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In [ ]: ## Template
import random

class Card:
    def __init__(self, value, suite):
        self.value = value
        self.suite = suite

    def __str__(self):
        return f"{self.value} of {self.suite}"

    def __eq__(self, other):
        """Check if two cards are the same"""
        # -- YOUR CODE HERE --
        #compare value then compare suite
        #if(self.value==other.value and self.suite==other.suite):
            #then they are equal
        return (self.value==other.value and self.suite==other.suite)

class CardSet:
    def __init__(self):
        self.cards = []

    def view(self):
        for card in self.cards:
            print(card)

    def add_cards(self, cards):
        """Add cards to your set"""
        # -- YOUR CODE HERE --
        #use append
        self.cards.append(cards)

class Deck(CardSet):
    def __init__(self):
        """Initialize the 52-card set. Start from 1-10, then Jack, Queen, King, then by suite: clubs, spades, hearts, diamonds"""
        cards = []
        # -- YOUR CODE HERE --
        #declare list of values
        value=['1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', '10', 'Jack', 'Queen', 'King']
        suite=['clubs', 'spades', 'hearts', 'diamonds']

        #generate list of 52 cards
        #declare empty list
        cards=[]
        card_count=1
        for j in suite:
            for i in value:

                #declare the name variable
                name="Card"+str(card_count)

                #iterate the card counter
                card_count+=1

                #use locals() function to make dynamic variable names instead of manually creating 52 card objects
                locals()[name]=Card(i,j)

                #add to the list
                cards.append(locals()[name])

            #
            #remarks:
            #I realize now that I did not need to use variable names to add the Card Object to the list
            #For now I will keep it since it does not break any of the functions
            #

        self.cards = cards

    def count_cards(self):
        print("Cards Left: "+ str(len(self.cards)))

    def shuffle(self, seed=None):
        random.seed(seed)
        random.shuffle(self.cards)

    def peek(self, number=5):
        """Show the top n cards of the stack. This is analogous to getting the last n cards then reversing it."""
        # -- YOUR CODE HERE --

        #Recall: "Top of the cards" refers to the end of the list
        #Therefore "Top card"=cards[-1]

        #add if-case for when cards are less than 5

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    if(len(self.cards)<5):
        number=len(self.cards)

    #initialize counter and list
    p_count=0
    peak=[]

    #while loop keeps count of how many cards is to be peaked
    while p_count<number:
        p_count+=1

        #the end of the list will be appended to peak[]
        #iterates backwards up to n times
        peak.append(self.cards[p_count*-1])

    #print the top n cards
    for i in peak: print(i)

    #return peak list
    return(peak)

def draw(self, cardset, number=5):
    """Transfer the top n cards of the red stack to your cardset."""
    # -- YOUR CODE HERE --
    #Solution: use peek solution, but append() and remove() from the list as necessary

    #add if-case for when cards are less than 5
    if(len(self.cards)<5):
        number=len(self.cards)

    #initialize counter and list
    p_count=0

    #while loop keeps count of how many cards is to be peaked
    while p_count<number:
        p_count+=1

        #the end of the list will be added using object function
        #because of removal, index [-1] can simply be repeated every loop
        cardset.add_cards(self.cards.pop(-1))

def add_cards(self):
    pass

if __name__ == "__main__":
    seed, hand, peek = input().split(",")

    myDeck = Deck()
    handA = CardSet()
    handB = CardSet()

    myDeck.shuffle(int(seed))

    for x in range(1,3):
        print(f"\nRound {x}:")

        myDeck.draw(handA, int(hand))
        myDeck.draw(handB, int(hand))

        print("Hand A: ")
        handA.view()
        print("Hand B: ")
        handB.view()

    myDeck.count_cards()
    if(x == 1):
        print(f"\n{peek} Cards at the top: ")
        myDeck.peak(int(peek))

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