Durham University MATH1541 Statistics Exercise Sheet 16

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1 Q1

1.1 With Main Outliers

Let differences be denoted d: $\bar{d}=2.55,\,s_d=4.7117,\,n_d=15.$

 $H_0: \mu_d = 0, H_a: \mu_d \neq 0, \alpha = 5\%$ (two-tailed)

The critical values for the t_{n-1} test in this case are thus the 0.025 values from the tails of t_{14} distribution. These values are ± 2.1448 .

We calculate the test statistic, t, as follows:

$$t = \frac{\bar{d} - \mu_d}{\frac{s_d}{\sqrt{n_d}}}$$

$$t = \frac{2.55 - 0}{\frac{4.7117}{\sqrt{15}}}$$

$$t = 2.0961$$

We can go about checking the significance of the test statistic in one of many ways, but the most straightforward is to compare it to the critical value. Since t < 2.1448, we fail to reject the null hypothesis at the 5% significance level - the evidence does not suggest $\mu_d \neq 0$.

1.2 Assumptions

To make this a valid test, we must assume:

- Each observation is independent
- Each observation is selected with a simple random sample
- The original distribution of the plant heights is reasonably Normal (incl. no outliers and little to no skew)

1.3 Without Main Outliers

There are three outliers in the data set - two are contained in the cross-fertilised portion, while one is in the self-fertilised. The two cross-fertilised outliers are further from the lower outlier limit (17.65625, calculated as $Q_2 - 1.5 \cdot IQR$) for the cross-fertilised data than the other outlier is from the self-fertilised limit, as well as being absolutely lower than the other outlier. Therefore, they and their corresponding self-fertilised data points have been omitted.

Let differences be denoted d: $\bar{d} = 4.0481$, $s_d = 2.7260$, $n_d = 13$. $H_0: \mu_d = 0, H_a: \mu_d \neq 0, \alpha = 5\%$ (two-tailed)

The critical values for the t_{n-1} test in this case are thus the 0.025 values from the tails of t_{12} distribution. These values are ± 2.1788 .

We calculate the test statistic, t, as follows:

$$t = \frac{\bar{d} - \mu_d}{\frac{s_d}{\sqrt{n_d}}}$$
$$t = \frac{4.0481 - 0}{\frac{2.7260}{\sqrt{13}}}$$
$$t = 5.3542$$

We can go about checking the significance of the test statistic in one of many ways, but the most straightforward is to compare it to the critical value. Since t>2.1788, we reject the null hypothesis at the 5% significance level - the evidence does not suggest $\mu_d=0$.