

Knapsack

N objects \Rightarrow value & weight

A bag of capacity W kg

You have to fill the bag with max value while remaining inside weight limit

2, 3, 4

$W=5$

10 100 | 10

Fractional Knapsack \Rightarrow You can break the item down

Sweets

value	3	8	10	2	5
weight	10	4	20	8	15

Bag capacity $W=40$

Idea: 1) Max total value

2) Max per kg value

value	3	8	10	2	5	\Rightarrow	8	10	5	3	2
weight	10	4	20	8	15		4	20	15	10	8

.3 2 .5 .25 .33

val = $8 + 10 + 5 + 0.3$

weight = $4 + 20 + 15 = 39$

1) Sort acc to value/weight desc order

2) Iterate on the sorted array

if you can all of the weight
take the whole thing

else take whatever you can

TC: $O(n \log n)$

SC: $O(1)$

0/1 Knapsack

N items $\begin{cases} \text{weight} \\ \text{value} \end{cases}$

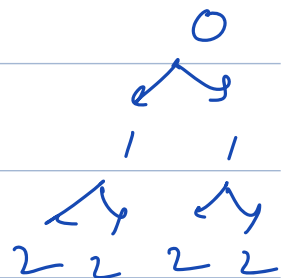
Pick some items such that total weight $\leq W$ & max total value
Cannot pick same item multiple times.

weight	20	10	30	40	$W=50$
values	100	60	120	150	

Brute: Consider all possibilities

How? Recursion

TC: $O(2^n)$

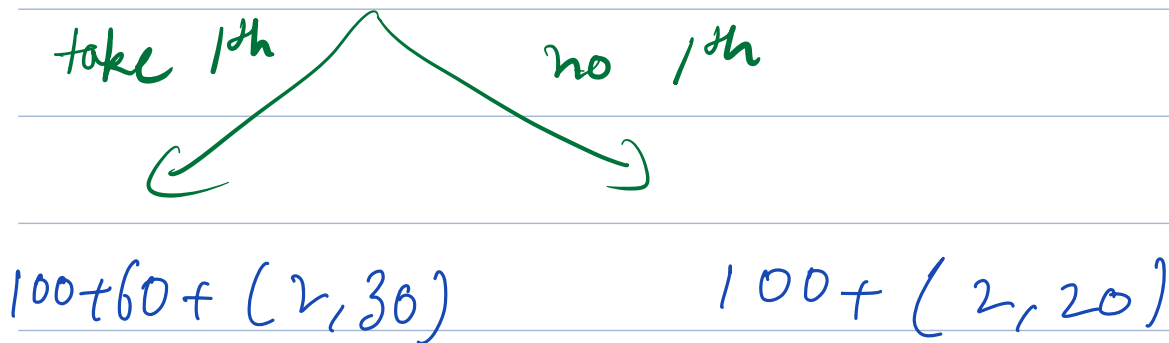
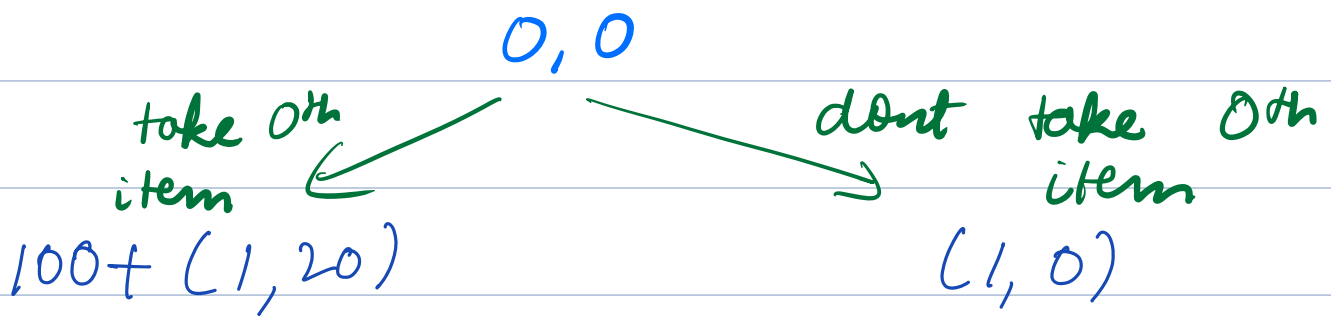


Recursive relation

Parameters \rightarrow 1) Which item is under consideration.

2) Weight till now

	0	1	2	3	
weight	20	10	30	40	$W=50$
values	100	60	120	150	



take

i, w

leave

$val_i + (i+1, w+w_i)$

$(i+1, w)$

take max

$dp(i, j) \rightarrow$ max value by picking
till i items with
weight = j

$dp(i, j) = \max(val_i + dp(i+1, j+weight_i),$
 $dp(i+1, j))$

$70 + 100 + dp(200, 40)$

$w = 30$

Code

```
dp[n][W] // = -1
int calc (int i, int j) {
    if (i == n) {
        if (j ≤ W) return 0
        else return INT_MIN
    }
    if (j > W)
        return INT_MIN
    if (dp[i][j] != -1)
        return dp[i][j]
    int ans = calc(i+1, j)
    ans = max(ans, val[i] + calc(i+1, j+wi))
    dp[i][j] = ans
    return ans
}
```

TC: $\gamma O(NW)$
SC: γ

Unbounded Knapsack

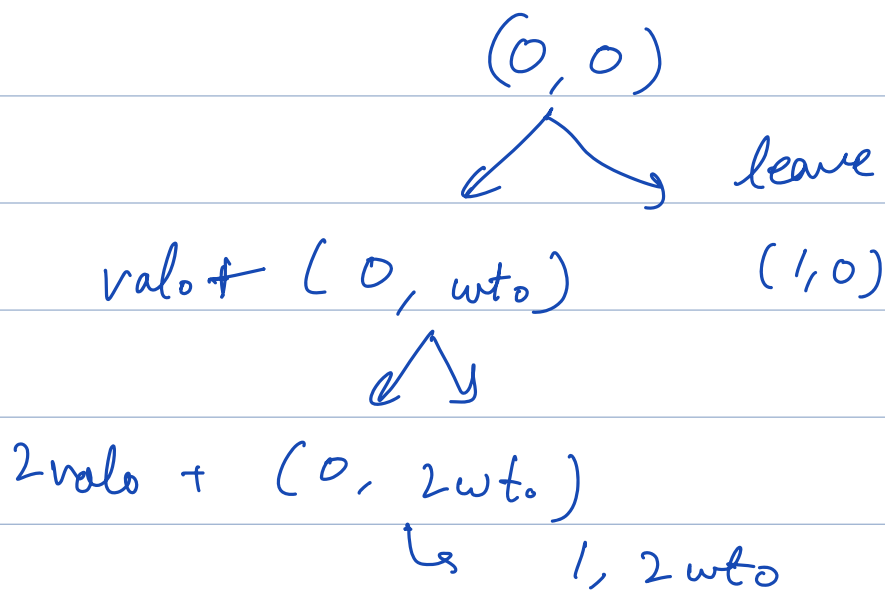
O/N

Now you take any item multiple times

weight	2	1	5	$W = 5$
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value	1000	10	50
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Idea: After taking i^{th} item, I don't need to move ahead. I'll still be at same index



Parameters \rightarrow 1) Which item is under consideration.
2) Weight till now

0, 0

take ↙

$val_0 + (0, w_0)$

take ↙

$2val_0 + (0, 2w_0)$

↘ leave

$2val_0 + (1, 2w_0)$

i, W

take

leave

$val_i + (i, W + wt_i)$

$(i+1, W)$

take max

$dp(i, j) \rightarrow$ max value by picking
till i items with
weight = j

$$dp(i, j) = \max(val_i + dp(i+1, j), dp(i+1, j))$$

Code

`dp[n][W] // = -1`

`int calc (int i, int j) {`

`if (i == n) {`

`if (j ≤ W) return 0`

`else return INT_MIN`

`}`

`if (j > W)`

`return INT_MIN`

TC } $O(NW)$
SC }

`if (dp[i][j] != -1)`

`return dp[i][j]`

`int ans = calc (i+1, j)`

`ans = max (ans, val_i + calc (i, j+wt_i))`

`dp[i][j] = ans`

`return ans`

`}`

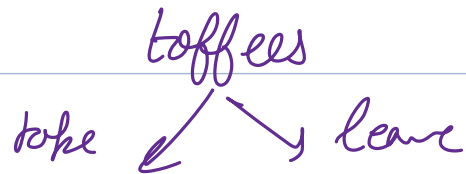
→ 0

toffees → 1

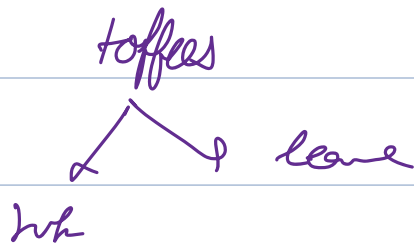
→ 2

→ 3

⋮



[done]



val	30	1
weight	50	1

W = 100

⇒ 100 ⇒ 80 ⇒ 60