Cheat Sheet: Foundations of Generative AI and LangChain

Estimated time needed: 10 minutes

Package/Method	Description	Code Example
pip install	Installs the necessary Python libraries required for the course.	%capture !pip install "ibm-watsonx-ai==1.0.8"user !pip install "langchain==0.2.11"user !pip install "langchain-ibm==0.1.7"user !pip install "langchain-core==0.2.43"user
warnings	Suppresses warnings generated by the code to keep the output clean.	<pre>import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')</pre>
WatsonxLLM	Facilitates interaction with IBM's Watsonx large language models.	<pre>from langchain_ibm import WatsonxLLM granite_llm = WatsonxLLM(model_id="ibm/granite-3-2-8b-instruct", url="https://us-south.ml.cloud.ibm.com", project_id="skills-network", params={</pre>
llm_model	Invokes IBM Watsonx LLM with a given prompt and parameters.	<pre>def llm_model(prompt_txt, params=None): model_id = "ibm/granite-3-2-8b-instruct" default_params = { "max_new_tokens": 256, "temperature": 0.5, "top_p": 0.2 } if params: default_params.update(params) granite_llm = WatsonxLLM(model_id=model_id, url="https://us-south.ml.cloud.ibm.com", project_id="skills-network", params=default_params) response = granite_llm.invoke(prompt_txt) return response</pre>
GenParams	A class from the ibm_watsonx_ai.metanames module that provides	from ibm_watsonx_ai.metanames import GenTextParamsMetaNames as GenParams // Get example values GenParams().get_example_values()

```
parameters for controlling text
                                                                // Use in parameters
                       generation, including
                                                                parameters = {
                       max_new_tokens,
                                                                     GenParams.MAX_NEW_TOKENS: 256,
GenParams.TEMPERATURE: 0.5,
                       min_new_tokens,
                       temperature, top_p, and
                       top_k.
                                                                params = {
                                                                     "max_new_tokens": 128,
"min_new_tokens": 10,
"temperature": 0.5,
                                                                     "top_p": 0.2,
"top_k": 1
                       The simplest form of
                                                                prompt = "The wind is"
                       prompting, in which you
                       provide a short text or phrase
                                                                response = llm_model(prompt, params)
print(f"prompt: {prompt}\n")
print(f"response : {response}\n")
                       to the model without special
Basic Prompt
                       formatting or instructions.
                       The model then generates a
                       continuation based on patterns
                       it has learned during training.
                                                                Answer:
                       A technique in which the
                       model performs a task without
                                                                response = llm_model(prompt, params)
print(f"prompt: {prompt}\n")
print(f"response : {response}\n")
                       any examples or prior specific
                       training on that task. This
Zero-shot Prompt
                       approach tests the model's
                       ability to understand
                       instructions and apply its
                       knowledge to a new context
                       without demonstration.
                                                                params = {
                                                                     "max_new_tokens": 20,
                                                                     "temperature": 0.1,
                                                                prompt = """Here is an example of translating a sentence from English to French:
                                                                          English: "How is the weather today?"
                                                                          French: "Comment est le temps aujourd'hui?"
                       Provides the model with a
                       single example of the task
                                                                          Now, translate the following sentence from English to French:
                       before asking it to perform a
                                                                          English: "Where is the nearest supermarket?"
                       similar task. This technique
One-shot Prompt
                       gives the model a pattern to
                       follow, improving its
                                                                response = llm_model(prompt, params)
                       understanding of the desired
                       output format and style.
                                                                params = {
Few-shot Prompt
                       Extends the one-shot
                                                                     "max_new_tokens": 10,
                       approach by providing
                       multiple examples (typically
                       2-5) before asking the model
                                                                prompt = """Here are few examples of classifying emotions in statements:
                       to perform the task. These
                                                                               Statement: 'I just won my first marathon!
                                                                               Emotion: Joy
Statement: 'I can't believe I lost my keys again.'
Emotion: Frustration
Statement: 'My best friend is moving to another country.'
Emotion: Sadness
                       examples establish a clearer
                       pattern and context, helping
                       the model better understand
                       the expected output format,
                                                                               Now, classify the emotion in the following statement:
Statement: 'That movie was so scary I had to cover my eyes.'
                       style, and reasoning.
```

		<pre>""" response = llm_model(prompt, params)</pre>
Chain-of-thought (CoT) Prompting	Encourages the model to break down complex problems into step-by-step reasoning before arriving at a final answer. By explicitly showing or requesting intermediate steps, this technique improves the model's problem-solving abilities and reduces errors in tasks requiring multi-step reasoning.	<pre>params = { "max_new_tokens": 512, "temperature": 0.5, } prompt = """Consider the problem: 'A store had 22 apples. They sold 15 apples today a</pre>
Self-consistency	An advanced technique where the model generates multiple independent solutions or answers to the same problem, then evaluates these different approaches to determine the most consistent or reliable result. This method helps improve accuracy by leveraging the model's ability to approach problems from different angles.	<pre>params = { "max_new_tokens": 512, } prompt = """When I was 6, my sister was half of my age. Now I am 70, what age is my s Provide three independent calculations and explanations, then determine the mount """ response = llm_model(prompt, params)</pre>
PromptTemplate	A class from langchain_core.prompts module that acts as a reusable structure for generating prompts with dynamic values. It allows you to define a consistent format while leaving placeholders for variables that change with each use case.	<pre>from langchain_core.prompts import PromptTemplate template = """Tell me a {adjective} joke about {content}.""" prompt = PromptTemplate.from_template(template) // Format the prompt formatted_prompt = prompt.format(adjective="funny", content="chickens")</pre>
RunnableLambda	A class from langchain_core.runnables that wraps a Python function into a LangChain runnable component. It's used to create transformation steps in a chain, especially for formatting or processing data.	<pre>from langchain_core.runnables import RunnableLambda // Define a function to ensure proper formatting def format_prompt(variables): return prompt.format(**variables) // Use in a chain joke_chain = (RunnableLambda(format_prompt) llm StrOutputParser())</pre>

```
from langchain_core.output_parsers import StrOutputParser
                                                            // Create a chain that returns a string
                                                                 RunnableLambda(format_prompt)
                                                                 | StrOutputParser()
                      A class from
                     langchain_core.output_parsers
                     that simply extracts string
                                                            // Run the chain
                      outputs from LLM responses.
                                                            response = chain.invoke({"variable": "value"})
StrOutputParser
                      It's commonly used as the
                     final step in a LangChain
                     chain to ensure a clean string
                     is returned.
                                                            // Basic LCEL pattern
                                                                 RunnableLambda(format_prompt)  # Format input
                                                                                                     # Process with LLM
                                                                 | StrOutputParser()
                                                                                                     # Parse output
                                                            // Run the chain
                                                            result = chain.invoke({"variable": "value"})
                                                            // More complex example
                                                            template =
                                                                 Answer the {question} based on the {content}. Respond "Unsure about answer" if not sure.
                     LangChain Expression
                                                            Answer:
                     Language (LCEL) is a pattern
                     for building LangChain
                                                            prompt = PromptTemplate.from_template(template)
                     applications using the pipe
                     operator (I) for more flexible
LCEL Pattern
                     composition. It offers better
                                                                 RunnableLambda(format_prompt)
                      composability, clearer
                                                                   llm
                                                                 | StrOutputParser()
                      visualization of data flow, and
                     more flexibility when
                     constructing complex chains.
                                                            answer = qa_chain.invoke({
    "question": "Which planets are rocky?",
    "content": "The inner planets are rocky."
```

Author

Hailey Quach

