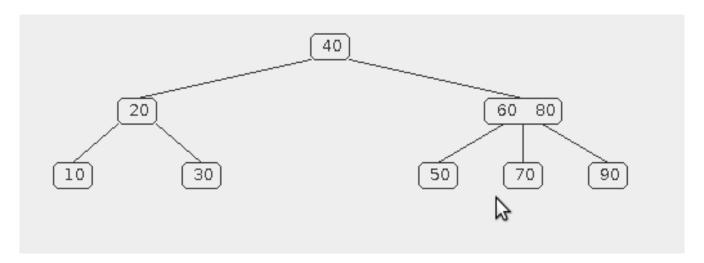
# **Supplementary Exercises: 2-4 Deletion**

Exercise #1:

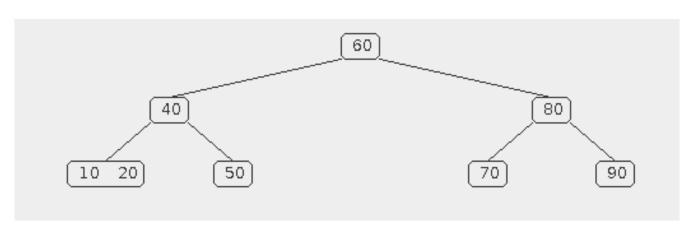
Delete **30** from the following 2-4 tree.



#### **Solution:**

- 1. Fuse 10 and empty 30 node.
- 2. Move 20 down into that fused node.
- 3. The empty 20 node borrows from its sibling.
- 4. 40 comes down, 60 moves up, and a child has to switch allegiances.

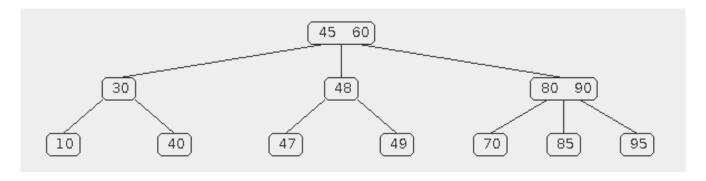
### Final 2-4 Tree:



2-4 Trees: Supplementary Deletion Examples

#### Exercise #2:

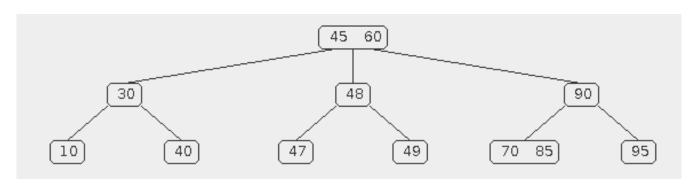
Delete **80** from the following 2-4 tree:



#### **Solution:**

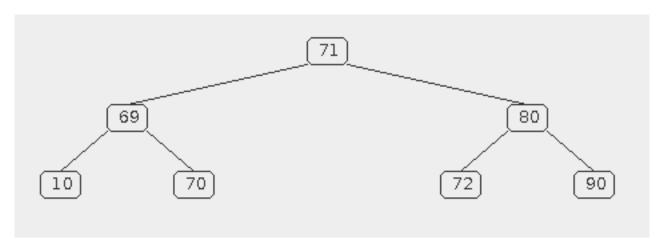
- 1. 70 moves up (max of 80's left subtree).
- 2. We now proceed as we would have if we had been deleting the original 70:
  - a. The node that once contained 70 is empty, and we cannot perform a transfer because it has no siblings with multiple values. We eliminate node by fusing it with 85.
  - b. The parent (70) moves down to take the empty position left by deleted value.

#### Final 2-4 Tree:



### Exercise #3:

Delete **10** from the following 2-4 tree:



## **Solution:**

- 1. Fuse 70 with empty 10 node.
- 2. Move 69 down into that fused node.
- 3. Fuse the now-empty node where 69 used to be located with the node where 80 is located.
- 4. Fuse 71 and 80.

### Final 2-4 Tree:

