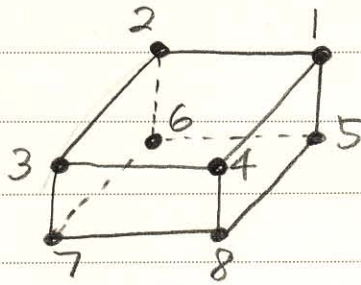




8 - node , 3 - d solid element .

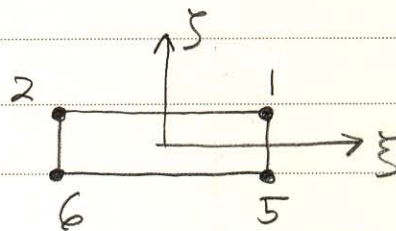
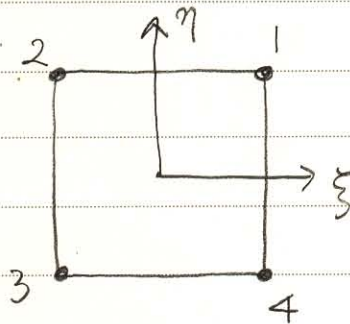


element node numbering .

(1) Displacement Formulation .

The geometry of 3 - d element

$$\underline{\underline{x}} = \begin{Bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{Bmatrix} = \sum_{i=1}^8 N_i(\xi, \eta, \zeta) \underline{\underline{x}}_i$$



$$-1 \leq \xi, \eta, \zeta \leq 1$$

$$N_1 = \frac{1}{8}(\xi+1)(\eta+1)(\zeta+1)$$

$$N_2 = -\frac{1}{8}(\xi-1)(\eta+1)(\zeta+1)$$

$$N_3 = \frac{1}{8}(\xi-1)(\eta-1)(\zeta+1)$$



$$N_4 = -\frac{1}{8} (\xi+1)(\eta-1)(\zeta+1)$$

$$N_5 = -\frac{1}{8} (\xi+1)(\eta+1)(\zeta-1)$$

$$N_6 = \frac{1}{8} (\xi-1)(\eta+1)(\zeta-1)$$

$$N_7 = -\frac{1}{8} (\xi-1)(\eta-1)(\zeta-1)$$

$$N_8 = \frac{1}{8} (\xi+1)(\eta-1)(\zeta-1)$$

displacement vector.

$$\underline{\underline{U}} = \begin{Bmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{Bmatrix} = \sum_{i=1}^8 N_i(\xi, \eta, \zeta) \underline{\underline{U}}_i$$

$$u = \sum_{i=1}^8 N_i u_i, \quad v = \sum_{i=1}^8 N_i v_i, \quad w = \sum_{i=1}^8 N_i w_i$$

In matrix form.

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial \zeta} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \zeta} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \underline{\underline{U}}_e = \underline{\underline{B}}_u \underline{\underline{U}}_e$$

3x24

24x1





$$\begin{Bmatrix} \frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial V}{\partial \eta} \\ \frac{\partial V}{\partial \zeta} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \zeta} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \underline{q}_e = \underline{R}_v \underline{q}_e$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \frac{\partial W}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial W}{\partial \eta} \\ \frac{\partial W}{\partial \zeta} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \zeta} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \underline{q}_e = \underline{R}_w \underline{q}_e$$

$$\underline{q}_e = \underset{24 \times 1}{[u_1 \ u_2 \ \dots \ u_8 \ v_1 \ v_2 \ \dots \ v_8 \ w_1 \ w_2 \ \dots \ w_8]^T}$$

Jacobian  $\underline{J}$

$$\underline{J} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial z}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial z}{\partial \eta} \\ \frac{\partial x}{\partial \zeta} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \zeta} & \frac{\partial z}{\partial \zeta} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \sum \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} x_i & \sum \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} y_i & \sum \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} z_i \\ \sum \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} x_i & \sum \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} y_i & \sum \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} z_i \\ \sum \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \zeta} x_i & \sum \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \zeta} y_i & \sum \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \zeta} z_i \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix} = \tilde{J}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial \eta} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial \zeta} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial \zeta} & \frac{\partial w}{\partial \zeta} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \tilde{J}_1^{-1} \\ \tilde{J}_2^{-1} \\ \tilde{J}_3^{-1} \end{Bmatrix} R_u \cdot \underline{e} \quad \tilde{J}_i^{-1} \text{ is } i^{\text{th}} \text{ row of } \tilde{J}^{-1}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \tilde{J}_1^{-1} \\ \tilde{J}_2^{-1} \\ \tilde{J}_3^{-1} \end{Bmatrix} R_v \cdot \underline{e}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \tilde{J}_1^{-1} \\ \tilde{J}_2^{-1} \\ \tilde{J}_3^{-1} \end{Bmatrix} R_w \cdot \underline{e}$$





$$\underline{\underline{E}} = \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_{xx} \\ \varepsilon_{yy} \\ \varepsilon_{zz} \\ \varepsilon_{xy} \\ \varepsilon_{yz} \\ \varepsilon_{zx} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \partial u / \partial x \\ \partial v / \partial y \\ \partial w / \partial z \\ \partial u / \partial y + \partial v / \partial x \\ \partial v / \partial z + \partial w / \partial y \\ \partial w / \partial x + \partial u / \partial z \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \underline{\underline{J}}_1^{-1} \underline{\underline{R}}_u \\ \underline{\underline{J}}_2^{-1} \underline{\underline{R}}_v \\ \underline{\underline{J}}_3^{-1} \underline{\underline{R}}_w \\ \underline{\underline{J}}_2^{-1} \underline{\underline{R}}_u + \underline{\underline{J}}_1^{-1} \underline{\underline{R}}_v \\ \underline{\underline{J}}_3^{-1} \underline{\underline{R}}_v + \underline{\underline{J}}_2^{-1} \underline{\underline{R}}_w \\ \underline{\underline{J}}_1^{-1} \underline{\underline{R}}_w + \underline{\underline{J}}_3^{-1} \underline{\underline{R}}_u \end{Bmatrix} \underline{\underline{q}}_{de}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{B}} \underline{\underline{q}}_{de} \quad (1)$$

유한 요소 지배 방정식 적용.

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{V_i} \delta \underline{\underline{E}}^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{E}} dV &= \delta \underline{\underline{q}}_{di}^T \left[ \int_{V_i} \underline{\underline{B}}^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{B}} dV \right] \underline{\underline{q}}_{di} \\ &= \delta \underline{\underline{q}}_{di}^T \left[ \iiint \underline{\underline{B}}^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{B}} |J| d\xi d\eta d\zeta \right] \underline{\underline{q}}_{di} \\ &= \delta \underline{\underline{q}}_{di}^T \underline{\underline{K}}^i \underline{\underline{q}}_{di} \end{aligned}$$

$$|J| = \det \text{ of } \underline{\underline{J}}$$

2x2x2 point  $\frac{1}{24} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$



strain  $\underline{\underline{E}}$  를 분해

$$\underline{\underline{E}} = \underline{\underline{E}}_0 + \zeta \underline{\underline{E}}_\zeta$$

$$\text{여기서 } \underline{\underline{E}}_0 = \frac{1}{2} (\underline{\underline{E}}_a + \underline{\underline{E}}_{-a})$$

$$\underline{\underline{E}}_\zeta = \frac{1}{2a} (\underline{\underline{E}}_a - \underline{\underline{E}}_{-a})$$

점과  $a$  &  $-a$  는  $\zeta = a$  &  $\zeta = -a$

같은 방법으로

$$\underline{\underline{B}} = \underline{\underline{B}}_0 + \zeta \underline{\underline{B}}_\zeta$$

$$\underline{\underline{B}}_0 = \frac{1}{2} (\underline{\underline{B}}_a + \underline{\underline{B}}_{-a})$$

$$\underline{\underline{B}}_\zeta = \frac{1}{2a} (\underline{\underline{B}}_a - \underline{\underline{B}}_{-a})$$

$$\underline{\underline{J}} = \underline{\underline{J}}_0 + \zeta \underline{\underline{J}}_\zeta$$

$$= (1 + r\zeta) \underline{\underline{J}}_0$$

$$\underline{\underline{J}}_0 = \frac{1}{2} (\underline{\underline{J}}_a + \underline{\underline{J}}_{-a})$$

$$\underline{\underline{J}}_\zeta = \frac{1}{2a} (\underline{\underline{J}}_a - \underline{\underline{J}}_{-a})$$

$$r(\zeta, \eta) = \frac{\underline{\underline{J}}_\zeta}{\underline{\underline{J}}_0}$$

if 두께가 일정하면  $\underline{\underline{J}} = \underline{\underline{J}}_0$



$$\int_{V_i} \delta \underline{\underline{E}}^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{E}} dv = \int_{V_i} (\delta \underline{\underline{E}}_0^T + \delta \underline{\underline{E}}_5^T) \underline{\underline{C}} (\underline{\underline{E}}_0 + \delta \underline{\underline{E}}_5) dv$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{\underline{E}} &= \underline{\underline{B}} \underline{\underline{q}}_i = \underline{\underline{B}}_0 \underline{\underline{q}}_i + \delta \underline{\underline{B}}_5 \underline{\underline{q}}_i \\ &= \underline{\underline{E}}_0 + \delta \underline{\underline{E}}_5 \end{aligned}$$

if 일정 두께

$$\int \delta \underline{\underline{E}}^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{E}} dv = \int \delta \underline{\underline{E}}^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{E}} |J| d\xi d\eta d\zeta$$

$$= \delta \underline{\underline{q}}_i^T \int (\underline{\underline{B}}_0^T + \delta \underline{\underline{B}}_5^T) \underline{\underline{C}} (\underline{\underline{B}}_0 + \delta \underline{\underline{B}}_5) |J| d\xi d\eta d\zeta \underline{\underline{q}}_i$$

$$= \delta \underline{\underline{q}}_i^T \int [\underline{\underline{B}}_0^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{B}}_0 + \delta \underline{\underline{B}}_0^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{B}}_5 + \delta \underline{\underline{B}}_5^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{B}}_0 + \delta^2 \underline{\underline{B}}_5^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{B}}_5] |J_0| d\xi d\eta d\zeta$$

$$= \delta \underline{\underline{q}}_i^T \int \left( 2 \underline{\underline{B}}_0^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{B}}_0 + \frac{2}{3} \underline{\underline{B}}_5^T \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{B}}_5 \right) |J_0| d\xi d\eta$$