20-6-29 번역과 실행

```
🗓 ch03ex01.java 🗯 🔑 ch03ex02.java
  1 package a20_6_29;
 3 public class ch03ex01 {
        //접근지정자(public, protected, private)
 5
        //public는 어디에서 누구든지 공개한다
       public static void main(String[] args) {
 6
 7
       //자바소스파일(ch03ex01.java)
       //1)번역기(컴파일compile)===>javac.exe===
 8
       //바이너리파일(ch03ex01.class)
 9
10
       //2)실행기===>java.exe====
       //결과가 화면나옴
11
       System.out.println("바보");
12
13
14
15
16 }
17
```

복습

```
🗓 ch03ex01.java 🔑 *ch03ex02.java 🖂
       public static void main(String args[]) {
 3∘
           int a=10, b=3; //정수형(byte,short,long)
 4
 5
           double c; //실수형(float)
 6
           char x;
 7
           String name;
           boolean t;
 9
           System.out.println(a*b);
           System.out.println(a/b);
10
11
           System.out.println(a/(double) b);
12
           System.out.println(a%b);
13
           a++; //a=a+1, a++, ++a
14
           b--; //b=b-1, b--, --b
15
           a=a+b; // a+=b 축약형
           System.out.println(a+","+b);
16
17
                       //교체를 위한 변수
           int z;
18
           z=a:
19
           a=b;
20
           b=z;
21
           System.out.println(a+","+b);
1 package a20_6_29;
```

```
3 public class ch03ex03 {
40
       public static void main(String[] args) {
           int a=12, b=4;
 5
 6
           int c,d,e,f;
           c=a^b; //xor(두비트가 다르면 1, 같으면 0) 두비트의 합
 7
 8
           d=a<<2;
 9
           e=a>>2;
10
           f=~a;
11
12
13
       }
14
15 }
16
```

```
🚺 ch03ex03.java 🖂
 1 package a20_6_29;
 3 public class ch03ex03 {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
 5
           int a=12, b=4;
 6
           int c,d,e,f;
 7
           c=a^b; //xor(두비트가 다르면 1, 같으면 0) 두비트의 합
 8
           d=a<<3; //왼쪽으로 3비트 이동 ---
 9
           e=a>>3; //오른쪽으로 3비트 이동
                      //1의보수+1 (2의보수) 이 00 0 0 0 0 ( 1 1
           f=~a+1;
10
11
           System.out.println(c);
12
           System.out.println(d);
13
           System.out.println(e);
14
           System.out.println(f);
15
16
       }
                                   |1 \times 1^{3} = |2 \times
17
18 }
19
```

3항연산자를 이용하여 최대값을 구하기

```
1 package a20_6_29;
 2
 3 public class ch03ex04 {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
 40
5
           int a=10, b=30, c=90, max;
 6
           max=(a>b)?a:b;
7
           max=(max>c)?max:c;
           System.out.print1n("최대값="+max);
 8
 9
10
       }
11
12 }
13
```

```
☐ ch03ex03.java ☐ ch03ex04.java 🔀
                                                          ■C⊠ »
                                                          = × ×
 1 package a20_6_29;
                                                          3 import java.util.Scanner;
                                                          90
                                                          20
 5 public class ch03ex04 {
                                                          100
       public static void main(String[] args) {
 6
                                                          최대값=100
 7
            int a,b,c,max;
            Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
 8
 9
            a=sc.nextInt();  
10
            b=sc.nextInt(); -
11
            c=sc.nextInt();
12
            max=(a>b)?a:b;
13
            max=(max>c)?max:c;
            System.out.println("최대값="+max);
14
15
16
       }
17
18 }
🚺 ch04ex01.java 🖂
 1 package a20_6_29;
                                                               III 34
                                                               B. 61
                                                               <u>_</u>
  3 public class ch04ex01 {
                                                               P 0
 40
        public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                               □
                                                               <terminate
```

```
5
           int x=6;
                                                        짝수
           if(x%2==0) System.out.println("짝수");
6
                                                        홀수
7
           System.out.println("홀수");
8
       }
9
10 }
```

```
», - -
                                                         ■ × ¾
 1 ackage a20 6 29;
                                                         R AT R
                                                         3 mport java.util.Scanner;
                                                         = •
                                                         □ +
                                                        <terminated>
 5 ublic class ch04ex01 {
                                                        11
      public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                        홀수군도
 7
          int num;
                                                        끝
 8
          Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
 9
          num=sc.nextInt();
10
          if(num%2==0) System.out.println("짝수군요");
11
          else System.out.println("홀수군요");
          System.out.println("끝");
12
13
      }
14
```

```
🔝 ch04ex01.java 💹 ch04ex02.java 🕄 🔃 ch04ex03.java 📝 ch03ex03.java
                                                              8 ×
 3 import java.util.Scanner;
 4 //import 자동으로 삽입하기 Ctrl + Shift + 0
                                                              F
 5 //문제) 점수를 입력받아서
                                                              F E
                                                              P9 +
 6 //90점이상이면 "A학점", 80점이상이면 "B학점"
                                                              <terminat
 7 //70점이상이면 "C학점", 60점이상이면 "D학점"
                                                              99
 8 //그외는 "F학점"출력되도록 하시오
                                                              A학점
                                                              끝
 9 public class ch04ex02 {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
10⊝
11
           int jumsu;
12
           Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
13
           jumsu=sc.nextInt();
14
           if(jumsu>=90) System.out.println("A학점");
15
           else if(jumsu>=80) System.out.println("B학점")
           else if(jumsu>=70) System.out.println("C학점")
16
17
           else if(jumsu>=60) System.out.println("D학점")
18
           else System.out.println("F학점");
19
           System.out.println("끝");
20
       }
21 }
```

```
🔃 ch04ex01.java 🔑 ch04ex02.java 🔑 ch04ex03.java 😢
                                                               = %
 1 package a20_6_29;
                                                               B. 51
                                                               =
 3 import java.util.Scanner;
                                                               =
 4
                                                               -9 →
                                                               <terminate
 5 //숫자를 입력받아서
                                                               -50
 6 //그 숫자가 양수이면 "양수", 0이면 "0", 음수이면 "음수" 출력
                                                               음수
 7 public class ch04ex03 {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
 9
            int num;
            Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
10
11
            num=sc.nextInt();
            if(num>0) System.out.println("양수");
12
13
            else if(num==0) System.out.println("0");
14
            else System.out.println("음수");
15
        }
16
17 }
```