

## **spreg Cheat Sheet (version 1.7)**

### **Required Arguments** (depending on the function)

y	numpy array or Pandas Series with observations on the dependent variable
x	numpy array or Pandas/GeoPandas dataframe/geo-dataframe with observations on the explanatory variables (no constant term!)
w	PySAL spatial weights object
yend	numpy array of Pandas/GeoPandas dataframe/geo-dataframe with observations on the endogenous variables
q	numpy array of Pandas/GeoPandas dataframe/geo-dataframe with observations on the instruments
coords	numpy array, Pandas/GeoPandas dataframe/geo-dataframe, or geo-dataframe geometry column with point coordinates to construct the sparse input weights - nonlinear SLX only

### **General Options**

name_y	string with name of dependent variable (not needed when using Pandas Series)
name_x	list of strings with names of explanatory variables (not needed when using Pandas dataframe) – no constant term
name_ds	string with name for data set
name_w	string with name for spatial weights
name_gwk	string with name for kernel weights (for HAC only, not in SLX)
name_yend	list of strings with names for endogenous variables (not including Wy) – not needed when using Pandas dataframe
name_q	list of strings with names for instruments (not including WX) – not needed when using Pandas dataframe
robust	type of robust standard error - default None, “white” or “hac” (all but ML estimation)
spat_diag	spatial diagnostics (LM tests; common factor test) - default False, if True, requires w
latex	coefficient table output in Latex format - default False
method	Jacobian computation in ML estimation, default = “full”, others “ord” or “LU”; type of GMM estimation in GMM_Error model, default = “het”, others “hom” or “kp98”
vm	include full variance covariance matrix in output listing, default = False

### **Common Options**

nonspat_diag	non-spatial diagnostics (multicollinearity, heteroskedasticity; Durbin-Wu-Hausman test for 2SLS) - default True (OLS and TSLS)
spat_impacts	method for spatial multipliers computation, default = “simple”, other options are “full”, “power”, “all” or None (all models with Wy)

sig2n_k	use n-k as denominator in variance calculation, default = False (OLS and TSLS)
w_lags	order of spatial lags to use as instruments for Wy, default = 1 (all IV estimations)
lag_q	boolean, whether instruments should be lagged as well, default = True (all IV estimations of lag model with endogenous variables)
slx_lags	(inclusive) order of spatial lag SLX terms, default = 0 (should be 1 or higher for SLX model)
slx_vars	number of variables to apply spatial lag to, default = "All", otherwise list of Booleans matching X variables indicating whether (True) or not (False) a spatial lag should be applied to that variable
add_wy	flag for inclusion of Wy in other than spatial lag specification, default = False

## Estimation

### *Classic Models*

- OLS
  - spreg.OLS(y, x)
    - options:
      - moran: default False
      - white\_test: default False
      - vif: default False
- 2SLS
  - spreg.TSLS(y, x, yend, q)

### *Spatial Lag*

- S2SLS spatial lag – exogenous only
  - spreg.GM\_Lag(y, x, w)
- S2SLS spatial lag – exogenous and endogenous
  - spreg.GM\_Lag(y, x, yend, q, w)
- ML spatial lag
  - spreg.ML\_Lag(y, x, w)

### *Spatial Error*

- GMM spatial
  - spreg.GMM\_Error(y, x, w)
- GMM spatial error with endogenous variables
  - spreg.GMM\_Error(y, x, w, yend, q)
- ML Error
  - spreg.ML\_Error(y, x, w)

### *SLX*

- SLX
  - spreg.OLS(y, x, slx\_lags=1, slx\_vars='All')

- 2SLS with SLX
  - `spreg.TSLS(y, x, yend, q, slx_lags=1, slx_vars='All')`
- Nonlinear SLX
  - `spreg.NSLX(y, x, coords)`
  - options:
    - `params`: list with tuples; default is [(10, np.inf, "exponential")]
      - `k=10`, number of nearest neighbors
      - `distance_upper_bound = np.inf` (adaptive bandwidth), a specific distance value for fixed bandwidth
      - `model = "exponential" – "power"` for inverse distance power
    - `distance_metric` – default "Euclidean", other "Arc"
    - `var_flag`: analytical standard errors, default = 1, 0 = numerical approximation
    - `conv_flag`: convergence summary listing, default = 1
    - `verbose`: full output listing (every iteration), default = False

#### *SLX-Error*

- SLX Error
  - `spreg.GMM_Error(y, x, w, slx_lags=1, slx_vars='All')`
- SLX Error with endogenous variables
  - `spreg.GMM_Error(y, x, w, yend, q, slx_lags=1, slx_vars='All')`
- ML SLX Error
  - `spreg.ML_Error(y, x, w, slx_lags=1, slx_vars='All')`

#### *Spatial Durbin*

- Spatial Durbin
  - `spreg.GM_Lag(y, x, w, slx_lags=1, slx_vars='All')`
- Spatial Durbin with endogenous variables
  - `spreg.GM_Lag(y, x, yend, q, w, slx_lags=1, slx_vars='All')`
- ML spatial Durbin
  - `spreg.ML_Lag(y, x, w, slx_lags=1, slx_vars='All')`

#### *SAR-Error*

- Combo model (SAR-Error)
  - `spreg.GMM_Error(y, x, w, add_wy=True)`
- Combo model (SAR-Error) with endogenous
  - `spreg.GMM_Error(y, x, w, yend, q, add_wy=True)`

#### *GNS*

- Spatial Durbin Error = GNS = Combo with SLX
  - `spreg.GMM_Error(y, x, w, slx_lags=1, add_wy=True)`
- Spatial Durbin Error with endogenous = GNS = Combo with SLX
  - `spreg.GMM_Error(y, x, w, yend, q, slx_lags=1, add_wy=True)`