

# 2017-01-23-workflows

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## Prelude

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### Today's Topics

- Review Munafo et al. 2017 on
- Workflows and **methods** reproducibility (Goodman, Fanelli, and Ioannidis 2016)

### Workflows

<“<https://www.google.com/search?q=workflow>”>

### Typical workflows in experimental psychology

- Idea/question/hypotheses
- Design study
- Seek ethics board permission
- Build/borrow/buy data collection instruments
- Run study
- Analyze results
- Write-up results for presentation and/or publication

### Design study

- Participants
  - Number, characteristics
- Setting(s)
  - Lab, classroom, home
- Measures or tasks
  - Self/other report
  - Observations/video or audio recording
  - Physiological measures (MRI, EEG, ECG)
  - Computer-based tasks

### Data collection instruments

- Surveys
- Video/audio
- MRI, EEG, ECG
- Computer-generated data files

## Run study

```
done.collecting.data = FALSE
while (!done.collecting.data) {
  Collect.sample()
  if (collected.sample.n >= planned.sample.n) {
    done.collecting.data = TRUE
  } else {
    done.collecting.data = FALSE
  }
}
```

## Analyze results

- Clean/check data
  - Merge, combine, munge data
- 

## Prepare presentation/publication

- Intro
- Methods
- Results
  - Stats
  - Plots
- Conclusions
- References
- Data?

## Behavioral study summary

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## Imaging example

### Threats to methods reproducibility

- Idea/question/hypotheses
- Design study
- Seek ethics board permission
- Build/borrow/buy **data collection instruments**
- **Run study**
- **Analyze results**
- **Write-up results** for presentation and/or publication

### What are the threats?

- Data collection instruments
- Running study

- Data analysis
- Study write-up

## Mitigating the threats

- Maximize consistency, **methods** reproducibility (Goodman, Fanelli, and Ioannidis 2016)
- Design of/consistent adherence to detailed experimental protocols
- Consistent, transparent workflows
- Consistent, transparent organization of data, metadata
- Minimize human/hand data entry
- Automate as much as possible

## How detailed is your (internal) protocol?

- Play & Learning Across a Year (PLAY) project wiki

## Questions to consider

- What data and metadata am I collecting?
- How does it get collected?
- Where does it go after it's collected?
- How does my non-electronic data get transferred to an electronic form?
- How do my electronic data files get cleaned, merged, munged?

## Reproducible workflow aspirations

- “Chain of custody” from raw data to finished results and figures
- Single command to regenerate all results and figures from raw data

[http://datasci.kitizes.com/lessons/python/reproducible\\_workflow.html](http://datasci.kitizes.com/lessons/python/reproducible_workflow.html)

## Reproducible workflow recommendations

- Create consistent structure for projects
  - Use file name conventions
- Use machine-readable file types
  - commas-separated value (.csv) vs. .xlsx
- Automate as much as possible
- Use version control

## Lots of ways to organize electronic data...

```
study-1/
sub-001/
  sub-001-measure-a.txt
  sub-001-image.jpg
  sub-001-demo.csv
  sub-001-measure-b.txt
sub-002/
```

```

    sub-002-measure-a.txt
    sub-002-image.jpg
    sub-002-demo.csv
    sub-002-measure-b.txt
    ...
sub-00n/
    ...

```

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```

study-1/
  measure-a/
    sub-001-measure-a.txt
    ...
  measure-b/
    sub-001-measure-b.txt
    ...
  image/
    sub-001-image.jpg
    sub-002-image.jpg
    ...
  demo/
    sub-001-demo.csv
    sub-002-demo.csv
    ...

```

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```

study-1/
  analysis/
    data/
      sessions/
        2017-01-09-sub-001/
        ...
      aggregate/
        study-1-demo-aggregate.csv
        study-1-measure-a-aggregate.csv
        ...
    R/
    img/
    reports/
  protocol/
    code/
      my-experiment.m
    materials/
      stim-1.jpg
      stim-2.jpg
      ...

```

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```

pubs/
  presentations/
  papers/
  refs/
  grants/
  2016/

```

2017/  
irb/  
mtgs/

## Databrary's volume, session/materials model

Your browser does not support iframes.

<https://nyu.databrary.org/volume/2>

## ProjectTemplate

- Automates some of the project management involved in data analysis
  - Hat Tip (HT): Michael Hallquist
- Gilmore says: Use what you like

## Can automate project creation, too

```
## Create project directory
proj.name = "tmp_proj"
if (!exists(proj.name)) {
  dir.create(path = proj.name, recursive = TRUE)
}

# Create sessions directory
sessions.dir = paste(proj.name, "analysis/sessions", sep="/")
if (!exists(sessions.dir)) {
  dir.create(path = sessions.dir, recursive = TRUE) # creates intermediate dirs
}

# Aggregate data file directory
agg.dir = paste(proj.name, "analysis/aggregate", sep="/")
if (!exists(agg.dir)) {
  dir.create(path = agg.dir, recursive = TRUE)
}
```

## Words to the wise

- Use consistent file/directory names
  - lowerCamelCaseIsGood.txt so is UpperCamelCase.txt
  - underscores\_between\_words.txt works; so do dashes-between.txt
  - avoid spaces in your file names.txt; these are not always reliably readable by all computers.
- Choose good, descriptive names

## Consider seriously Karl Broman's guides

- Be consistent
- Write dates as YYYY-MM-DD.
- Fill-in all cells
- One thing in a cell

- Make your data a rectangle
- Create a data dictionary

## Consider seriously Karl Broman's guides

- No calculations in raw data files
- No font or color to highlight data
- Make back-ups
- Validate data to avoid data entry errors
- Save data in plain text files (comma or tab-delimited)

## Why?

- Data scientists (that's you!) spend a lot of time just cleaning data
- <http://www.infoworld.com/article/3047584/big-data/hottest-job-data-scientists-say-theyre-still-mostly-digital-janitors.html>

## Easy to merge data sets if they contain a linking variable (like subID)

- study-1-demo-agg.csv contains
  - subID, sex, ageYrs, favColor
- study-1-rt-agg.csv contains
  - subID, condition, rt

---

```
subID,sex,ageYrs,favColor
001,m,53,green
002,f,51,blue
003,f,23,red
004,m,25,aqua
```

Don't put spaces between variables in comma-separated value (.csv) files. Also, make sure to add a final line feed/enter character.

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```
subID,condition,rt
001,upright,250
001,inverted,300
002,upright,225
002,inverted,290
003,upright,270
003,inverted,230
004,upright,210
004,inverted,240
```

---

```
# read data files, first row (header) contains variable names
demo <- read.csv(file = "study-1-demo-agg.csv", header = TRUE)
rt <- read.csv(file = "study-1-rt-agg.csv", header = TRUE)

# merge and print
```

```
merged <- merge(demo, rt, by = "subID")
merged
```

```
##   subID sex ageYrs favColor condition  rt
## 1     1  m    53    green   upright 250
## 2     1  m    53    green   inverted 300
## 3     2  f    51    blue    upright 225
## 4     2  f    51    blue   inverted 290
## 5     3  f    23     red    upright 270
## 6     3  f    23     red   inverted 230
## 7     4  m    25    aqua    upright 210
## 8     4  m    25    aqua   inverted 240
```

## A final word about tidy data (Wickham 2014)

- Variables in columns
- Observations in rows
- Ok/better to repeat values in columns
  - subID,trial,rt
  - 001,1,300
  - 002,2,327
  - 003,3,429

## Main points

- Think like a computer!
- Plan your work; work your plan
- Consistency, standard formats
- Tidy data
- Haven't said anything about "openness"...yet

## More resources

- Data Carpentry, <http://www.datacarpentry.org/>
- Software Carpentry, <https://software-carpentry.org/>
- Open Science Framework (OSF), <http://osf.io>
- R for Data Science, <http://r4ds.had.co.nz/>

## References

Goodman, Steven N., Daniele Fanelli, and John P. A. Ioannidis. 2016. "What Does Research Reproducibility Mean?" *Science Translational Medicine* 8 (341): 341ps12–341ps12. doi:10.1126/scitranslmed.aaf5027.

Wickham, Hadley. 2014. "Tidy Data." *Journal of Statistical Software* 59 (10). doi:10.18637/jss.v059.i10.