# MO5161 Skills in Transnational History

Module Coordinator: Konrad M. Lawson

Fall, 2015



Map of Los Angeles Historical and Recreational, 1942 From the David Rumsey Historical Map Collection

#### Overview

- 13-15:00 Thursdays St Katharine's Lodge B3
- 17.09 Week 1 History in Practice Strategies for Research in Transnational History
- 24.09 Week 2 Introduction to Historical GIS
- 01.10 Week 3 Introduction to QGIS
- 08.10 Week 4 QGIS Historical Maps and Geo-referencing
- 15.10 Week 5 Map Design and Deployment Techniques
- 22.10 Week 6 Thinking With/Against Maps and Geographical Information
- 23.10 QGIS Project and 1,000 Word Essay Due
- 29.10 Week 7 Prosopography and Networks in the Humanities
- 05.11 Week 8 Developing a Network Database
- [-] Week 9 Introduction to Tools for Database Development
- 19.11 Week 10 Introduction to Tools for Social Network Visualisation and Analysis
- 23.11 Database/Visualisation, 1,500 essay and 500 word appendix due
- 26.11 Week 11 Epistemologies of Quantification and the Critical Digital Humanities

# **Key Info**

Coordinator: Konrad M. Lawson Email: kml8@st-andrews.ac.uk

Office: St. Katharine's Lodge Room B3 Office Hours: Tue/Thu 15:00-16:00

### **Description**

This module will equip MLitt students with skills necessary for historical research in the twenty-first century. Tailored specifically for students studying transnational, global and spatial history, the course will lead to the acquisition and development of skills in the digital humanities, and/or skills required for using specific historical sources. Students select two mini-modules from a range that includes GIS map-making; digital network analysis; translation; using non-textual sources. The course is distinctive in that it seeks to foster multi-disciplinary expertise among history students – with the aim of developing innovative approaches to the sub-disciplines of transnational, global and spatial history.

## **Assessment Summary**

50% - 23 October - QGIS Project File (and accompanying files), 1,000 word explanatory essay

50% - 23 November - Database file and 1-5 visualizations, 1,500 essay and 500 word appendix

# **Advice and Support for Students**

For advice and support on any issue, including academic, financial, international, personal or health matters, or if you are unsure of who to go to for help, please contact the Advice and Support Centre, 79 North Street, 01334 462020, theasc@st-and.ac.uk.

#### **Semester Dates**

The Semester Dates for 2015-16 are available at: http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/semesterdates/2015-2016/

#### **Marking Scale**

We use a 20 point marking scale for your assignments. For more on interpreting the marking scale, see the School of History marking scale for taught Postgraduates:

http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/history/infopg/ipgmarkingscale.html

#### **Good Academic Practice**

http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/media/teaching-and-learning/policies/gap.pdf http://www.st-andrews.ac.uk/media/teaching-and-learning/documents/September 2014 Updated GAP Guide for Students.pdf

#### **Absence from Classes**

Attendance is a basic assessment requirement for credit award, and failure to attend classes or meetings with academic staff may result in your losing the right to be assessed in that module. Please ensure that you are familiar with the 'Academic Alert' policy as stated elsewhere in this handbook. If you have missed timetabled classes/events or any other compulsory elements of the module due to illness or an unavoidable pre-arranged event or appointment, you must complete a Self Certificate of Absence form (through e-Vision) as soon as possible.

Under certain circumstances, Schools may request further documentation in addition to the Self Certificate. In this case, students should contact Student Services in order to organise the appropriate documentation. If you submit more than three Self Certificates in a single semester, or if the period of absence extends to fifteen working days, you may be contacted by Student Services, the relevant Pro Dean, or by an appropriate member of staff in your School.

Completion of a Self Certificate is not an acceptable substitute for contacting your tutors well in advance if you have to be absent. Advance notice of absence is acceptable only for good reason (for example, a hospital appointment or job interview). It is your responsibility to contact the appropriate member of staff to complete any remedial work necessary.

If you are an international student (non-EEA nationals only), you will be affected by recent changes introduced by the UK in relation to immigration rules and visas. The University is now legally bound to report to the UKVI any student who fails to enrol on a module or programme of study, or who fails to attend, or who discontinues their studies.

## **Disability Support**

If you require support for disability reasons, for example teaching and exam arrangements, please contact the Disability Team in Student Services who can provide support for a wide range of disabilities such as learning difficulties, visual and hearing impairments, mobility difficulties, Asperger's, mental health, long standing medical condition and much more.

## **Basic Readings**

GREGORY Gregory, Ian N., and Paul S. Ell, eds. *Historical GIS: Technologies, Methodologies, and Scholarship*. Cambridge Studies in Historical Geography, no. 39. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2008. Library ebook

LÜNEN Lünen, Alexander von, Charles Travis, eds. *History and GIS: Epistemologies, Considerations and Reflections.*Dordrecht; New York: Springer, 2013. Library ebook

BODENHAMER Bodenhamer, David J., John Corrigan, Trevor M. Harris, eds. *The Spatial Humanities: GIS and the Future of Humanities Scholarship*. Bloomington: Indiana University Press, 2010. Library ebook

Gregory, Ian N., and Alistair Geddes. *Toward Spatial Humanities: Historical GIS and Spatial History*. Indiana University Press, 2014.

Knowles, Anne Kelly, and Amy Hillier. *Placing History: How Maps, Spatial Data, and GIS Are Changing Historical Scholarship.* ESRI, Inc., 2008.

Bodenhamer, David J., John Corrigan, and Trevor M. Harris. *Deep Maps and Spatial Narratives*. Indiana University Press, 2015.

Spatial History Project at Stanford University

The Historical GIS Research Network

# Week 1 - History in Practice - Strategies for Research in Transnational History

In this first week we will speak more generally about research in transnational history. As is clear from this handbook, our emphasis in this course is on a small set of skills related to databases, networks, mapping, and GIS which each require far more time than a single module can offer for any degree of significant mastery.

In this session, however, we will speak more broadly of the range of tools and skills that are useful to historians, and especially transnational and spatial historians. These are by no means limited to the realm of computer software and technologically advanced methodologies. We will explore some of the variety of challenges are particularly common to projects which deal with multiple scales, archives in multiple languages, and require careful organisation and note taking practices.

We will then go on to discuss the cluster of practices and problems that represent the evolving field of the "digital humanities" and how this module may be seen as representing a part of it. We will revisit this topic again in weeks 6 and 11, when we will be introduced to critiques and reflections within the field.

During class we will have a look at some of the kinds of tasks that can be made easier by learning a bit more on the technological front. For this we will browse through the lessons at the Programming Historian

## Week 2 - Introduction to Historical GIS

This week will explore the development of Historical GIS, but more broadly the analysis of geographic data within the humanities in general, as well as some of its basic approaches and promise. We will discuss Franco Moretti as one example of an experimental application in literature, and together spend some time examining and critiquing various more recent projects online.

We will set aside time this week to discuss the first project assessment, and some potential topics and sources that you may consider using for the assessment.

Spatial History Project, Richard White What is Spatial History?

Spatial History Project, Stanford University Gallery of Projects

Moretti, Franco. Atlas of the European Novel, 1800-1900

GREGORY Ch 1 "GIS and its role in historical research: an introduction" 1-19 Ch 5 "Using GIS to visualise historical data" 89-118

LÜNEN Ch 1 "Beyond GIS: Geospatial Technologies and the Future of History" 1-15

#### **Further Reading**

GREGORY Ch 3, 4

Tom Elliot and Sean Gillies "Digital Geography and the Classics" Digital Humanities Quarterly

## Week 3 - Introduction to QGIS

We will open today with a discussion of some basic GIS terminology, concepts, and the components which are required for using GIS software. We will also examine some of the range of tools, free and not free which can be used as desktop software, but also through a range of online tools for working with geographic data, creating rich maps with this data, and in more advanced software, carry out analysis on these geodata sets. We will discuss ways of finding and creating your own geodata, including some of the strategies for searching online for high quality datasets.

We will set aside class time to further talk about the first assessment, the expectations and share thoughts on what you wish to do in this regard.

## Reading

Continuing from last week, please read as much as you can from BODENHAMER Intro,  $\operatorname{Ch} 4, 6, 7$ , and  $\operatorname{10}$ 

#### Preparation

Please come to class having installed QGIS: QGIS Download and Installation

In class we will together work through a few of the tutorials at Mapping and GIS for Historians

### Reference Reading

Graser, Anita. Learning QGIS 2.0. Packt Publishing Ltd, 2013.

## Week 4 - QGIS - Historical Maps and Geo-referencing

Our goal in this second hands-on QGIS session is to discuss the art and challenges of georeferencing. This is the process of assigning coordinates in physical space to, in our case, locations on a historical map. We will learn how to carry this out to prepare a map in GIS software such as QGIS so that we may add layers that extract locations or objects on that map, both at large scales and small ones.

Mapping and GIS for Historians - Please continue doing tutorials on our tutorial website, at least through tutorial 6

#### Reading

"Lyons, the Spatial Analysis of a City in the 17th and 18th Centuries. Locating and Crossing Data in a GIS Built from Written Sources" in Rau, Susanne, Ekkehard Schönherr, eds. *Mapping Spatial Relations, Their Perceptions and Dynamics: The City Today and in the Past. Lecture Notes in Geoinformation and Cartography*. Cham; New York: Springer, 2014. Library ebook

Hill, Linda L. Georeferencing: The Geographic Associations of Information. Digital Libraries and Electronic Publishing. Cambridge, Mass: MIT Press, 2006, Ch 1 "Laying the Groundwork" Library ebook

#### **Further Reading**

Hill, Georeferencing, Ch 5 Library ebook

## Week 5 - Map Design and Deployment Techniques

This week is closer to cartography and moves beyond GIS software. We will discuss some of the principles of creating maps that are visually effective, maps that tell stories, and some basic elements and techniques. We will discuss the world of map editing beyond GIS software, using vector based software, whether the

open-source application Inkscape, or commercial software such as Adobe Illustrator. We will discuss the relative benefits of working within QGIS and then editing or deploying your maps after some editing in another graphics application, or, when simple maps are all that are needed, working directly with a graphics application, or an online tool.

A portion of class time will be set aside to talk to show each other what progress you have made in your own QGIS project, what map layers you have created or combined, what maps you have georeferenced, and you will have a chance to receive feedback.

## Preparation

Please continue and complete the tutorials at Mapping and GIS for Historians

Please attempt to install Inkscape on your laptop. Don't worry if this is unsuccessful but it will be nice if at least some students attend class with a functioning version.

Have a look at the Wikipedia entry for SVG

Take a look at this example of a highly detailed SVG map:

#### Holy Roman Empire in 1648

If you successfully installed Inkscape or have a copy of another SVG compatible graphics application, download and open the map in the application.

#### Reference Reading

Slocum, Terry A., Robert B. McMaster, Fritz C. Kessler, and Hugh H. Howard. *Thematic Cartography and Geovisualization*. 3 edition. Pearson, 2013.

Tufte, Edward R. The Visual Display of Quantitative Information. Graphics Press, 2001.

## Week 6 - Thinking With/Against Maps and Geographical Information

For several weeks now we have been learning some very basic skills in QGIS and mapping. The promise of using GIS software for mapping, and the more advanced geographical analysis that becomes possible with it should be apparent. However, this week we will shift to think more critically about some of the epistemological challenges that it presents and what limitations there are for historical GIS and geographic analysis of a quantitative kind when applied to spatial history.

We will set aside time towards the end of this seminar to talk about the second assessment for this module. We will discuss ways to build on existing work done on the QGIS project and essay or ways to shift to another project for the Database/Visualization assessment that may be useful in your disssertation research, for example.

"Elements of Historical Knowledge About Urban Spaces: Reflections on the Requirements for a Dynamic Map" in Rau, Susanne, Ekkehard Schönherr, eds. *Mapping Spatial Relations, Their Perceptions and Dynamics: The City Today and in the Past. Lecture Notes in Geoinformation and Cartography.* Cham; New York: Springer, 2014. Library ebook

LÜNEN Charles Travis "GIS and History: Epistemologies, Reflections, and Considerations" 173-194

Joanna Drucker "GIS Analysis and Critical Issues" \* Please attempts the exercises Drucker offers here.

Joanna Drucker "Humanities Approaches to Graphical Display"

# **Further Reading**

Jobst, Markus, eds. Preservation in Digital Cartography: Archiving Aspects. Berlin; London: Springer, 2010.

## Week 7 - Prosopography and Networks in the Humanities

This week begins with a more historical approach. The study of large groups of individuals, or individual objects, along with the network of relationships between them is very old in the practice of history. It was traditionally the field known as "prosopography" which we will examine more closely today, and analyse some of the decisions made in the course of developing the large databases behind some of these projects.

We will set aside class time to see what progress you have made towards a topic for the second assessment and what kinds of data you have begun to assemble for the database and visualizations.

### Preparation

Please visit and look over the following websites:

Prosopography Research

Domesday - Prosopography of Anglo-Saxon England.

Prosopography of the Byzantine World

China Biographical Database Project

#### Reading

Erickson, Bonnie H. "Social Networks and History: A Review Essay." *Historical Methods: A Journal of Quantitative and Interdisciplinary History* 30, no. 3 (January 1, 1997): 149–57. doi:10.1080/01615449709601182.

#### Reference

Historical Network Research - Bibliography

# Week 8 - Developing a Network Database

This week we'll discuss some of the background of what needs to be thought about prior to the creation of a database and some of the challenges at the outset. The basics of what a relational database is, and how it has come to dominate, until very recently, almost everything you interact with online. This week we will also have a closer look at some existing databases, how, they are structured, and what happens when you interact with them. We will also discuss how prosopographical efforts and biographical or event databases are now a key part of linking to heuristic map making and GIS analysis.

Peter Bol "GIS, Prosopography, and History"

Lemercier, Claire. "Formal Network Methods in History: Why and How?," December 7, 2011.

Harvey, Charles, and Jon Press. Databases in Historical Research: Theory, Methods and Applications. Macmillan, 1996, selections.

## Week 9 - Introduction to Tools for Database Development

This week we will begin developing our own database, primarily with the software known as LibreOffice Base, and open source alternative to the desktop database software Microsoft Access. We will first construct a database using some example data, but then approach it with some of our own data. In addition, we will review your results from carrying out the below tutorial, using another approach to database creation and visualization from the Programming Historian.

Attempt this tutorial at the Programming Historian:

From Hermeneutics to Data to Networks: Data Extraction and Network Visualization of Historical Sources

#### Reference

LibreOffice Base Manual

The Frugal Computer Guy Tutorials for Libre Office Base

#### **Further Reading**

Moretti, Franco. Graphs, Maps, Trees: Abstract Models for Literary History. Verso, 2007.

# Week 10 - Introduction to Tools for Social Network Visualisation and Analysis

This week we will talk about the kinds of tools available for visualizing networks, small and large. We will take a closer look at the open source software called Gephi and, using some sample data, will discuss what benefits rich network visualizations with the software might offer. Some of our readings for this week continue the broader background in the scholarship on Social Network Analysis

## Reading

#### "Demystifying Networks"

Wetherell, Charles. "Historical Social Network Analysis." *International Review of Social History* 43, no. Supplement S6 (December 1998): 125–44. doi:10.1017/S0020859000115123.

Cherven, Ken. Mastering Gephi Network Visualization. Packt Publishing Ltd, 2015, selections

Wasserman, Stanley, and Katherine Faust. Social Network Analysis: Methods and Applications. Cambridge; New York: Cambridge University Press, 1994, selections

#### Reference Reading

Hanneman, Robert A., Augustine J. Kposowa, and Mark D. Riddle. *Basic Statistics for Social Research.* 1 edition. San Francisco, CA: John Wiley & Sons, 2012.

Robert A. Hanneman and Mark Riddle Introduction to social network methods Online textbook

#### **Examples of Research on Networks**

Lindner, Ulrike. "Transnational Movements between Colonial Empires: Migrant Workers from the British Cape Colony in the German Diamond Town of Lüderitzbucht." European Review of History: Revue Europeenne D'histoire 16, no. 5 (2009): 679–95.

David S. Lux and Harold J. Cook, 'Closed Circles or Open Networks? Communicating at a distance during the scientific revolution', History of Science 36 (1998): 179-211.

James Secord, 'Knowledge in Transit', Isis 95 (2004): 654-672

Rodogno, Davide, Bernhard Struck, and Jakob Vogel, eds. Shaping the Transnational Sphere: Experts,

Networks and Issues from the 1840s to the 1930s. New York: Berghahn Books, 2014. (Introduction)

Jasanoff, Maya. Liberty's Exiles: How the Loss of America Made the British Empire. London: Harper-Press, 2011.

John Law, 'On the methods of long-distance control: vessels, navigation and the Portuguese route to India', in John Law (ed.), Power, Action and Belief. A New Sociology of Knowledge? (London, 1986), pp. 234-263. Not in library, but available to download here

David Livingstone, Putting Science in its Place: Geographies of Scientific Knowledge (Chicago, 2003), Chapter 1 'A Geography of Science?' and Chapter 4 'Circulation: Movements of Science'.

Bruno Latour, 'The Powers of Association', in John Law (ed.), Power, Action and Belief. A New Sociology of Knowledge? (London, 1986), pp. 264-280.

Pierre-Yves Saunier, 'Circulations, connexions et espaces transnationaux', Genèses 57 (2004), 110-126

# Week 11 - Epistemologies of Quantification and the Critical Digital Humanities

This week we will again step back and reflect on some of the risks and theoretical problems with heavily quantitative approaches. We will discuss some of the literature on this in the "critical digital humanities" and then ask ourselves how our own projects for this module faced these issues.

#### Reading

Schmidt, Benjamin M. "Theory First." Journal of Digital Humanities, March 9, 2012.

Gibbs, Fred. "Critical Discourse in Digital Humanities." Journal of Digital Humanities, March 9, 2012.

Joanna Drucker, "Humanistic Theory and Digital Scholarship" in Gold, Matthew K., eds. *Debates in the Digital Humanities*. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press, 2012. Library ebook

Folsom, Ed. "Database as Genre: The Epic Transformation of the Archives,]()"

Lev Manovich "Database as a Symbolic Form"

Burdick, Anne, Johanna Drucker, Peter Lunenfeld, Todd Presner, and Jeffrey Schnapp. *Digital\_Humanities*. The MIT Press, 2012, selections.