

Hands-on Lab: Views in PostgreSQL



**Skills
Network**

Estimated time needed: 15 minutes

In this lab, you will learn how to create, execute, and materialize views in the PostgreSQL database service using the pgAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool. Materialized views behave differently compared to regular views. The result set is materialized or saved for future use in the materialized views. You can not insert, update, or delete rows like in regular views. Materialized views store the results of a database query as a separate table-like object so that someone can access the results later without having to re-run the query. As a result, materialized views can improve database performance compared to regular views.

Software used in this lab

In this lab, you will use the [PostgreSQL Database](#). PostgreSQL is a relational database management system (RDBMS) designed to store, manipulate, and retrieve data efficiently.



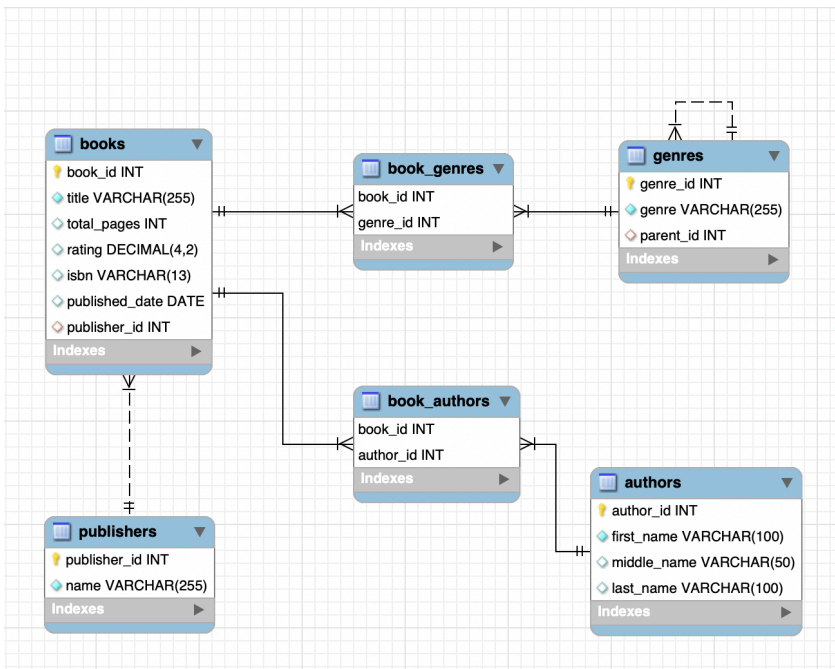
PostgreSQL

To complete this lab, you will utilize the PostgreSQL relational database service available as part of IBM Skills Network Labs (SN Labs) Cloud IDE. SN Labs is a virtual lab environment used in this course.

Database used in this lab

You will use the eBooks database in the lab.

The following ERD diagram shows the schema of the complete eBooks database used in this lab:



Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to use pgAdmin with PostgreSQL to:

- Restore a database schema and data
- Create and execute a view
- Create and execute a materialized view

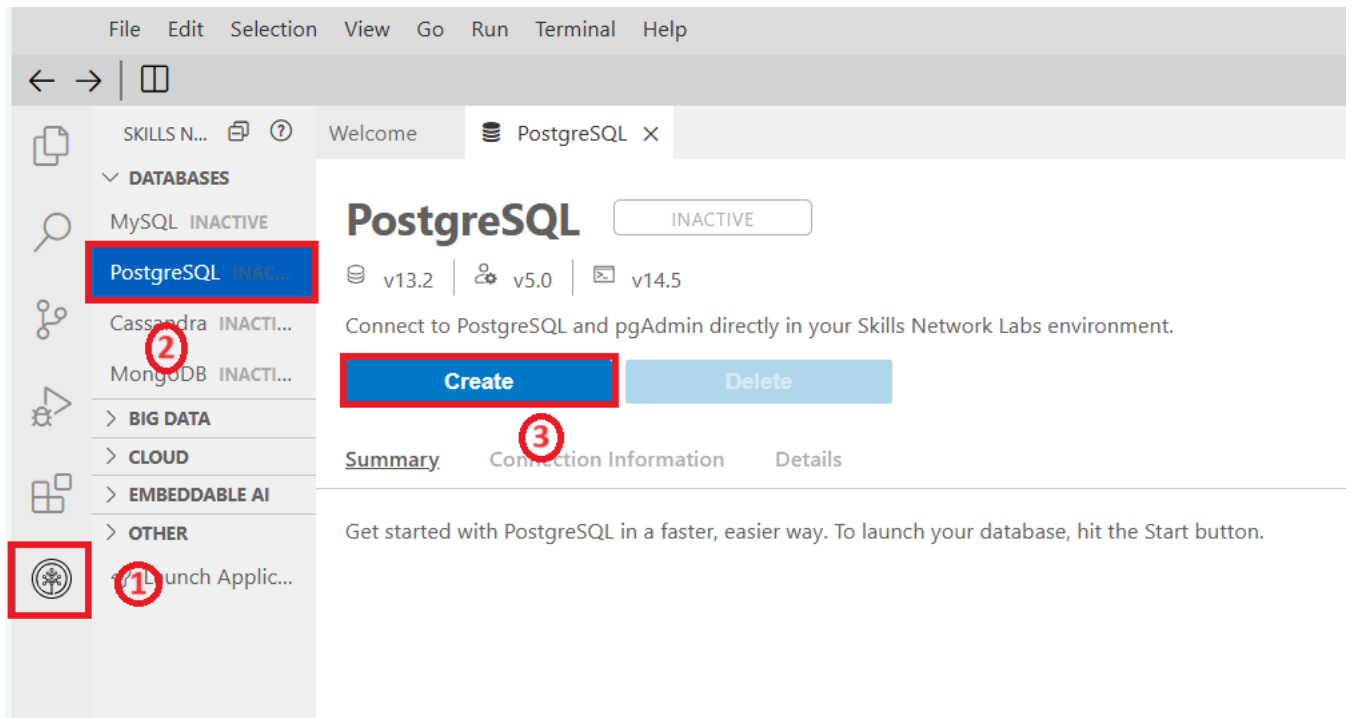
Lab structure

In this exercise, you will go through three tasks to learn how to create and execute views and materialized views in the PostgreSQL database service using the pgAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool.

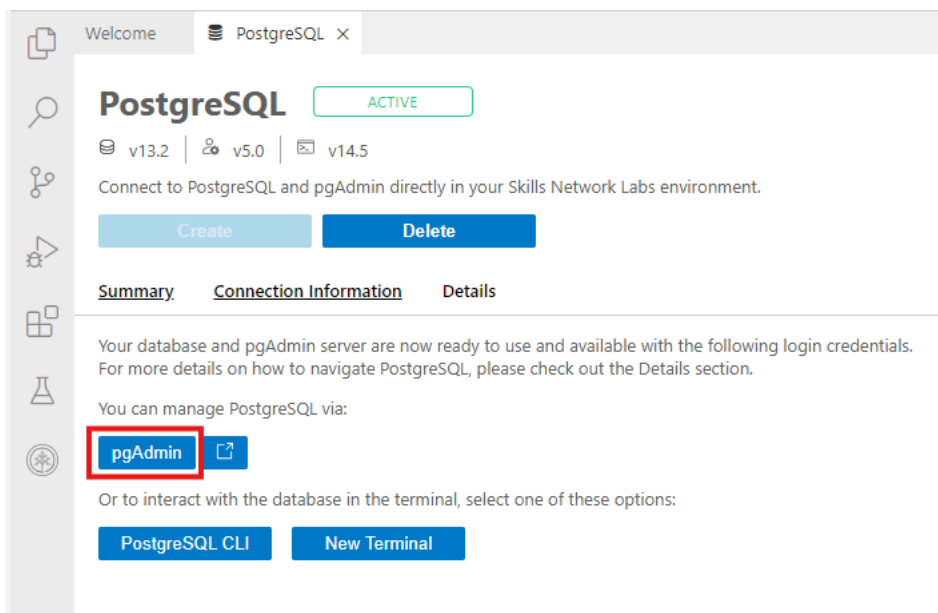
Task A: Restore a database schema and data

To get started with this lab, you will first download the relevant **eBooks** database dump file, then launch PostgreSQL and pgAdmin using the Cloud IDE. You can do this by following these steps:

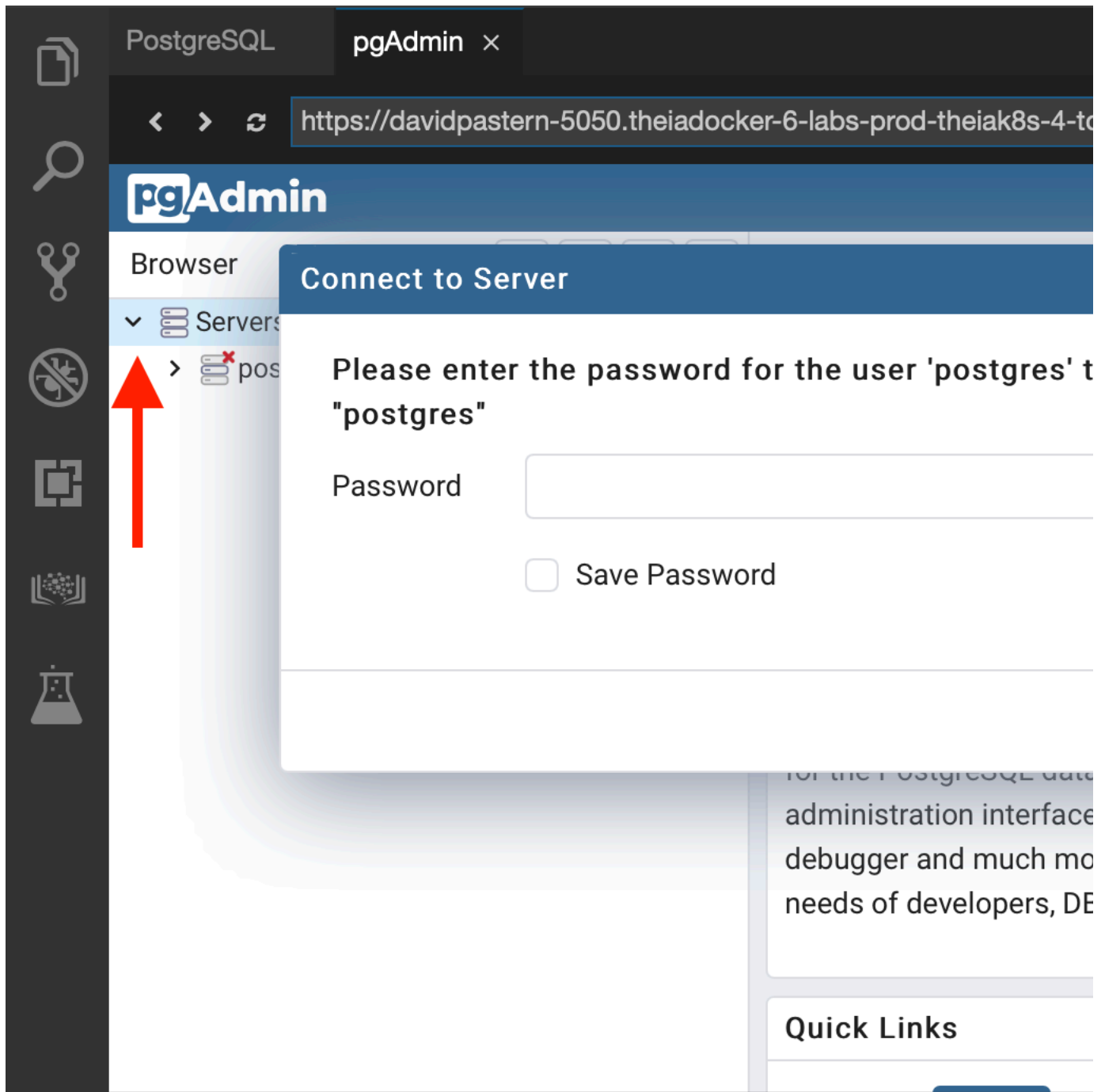
1. Download the following **eBooks** PostgreSQL dump file (containing the eBooks database schema and data) to your local computer.
 - [eBooks_psql_dump.tar](#)
2. Click the Skills Network extension button on the left side of the window.
3. Open the **DATABASES** menu and click **PostgreSQL**.
4. Click **Create**. PostgreSQL may take a few moments to start.



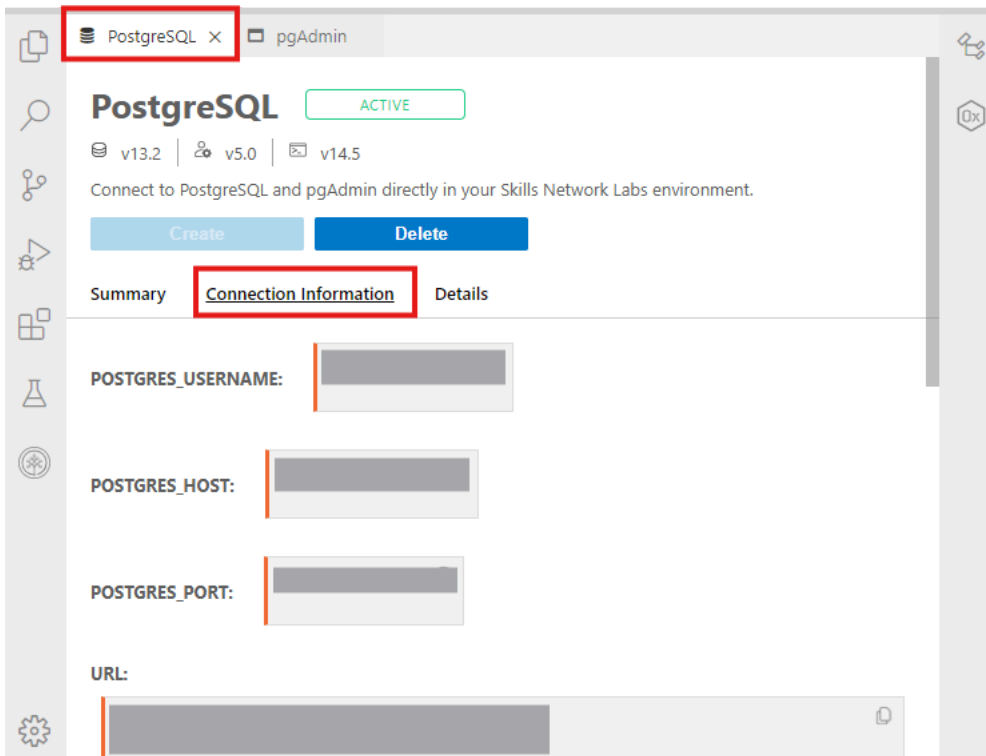
5. Next, open the pgAdmin Graphical User Interface by clicking **pgAdmin** in the Cloud IDE interface.



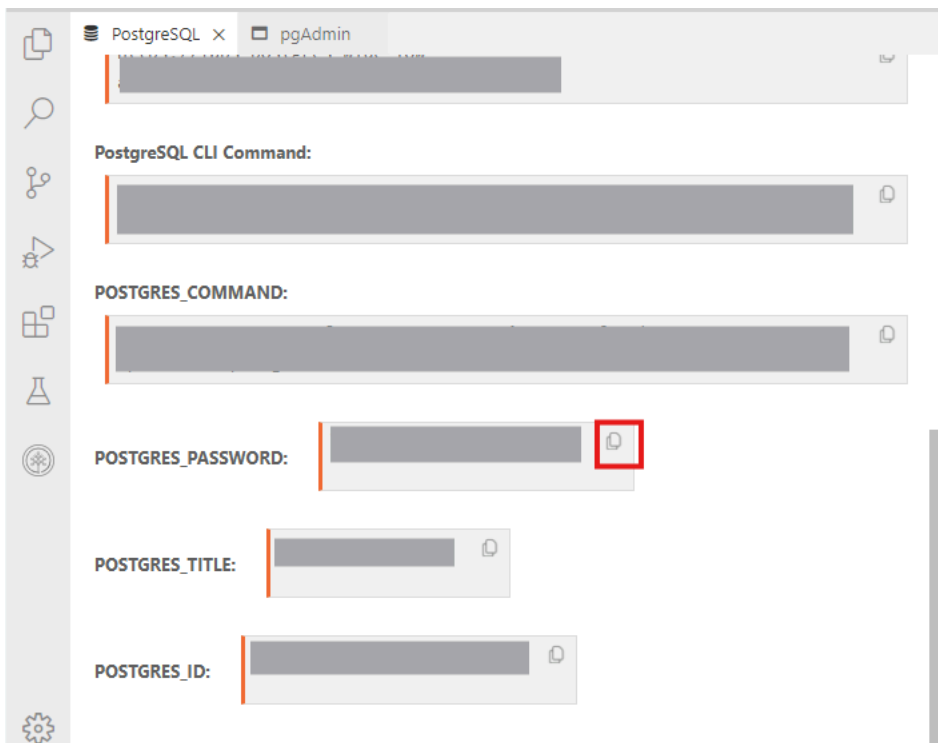
6. Once the pgAdmin GUI opens, click **Servers** tab on the left side of the page. You will be prompted to enter a password.



7. To retrieve your password, click **PostgreSQL** tab near the top of the interface and select **Connection Information** tab.



8. Scroll down and click the Copy icon on the left of your password to copy the session password onto your clipboard.



9. Navigate back to the **pgAdmin** tab and paste your password, then click **OK**.

10. You will then be able to access the pgAdmin GUI tool.



Welcome



pgAdmin
Management

Feature rich | Maximizing

pgAdmin is an Open Source administration tool designed to answer the needs of PostgreSQL users.

Quick Links

Getting Started



PostgreSQL Documentation

11. In the tree view, expand **Servers > postgres > Databases**. Enter your PostgreSQL service session password if prompted during the process. Right-click on **Databases** and go to **Create > Database**. Type **eBooks** as the database name and click **Save**.

The screenshot displays the pgAdmin 4 web interface. The top navigation bar includes the 'pgAdmin' logo and menus for 'File', 'Object', 'Tools', and 'Help'. Below this is a 'Browser' tab with icons for server, table, view, and search. The tree view on the left shows the hierarchy: 'Servers (1)' (1), 'postgres' (2), and 'Databases (1)' (3). A right-click context menu is open on 'Databases (1)', showing options like 'Create', 'Refresh...', and 'Database...'. The main panel on the right shows 'Server sessions' with a count of 7 and 'Tuples in' with a count of 1.

pgAdmin File ▾ Object ▾ Tools ▾ Help ▾

Browser 1

▾ Servers (1) 2

▾ postgres

▾ Databases (1) 3

▾ postgres

▸ Casts

▸ Catalogs

▸ Event Triggers

▸ Extensions

▸ Foreign Data Wrappers

▸ Languages

▸ Publications

▸ Schemas

▸ Subscriptions

▸ Login/Group Roles

▸ Tablespaces

Create ▸ Database...

Refresh...

Server sessions

7

4

3

2

1

0

Tuples in

1

Create - Database

General

Definition

Security

Parameters


Advanced

SQL

Database

eBooks

Owner

 postgres

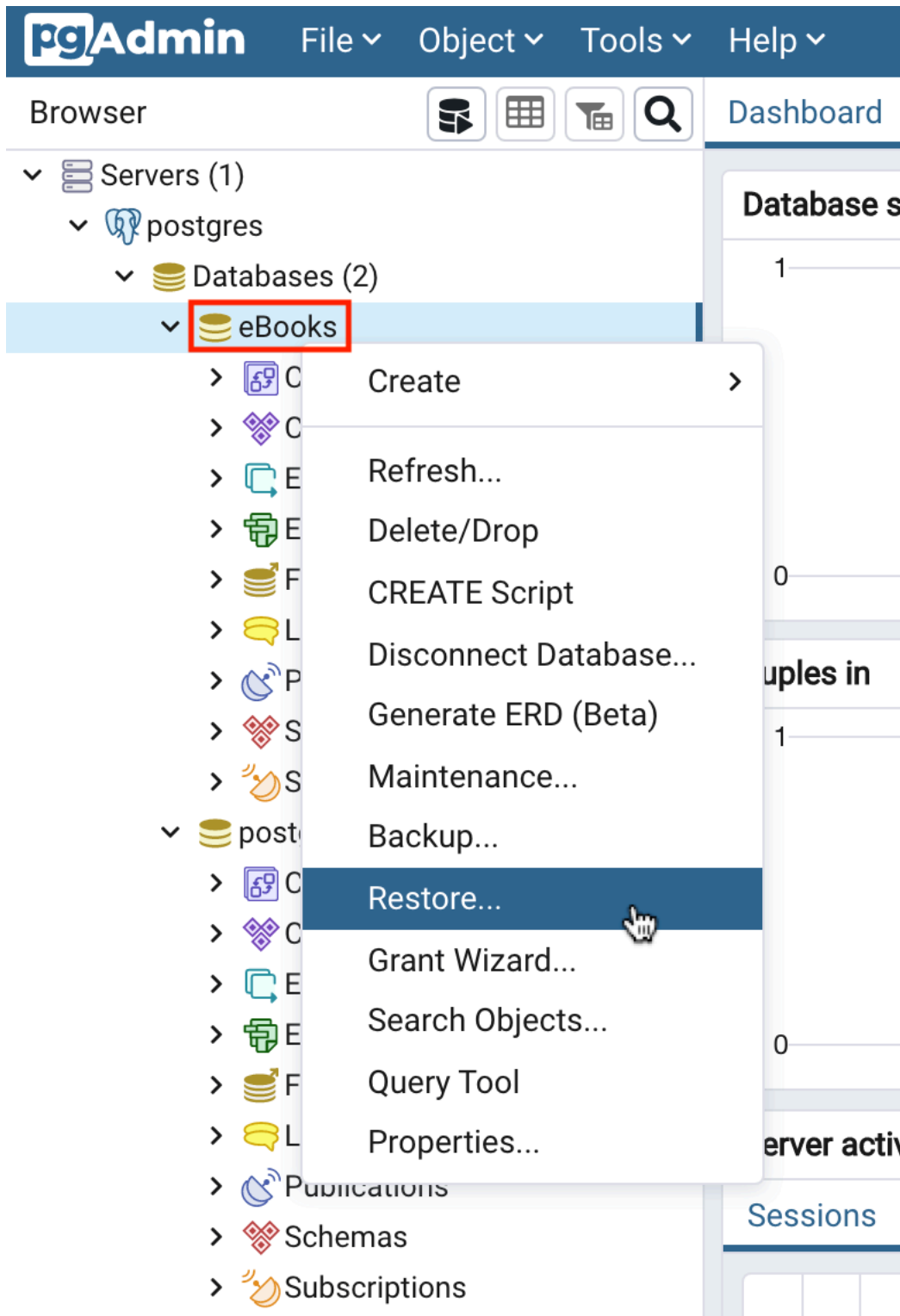
Comment

i

?

✕ Cancel

12. In the tree-view, expand **eBooks**. Right-click **eBooks** and select **Restore**.



13. Follow the instructions below to restore and proceed to Task B:
- On the **General** tab, click **Select file** by the **Filename** box.

Restore (Database: eBooks) ✕

General | Data Options | Query Options | Table Options | Options

Format: Custom or tar

Filename: ❗ 📁

Number of jobs:

Role name: Select an item...

ℹ️ ? ✕ Close ↺ Reset ⬆️ Restore

- Ensure that you upload the files to this path: `/var/lib/pgadmin/`. To do this, you can either manually navigate to the path (or) copy `/var/lib/pgadmin/`, replace `/home/` with it, and press Enter. You should then see some default files in that path, as shown below.

Select file ✕

🏠 ⬆️ `/var/lib/pgadmin/` 🔄 ⋮

Name	Date Modified	Size
📁 azurecredentialcache	Wed Sep 4 23:52:55 2024	
📄 pgadmin4.db	Thu Sep 5 11:30:52 2024	164.0 kB
📁 sessions	Thu Sep 5 11:13:23 2024	
📁 storage	Wed Sep 4 23:52:55 2024	

4 items File Format All Files ▾

✕ Cancel ✓ Select

- Click on the three dots, then select **Upload**.

Select file ✕

🏠 ⬆️ `/var/lib/pgadmin/` 🔄 ⋮

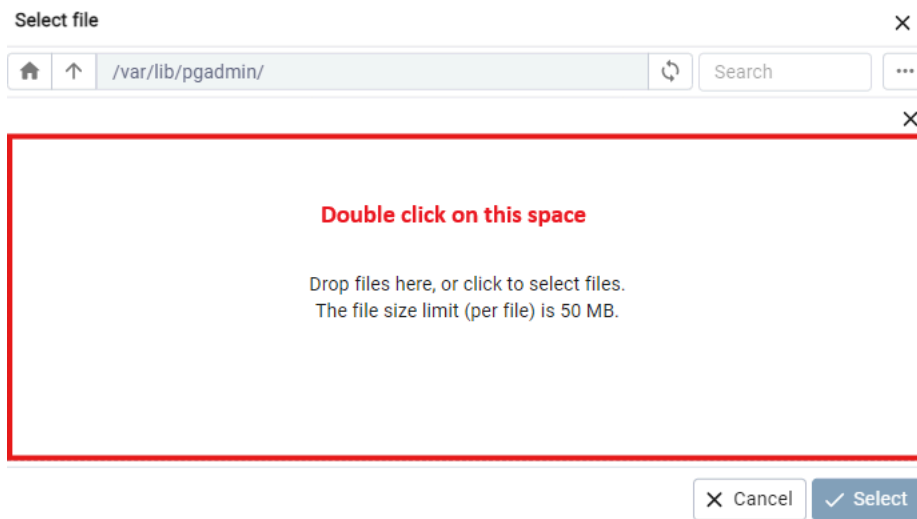
Name	Date Modified	Size
📁 azurecredentialcache	Wed Sep 4 23:52:55 2024	
📄 pgadmin4.db	Thu Sep 5 11:42:48 2024	164.0 kB
📁 sessions	Thu Sep 5 11:13:23 2024	
📁 storage	Wed Sep 4 23:52:55 2024	

Rename
Delete
Upload
✓ List View
Grid View
Show Hidden Files

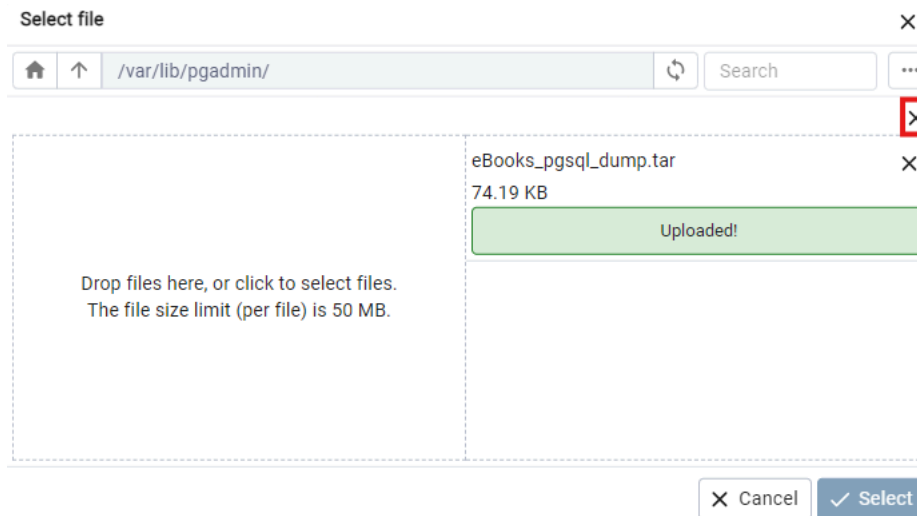
4 items File Format All Files ▾

✕ Cancel ✓ Select

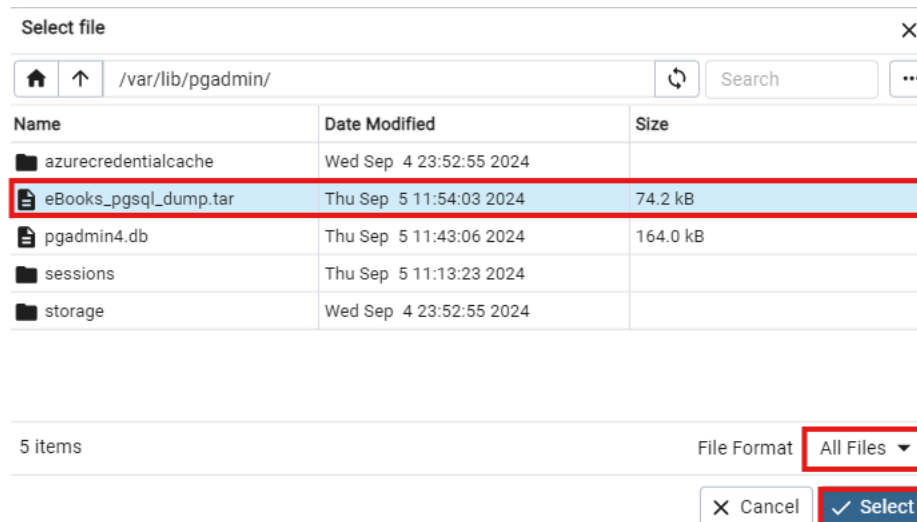
- Double-click on the drop files area and load the **eBooks_pgsql_dump.tar** you downloaded earlier on your local computer.



- When the upload is complete, close the drop files area by clicking **X**.



- Ensure **Format** is set to **All Files**, select the uploaded **eBooks_pgsql_dump.tar** file from the list, and then click **Select**.



- In the General tab, ensure the filename path matches the one shown below. If you see a different path that includes "None," modify it accordingly.

Restore (Database: eBooks) ✕

General Data Options Query Options Table Options Options

Format Custom or tar | v

Filename /var/lib/pgadmin/eBooks_pgsql_dump.tar 📁

Number of jobs

Role name Select an item... | v

i ? ✕ Close 🔄 Reset ⬆️ Restore

- Now switch to the **Options** tab. Under **Disable**, toggle on the **Triggers** option, and then click Restore.

Restore (Database: eBooks) ✕

General Data Options Query Options Table Options **Options**

Disable

Triggers ☒

Miscellaneous / Behavior

Verbose messages ☒

Use SET SESSION AUTHORIZATION ☐

Exit on error ☐

Exclude schema

i ? ✕ Close 🔄 Reset ⬆️ Restore

Task B: Create and execute a view

- In the tree-view, expand **eBooks > Schemas > public**. Right-click **Views** and go to **Create > View**.



▾ Servers (1)

▾ postgres

▾ Databases (2)

1 ▾ eBooks

> Casts

> Catalogs

> Event Triggers

> Extensions

> Foreign Data Wrappers

> Languages

> Publications

2 ▾ Schemas (1)

3 ▾ public

> Collations

> Domains

> FTS Configurations

> FTS Dictionaries

> FTS Parsers

> FTS Templates

> Foreign Tables

> Functions

> Materialized Views

> Procedures

> 1..3 Sequences

> Tables (6)

> Trigger Functions

> Types

4 ▾ Views

> Subscriptions

▾ postgres

> Casts

> Catalogs

> Event Triggers

5 Create



6 View...

Refresh...

Grant Wizard...

Search Objects

- > Extensions
- > Foreign Data Wrappers
- > Languages

Search Objects...

Query Tool

2. On the **General** tab, type **publisher_and_rating_view** as the name of the view. Then, switch to the **Code** tab.

Create - View



General

Definition

Code

Security

SQL

Name

publisher_and_rating_view

Owner

postgres

Schema

public

Comment

i

?

Cancel

Reset

Save

3. On the **Code** tab, copy and paste the following code. Then click **Save**.

```
SELECT books.title, books.rating, publishers.name
FROM books INNER JOIN publishers ON books.publisher_id = publishers.publisher_id
```

Create - View

General

Definition

Code

Security

SQL

```
1 SELECT books.title, books.rating, publishers.name
2 FROM books INNER JOIN publishers ON books.publisher_id = p
3
```

i

?

4. In the tree view, expand **Views**. Right-click **publisher_and_rating_view** and go to **View/Edit Data > All Rows**.

Browser



Dashboard

Properties

▾ Servers (1)

▾ postgres

▾ Databases (2)

▾ eBooks

> Casts

> Catalogs

> Event Triggers

> Extensions

> Foreign Data Wrappers

> Languages

> Publications

▾ Schemas (1)

▾ public

> Collations

> Domains

> FTS Configurations

> FTS Dictionaries

> FTS Parsers

> FTS Templates

> Foreign Tables

> Functions

> Materialized Views

> Procedures

> Sequences

> Tables (6)

> Trigger Functions

> Types

1 ▾ Views (1)

2 ▾ publisher_and_rating_view

> Columns

> Rules

> Triggers

> Subscriptions

Create

Refresh...

Delete/Drop

Database sessions

1

0

Tuples in

18

16

14

12

10

8

6

4

2

0

Server activity

Sessions

Locks

			PID
✖	■	▶	83

▼

postgres

>

Casts

>

Catalogs

>

Event Triggers

>

Extensions

>

Foreign Data Wrappers

>

Languages

>

Publications

Drop Cascade

Scripts

3 View/Edit Data

Search Objects...

Query Tool

Properties...

4 All Roles

First Role

Last Role

Filter Roles

5. You will access the view you created. This action allows you to access and view the tables in your database.

public.publisher_and_rating_view/eBooks/postgres@postgres

Query Editor

Query History

1 SELECT * FROM public.publisher_and_rating_view

2

Data Output

Explain

Messages

Notifications

	title character varying (255)	rating numeric (4,2)	name character varying (255)
1	Lean Software Development: ...	4.17	Addison Wesley
2	Facing the Intelligence Explosi...	3.87	Machine Intelligence Research
3	Scala in Action	3.74	Manning
4	Patterns of Software: Tales fr...	3.84	Oxford University Press, USA
5	Anatomy Of LISP	4.43	McGraw-Hill
6	Computing machinery and int...	4.17	MSAC Philosophy Group
7	XML: Visual QuickStart Guide	3.66	Peachpit Press
8	SQL Cookbook	3.95	O'Reilly Media
9	The Apollo Guidance Comput...	4.29	Praxis Publications Inc
10	Minds and Computers: An Intr...	3.54	Edinburgh University Press
11	The Architecture of Symbolic ...	4.50	McGraw-Hill
12	Nmap Network Scanning: The...	4.32	Nmap Project
13	The It Handbook for Business:...	4.40	Createspace Independent Pub
14	Accidental Empires	4.00	Harper
15	Introducing HTML5	3.97	New Riders Publishing

Task C: Create and execute a materialized view

1. In the tree view, expand **eBooks** > **Schemas** > **public**. Right-click **Materialized Views** and go to **Create** > **Materialized View**.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin interface with the following elements:

- Top Bar:** pgAdmin logo, File, Object, Tools, Help menus.
- Browser Panel:**
 - Servers (1) > postgres > Databases (2) > **1 eBooks** (highlighted with a red box and number 1).
 - Under eBooks:
 - Casts
 - Catalogs
 - Event Triggers
 - Extensions
 - Foreign Data Wrappers
 - Languages
 - Publications
 - 2 Schemas (1)** (highlighted with a red box and number 2).
 - Under Schemas:
 - 3 public** (highlighted with a red box and number 3).
 - Collations
 - Domains
 - FTS Configurations
 - FTS Dictionaries
 - FTS Parsers
 - FTS Templates
 - Foreign Tables
 - Functions
 - 4 Materialized Views** (highlighted with a red box and number 4).
 - Procedures
 - 1..3 Sequences
 - Tables (6)
 - Trigger Functions
 - Types
 - Views (1)
 - Subscriptions

- Right Panel:** Dashboard, Properties tabs.
- Context Menu:** Right-clicked on 'Materialized Views', showing options: Create (highlighted with a red box and number 5), Refresh..., Grant Wizard..., Search Objects..., Query Tool.
- Bottom Tab:** **6 Materialized View** (highlighted with a red box and number 6).

2. On the **General** tab, type **publisher_and_rating_materialized_view** as name of the view. Then switch to the **Code** tab.

Create - Materialized View

General Definition Code Parameter Security SQL

Name

publisher_and_rating_materialized_view

Owner

postgres

Schema

public

Comment

Close

Reset

Save

3. On the **code** tab, copy and paste the following code. Then click **Save**.

```
SELECT books.title, books.rating, publishers.name
FROM books INNER JOIN publishers ON books.publisher_id = publishers.publisher_id
```

Create - Materialized View

General Definition Code Parameter Security SQL

1 SELECT books.title, books.rating, publishers.name

2 FROM books INNER JOIN publishers ON books.publisher_id = publishers.publisher_id

Close

Reset

Save

4. In the tree-view, expand **Materialized Views**. Right-click **publisher_and_rating_materialized_view** and go to **Refresh View > With data**.

1

2

3

4

- ▼ eBooks
 - > Casts
 - > Catalogs
 - > Event Triggers
 - > Extensions
 - > Foreign Data Wrappers
 - > Languages
 - > Publications
 - ▼ Schemas (1)
 - ▼ public
 - > Collations
 - > Domains
 - > FTS Configurations
 - > FTS Dictionaries
 - > FTS Parsers
 - > FTS Templates
 - > Foreign Tables
 - > Functions
 - ▼ Materialized Views (1)
 - ▼ publisher_and_rating_materialized_view
 - > Columns
 - > Indexes
 - > Procedures
 - > 1..3 Sequences
 - > Tables (6)
 - > Trigger Functions
 - > Types
 - ▼ Views (1)
 - ▼ publisher_and_rating_materialized_view
 - > Columns
 - > Rules
 - > Triggers
 - > Subscriptions

Create >

Refresh...

Delete/Drop

Drop Cascade

Scripts >

Refresh View >

View/Edit Data >

Search Objects...

Query Tool

Properties...

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5. Right-click **publisher_and_rating_materialized_view** again and go to **View/Edit Data > All Rows**.



▼ Databases (2)

▼ eBooks

- > Casts
- > Catalogs
- > Event Triggers
- > Extensions
- > Foreign Data Wrappers
- > Languages
- > Publications
- ▼ Schemas (1)
 - ▼ public
 - > Collations
 - > Domains
 - > FTS Configurations
 - > FTS Dictionaries
 - > FTS Parsers
 - > FTS Templates
 - > Foreign Tables
 - > Functions
 - ▼ Materialized Views (1)

▼ publisher_and_rating_materialized_view

- > Columns
- > Indexes
- > Procedures
- > 1..3 Sequences
- > Tables (6)
- > Trigger Functions
- > Types
- ▼ Views (1)
 - ▼ publisher_and_rating
 - > Columns
 - > Rules
 - > Triggers

Create >

Refresh...

Delete/Drop

Drop Cascade

Scripts >

Refresh View >

View/Edit Data >

Search Objects...

Query Tool

Properties



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6. You will access the materialized view you created.


public.publisher_and_rating_materialized_view/eBooks/postgres@postgres

Query Editor
Query History

```

1 SELECT * FROM public.publisher_and_rating_materialized_v
2

```

Data Output
Explain
Messages
Notifications

	title character varying (255)	rating numeric (4,2)	name character varying (255)
1	Lean Software Development: ...	4.17	Addison Wesley
2	Facing the Intelligence Explosi...	3.87	Machine Intelligence Researc.
3	Scala in Action	3.74	Manning
4	Patterns of Software: Tales fr...	3.84	Oxford University Press, USA
5	Anatomy Of LISP	4.43	McGraw-Hill
6	Computing machinery and int...	4.17	MSAC Philosophy Group
7	XML: Visual QuickStart Guide	3.66	Peachpit Press
8	SQL Cookbook	3.95	O'Reilly Media
9	The Apollo Guidance Comput...	4.29	Praxis Publications Inc
10	Minds and Computers: An Intr...	3.54	Edinburgh University Press
11	The Architecture of Symbolic ...	4.50	McGraw-Hill
12	Nmap Network Scanning: The...	4.32	Nmap Project
13	The It Handbook for Business:...	4.40	Createspace Independent Pub
14	Accidental Empires	4.00	Harper
15	Introducing HTML5	3.97	New Riders Publishing

At first glance, it does not look too different from the regular view you created earlier in this lab. From the user perspective, it is essentially the same: you see the results of a query displayed in a table-like format. The difference is that this materialized view is cached in the database so someone can reaccess the data in the future without re-running the database query.

Conclusion

Congratulations! You have completed this lab and learned how to restore a database schema and data, create and execute a view, and create and execute a materialized view.

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Skills Network

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