineno);
    Error = TRUE;
}

static void redefinedError(TreeNode * t)
{
    if (t->kind.decl == FunctionK)
        fprintf(listing, "Error: Invalid function call at line %d (name : \"%s\")\n", t->attr.name, t->lineno);
    else if (t->kind.decl == VariableK)
        fprintf(listing, "Error: invalid assignment at line %d\n", t->lineno);
    else if (t->kind.decl == ArrayVariableK)
        fprintf(listing, "Error: Invalid array indexing at line %d (name : \"%s\"). indices should be integer\n", t->attr.arr.name, t->lin

```

```

    Error = TRUE;
}

static void funcDeclNotGlobal(TreeNode * t)
{ fprintf(listing, "Error: Invalid function call at line %d (name : \"%s\")\n", t->lineno, t->attr.name);
  Error = TRUE;
}

static void voidVarError(TreeNode * t, char * name)
{ fprintf(listing, "Error: The void-type variable is declared at line %d (name : \"%s\")\n", t->lineno, name);
  Error = TRUE;
}

```

명세에서 주어진 print 문을 확인하여 출력 내용을 맞춘다.

3. globals.h

Tree 확인할 때, node를 통해 다른 Scope로 접근하는 경우가 발생할 수 있기 때문에 attr union에 Scope 구조체를 추가해준다.

```

typedef struct treeNode
{ struct treeNode * child[MAXCHILDREN];
  struct treeNode * sibling;
  int lineno;
  NodeKind nodekind;
  union { StmtKind stmt;
        ExpKind exp;
        DeclareKind decl;
        ParameterKind param;
        TypeKind type; } kind;
  union { TokenType op;
        TokenType type;
        int val;
        char * name;
        ArrayAttr arr;
        // 추가한 부분
        struct Scope * scope } attr;
  ExpType type; /* for type checking of exps */
} TreeNode;

```

RESULT

```

make cminus_semantic
./cminus_semantic test.1.txt

```

위 명령어를 입력하여 test.1.txt 의 symbol table과 에러가 있는지 확인한다.

C-MINUS COMPILATION: test.1.txt

Building Symbol Table...

Symbol table:

< Symbol Table >

Symbol Name	Symbol Kind	Symbol Type	Scope Name	Location	Line Numbers		
main	Function	void	global	3	11		
input	Function	int	global	0	0	14	14
output	Function	void	global	1	0	15	
gcd	Function	int	global	2	4	7	15
u	Variable	int	gcd	0	4	6	7
v	Variable	int	gcd	1	4	6	7
x	Variable	int	main	0	13	14	15
y	Variable	int	main	1	13	14	15

< Functions >

Function Name	Return Type	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
main	void		void
input	int		void
output	void		
gcd	int		int
		u	int
		v	int

< Global Symbols >

Symbol Name	Symbol Kind	Symbol Type
main	Function	void
input	Function	int
output	Function	void
gcd	Function	int

< Scopes >

Scope Name	Nested Level	Symbol Name	Symbol Type
gcd	1	u	int
gcd	1	v	int
main	1	x	int
main	1	y	int

Checking Types...

Type Checking Finished

./cminus_semantic test.2.txt

C-MINUS COMPILATION: test.2.txt

Building Symbol Table...

Symbol table:

< Symbol Table >

Symbol Name	Symbol Kind	Symbol Type	Scope Name	Location	Line Numbers
main	Function	void	global	2	1
input	Function	int	global	0	0 8
output	Function	void	global	1	0 18
i	Variable	int	main	0	3 5 6 8 10 10 13 14 16 18
x	Variable	int[]	main	1	3 8 16 18

< Functions >

Function Name	Return Type	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
main	void		void
input	int		void
output	void		int

< Global Symbols >

Symbol Name	Symbol Kind	Symbol Type
main	Function	void
input	Function	int
output	Function	void

< Scopes >

Scope Name	Nested Level	Symbol Name	Symbol Type
main	1	i	int
main	1	x	int[]

Checking Types...

Type Checking Finished

./cminus_semantic test_3.txt

```

Building Symbol Table...

Symbol table:

< Symbol Table >
Symbol Name  Symbol Kind  Symbol Type  Scope Name  Location  Line Numbers
-----
main         Function    int         global      3         6
input        Function    int         global      0         0
output       Function    void        global      1         0
x            Function    int         global      2         1 12
y            Variable    int         x           0         1 3
a            Variable    int         main        0         8 12
b            Variable    int         main        1         9 12
c            Variable    int         main        2         10 12

< Functions >
Function Name  Return Type  Parameter Name  Parameter Type
-----
main           int          y               int
input          int          y               int
output         void         y               int
x              int          y               int
y              int          y               int

< Global Symbols >
Symbol Name  Symbol Kind  Symbol Type
-----
main         Function    int
input        Function    int
output       Function    void
x            Function    int

< Scopes >
Scope Name  Nested Level  Symbol Name  Symbol Type
-----
x           1            y            int
main        1            a            int
main        1            b            int
main        1            c            int

Error: Invalid function call at line 12 (name : "x")

Checking Types...

Type Checking Finished

```

3의 경우 12번째 줄에 x 라는 변수에서 return x(a, b, c) 부분에서 에러가 발생하는 것을 알 수 있다.