# HARVARD SUMMER SCHOOL Building Dynamic Websites

Computer Science S-75

Section 8

SQL Injection, XSS, XSRF, exec()

#### Download the Code

git clone http://bitbucket.org/gerbercj/section8.git

#### **SQL** Injection

What's the issue here?

```
$stmt = $dbh->query(
  sprintf('SELECT 1 FROM users
          WHERE id='%s' AND pwd='%s'
         ), $user, $pwd
  );
What if $pwd="" OR "=""
What if $user="';DROP TABLE users;"
```

### **Cross-Site Scripting**

What is the issue here?

## **Cross-Site Request Forgery**

#### What is the issue here?

```
$stmt = $dbh->prepare(
   'INSERT INTO portfolios (id, symbol, shares),
   VALUES (:id,:symbol,:shares));
$stmt->bindValue(':id', $ SESSION['id']);
$stmt->bindValue(':symbol', $ GET['symbol']);
$stmt->bindValue(':shares', $GET['shares']);
$stmt->execute();
What if I then visit a page with this:
<script src="http://section8/buy.php?</pre>
symbol=GOOG&shares=1000"></script>
```

# exec()

#### What is the issue here?

```
if (isset($_POST['cmd']))
    exec($_POST['cmd'],$output);
What if run this:
wget -q0- http://section8/exec.php
--post-data="cmd=whoami"
```

#### Things to Remember...

- Escape your SQL parameters
  - mysql\_real\_escape\_string()
  - PDO::prepare() / PDO::bindValue() / PDO::exec()
- Escape strings being displayed as HTML
  - htmlspecialchars()
- Confirm important transactions
  - Malicious sites can trick users into performing actions with their session cookies
- POST parameters are not safer than GET
  - Users can construct POST requests manually