Don't @ Me: Experimentally Reducing Partisan Incivility on Twitter

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Cross-Cutting Social Identities



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Follow

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Political incivility



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 - ▶ Participants sincerely weigh the merits of arguments, regardless of who makes them (Fishkin, 2009)

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- Direct effects: seeing uncivil comments can cause a wider group of people to act uncivilly (Cheng et al, 2017)

Manipulating political discourse

- Experiments in the lab
 - ► Convenience samples
 - ► Short time frame
 - ▶ In the lab

Manipulating political discourse My Approach

- Experiments in the lab Experiment in the "field"
 - Convenience samples Sample of real, consistently uncivil users
 - Short time frame Continuous and unbounded time frame
 - ▶ In the lab In the same context as the uncivil political discussion

• Needs to be fast, and accurate

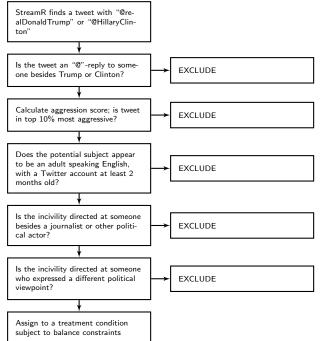
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A Visual Overview



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- Classified a tweet as a uncivil if score > 75th percentile (robust to 70th or 80th)

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 - ▶ Placebo message: "Remember that everything you post here is public. Everyone can see that you tweeted this."

Tweetment uptake



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Hypotheses

Hypothesis pre-registered through EGAP.

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The effect of the Care condition will be larger for liberals than for conservatives. There will be an effect of the Authority condition for conservatives, but not for liberals. There will be an effect of the Public condition, but it will be smaller than the other effects.

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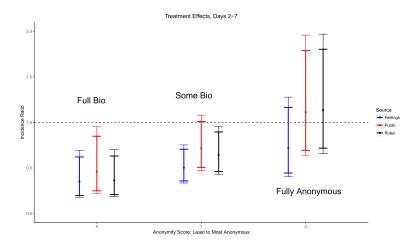
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Not pre-registered; derived from Munger (2016).

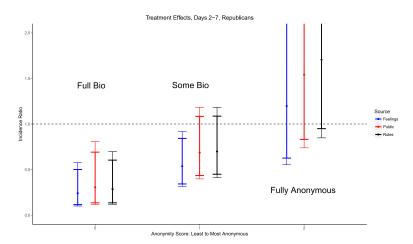
Hypothesis

Treatment effects will be larger for more anonymous subjects.

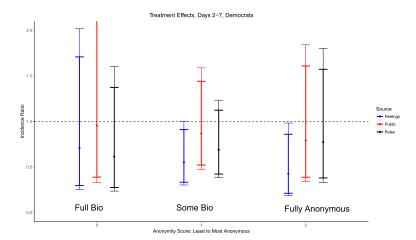
Change in Incivility: One Week Post-Treatment (N = 310)



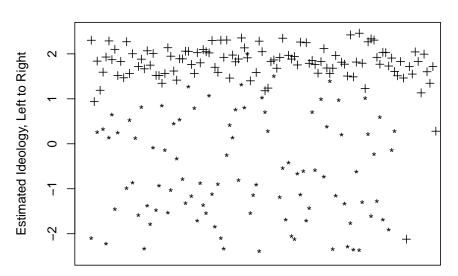
Change in Incivility: Republicans (N=163)



Change in Incivility: Democrats (N=147)



Estimated v Labeled Ideology



Restricting to "True Liberals"

Feelings Treatment Effects

	All Liberals (N=147)	True Liberals (N=86)
1 Day	63	84
2-7 Days	33	63
15-28 Days	.20	05

Rules Treatment Effects

	All Liberals (N=147)	True Liberals (N=86)	
1 Day	77	-1.06	
2-7 Days	54	-1.27	
15-28 Days	71	-1.04	

Public Treatment Effects

	All Liberals (N=147)	True Liberals (N=86)	
1 Day	.52	.85	
2-7 Days	06	08	
15-28 Days	.25	.23	

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- No evidence of differential effectiveness of variations in moral suasion
- Small, committed groups promoting incivility online
 - ► Trolls
 - Ideologues
- My hope: most people would prefer civility

Thanks for your comments, and for listening!

km2713@nyu.edu @kmmunger (please be civil)

Negative Binomial Specification

$$In(Agg_{post}) = x_{int} + \beta_1 Agg_{pre} + \beta_2 T_{feel} + \beta_3 T_{rules} + \beta_4 T_{public} +$$

 $\beta_5 Anon + \beta_6 (T_{feel} \times Anon) +$
 $\beta_7 (T_{rules} \times Anon) + \beta_8 (T_{public} \times Anon)$

$$IRR_{feel \times Anon_1} = e^{\hat{\beta}_2 + \hat{\beta}_6 \times 1}$$

$$V_{\text{feel} \times Anon_1} = V(\hat{eta}_2) + Anon^2 V(\hat{eta}_6) + 2Anon \times Cov(\hat{eta}_2\hat{eta}_6)$$

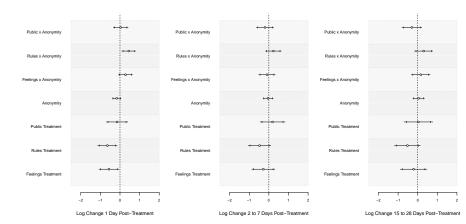


Attrition rates

Table: Attrition Rates and Causes

	Control	Liberals	Conservatives
Initial assignment	108	104	118
Failed treatment application	0	2	2
Tweeted too often/bots	3	1	5
Suspended	0	1	2
Weird	2	0	0
Final	102	100	108
Attrition	6%	4%	8%

Full Sample: OLS (N=310)



Excluding Mislabeled Liberals: OLS (N=249)

